

24. For the circuit shown in Figure P28.24, calculate (a) the current in the $2.00\text{-}\Omega$ resistor and (b) the potential difference between points a and b .

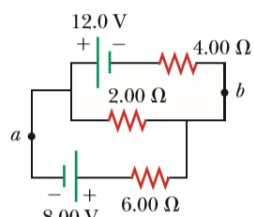
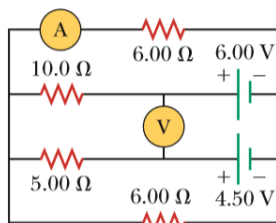


Figure P28.24

25. What are the expected readings of (a) the ideal ammeter and (b) the ideal voltmeter in Figure P28.25?



26. The following equations describe an electric circuit:

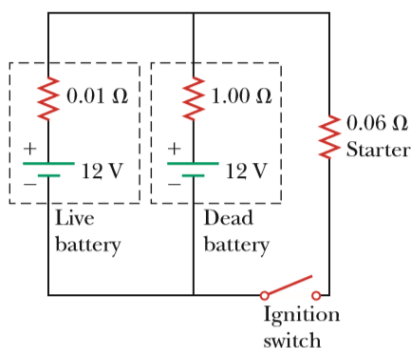
$$-I_1 (220\ \Omega) + 5.80\text{ V} - I_2 (370\ \Omega) = 0$$

$$+I_2 (370\ \Omega) + I_3 (150\ \Omega) - 3.10\text{ V} = 0$$

$$I_1 + I_3 - I_2 = 0$$

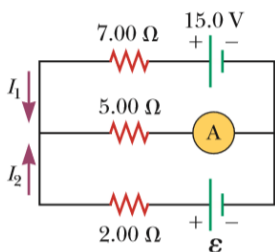
(a) Draw a diagram of the circuit. (b) Calculate the unknowns and identify the physical meaning of each unknown.

28. Jumper cables are connected from a fresh battery in one car to charge a dead battery in another car. Figure P28.28 shows the circuit diagram for this situation. While the cables are connected, the ignition switch of the car with the dead battery is closed and the starter is activated to start the engine. Determine the current in (a) the starter and (b) the dead battery. (c) Is the dead battery being charged while the starter is operating?

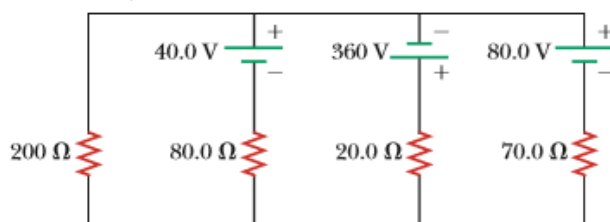


29. The ammeter shown in Figure P28.29 reads 2.00 A .

Find (a) I_1 , (b) I_2 , and (c) \mathcal{E} .



30. In the circuit of Figure P28.30, determine (a) the current in each resistor and (b) the potential difference across the $200\text{-}\Omega$ resistor.



32. In the circuit of Figure P28.32, the current $I_1 = 3.00\text{ A}$ and the values of \mathcal{E} for the ideal battery and R are unknown. What are the currents (a) I_2 and (b) I_3 ? (c) Can you find the values of \mathcal{E} and R ? If so, find their values. If not, explain.

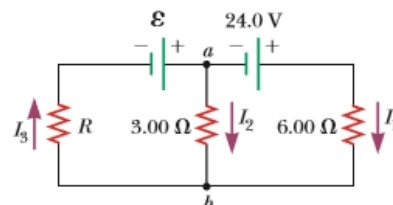
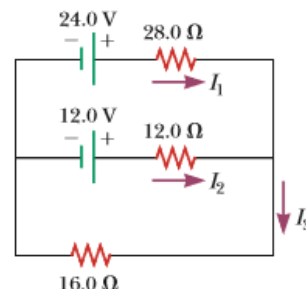
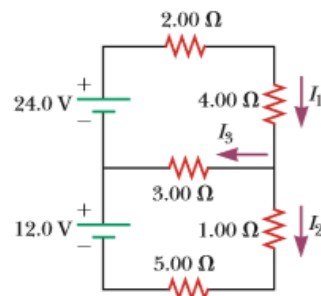


Figure P28.32

33. In Figure P28.33, find (a) the current in each resistor and (b) the power delivered to each resistor.



36. (a) Can the circuit shown in Figure P28.36 be reduced to a single resistor connected to a battery? Explain. Calculate the currents (b) I_1 , (c) I_2 , and (d) I_3 .



24) 0.909 A, -1.82 V
1.286 A, 12.57 V

25) 1.5 V, 0.395 A
30) (8,4,3,1)A, 200 V

26) (10.93, 9.11, 1.82) mA
32) 2A, 1 A, no
33) 0.492, 0.148, 0.639 A

28) 171, 1.71 A, no
29) 0.714 A,
36) 2.88, 0.416, 3.30 A