

Name: _____**Date:** _____

1. Solve the following system.

$$\begin{aligned}-13x - 12y &= -147 \\ -2x - 15y &= -141\end{aligned}$$

2. Solve the following system.

$$\begin{aligned}2x - y &= -22 \\ -6x + 3y &= 30\end{aligned}$$

3. Solve the following system.

$$\begin{aligned}-12x - 6y &= -108 \\ -2x - y &= -18\end{aligned}$$

4. Solve the following system.

$$\begin{aligned}-19x - 9y - 2z &= -136 \\ 5x + 13y - 10z &= -112 \\ 9x - 2y - 7z &= 10\end{aligned}$$

5. Solve the following system.

$$\begin{aligned}-16x + 14y - 14z &= 72 \\ -3x + y + 12z &= -6 \\ 19x - 15y + 2z &= -66\end{aligned}$$

6. Solve the system of equations.

$$\begin{aligned}5x^2 - 10x + y &= -88 \\ 5x + y &= -28\end{aligned}$$

7. Solve the system of equations.

$$\begin{aligned} -x^2 + 2x + y &= 38 \\ 6x - y &= -29 \end{aligned}$$

8. Solve the system of equations.

$$\begin{aligned} 2x^2 - 4x + y &= -4 \\ 16x - y &= -24 \end{aligned}$$

9. A thief is filling her backpack with two types of valuable substances. She can carry up to 40 kg, and her backpack can fit up to 10 liters.

Each bag of X has a weight of 9 kg, volume of 0.8 L, and value of 80 thousand USD.

Each bag of Y has a weight of 0.08 kg, volume of 0.03 L, and value of 0.8 thousand USD.

There is no requirement to take full bags, so the thief can opt for a fraction of a bag. How many bags of each should the thief take to maximize her profit?

10. Determine the product of the matrix multiplication.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -4 & -6 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -1 \\ -7 & 4 \\ 2 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$$

11. Find the multiplicative inverse of matrix A .

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 6 & 0 \\ 6 & 7 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

- 1.
- $$x = 3$$
- $$y = 9$$
2. The system is inconsistent. The two equations represent two parallel lines, so no pair of x and y can satisfy both equations.
3. The system is undetermined. Both equations describe the same line, so there are infinite pairs of x and y that satisfy the system. Notice that “infinite” does not mean “all”, *most* pairs of x and y are not solutions.

- 4.
- $$x = 8$$
- $$y = -4$$
- $$z = 10$$

5. The system is undetermined. There are infinite solutions. This might be because two planes are equivalent, or because all three planes meet in a line, or because all three planes are equivalent.

6. There are two solutions.

$$(-3, -13) \text{ and } (-4, -8)$$

This system represents a parabola and a line.

7. There is one solution.

$$(-3, 11)$$

This system represents a parabola and a tangent line.

8. There is no solution.

This system represents a parabola and a non-intersecting line.

