• list last name of all employees with **ia** in their first names

EMP_NUM	EMP_LNAME	EMP_FNAME	EMP_INITIAL	EMP_HIREDATE	JOB_CODE
101	News	John	G	08-Nov-00	502
102	Senior	David	Н	12-Jul-89	501
103	Arbough	June	Е	01-Dec-96	500
104	Ramoras	Anne	K	15-Nov-87	501
105	Johnson	Alice	K	01-Feb-93	502
106	Smithfield	∨Villiam		22-Jun-04	500
107	Alonzo	Maria	D	10-Oct-93	500
108	Washington	Ralph	В	22-Aug-91	501
109	Smith	Larry	W	18-Jul-97	501

• list emp_num of all employees with job codes 501, 502, 503

EMP_NUM	EMP_LNAME	EMP_FNAME	EMP_INITIAL	EMP_HIREDATE	JOB_CODE
101	News	John	G	08-Nov-00	502
102	Senior	David	Н	12-Jul-89	501
103	Arbough	June	Е	01-Dec-96	500
104	Ramoras	Anne	K	15-Nov-87	501
105	Johnson	Alice	K	01-Feb-93	502
106	Smithfield	∨Villiam		22-Jun-04	500
107	Alonzo	Maria	D	10-Oct-93	500
108	Washington	Ralph	В	22-Aug-91	501
109	Smith	Larry	W	18-Jul-97	501

• list all emps with job codes 501 who were hired before 1990

EMP_NUM	EMP_LNAME	EMP_FNAME	EMP_INITIAL	EMP_HIREDATE	JOB_CODE
101	News	John	G	08-Nov-00	502
102	Senior	David	Н	12-Jul-89	501
103	Arbough	June	Е	01-Dec-96	500
104	Ramoras	Anne	K	15-Nov-87	501
105	Johnson	Alice	K	01-Feb-93	502
106	Smithfield	∨Villiam		22-Jun-04	500
107	Alonzo	Maria	D	10-Oct-93	500
108	Washington	Ralph	В	22-Aug-91	501
109	Smith	Larry	W	18-Jul-97	501

 list all emps sorted by their job codes in descending order and then by their hire dates in ascending order

EMP_NOM	EMP_LNAME	EMP_FNAME	EMP_INITIAL	EMP_HIKEDATE	JOH_CODE
101	News	John	G	08-Nov-00	502
102	Senior	David	Н	12-Jul-89	501
103	Arbough	June	E	01-Dec-96	500
104	Ramoras	Anne	K	15-Nov-87	501
105	Johnson	Alice	K	01-Feb-93	502
106	Smithfield	∨Villiam		22-Jun-04	500
107	Alonzo	Maria	D	10-Oct-93	500
108	Washington	Ralph	В	22-Aug-91	501
109	Smith	Larry	W	18-Jul-97	501

Exercise – Your Questions

Write at least 2 questions that you would like to be answered using the data from this table.

(for now limited only to topics covered!)

EMP_NUM	EMP_LNAME	EMP_FNAME	EMP_INITIAL	EMP_HIREDATE	JOB_CODE
101	News	John	G	08-Nov-00	502
102	Senior	David	Н	12-Jul-89	501
103	Arbough	June	Е	01-Dec-96	500
104	Ramoras	Anne	K	15-Nov-87	501
105	Johnson	Alice	K	01-Feb-93	502
106	Smithfield	∨Villiam		22-Jun-04	500
107	Alonzo	Maria	D	10-Oct-93	500
108	Washington	Ralph	В	22-Aug-91	501
109	Smith	Larry	W	18-Jul-97	501

Topics Covered Today

- Listing unique items
- SQL aggregate functions
- Grouping data
- How to formulate queries

Listing Unique Values

• How many unique JOB_CODEs are represented in the EMPLOYEE table?

EMP_NUM	EMP_LNAME	EMP_FNAME	EMP_INITIAL	EMP_HIREDATE	JOB_CODE
101	News	John	G	08-Nov-00	502
102	Senior	David	Н	12-Jul-89	501
103	Arbough	June	E	01-Dec-96	500
104	Ramoras	Anne	K	15-Nov-87	501
105	Johnson	Alice	K	01-Feb-93	502
106	Smithfield	vVilliam		22-Jun-04	500
107	Alonzo	Maria	D	10-Oct-93	500
108	Washington	Ralph	В	22-Aug-91	501
109	Smith	Larry	W	18-Jul-97	501

