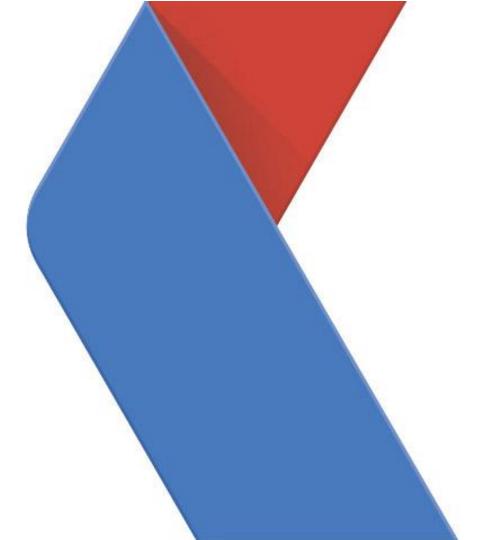
TensorFlow:
A Framework for
Scalable Machine
Learning



You probably want to know...

What is TensorFlow?
Why did we create TensorFlow?
How does Tensorflow Work?

Example: Linear Regression

Example: Convolutional Neural Network

Distributed TensorFlow





Fast, flexible, and scalable open-source machine learning library

One system for research and production

Runs on CPU, GPU, TPU, and Mobile

Apache 2.0 license

TensorFlow Handles Complexity



Modeling complexity

Distributed System



Heterogenous System



Under the Hood

A multidimensional array.

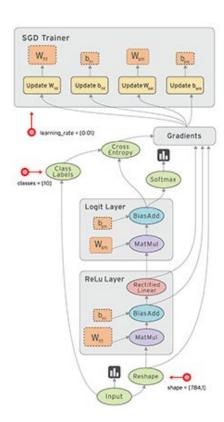


A graph of operations.

The TensorFlow Graph

Computation is defined as a graph

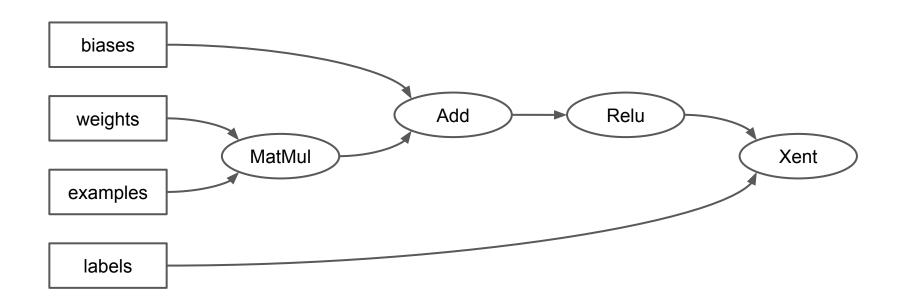
- Graph is defined in high-level language (Python)
- Graph is compiled and optimized
- Graph is executed (in parts or fully) on available low level devices (CPU, GPU, TPU)
- Nodes represent computations and state
- Data (tensors) flow along edges



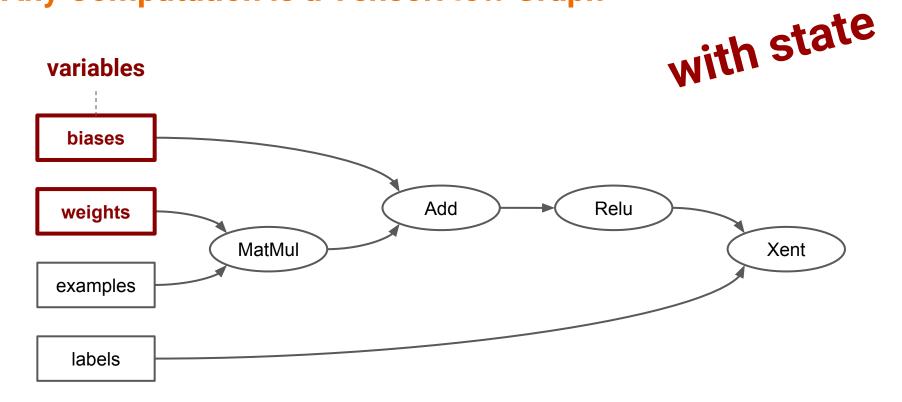
Build a graph; then run it.

```
c = tf.add(a, b)
                                   add
session = tf.Session()
value of c = session.run(c, {a=1, b=2})
```

