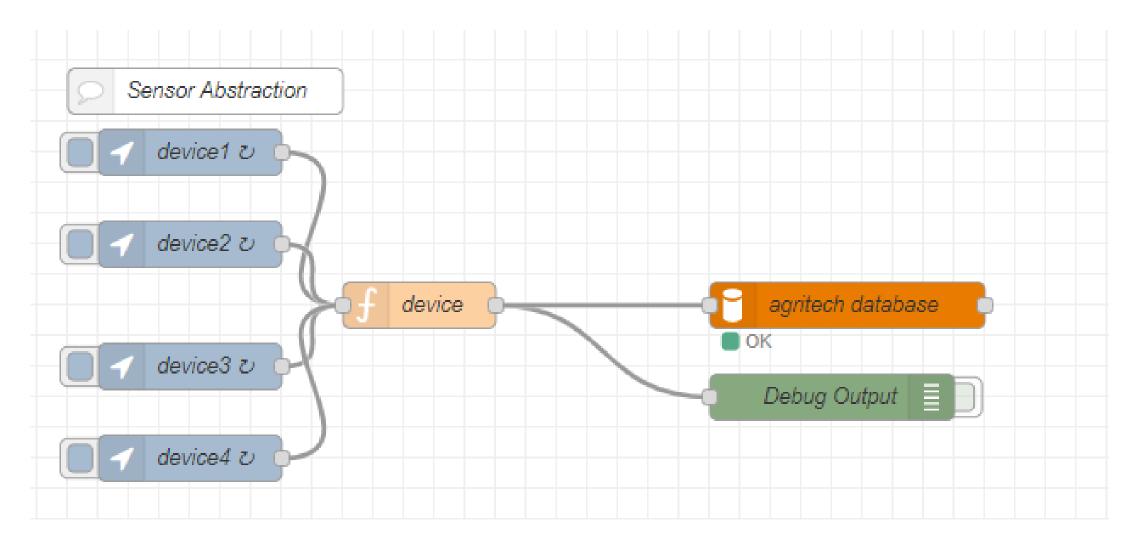
Sensor Ball Tracking Map

Muhammad Shaafay Saqib

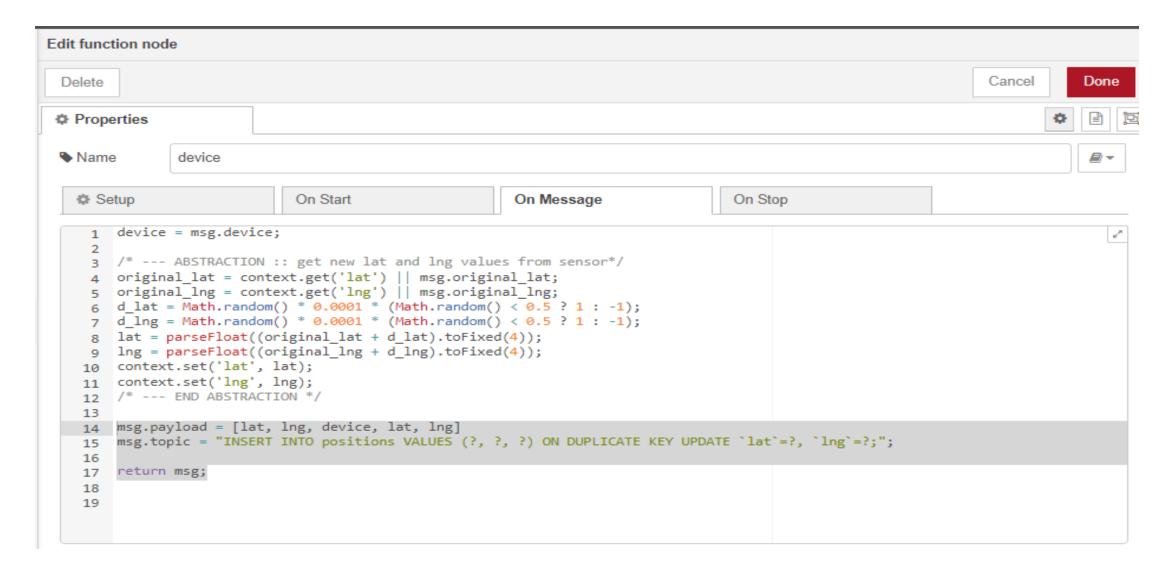
Agenda

- Research, figure out and show how to:
 - Get Sensor Data from Node-Red to Database
 - Get data from Database to Server using Node.js
 - GET data from server to Google Maps Output