SQL Aggregate Functions

 SQL can perform various mathematical summaries on data using aggregate functions

SOME BASIC SQL AGGREGATE FUNCTIONS

FUNCTION	OUTPUT
COUNT	The number of rows containing non-null values
MIN	The minimum attribute value encountered in a given column
MAX	The maximum attribute value encountered in a given column
SUM	The sum of all values for a given column
AVG	The arithmetic mean (average) for a specified column

COUNT

List how many employees have a JOB_CODE of 501

EMP_NUM	EMP_LNAME	EMP_FNAME	EMP_INITIAL	EMP_HIKEDATE	JOB_CODE
101	News	John	G	08-Nov-00	502
102	Senior	David	Н	12-Jul-89	501
103	Arbough	June	E	01-Dec-96	500
104	Ramoras	Anne	K	15-Nov-87	501
105	Johnson	Alice	K	01-Feb-93	502
106	Smithfield	William		22-Jun-04	500
107	Alonzo	Maria	D	10-Oct-93	500
108	Washington	Ralph	В	22-Aug-91	501
109	Smith	Larry	W	18-Jul-97	501

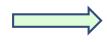
COUNT

• What will the following queries return?

EMP_NUM	EMP_LNAME	EMP_FNAME	EMP_INITIAL	EMP_HIKEDATE	JOB_CODE
101	News	John	G	08-Nov-00	502
102	Senior	David	Н	12-Jul-89	501
103	Arbough	June	E	01-Dec-96	500
104	Ramoras	Anne	K	15-Nov-87	501
105	Johnson	Alice	K	01-Feb-93	502
106	Smithfield	William		22-Jun-04	500
107	Alonzo	Maria	D	10-Oct-93	500
108	Washington	Ralph	В	22-Aug-91	501
109	Smith	Larry	W	18-Jul-97	501

MAX and MIN

SELECT MIN(EMP_LNAME) FROM EMPLOYEE:



Alonzo

SELECT MAX(EMP_HIREDATE) FROM EMPLOYEE;



22-Jun-04

EMP_NUM	EMP_LNAME	EMP_FNAME	EMP_INITIAL	EMP_HIREDATE	JOB_CODE	
101	News	John	G	08-Nov-00	502	
102	Senior	David	Н	12-Jul-89	501	
103	Arbough	June	E	01-Dec-96	500	
104	Ramoras	Anne	K	15-Nov-87	501	
105	Johnson	Alice	K	01-Feb-93	502	
106	Smithfield	William		22-Jun-04	500	
107	Alonzo	Maria	D	10-Oct-93	500	
108	Washington	Ralph	В	22-Aug-91	501	
109	Smith	Larry	W	18-Jul-97	501	

MAX and MIN

List all EMP_LNAMEs who have the highest JOB_CODE

EMP_NUM	EMP_LNAME	EMP_FNAME	EMP_INITIAL	EMP_HIREDATE	JOB_CODE
101	News	John	G	08-Nov-00	502
102	Senior	David	Н	12-Jul-89	501
103	Arbough	June	Е	01-Dec-96	500
104	Ramoras	Anne	K	15-Nov-87	501
105	Johnson	Alice	K	01-Feb-93	502
106	Smithfield	∨Villiam		22-Jun-04	500
107	Alonzo	Maria	D	10-Oct-93	500
108	Washington	Ralph	В	22-Aug-91	501
109	Smith	Larry	W	18-Jul-97	501

SUM

• Find total price of all products on hand from PRODUCT table

P_CODE	P_DESCRIPT	P_INDATE	P_QOH	P_MIN	P_PRICE	P_DISCOUNT	V_CODE
11QER/31	Power painter, 15 psi., 3-nozzle	03-Nov-15	8	5	109.99	0.00	25595
13-Q2/P2	7.25-in. pwr. saw blade	13-Dec-15	32	15	14.99	0.05	21344
14-Q1/L3	9.00-in. pwr. saw blade	13-Nov-15	18	12	17.49	0.00	21344
1546-QQ2	Hrd. cloth, 1/4-in., 2x50	15-Jan-16	15	8	39.95	0.00	23119
1558-QVV1	Hrd. cloth, 1/2-in., 3x50	15-Jan-16	23	5	43.99	0.00	23119
2232/QTY	B&D jigsaw, 12-in. blade	30-Dec-15	8	5	109.92	0.05	24288
2232/QV/E	B&D jigsaw, 8-in. blade	24-Dec-15	6	5	99.87	0.05	24288
2238/QPD	B&D cordless drill, 1/2-in.	20-Jan-16	12	5	38.95	0.05	25595
23109-HB	Claw hammer	20-Jan-16	23	10	9.95	0.10	21225
23114-AA	Sledge hammer, 12 lb.	02-Jan-16	8	5	14.40	0.05	
54778-2T	Rat-tail file, 1/8-in. fine	15-Dec-15	43	20	4.99	0.00	21344
89-WRE-Q	Hicut chain saw, 16 in.	07-Feb-16	11	5	256.99	0.05	24288
PVC23DRT	PVC pipe, 3.5-in., 8-ft	20-Feb-16	188	75	5.87	0.00	
SM-18277	1.25-in. metal screw, 25	01-Mar-16	172	75	6.99	0.00	21225
SW-23116	2.5-in. wd. screw, 50	24-Feb-16	237	100	8.45	0.00	21231
WR3/TT3	Steel matting, 4'x8'x1/6", .5" mesh	17-Jan-16	18	5	119.95	0.10	25595

