



ACP peer firm identification

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Introduction

- ▶ What is a peer?
- ▶ Why is peer group identification important?
- ▶ The aim of the project is to evaluate the performance of Analyst Co-coverage Peer Identification (ACP) method.

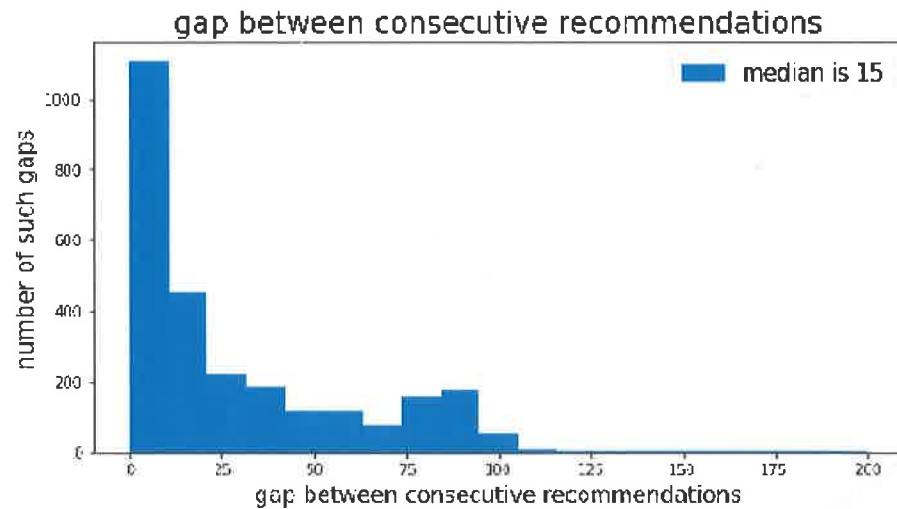
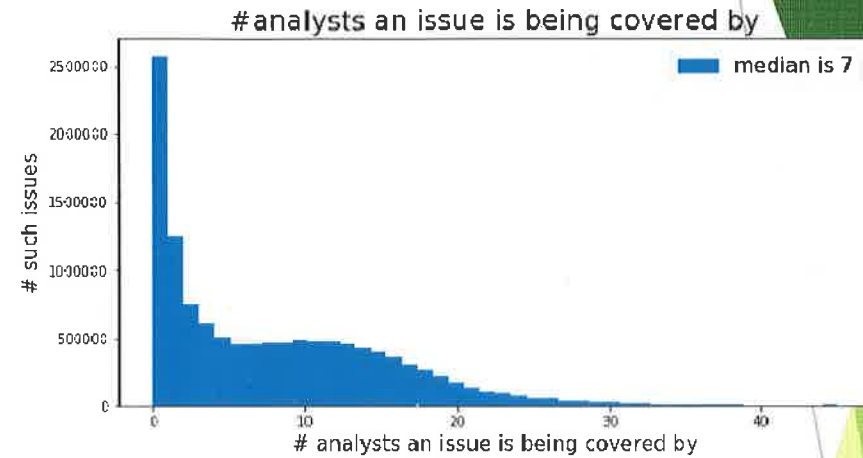
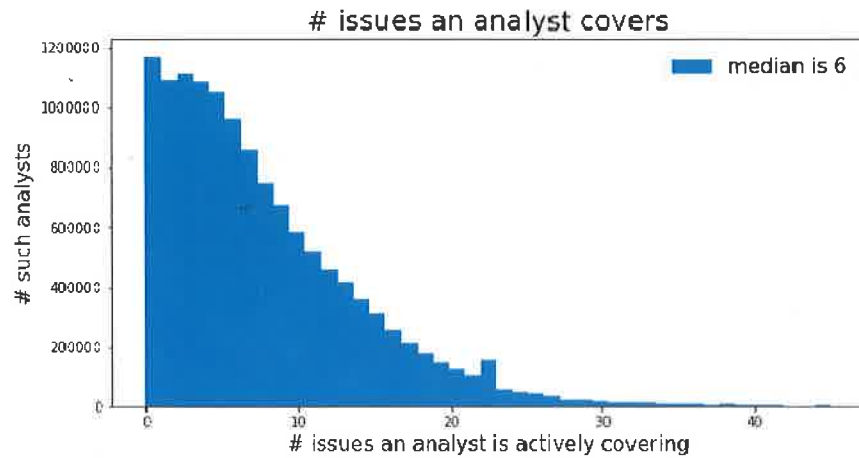


