An Intuition for Propagators

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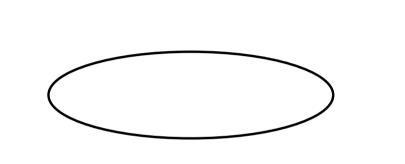
CSIRO's Data61

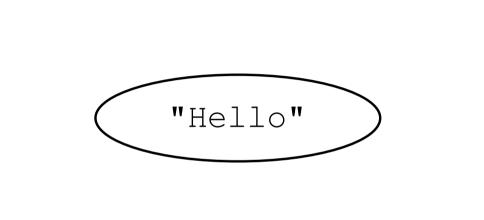
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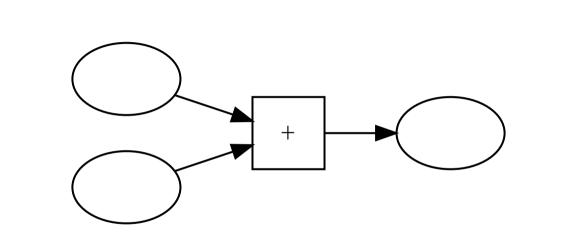
1970s, MIT

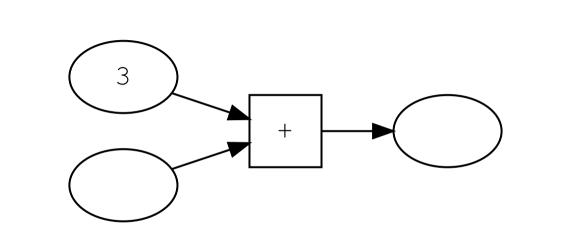


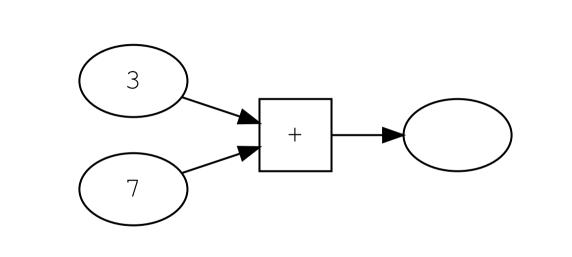


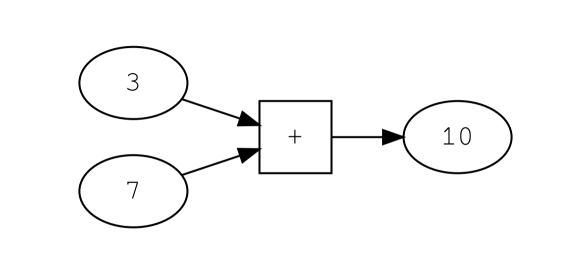


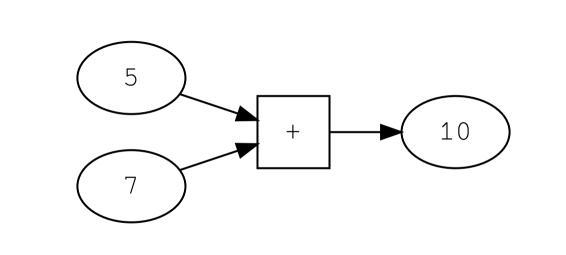
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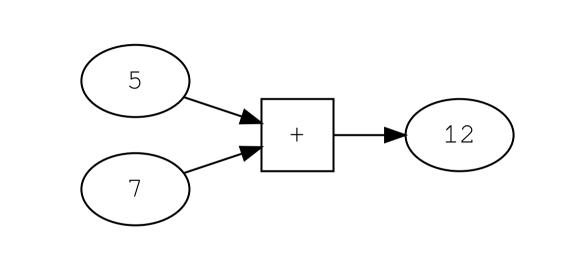












-- types data Cell a

data Par a
instance Monad Par

```
-- types
data Cell a
```

data Par a instance Monad Par

```
-- Creating a cell cell :: Par (Cell a)
```

```
-- types
data Cell a
data Par a
instance Monad Par
-- Creating a cell
cell :: Par (Cell a)
-- Working with Cells
content :: Cell a -> Par (Maybe a)
```

write :: Cell a -> a -> Par ()

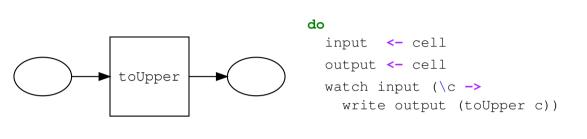
```
-- types
data Cell a
data Par a
instance Monad Par
-- Creating a cell
cell :: Par (Cell a)
-- Working with Cells
content :: Cell a -> Par (Maybe a)
write :: Cell a -> a -> Par ()
-- Creating a propagator
watch :: Cell a -> (a -> Par ()) -> Par ()
```