Any Computation is a TensorFlow Graph

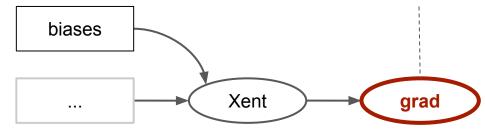


Any Computation is a TensorFlow Graph



Automatic Differentiation

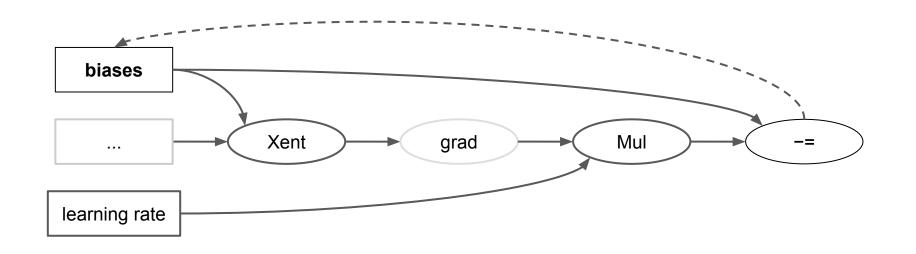
Automatically add ops which compute gradients for variables



Any Computation is a TensorFlow Graph

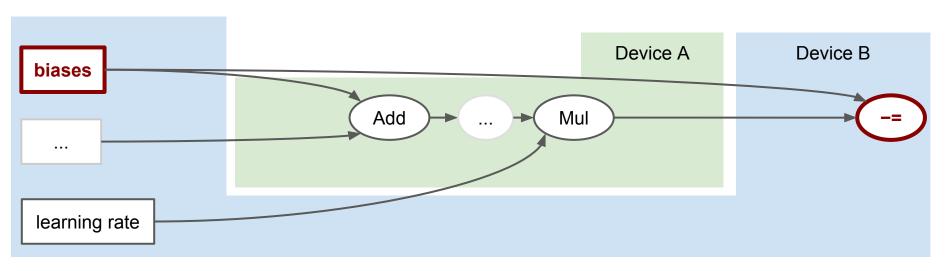
Simple gradient descent:





Any Computation is a TensorFlow Graph

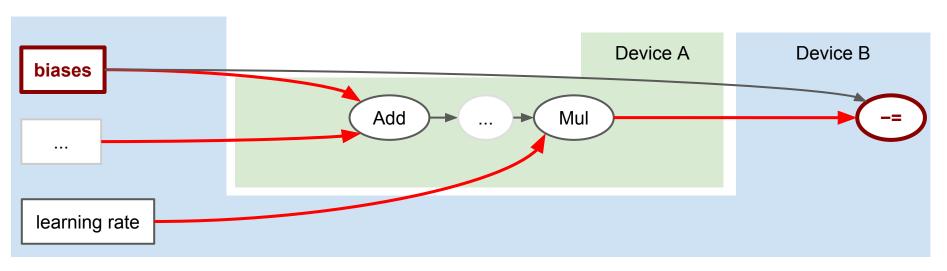
distributed



Devices: Processes, Machines, CPUs, GPUs, TPUs, etc

Send and Receive Nodes

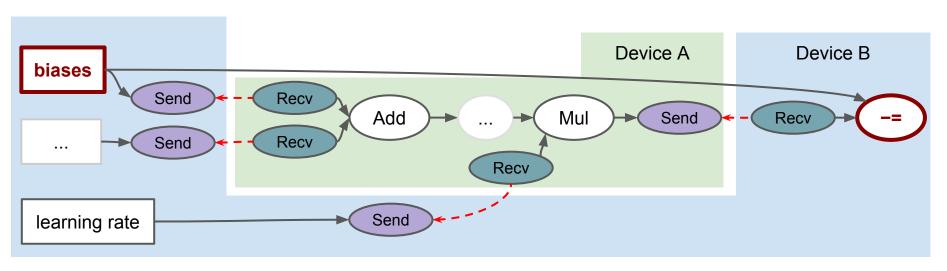
distributed



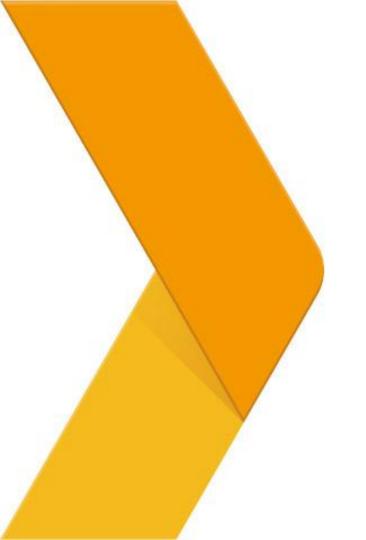
Devices: Processes, Machines, CPUs, GPUs, TPUs, etc

Send and Receive Nodes

distributed

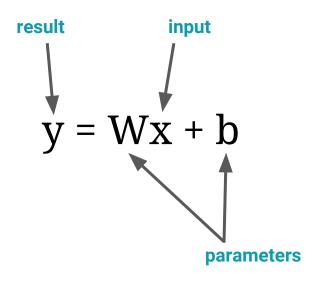


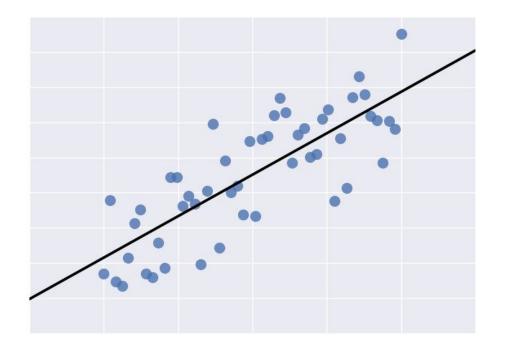
Devices: Processes, Machines, CPUs, GPUs, TPUs, etc



Linear Regression

Linear Regression





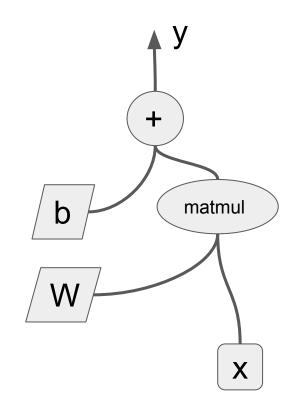
What are we trying to do?