Analyst Co-coverage Peers definition

- ▶ Analyst co-coverage fractions between firms i and j on date t :
$$= \frac{\text{\# of analysts who cover firm } i \text{ and firm } j}{\text{\# of analysts who cover firm } i}$$
- ▶ A given base firm's ACP peers on date t : those firms with highest co-coverage fractions on date $t-1$
- ▶ Used FACTSET analyst recommendation data for EPS for US stocks for 2005-2015

Idea is that analysts tend to cover similar firms to reduce the cost of information coverage. So if two firms covered by the same analyst, then they are more likely to be peers

Data snapshot



Given this,
I have
implemented
ACP and
these
are how
I can
help
to
evaluate

Evaluation methodologies

- ▶ Number of peers
- ▶ Residual Return Correlation
- ▶ Fundamental Variable Correlation
- ▶ Separate issues into two groups by median of market cap

Construct weighted ACP peer portfolio and use GICS industry and residual return correlation identified peers as benchmark

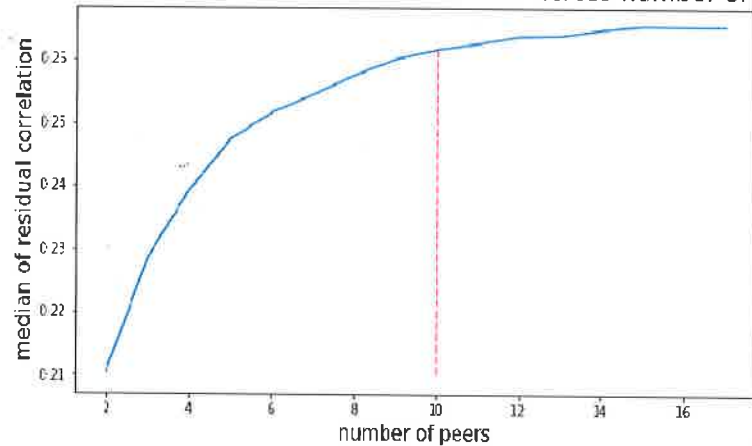
In sample and out of sample data are separated

Reporting statistics: (median, %>0.6, %>0.8)

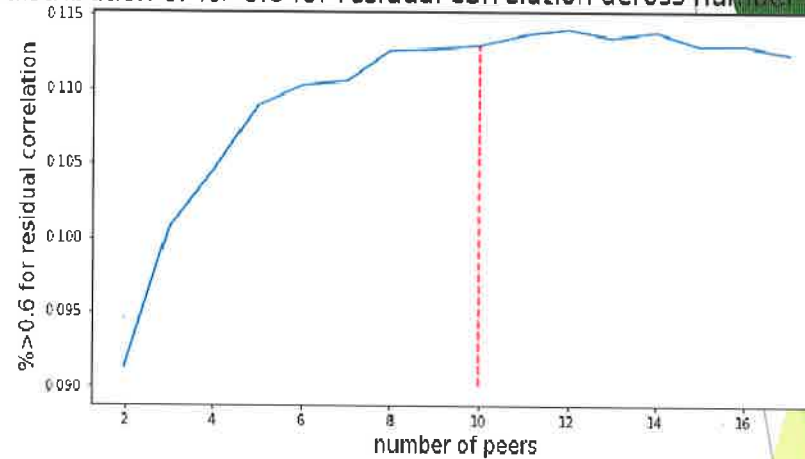


Number of peers

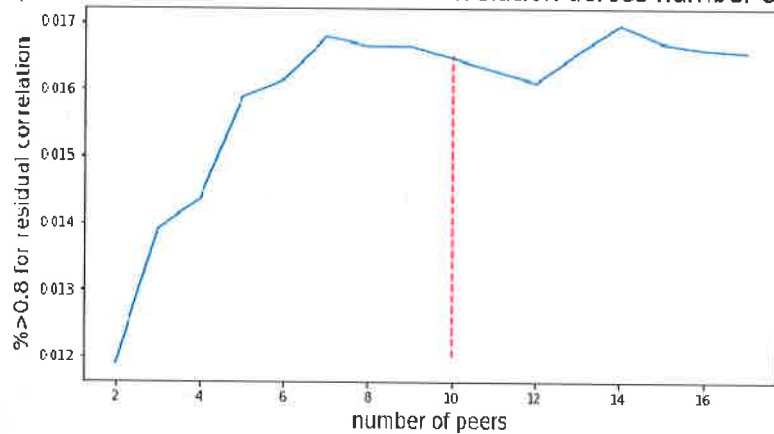
distribution of median residual correlation across number of peers



