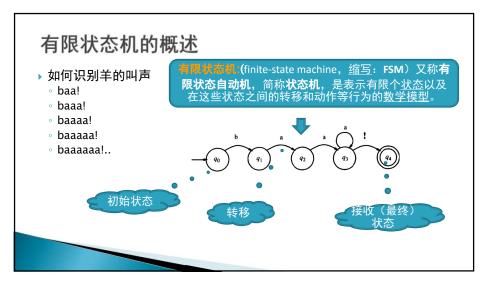
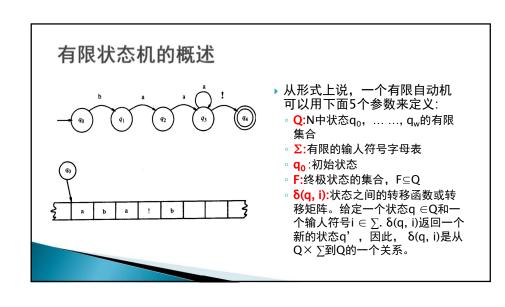
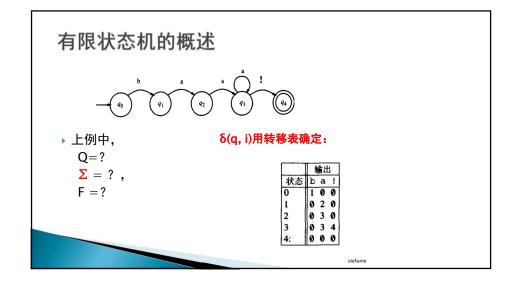


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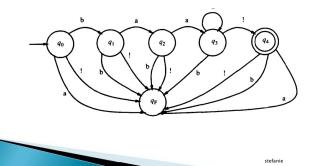




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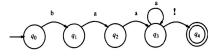
有限状态机的概述

▶增加一个失败状态:

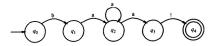


有限状态机的概述

▶ 确定性的的自动机 (Deterministic FSA或DFAS),



▶ 非确定的有限自动机(non-deterministic FSA或NFSA)



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有限状态机的应用

地址识别

广东省深圳市腾讯大厦

广东省 518057 深圳市南山区科技园腾讯大厦

深圳市 518057 科技园腾讯大厦

深圳市南山区科技园腾讯公司

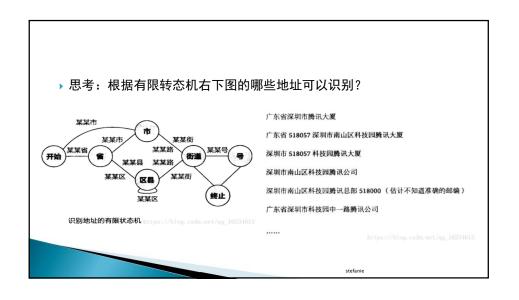
深圳市南山区科技园腾讯总部 518000 (估计不知道准确的邮编)

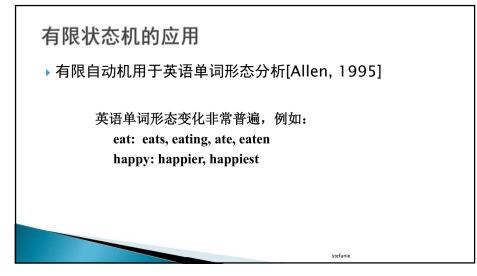
广东省深圳市科技园中一路腾讯公司

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https://blog.csdn.net/qq_1623461

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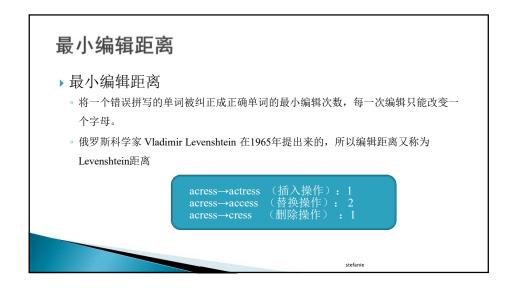


