

Group 7

Body Fat Prediction

Contents

1. Introduction
2. Model Selection and Results
3. Final Model Interpretation
4. Shiny App

Introduction

Background and Data Cleaning

Data cleaning

- **Scale**

We changed the units of weight and height to kg and cm because all of the other variables in the dataset are measured in cm.

- **Height**

We fixed a person who is only 74.94 cm tall using the relationship between bmi, weight and height ($\text{bmi} = \text{kg}/\text{m}^2$).

- **Bodyfat**

We removed the person with 0% body fat percentage, because this is scientifically impossible and we couldn't manage to fix this.

Model Selection and Results

Model Selection, Visualization, Result Discussion

Models Selection

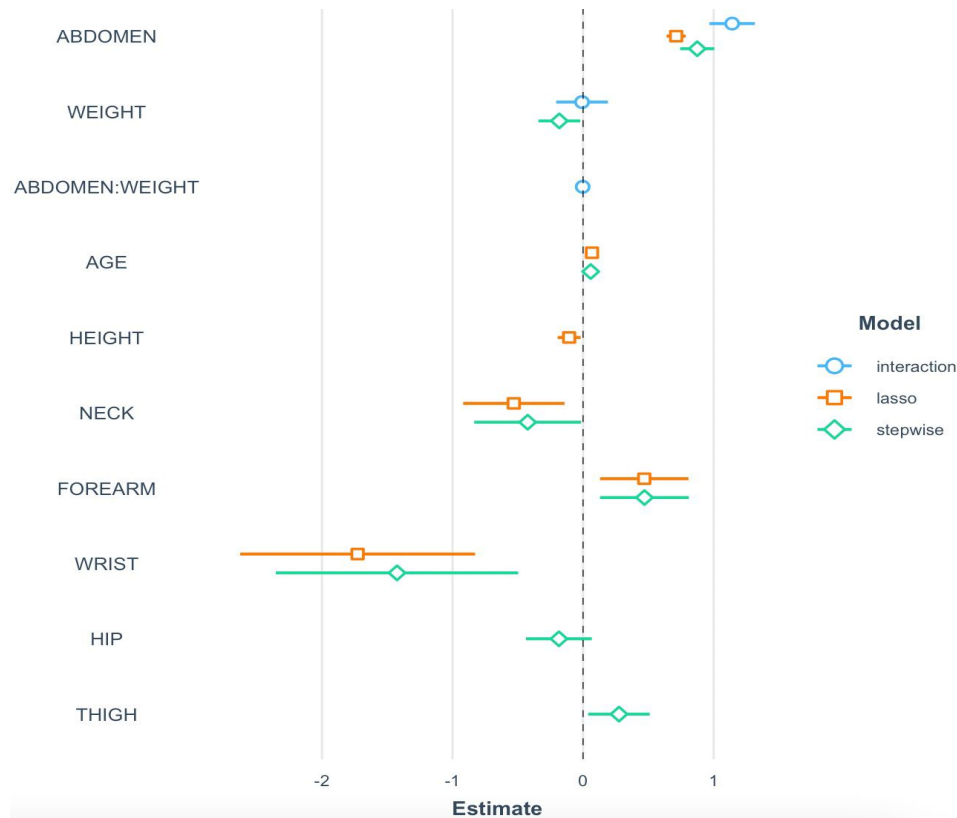
- **Stepwise linear regression model without interaction**
Weight, age, neck, abdomen, thigh, forearm, wrist are significant
- **Lasso regression**
Age, height, neck, abdomen, forearm, wrist are significant

There are too many predictors and we want a simpler model

1. The two models above show that weight, age, abdomen, height are four predictors significant and easy to measure
 2. We fit a linear model only consider these four predictors, and find that only abdomen and weight are significant
 3. We suggest that there are interaction effect between abdomen and weight
 4. So we fit a linear model with interaction
- **Linear regression with interaction**
Abdomen and the interaction between abdomen and weight are significant