distribution of %>0.6 for residual correlation across number of peers



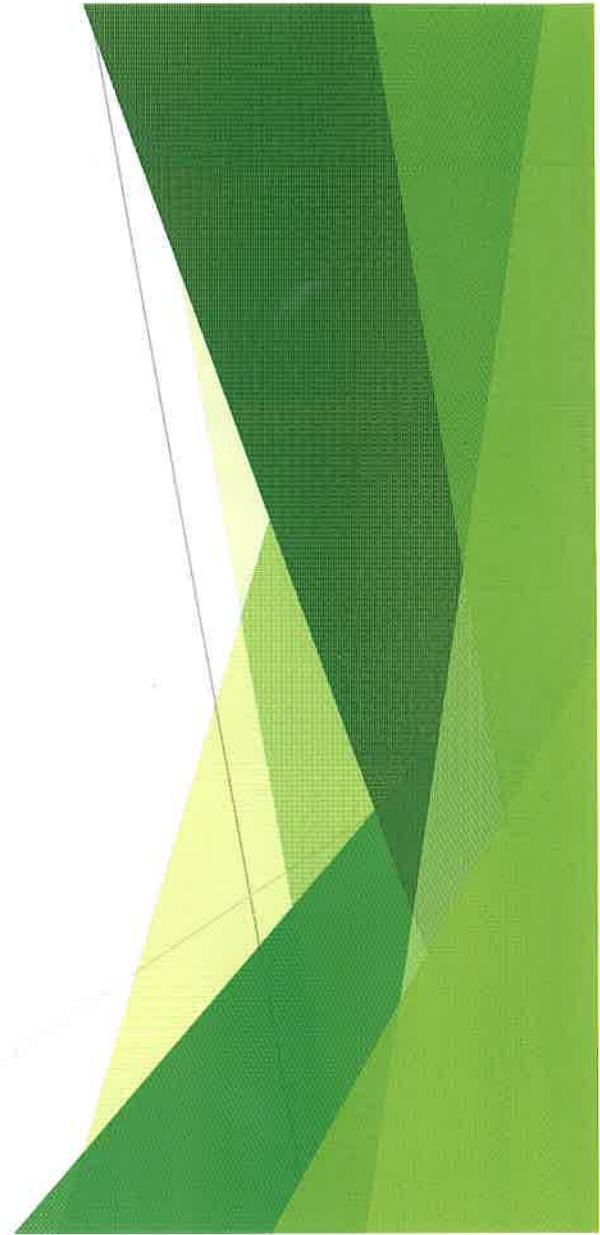
distribution of %>0.8 for residual correlation across number of peers



**10 is near optimal in
all three plots**

ACP makes sense

- ▶ 63.4% ACP peers share the same GICS industry code with the base firm.



I inspected qualitatively a few acp peers make sense, yes they do, reveal that residual correlation may have limitations due to signal noise