AVG

List the average price of all products

• List all products with prices more than the average price

P_CODE -	P_DESCRIPT -	P_QC -	P_PRIC -	V_COI -
89-WRE-Q	Hicut chain saw, 16 in.	11	256.99	24288
WR3/TT3	Steel matting, 4'x8'x1/6", .5" mesh	18	119.95	25595
11QER/31	Power painter, 15 psi., 3-nozzle	8	109.99	25595
2232/QTY	B&D jigsaw, 12-in. blade	8	109.92	24288
2232/QWE	B&D jigsaw, 8-in. blade	6	99.87	24288

Grouping Data

- Aggregate functions summarize data across all rows of the table
 - What to do if you want to summarize data across data groups rather than the whole table
 - Example:
 You want to know the average price of all products supplied by each vendor
- GROUP BY clause can be used in this scenario
 - GROUP BY generally used when attribute columns are combined with aggregate functions in the SELECT statement

Grouping Data

List each vendor and the average price of all products supplied by that vendor

Vendc →	"Avg Price" 🔻
	10.134999752045
21225	8.4699997901917
21231	8.4499998092651
21344	12.489999771118
23119	41.970001220703
24288	155.59333038330
25595	89.629998524984

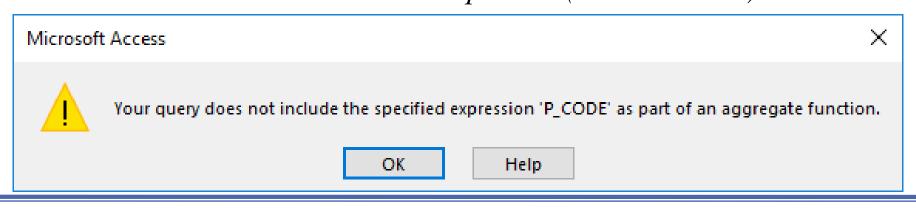
• List the number of products supplied by each vendor in the PRODUCT table, arranged by vendor in Ascending order

V_C0 -	NUM_PRODS	~
		2
21225		2
21231		1
21344		3
23119		2
24288		3
25595		3

• Identify what is wrong with the following statement?

```
SELECT V_CODE, P_CODE, COUNT(P_CODE), SUM(P_PRICE)
FROM PRODUCT
GROUP BY V_CODE;
```

Attribute columns need to be combined with aggregate functions in the SELECT statement for GROUP BY to work *Note: Not all DBMS' will complain – (see next slide)*



SELECT V_CODE, P_CODE, COUNT(P_CODE), SUM(P_PRICE)
FROM PRODUCT

GROUP BY V_CODE;

Note: MySQL will perform the aggregate, and return the values for the first items only, in that group

V_CODE	P_CODE	count(P_CODE)	sum(P_PRICE)
NULL	2311 4- AA	2	20.27
21225	23109-HB	2	16.94
21231	SW-23116	1	8.45
21344	13-Q2/P2	3	37.47
23119	1546-QQ2	2	83.94
24288	2232/QTY	3	466.78
25595	11QER/31	3	268.89
26000	PD-101-Q	1	99.99

• What is wrong with the following query?

```
SELECT V_CODE, P_PRICE, AVG(P_PRICE)
FROM PRODUCT
GROUP BY V CODE;
```

Conditional Restrictions in GROUP BY

- Used in conjunction with the GROUP BY clause to set conditional restrictions
 - Similar to WHERE clause
- While WHERE applies to columns and expressions for individual rows, HAVING applies to the output of GROUP BY