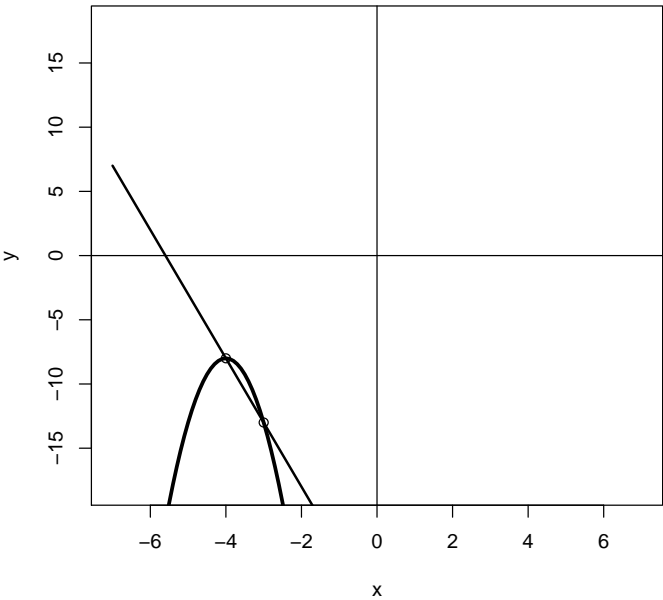


Figure 1: plot of chunk unnamed-chunk-2

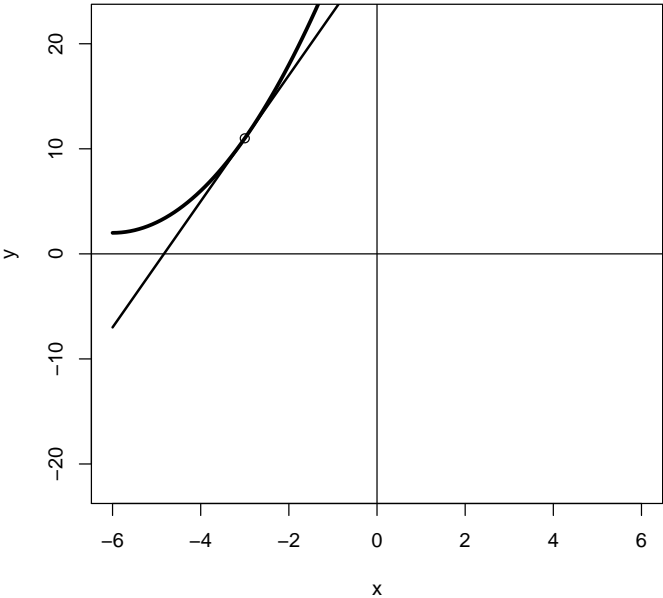


Figure 2: plot of chunk unnamed-chunk-2

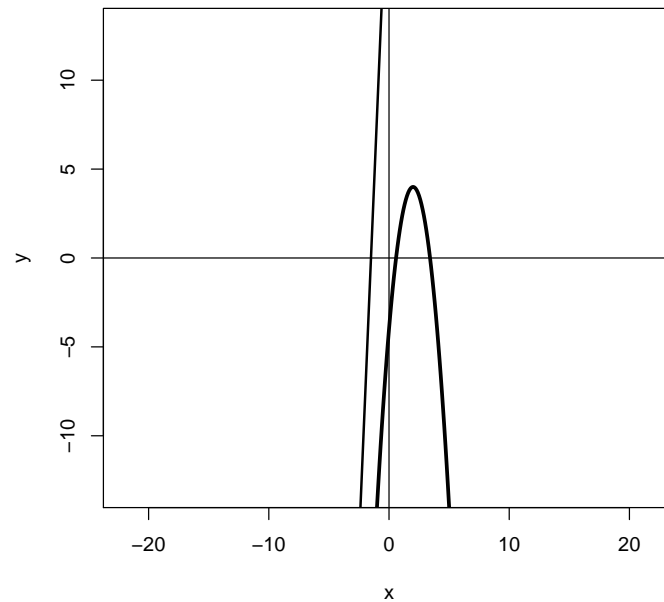


Figure 3: plot of chunk unnamed-chunk-2

9. The thief should take 1.94 bags of X and 281.55 bags of Y . We can use linear programming to see this.

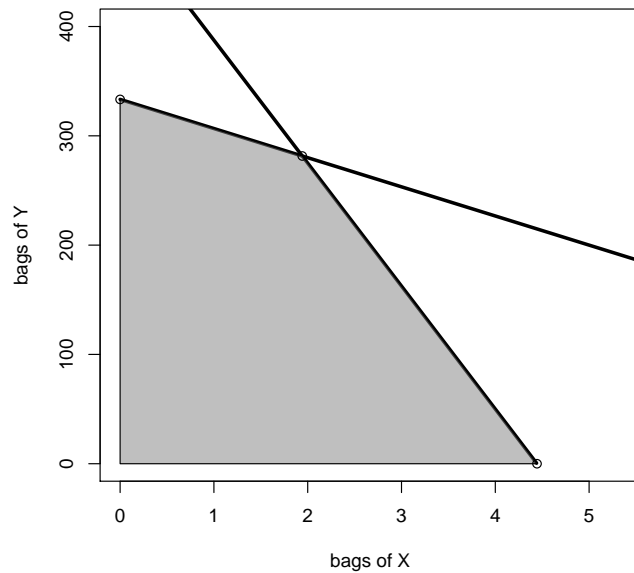
We write a weight inequality.

$$9x + 0.08y \leq 40$$

We write a volume inequality.

$$0.8x + 0.03y \leq 10$$

We graph the two inequalities, shading the feasible region.



There are three vertices of interest.

$$(0, 333.33)$$

$$(1.94, 281.55)$$

$$(4.44, 0)$$

We write a profit function (the objective function).

$$P(x, y) = 80x + 0.8y$$

We determine the profits.

$$P(0, 333.33) = 266.67$$

$$P(1.94, 281.55) = 380.58$$

$$P(4.44, 0) = 355.56$$

Thus, the thief should take 1.94 bags of X and 281.55 bags of Y.

10. The answer:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -6 \\ 48 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

The work:

1st row and 1st column... $(2)(-3) + (-1)(-7) + (0)(2) = 1$

1st row and 2nd column... $(2)(-1) + (-1)(4) + (0)(-7) = -6$

2nd row and 1st column... $(-4)(-3) + (-6)(-7) + (-3)(2) = 48$

2nd row and 2nd column... $(-4)(-1) + (-6)(4) + (-3)(-7) = 1$

11. The answer:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{4}{11} & \frac{1}{11} & -\frac{2}{11} \\ -\frac{2}{11} & \frac{33}{11} & \frac{1}{11} \\ -\frac{5}{11} & -\frac{23}{33} & \frac{8}{11} \end{bmatrix}$$