Mystery equation: y = 0.1 * x + 0.3 + noise

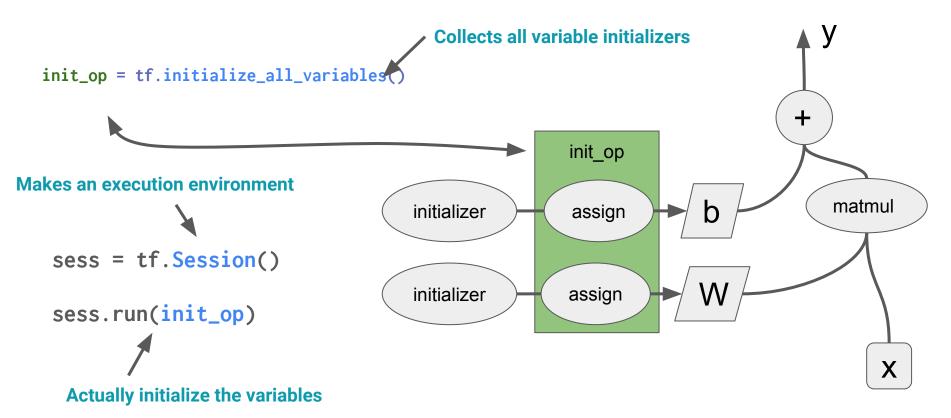
Model: y = W * x + b

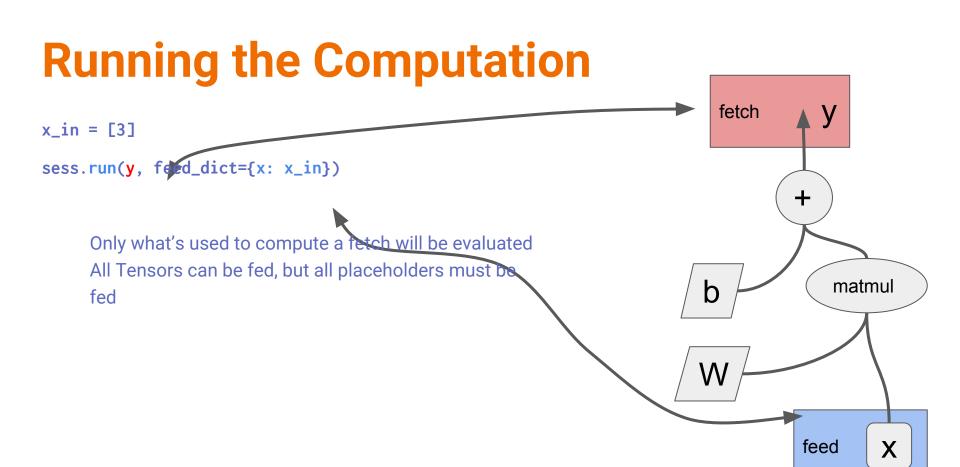
Objective: Given enough (x, y) value samples, figure out the value of W and b.

import tensorflow as tf



Variables Must be Initialized





Putting it all together

```
import tensorflow as tf
x = tf.placeholder(shape=[None],
                         dtype=tf.float32,
                         name='x')
W = tf.get variable(shape=[], name='W')
b = tf.get variable(shape=[], name='b')
y = W * x + b
with tf.Session() as sess:
  sess.run(tf.initialize all variables())
  print(sess.run(y, feed dict={x: x in}))
```

Build the graph Prepare execution environment Initialize variables Run the computation (usually often)

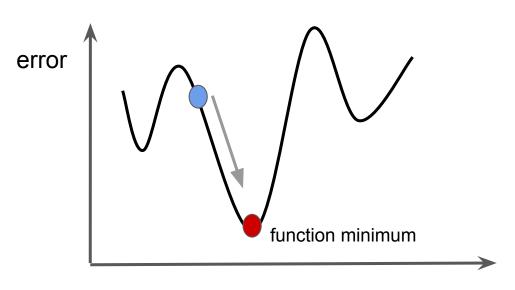
Define a Loss

Given y, y_train compute a loss, for instance:

$$L = (y - y_{train})^2$$

```
# create an operation that calculates loss.
loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(y - y_train))
```

Minimize loss: optimizers



parameters (weights, biases)

```
tf.train.AdadeltaOptimizer

tf.train.AdagradOptimizer

tf.train.AdagradDAOptimizer

tf.train.AdamOptimizer
```

Train

Feed (x, y_{label}) pairs and adjust W and b to decrease the loss.

Putting it all together

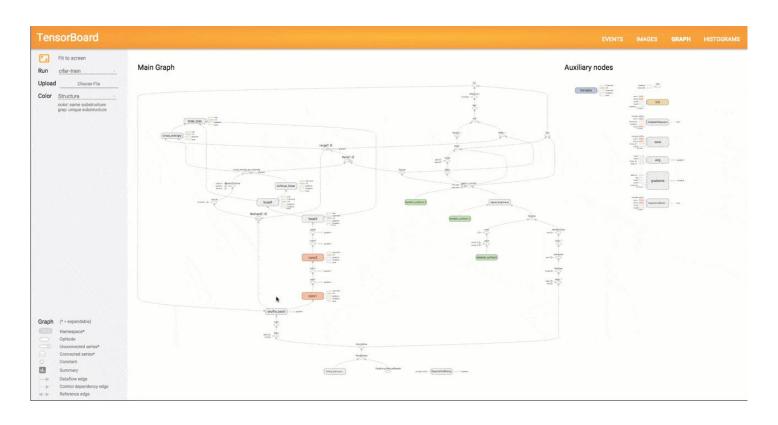
```
loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(y - y_train))
optimizer = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(0.5)
train = optimizer.minimize(loss)
with tf.Session() as sess:
    sess.run(tf.initialize_all_variables())
    for i in range(1000):
        sess.run(train, feed_dict={x: x_in, y_label: y_in})
```