Grouping Data

- Frequency distributions created by GROUP BY clause within SELECT statement
- Syntax SELECT columnlist

FROM tablelist

[WHERE conditionlist]

[GROUP BY columnlist]

[HAVING conditionlist]

[ORDER BY columnlist [ASC | DESC]];

HAVING Clause

- Extension of GROUP BY feature
- Applied to output of GROUP BY operation
- Used in conjunction with GROUP BY clause in second SQL command set
- Similar to WHERE clause in SELECT statement

Example – HAVING

SELECT V_CODE, COUNT(P_CODE), AVG(P_PRICE)

FROM PRODUCT

GROUP BY V_CODE

HAVING AVG(P_PRICE < 10)

ORDER BY V_CODE;

V_CODE	COUNT(P_CODE)	AVG(P_PRICE)
21225	2	8.470000
21231	1	8.450000

Exercise – HAVING

• For each vendor, list the vendor code and cumulative price of all products on hand in the PRODUCT table supplied by that vendor that have a cumulative price of more than 500.

V_CODE	TOTCOST
21344	1009.07
MULL	1218.76
21225	1431.13
23119	1611.02
21231	2002.65
25595	3506.42
24288	4305.47
26000	7999.20

Exercise

• For the table shown below, write a SQL statement to list the vendor code and the maximum price of the product supplied by each vendor whose V_CODE starts with 21, and whose maximum price of any product does not exceed 10. Order the results by descending value of maximum price

P_CODE	P_DESCRIPT	P_INDATE	P_QOH	P_MIN	P_PRICE	P_DISCOUNT	V_CODE
11QER/31	Power painter, 15 psi., 3-nozzle	03-Nov-15	8	5	109.99	0.00	25595
13-Q2/P2	7.25-in. pwr. saw blade	13-Dec-15	32	15	14.99	0.05	21344
14-Q1/L3	9.00-in. pwr. saw blade	13-Nov-15	18	12	17.49	0.00	21344
1546-QQ2	Hrd. cloth, 1/4-in., 2x50	15-Jan-16	15	8	39.95	0.00	23119
1558-QV/1	Hrd. cloth, 1/2-in., 3x50	15-Jan-16	23	5	43.99	0.00	23119
2232/QTY	B&D jigsaw, 12-in. blade	30-Dec-15	8	5	109.92	0.05	24288
2232/Q/V/E	B&D jigsaw, 8-in. blade	24-Dec-15	6	5	99.87	0.05	24288
2238/QPD	B&D cordless drill, 1/2-in.	20-Jan-16	12	5	38.95	0.05	25595
23109-HB	Claw hammer	20-Jan-16	23	10	9.95	0.10	21225
23114-AA	Sledge hammer, 12 lb.	02-Jan-16	8	5	14.40	0.05	
54778-2T	Rat-tail file, 1/8-in. fine	15-Dec-15	43	20	4.99	0.00	21344
89-WRE-Q	Hicut chain saw, 16 in.	07-Feb-16	11	5	256.99	0.05	24288
PVC23DRT	PVC pipe, 3.5-in., 8-ft	20-Feb-16	188	75	5.87	0.00	
SM-18277	1.25-in. metal screw, 25	01-Mar-16	172	75	6.99	0.00	21225
SW-23116	2.5-in. wd. screw, 50	24-Feb-16	237	100	8.45	0.00	21231
WR3/TT3	Steel matting, 4'x8'x1/6", .5" mesh	17-Jan-16	18	5	119.95	0.10	25595

How to Form a Query

- What to display (SELECT clause)
 - Vendor code, Maximum price of product supplied by each vendor
- What table(s) to use? (FROM clause)
 - PRODUCT
- What are the conditions? (WHERE)
 - V_CODE starts with 21 AND
 - maximum price of any product does not exceed 10
- Is there any aggregation or grouping? (GROUP BY clause)
 - Maximum price by vendor → V_CODE

How to Form a Query

- Which of the conditions above are on an aggregate function or a group? (HAVING clause)
 - Maximum price
- Is there any ordering required (ORDER BY clause)
 - Maximum price in Descending order

How to Form a Query

• Forming the Query:

SELECT V_CODE, MAX(P_PRICE)

FROM PRODUCT

WHERE V_CODE BETWEEN 21000 AND 21999

GROUP BY V_CODE

HAVING $MAX(P_PRICE) \le 10$

ORDER BY MAX(P_PRICE) DESC;