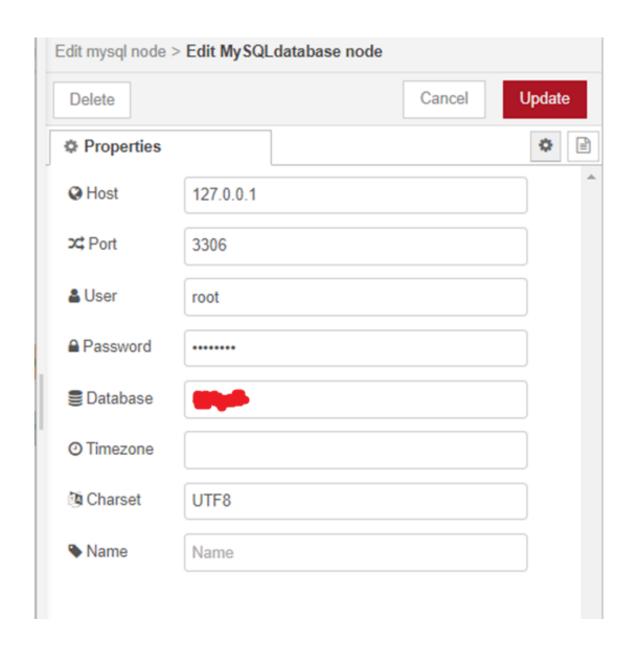
Sensor Data on Node-RED



Insert Sensor data into database



Insert Sensor data into database



Get data from Database to Server using Node.js

- Must use Node.js to create a server
- Set up a GET request to have the server retrieve from the database
- Send back to the client

We will need to change values to connect to the real database

Connect to database

```
"use strict";
//creating a mysql pool for the a shared instance of db con
nection in whole application
var mysql = require('mysql');
var fs = require('fs')
var HOST = "127.0.0.1"
var USER = "root"
var PASSWORD = "
var DB = "
var PORT = "3306"
var connection = mysql.createPool({
   host: HOST,
   user: USER,
   password: PASSWORD,
   database: DB,
   port: PORT,
   connectionLimit: 100,
   connectTimeout: 60 * 60 * 1000,
   acquireTimeout: 60 * 60 * 1000,
   supportBigNumbers: true,
   bigNumberStrings: true,
   charset: 'utf8mb4 unicode ci',
   multipleStatements: true,
});
module.exports = connection;
```

Set up get request, which will retrieve from database and return JSON

Index.js

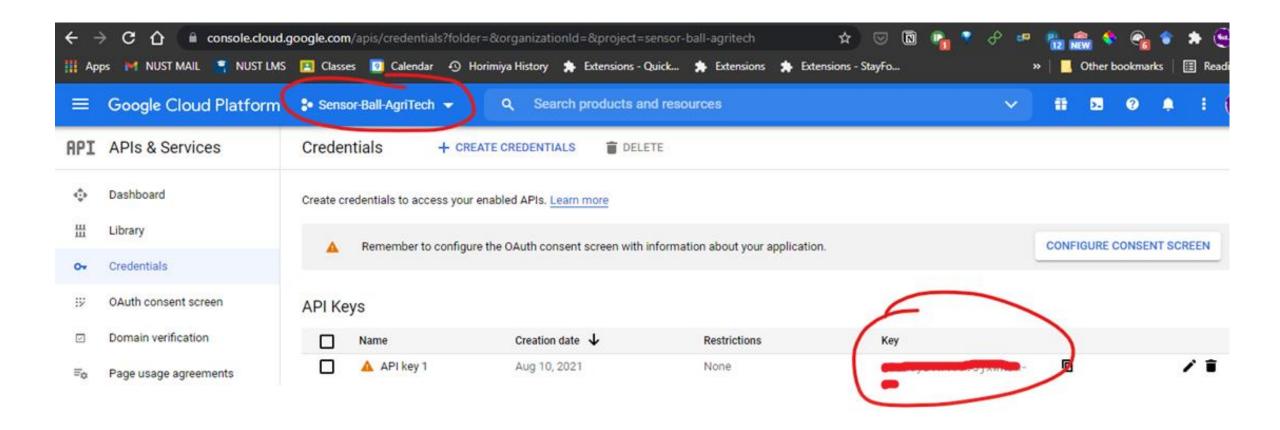
```
const express = require('express')
const mysql = require("mysql")
const app = express();
const port = 8000;
const connection = require('./dbretrieve')
app.use(express.static(__dirname));
app.get('/api/sensorball/geolocation', function(req,res) {
    new Promise(function (resolve, reject) {
       var sql = "SELECT * from ??;";
       var inserts = ['positions'];
       sql = mysql.format(sql, inserts);
        connection.query(sql, function (err, result) {
           if (err) return reject(err);
           const content = JSON.stringify(result);
           res.send(content);
           resolve(result);
app.get('/', function(req, res) {
 res.sendFile(__dirname + "/dashboardSB1.html");
})
app.listen(port, () => {
 console.log(`Cool app listening on port ${port}!`);
```