Define a loss Create an optimizer Op to minimize the Initialize variables

Putting it all together

```
import tensorflow as tf
x = tf.placeholder(shape=[None], dtype=tf.float32, name='x')
W = tf.get variable(shape=[], name='W')
                                                                     Build the graph
b = tf.get variable(shape=[], name='b')
y = W * x + b
                                                                     Define a loss
loss = tf.reduce mean(tf.square(y - y train))
                                                                     Create an optimizer
optimizer = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(0.5)
                                                                     Op to minimize the
train = optimizer.minimize(loss)
                                                                     loss
with tf.Session() as sess:
                                                                     Prepare environment
  sess.run(tf.initialize all variables())
                                                                      Initialize variables
  for i in range(1000):
    sess.run(train, feed dict={x: x in, y label: y in})
```

TensorBoard



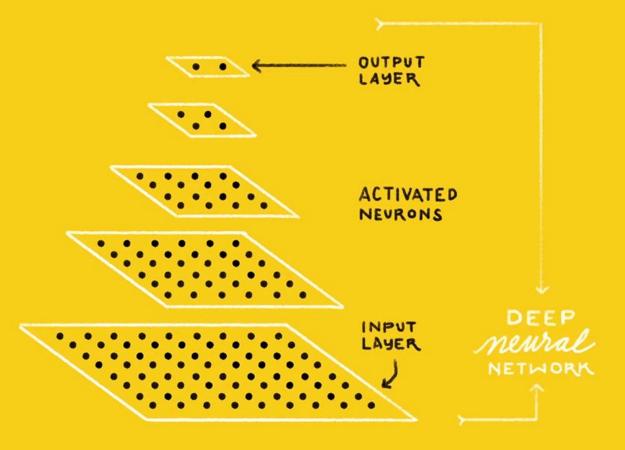


Deep Convolutional Neural Network

CAT DOG

CAT & DOG?



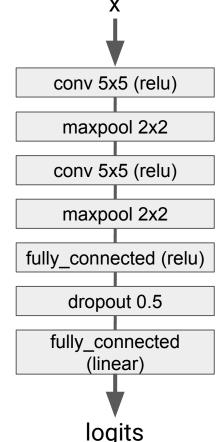


Remember linear regression?

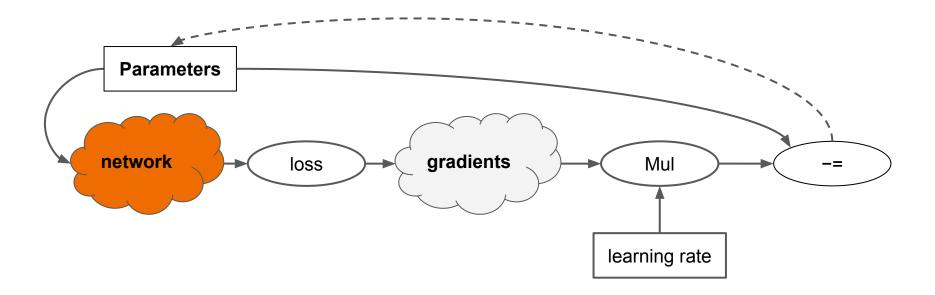
```
import tensorflow as tf
x = tf.placeholder(shape=[None],
                         dtype=tf.float32,
                         name='x')
                                                            Build the graph
W = tf.get variable(shape=[], name='W')
b = tf.get variable(shape=[], name='b')
y = W * x + b
loss = tf.reduce mean(tf.square(y - y label))
optimizer = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(0.5)
train = optimizer.minimize(loss)
```

Convolutional DNN

```
x = tf.contrib.layers.conv2d(x, kernel size=[5,5], ...)
x = tf.contrib.layers.max pool2d(x, kernel size=[2,2], ...)
x = tf.contrib.layers.conv2d(x, kernel size=[5,5], ...)
x = tf.contrib.layers.max pool2d(x, kernel size=[2,2], ...)
x = tf.contrib.layers.fully connected(x, activation fn=tf.nn.relu)
x = tf.contrib.layers.dropout(x, 0.5)
logits = tf.config.layers.linear(x)
```



