MAST90105 Methods of Mathematical Statistics Assignment 3, Semester 1 2019

Due: Sunday 12 May, end of day. Please submit a scanned or other electronic copy of your work via the Learning Management System - see this link for instructions

Note: You may use R and/or Mathematica for any questions but must include your commands and reasoning.

Problems:

- 1. Let X_1, \ldots, X_n and Y_1, \ldots, Y_m are repeated measurements of the nitrogen dioxide obtained by device A and device B, respectively. Measurement errors are different for these two devices and we assume that the measurements $X_1, \ldots, X_n, Y_1, \ldots, Y_m$ are all mutually independent and $X_i \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$, $Y_j \sim N(\mu, 2\sigma^2)$ for $i = 1, \ldots, n$ and $j = 1, \ldots, m$. We want to estimate unknown parameters μ and σ^2 using the likelihood approach.
 - (a) Write down the joint pdf of $X_1, \ldots, X_n, Y_1, \ldots, Y_m$ and simplify it.
 - (b) Find the maximum likelihood estimators for μ and σ^2 (You are not required to demonstrate that the stationary points are maxima).
 - (c) Let n = 10 and m = 8. Use the following data to find estimates of μ and σ^2 :

X: 3.39 2.19 2.18 1.57 1.30 3.52 2.41 2.00 2.87 3.17 Y: 1.01 1.97 3.51 1.53 1.88 2.34 1.14 1.29

2. Let X_1, \ldots, X_n be a random sample from a continuous distribution with density

$$f(x; a, b) = \begin{cases} ax^2 + bx + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{a}{3}, & -1 < x < 1, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Find the method of moments estimators for unknown parameters a and b.
- (b) Are the method of moments estimators of a and b unbiased?
- (c) Let n = 10. Use the following data to find method of moments estimates of a and b:

3. Let X_1, \ldots, X_n be a random sample from a continuous distribution with density:

$$f(x;c) = \begin{cases} c, & -1 < 0 < x, \\ \frac{1-c}{3}, & 0 \le x < 3, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Find the method of moments estimator for c. Is it an unbiased estimator?
- (b) Find the variance of the method of moments estimator as a function of c.
- (c) Let M be the number of variables X_i such that $-1 < X_i < 0$ and n M be the number of variables X_i such that $0 \le X_i < 3$. Write down the likelihood function for these data and find the maximum likelihood estimator of c.
- (d) Is the maximum likelihood estimator of c unbiased? Find the variance of this estimator as a function of c. Hint: M follows a Binomial distribution Binom(n, p) with probability of success p = Pr(X < 0) where the pdf of X is f(x; c).
- (e) Does the exact variance of the method of moments and maximum likelihood estimators of c attain its Cramer-Rao lower bound for 0 < c < 1? Why or why not?
- 4. Consider the cumulative distribution function (cdf)

$$F(x;\theta) = \begin{cases} 0, & x \le 1, \\ 1 - x^{-\theta}, & x > 1. \end{cases}$$

Assume that the prior density of the unknown parameter $\theta > 0$ is

$$f(\theta) = \begin{cases} 0.2e^{-0.2\theta}, & \theta > 0, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Let X_1, X_2, X_3 be a random sample from $F(x; \theta)$. The observed data are $x_1 = 1.5, x_2 = 1.2, x_3 = 2.0$. Find the posterior distribution of θ given the observed data. Hint: $x^k = e^{k \ln x}$.
- (b) Find the posterior mean of θ . Find the posterior probability $Pr(2 < \theta < 5)$.