

**Name:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

1. A thief is filling her backpack with two types of valuable substances. She can carry up to 35 kg, and her backpack can fit up to 15 liters.

Each bag of  $X$  has a weight of 3 kg, volume of 0.7 L, and value of 500 thousand USD.

Each bag of  $Y$  has a weight of 0.06 kg, volume of 0.08 L, and value of 40 thousand USD.

There is no requirement to take full bags, so the thief can opt for a fraction of a bag.

How many bags of each should the thief take to maximize her profit?

1. The thief should take 9.6 bags of  $X$  and 103.54 bags of  $Y$ . We can use linear programming to see this.

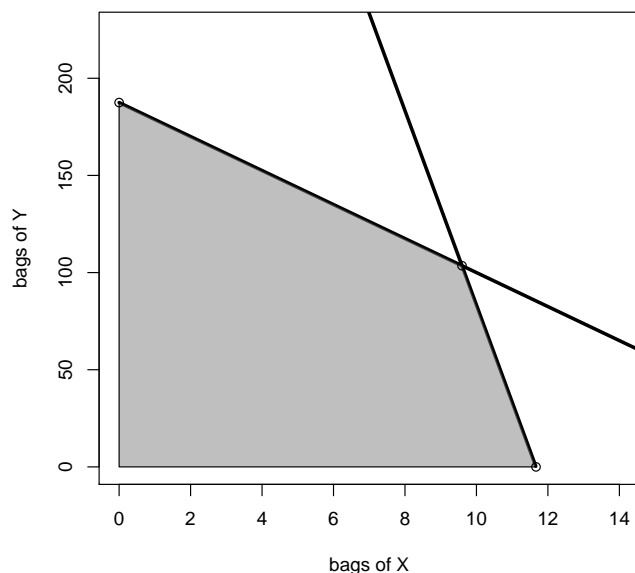
We write a weight inequality.

$$3x + 0.06y \leq 35$$

We write a volume inequality.

$$0.7x + 0.08y \leq 15$$

We graph the two inequalities, shading the feasible region.



There are three vertices of interest.

$$(0, 187.5)$$

$$(9.6, 103.54)$$

$$(11.67, 0)$$

We write a profit function (the objective function).

$$P(x, y) = 500x + 40y$$

We determine the profits.

$$P(0, 187.5) = 7500$$

$$P(9.6, 103.54) = 8939.39$$

$$P(11.67, 0) = 5833.33$$

Thus, the thief should take 9.6 bags of  $X$  and 103.54 bags of  $Y$ .