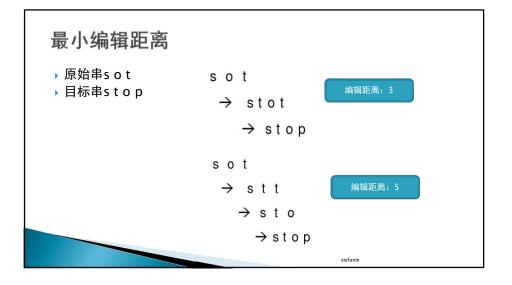


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最小编辑距离的动态规划

- ▶ 原始串s o t
- ▶ 目标串s t o p

<i>'</i> [3	t				
	2	О				
	1	s				
	0	#	s	t	o	p
	#	0	1	2	3	4

- n = length (target)
 m = length (source)
- Create matrix d [n, m];
- $i=0 \ j=0$
- $\begin{array}{l} d[0,0] = 0; \\ d[0,1] = 1; \; \dots; \; d[0,m] = m; \\ d[1,0] = 1; \; \dots; \; d[n,0] = n; \end{array}$

最小编辑距离的动态规划

- ▶原始串s: sot
- ▶目标串t: stop

3	t				
2	О				
1	s	0			
0	#	s	t	o	p
#	0	1	2	3	4

i=1 j=1

$$d[1,1] = min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d[0,1] + insert(t[1]) = 2 \\ d[0,0] + substitute(s[1],t[1]) = 0 \\ d[1,0] + delete(s[1]) = 2 \end{array} \right\} = 0$$

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最小编辑距离的动态规划

- ▶原始串s o t
- ▶ 目标串s t o p

I	3	t				
	2	o	1			
	1	s	0			
	0	#	s	t	o	p
	#	0	1	2	3	4

$$d[1,2] = min \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} d[0,2] + insert(t[1]) = 3 \\ d[0,1] + substitute(s[2],t[1]) = 3 \\ d[1,1] + delete(s[2]) = 1 \end{array} \right\} = 1$$

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- ▶ 原始串s o t
- ▶ 目标串s t o p

3	t	2			
2	О	1			
1	s	0			
0	#	s	t	o	p
#	0	1	2	3	4

$$d[1,3] = min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d[0,3] + insert(t[1]) = 4 \\ d[0,2] + substitute(s[3],t[1]) = 4 \\ d[1,2] + delete(s[3]) = 2 \end{array} \right\} = 2$$

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最小编辑距离的动态规划

- ▶ 原始串s o t
- ▶目标串stop

3	t	2			
2	o	1			
1	s	0	1		
0	#	s	t	o	p
#	0	1	2	3	4

$$i=2 j=1$$

$$d[2,1] = min \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} d[1,1] + insert(t[2]) = 1 \\ d[1,0] + substitute(s[1],t[2]) = 3 \\ d[2,0] + delete(s[1]) = 3 \end{array} \right\} = 1$$

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最小编辑距离的动态规划

- ▶原始串s o t
- ▶ 目标串stop

3	t	2			
2	o	1	2		
1	s	0	1		
0	#	s	t	o	p
#	0	1	2	3	4

$$d[2,2] = min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d[1,2] + insert(t[2]) = 2 \\ d[1,1] + substitute(s[2],t[2]) = 2 \\ d[2,1] + delete(s[2]) = 2 \end{array} \right\} = 2$$

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最小编辑距离的动态规划

- ▶原始串s o t
- ▶ 目标串s t o p

j 1	3	t	2	1		
	2	О	1	2		
	1	s	0	1		
	0	#	s	t	o	p
	#	0	1	2	3	4

$$i=2 j=3$$

$$d[2,3] = min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d[1,3] + insert(t[2]) = 3 \\ d[1,2] + substitute(s[3],t[2]) = 1 \\ d[2,2] + delete(s[3]) = 3 \end{array} \right\} = 1$$

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- ▶ 原始串s o t
- ▶ 目标串s t o p

3	t	2	1		
2	О	1	2		
1	s	0	1	2	
0	#	s	t	o	p
#	0	1	2	3	4

$$i=3 j=1$$

$$d[3,1] = min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d[2,1] + insert(t[3]) = 2 \\ d[2,0] + substitute(s[1],t[3]) = 4 \\ d[3,0] + delete(s[1]) = 4 \end{array} \right\} = 2$$

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最小编辑距离的动态规划

- ▶ 原始串s o t
- ▶目标串stop

Î	3	t	2	1		
	2	o	1	2	1	
	1	S	0	1	2	
	0	#	s	t	o	p
	#	0	1	2	3	4

$$i=3 j=2$$

$$d[3,2] = min \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} d[2,2] + insert(t[3]) = 3 \\ d[2,1] + substitute(s[2],t[3]) = 1 \\ d[3,1] + delete(s[2]) = 3 \end{array} \right\} = 1$$