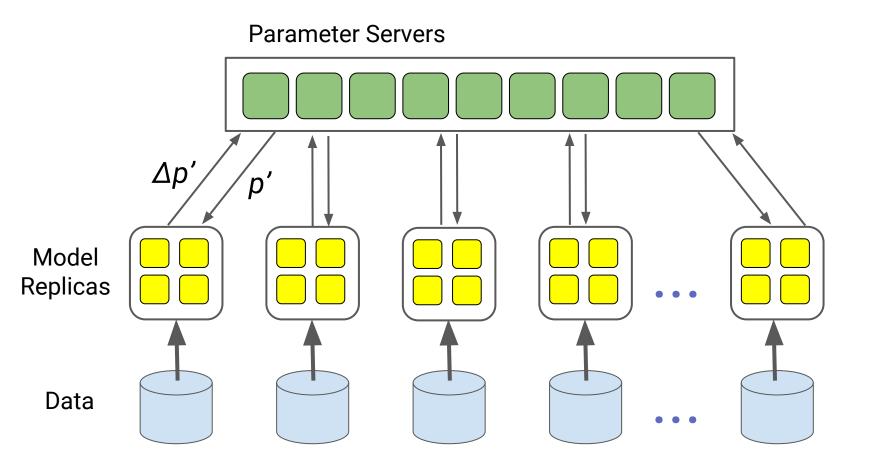
Defining Complex Networks





Distributed TensorFlow

Data Parallelism (Between-Graph Replication)



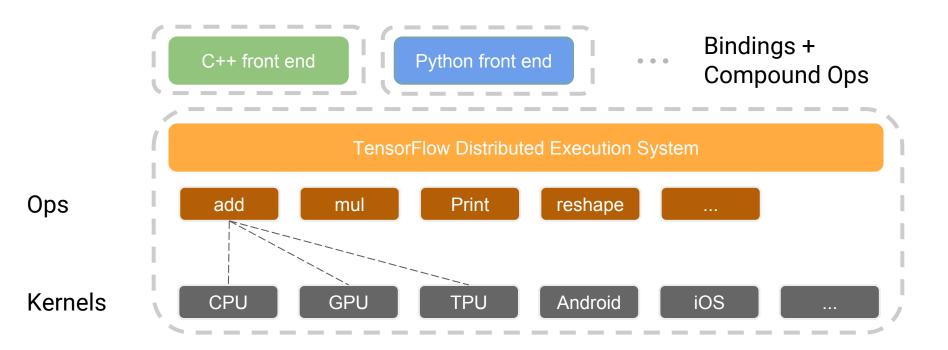
Describe a cluster: ClusterSpec

```
tf.train.ClusterSpec({
    "worker": [
        "worker0.example.com: 2222",
        "worker1.example.com: 2222",
        "worker2.example.com: 2222"
    "ps": [
        "ps0.example.com:2222",
        "ps1.example.com:2222"
```

Share the graph across devices

```
with tf.device("/job:ps/task:0"):
  weights_1 = tf.Variable(...)
  biases_1 = tf.Variable(...)
with tf.device("/job:ps/task:1"):
  weights_2 = tf.Variable(...)
  biases_2 = tf.Variable(...)
with tf.device("/job:worker/task:7"):
  input, labels = ...
  layer_1 = tf.nn.relu(tf.matmul(input, weights_1) + biases_1)
  logits = tf.nn.relu(tf.matmul(layer_1, weights_2) + biases_2)
  train_{op} = ...
with tf.Session("grpc://worker7.example.com:2222") as sess:
  for _ in range(10000):
    sess.run(train_op)
```

Architecture



Tutorials

Tutorials on tensorflow.org

Image recognition: https://www.tensorflow.org/tutorials/image_recognition

Word embeddings: https://www.tensorflow.org/tutorials/word2vec

Language Modeling: https://www.tensorflow.org/tutorials/recurrent

Translation: https://www.tensorflow.org/tutorials/seq2seq

Udacity Course: https://www.udacity.com/course/deep-learning--ud730



Q & A



Google Developer Day