GET Request

```
localhost:8000/api/sensorball/ge X
          (i) localhost:8000/api/sensorball/geolocation
     M NUST MAIL 🍍 NUST LMS 🔼 Classes 🧧 Calendar 🚯 Horimiya History 🏚 Extensions - Quick...
[{"lat":33.6482,"lng":72.9943,"dname":"device1"},
{"lat":33.6482,"lng":72.9944,"dname":"device2"},
{"lat":33.6482,"lng":72.9945,"dname":"device3"},
{"lat":33.6482,"lng":72.9944,"dname":"device4"}]
```

GET data from server to Google Maps Output

First set up the Google Maps API and get the API key



Add Google Maps JS API

```
<body>
        <div class="container">
            <h1 class = ".h1"><b>
Sensor Ball Location Tracker</b></h1>
            <div id="map-canvas" style="
width:900px;height:500px"></div>
        </div>
        <!-- initalisation with markers etc-->
        <script src = "initialisation.js"></script>
<!-- Google Maps API with my API Key and initialise() as th
e call back-->
        <script src=</pre>
"https://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/js?v=3.exp&key=
                                 &callback=initialize"
></script>
<!-- handling change of marker positions with events -->
        <script src="eventHandling.js"></script>
    </body>
```

initialisation.js

```
/* VARIABLES */
// Map Starting Location (i.e NUST)
STARTING_LATITUDE = 33.6425;
STARTING_LONGITUDE = 72.9930;
// Array of all markers with lng, lat and an empty marker a
ttribute.
MARKER_OBJECTS_JSON_FILE_PATH =
`/api/sensorball/geolocation`
MAP_DIV = 'map-canvas';
// The id of the div in which the map will be displayed
ZOOM = 20; // Initial zoom of the map
```

initialisation.js

```
e Maps API
var initialize = function() {
// Initialise the Map in the div, with specified lat, lng a
nd zoom
    map = new
 google.maps.Map(document.getElementById(MAP_DIV), {cente
r: {lat: lat, lng: lng}, zoom: ZOOM});
   $.getJSON(markerObjectsJSON, function(markerObjects) {
        for (var i = 0; i < markerObjects.length; ++i) {</pre>
            console.log(markerObjects[i]);
            allmarkers[i] = new google.maps.Marker(
                    position:{ lat: markerObjects[i].lat, l
ng: markerObjects[i].lng},
                    label: markerObjects[i].dname,
                    map: map
// set call back function to be part of the window so tha
t API can call it?
    window.initialize = initialize;
// Input: Marker, Payload with attributes lat and lng
var redraw = function(marker, payload) {
    lat = payload.lat;
   lng = payload.lng;
   marker.setPosition({lat:lat, lng:lng, alt:0});
```

eventHandlin g.js

```
// function to update markers from JSON file
function updateMarkersWithJSONFile() {
    $.getJSON(markerObjectsJSON, function(markerObjects) {
        for (var i = 0; i < allmarkers.length; ++i) {
            console.log(markerObjects[i])
            redraw(allmarkers[i], {lat: markerObjects[i].lat, lng: markerObjects[i].lng})
        }
    });
}
// Run call every 1 second
setInterval(updateMarkersWithJSONFile, 1000);</pre>
```

Next Steps

- Making the code a bit more sophisticated (e.g using Routes)
- Improving design
- Integrating with final website