Examples of ACP performance results

Issue name: 'ANADARKO PETROLUM CORP',
residual correlation 0.86

Peer1: COMSTOCK RESOURCSE INC USA

Peer2: APACHE CORP USA

Peer3: NOBLE ENERGY INC USA

Peer4: PIONEER NATURAL RESOUCRES CO USA

Peer5: BURLINGTON RESOURCES INC USA

Peer6: EOG RESOURCES INC USA

Peer7: CHESAPEAKE ENERGY CORP USA

Peer8: XTO ENERGY INC USA

Peer9: NEWFIELD EXPLORATION USA

Peer10: DEVON ENGERGY CORP USA

Issue name: 'ORACLE CORP', residual
correlation 0.14

Peer1: MICROSOFT CORP USA

Peer2: BMC SOFTWARE INC USA

Peer3: CA INC USA

Peer4: PEOPLESFT INC USA

Peer5: COGNOS INC USA

Peer6: VERITAS SOFTWARE USA

Peer7: BUSINESS OBJECTS SA-SP ADR USA

Peer8: HYPERION SOLUTIONS CORP USA

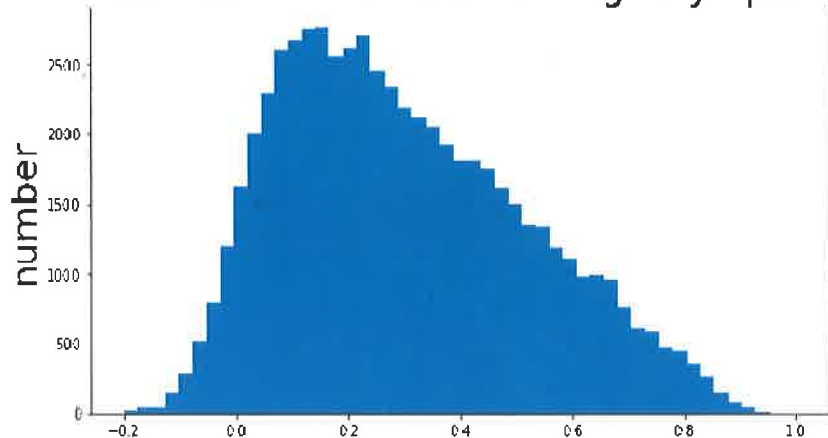
Peer9: SIEBEL SYSTEMS INC USA

Peer10: BEA SYSTEMS INC USA

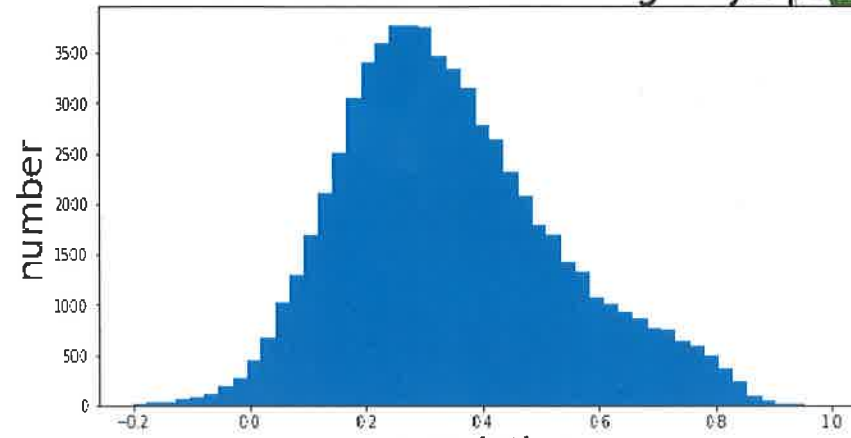
Note: Peers are listed in order of co-coverage fractions
Date is 20050103

Main Result- Residual Return Correlation

ACP Correlation all trading days plot



GICS correlation all trading days plot



	ACP	GICS industry	Correlation identified
Median	0.2750	0.2746	0.2079
%>0.6	12.3%	9.1%	12.3%
%>0.8	1.9%	1.6%	2.1%

Main Result- Fundamental Variable Correlation

	Price to book ratio			Enterprise value to sales ratio		
	ACP	GICS industry	Correlation identified	ACP	GICS industry	Correlation identified
Median	0.4401	0.2660	0.3901	0.6340	0.5402	0.5184
%>0.6	38.6%	25.0%	33.8%	53.1%	45.0%	43.1%
%>0.8	20.2%	11.2%	16.2%	30.9%	24.0%	21.6%

Main Result- Market Cap

Hypothesis: smaller market cap, fewer analyst covered, weaker signal, ACP performs not as good

- ▶ Separate firms by **daily median market cap**
- ▶ Residual return correlation much higher in the large market cap group than the small market cap group
- ▶ Correlation decreases significantly in the small market cap group when we look for peers only in the small market cap group

	ACP (1)	ACP with separation (2)	Small (1)	Small (2)	Large (1)	Large(2)
Median	0.2750	0.2603	0.1776	0.1431	0.3898	0.3954
%>0.6	12.3%	12.1%	5.8%	4.6%	19.1%	19.6%
%>0.8	1.9%	1.8%	0.6%	0.4%	3.1%	3.1%

*another id
I tried*

Next steps:

- ▶ Identify communities for ACP peers and compare results with GICS Industry
- ▶ Using historical data, running strategies that depend on peer identifications to further evaluate the performance (e.g. Ben's model)
- ▶ Try other peer identification methods (SBP), and possibly combine them

Thank you!