最小编辑距离的动态规划

- ▶ 原始串s o t
- ▶目标串stop

<i>i</i> [3	t	2	1	2	
	2	0	1	2	1	
	1	s	0	1	2	
	0	#	s	t	o	p
	#	0	1	2	3	4

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{d[3,3] = } & \text{min} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{d[2,3]+insert(t[3])=2} \\ \text{d[2,2]+substitute(s[3],t[3])=4} \\ \text{d[3,2]+delete(s[3])=2} \end{array} \right\} = 2 \end{array}$$

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最小编辑距离的动态规划

- ▶ 原始串s o t
- ▶ 目标串s t o p

^j	3	t	2	1	2	
	2	o	1	2	1	
	1	s	0	1	2	3
	0	#	s	t	О	p
	#	0	1	2	3	4

$$d[4,1] = min \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} d[3,1] + insert(t[4]) = 3 \\ d[3,0] + substitute(s[1],t[4]) = 5 \\ d[4,0] + delete(s[1]) = 5 \end{array} \right\} = 3$$

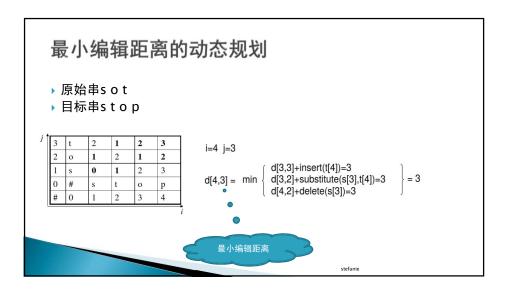
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- ▶ 原始串s o t
- ▶ 目标串s t o p

^j	3	t	2	1	2	
	2	o	1	2	1	2
	1	s	0	1	2	3
	0	#	s	t	o	p
	#	0	1	2	3	4

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\begin{array}{ll} \text{i=4 j=2} \\ \\ \text{d[4,2] = min} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{d[3,2]+insert(t[4])=2} \\ \text{d[3,1]+substitute(s[2],t[4])=4} \\ \text{d[4,1]+delete(s[2])=4} \end{array} \right\} = 2 \end{array}
```

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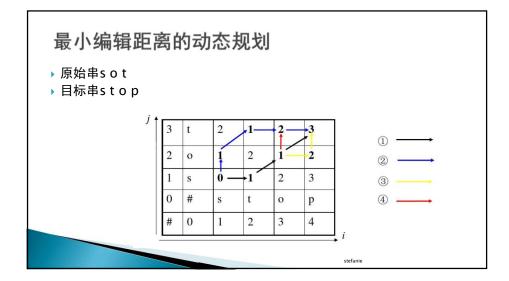
最小编辑距离的动态规划

- ▶ 原始串s o t
- ▶ 目标串s t o p

s o t 编辑操作① stot (1. 插入t, 1分, 累计1分) stop (2. t替换p, 2分, 累计3分)

- sot 編辑操作② s t (1. 删除o, 1分, 累计1分) s to (2. 插入o, 1分, 累计2分) s top(3. 插入p, 1分, 累计3分)
- s o t 编辑操作③ stopt (1. 插入t, 1分, 累计1分) stopt (2. 插入p, 1分, 累计2分) stop (3. 删除t, 1分, 累计3分)

| s → 0 t 編辑操作④ | stot (1. 插入t, 1分, 累计1分) | stot (2. 删除t, 1分, 累计2分) | stop (3. 插入p, 1分, 累计3分)



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▶ 练习:

intention ———— execution

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最小编辑距离的动态规划 P 练习: Intention — execution Intention in

其他应用

- ▶ 生物信息学中的**的最小编辑距离(相似度)**
- ▶ 问题:找到以下两个序列中的对齐序列,其可能是核苷酸或者蛋白质的结构?

AGGCTATCACCTGACCTCCAGGCCGATGCCC
TAGCTATCACGACCGCGGTCGATTTGCCCGAC

> 要求得到以下对齐序列:

-AGGCTATCACCTGACCTCCAGGCCGA-TGCCC--TAG-CTATCAC--GACCGC--GGTCGATTTGCCCGAC