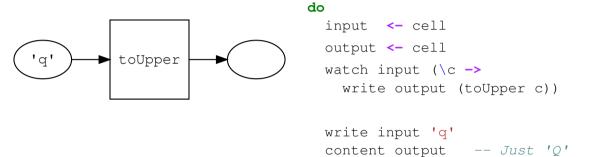
do

input <- cell



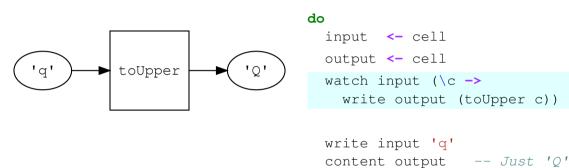






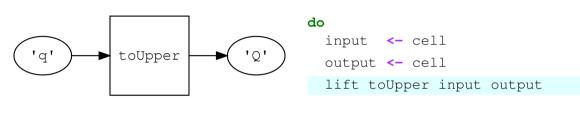
```
input <- cell
output <- cell
output (\c ->
write output (toUpper c))

write input 'q'
content output -- Just 'Q'
```



```
lift :: (a -> b) -> Cell a -> Cell b -> Par ()
lift f input output =
  watch input (\a ->
```

write output (f a))



write input 'q'
content output -- Just 'Q'



```
+
```

inL <- cell
inR <- cell
out <- cell

do

watch inL (\x -> do
 maybeY <- content inR
 case maybeY of
 Nothing -> pure ()
 Just y -> write out (x+y)

```
+
```

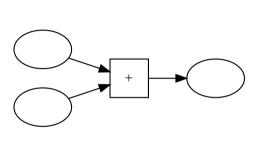
```
inL <- cell
inR <- cell
out <- cell
watch inL (\x -> do
 maybeY <- content inR
 case maybeY of
   Nothing -> pure ()
   Just y -> write out (x+y)
watch inR (\y -> do
 maybeX <- content inL
 case maybeX of
   Nothing -> pure ()
   Just x -> write out (x+v)
```

do

```
with :: Cell a -> (a -> Par ()) -> Par ()
with theCell callback = do
  maybeA <- content theCell</pre>
```

case maybeA of

Nothing -> pure ()
Just a -> callback a

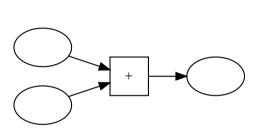


do

inL <- cell
inR <- cell
out <- cell</pre>

watch inL ($x \rightarrow$ with inR ($y \rightarrow$

write out (x+y)



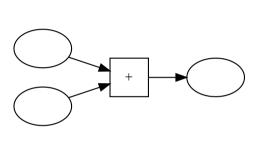
```
inL <- cell
inR <- cell
out <- cell</pre>
```

```
watch inL (\x ->
  with inR (\y ->
    write out (x+y)
```

```
watch inR (\y ->
  with inL (\x ->
  write out (x+y)
```

```
lift2 :: (a -> b -> c)
-> Cell a -> Cell b -> Cell c
-> Par ()
```

```
lift2 :: (a \rightarrow b \rightarrow c)
       -> Cell a -> Cell b -> Cell c
       -> Par ()
lift2 f inL inR out = do
  watch inL (\a ->
    with inR (b \rightarrow
      write out (f a b)))
  watch inR (\b ->
    with inL (\a ->
      write out (f a b)))
```



```
inL <- cell
inR <- cell
out <- cell
adder inL inR out</pre>
```

adder 1 r o = do lift2 (+) 1 r o lift2 (-) o 1 r lift2 (-) o r 1

where



How can we fix this?

```
data WriteOnce a
 = None
  | Written a
   TooMany
write :: a -> WriteOnce a -> WriteOnce a
write a w = case w of
 None -> Written a
 Written b -> TooMany
 TooMany -> TooMany
```

```
data WriteOnce a
    = None
    | Written a
    | TooMany
```

Accumulate information about a value

Accumulate information about a value

```
-- I don't know anything

= None

-- I know the answer exactly
| Written a

-- I have heard contradictory answers!
| TooMany
```

data WriteOnce a

Monotonicity

 $x \le y \implies f(x) \le f(y)$

Bounded join semilattice

class Semilattice a where

Commutative:

$$x \lor y = y \lor x$$

Associative:

$$x \lor (y \lor z) = (x \lor y) \lor z$$

$$x \lor x = x$$

class Semilattice a where (\/) :: a -> a -> a

bottom :: a

instance Eq a => Semilattice (WriteOnce a) where

None \/ b **=** b

TooMany \/ x = TooMany

Written a \/ None = Written a

Written a \/ Written b = Written a Written a \/ TooMany = TooMany

Thanks for listening!