BBC Learning English 6 Minute English 26 June 2014 Brazilian food



NB: This is not a word-for-word transcript

Rob: Hello I'm Rob. Welcome to 6 Minute English. I'm joined today by my

colleague Grace, who's from Brazil. Hello Grace.

Grace: Hi Rob. It's good to be here. But I hope you don't mind my Brazilian

accent.

Rob: Of course not. Most people have an accent – the important thing is to be

able to communicate... and your accent is charming, Grace! So, you're

going to talk about Brazilian culture?

Grace: Yes, Brazilian food is on the menu today, and we will whet your appetite

with language about food.

Rob: Great! Well, nothing makes me happier than tasty food! And I'm a bit of a

gourmet, you know.

Grace: Well, if you are a gourmet – someone who likes high-quality food – you

will not be disappointed if you go to Brazil. But first, let me put a question

to you.

Rob: OK, I like a challenge.

Grace: Brazil is the biggest coffee producer in the world. According to the

International Coffee Organization, which of these countries is in second

place? Is it...

a) Colombia

b) Indonesia

c) Vietnam

Rob: Yes, all places that produce coffee but I'm going to go for: a) Colombia.

Grace: We'll find out if you're right or wrong later. Now let's talk about food.

Rob: Good, yes. I'd like to know: if I go to a Brazilian family's home, what will I

eat? What's the staple food of Brazil?

Grace: The basic food in Brazil – the staple food – is rice and beans. You can

have it with fried eggs, a steak or some salad. But there's a special dish called 'feijoada'. Thomas Pappon, a Brazilian who blogs about food, explains what it is. And then, tell me: what kind of dish is this?

Thomas Pappon, Brazilian food blogger:

There's a sophisticated version of rice and beans which is served during festivities and in every restaurant on Saturdays. It's called 'feijoada'. It's a **stew** made of black beans and with pieces of pork. The main dish is served with **side dishes** such as fried greens and toasted manioc flour. There's no room left for **dessert** after this!

Rob: It's a stew! I like a good stew – a kind of food in which meat or fish or

vegetables are cooked slowly with just a little bit of liquid. But no

dessert?! I need my dessert, Grace!

Grace: The main dish is quite filling, Rob. You won't need a pudding, sweet or

fruit afterwards. And there are lots of side dishes with it.

Rob: These are small dishes which accompany the main one – and they sound

very **appetising** too.

Grace: They sound appetising; in other words, it makes you really want to eat

them. And at the end of the meal you wash these dishes down with a

'caipirinha'.

Rob: A caipirinha?

Grace: A very special Brazilian drink. Thomas Pappon can give you the traditional

recipe for it. Listen out for what he does with the lime.

Thomas Pappon, Brazilian gastronomy blogger:

You cut a lime into quarters, put it in a glass with a tablespoon – a generous tablespoon – of sugar. You break up the lime by **pounding** and pressing the lime with a wooden spoon until the sugar is dissolved into the lime juice. Then you add crushed ice, mix it very well and add – of course – the main ingredient here, 'cachaça' which is a **spirit** made of sugar cane. I tell you, be adventurous. Why not experiment with other fruits like passion fruit, strawberries or kiwis. Some people dilute this cocktail with a bit of water, but most Brazilians like myself, take it without any water at all.

Grace: There you go. The traditional caipirinha!

Rob: So you break up the lime by pounding it – by hitting or beating it very

hard. I think I can do that.

Grace: Yes. And, a surprise for you, Rob, I don't have a caipirinha here but I

brought a bit of Brazilian cachaça in this little cup. I brought the bottle from my native Sao Paulo. It's a spirit – a strong alcoholic drink – so be

careful with it.

Rob: I'll have a little sip first time, OK.

Grace: Strong, huh?!

Rob: Yes.

Grace: Are you still on your feet?

Rob: Just about, just about.

Grace: Good, well let me tell you the answer to the question from the beginning

of the programme. Brazil is the biggest coffee producer in the world. I asked which of these countries is in second position. Is it... Colombia,

Indonesia or Vietnam?

Rob: And I said Colombia.

Grace: Well, Rob, I'm afraid it's not right. The correct answer is: c) Vietnam. The

other two countries, they are really great producers of coffee as you know but Brazil has been consistently the biggest producer and Vietnam has kept the second place, with roughly half of what Brazil produces. The main types of coffee exported are Arabica and Robusta. Good strong coffee,

Rob!

Rob: Indeed. Sounds good.

Grace: Talking about coffee makes me want a cafezinho, which is a good strong

coffee in a small cup as we have in Brazil. And you might need one after

the cachaça, Rob.

Rob: I might, indeed.

Grace: But first let's recall the words we heard today:

Rob: OK, we heard:

gourmet staple food stew side dish dessert appetising pounding spirit

Grace: Thanks, Rob. Now, shall we go and have our cafezinho?

Rob: Well, actually, I'd like some more cachaça, if that's possible? Please join

us soon again for more 6 Minute English from BBC Learning English.

Both: Saúde! (Cheers!) Bye.

Vocabulary and definitions

gourmet	someone who likes high-quality food
staple food	food ordinary people eat regularly
stew	a kind of food in which meat or fish and vegetables are cooked slowly with a little liquid
side dish	dish with a small portion that accompanies the main dish
dessert	pudding, sweet or fruit eaten at the end of a meal
appetising	If food is appetising, it smells really good and makes you want to eat it.
pounding	beating hard
spirit	strong alcoholic drink (for example, whisky, gin, vodka)

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