SQL Statement:

```
select sum(quantity*price) as TotalPurchase
from orders as o, orderdetails as d, products as p
where o.orderid = d.orderid and d.productid = p.productid
group by customerid
```

Edit the SQL Statement, and click "Run SQL" to see the result.

Run SQL »

Result:

Number of Records: 74

TotalPurchase
111
504
1723.75
5406.9
15253.750000000002
1227.5
5256.35
7963.75
599.25
126
2249
2713.8500000000004
790

667
336
5017.09
35631.21000000001
1658.1999999999998
2030.2
4313.9
13384.32
62.46
1656
593
1555
1275
1377.1000000000001
4073.25
4320.5
1104.25
15391.02
1127
2078.75
4826.75
4384.45
7358.68
500
890.5
3240.9
23362.600000000002

1503.6
399
10744.5
1492.5
851.1600000000001
16040.75
2514
4049.1000000000004
17880.6
18178.8
18421.42
1025.2
1596
5875.75
926.69
1323.6
22500.06
7438.7
14619
11114.02
8051.3
421
710.5
4269.4
3949.25
3251.85
1020.5

825.5999999999999
4841.9
5872.5
3020
4416
566
573.75

The Try-SQL Editor ?
at w3schools.com

Your Database:

Tablename	Records
Customers	91
Categories	8
Employees	10
OrderDetails	518
Orders	196
Products	77
Shippers	3
Suppliers	29

Restore Database