Visualization of Results

- This plot shows the 95% CI of all the significant predictors in our three models
- We can see that estimates for each predictors are close to each other



Discussions of results

- MSE and R^2 are similar in these three models
- Overall p-value are all smaller than 0.05
- Among them, the interaction model uses least amount of predictors and is the simplest one

Model	MSE	R^2	Overall p-value
stepwise	15.12	0.74	$<2e-16$
Interaction model	16.08	0.72	$<2e-16$
lasso	15.67	0.73	$<2.2e-16$

Final Model Interpretation

Final Model, Visualization, Model Diagnostics
, Strengths and Weaknesses

Final model

$$\text{bodyfat} = -64.4 - 0.008\text{weight} + 1.14\text{abdomen} - 0.003\text{weight} * \text{abdomen}$$

- **Michael Phelps Example: weight(87 kg), abdomen(86.36 cm)**

Michael's estimated body fat percentage is 10.5%

This result is pretty close to what we got from Google, which is 10.3%.

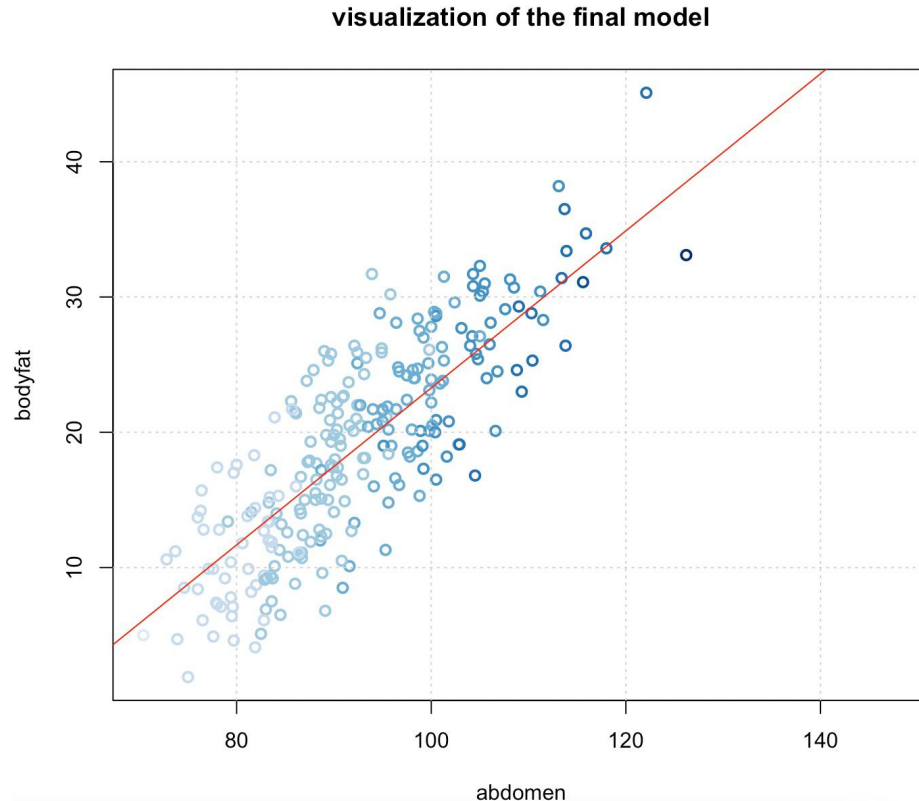
- **For A man who has 89 cm abdomen circumference**

our model predicts that his body fat percentage will decrease 0.27% for every 1 kg increase in his weight.

- **For a man who has 70 kg weight**

Our model predicts that his body fat percentage will increase 0.93% for every 1 cm increase in his abdomen circumference.

Visual description of final model



- We draw a scatterplot of abdomen and bodyfat
- Red line represents the fitted line of bodyfat and abdomen. When abdomen increases, bodyfat increases
- Color of the points represents the value of interaction of abdomen and weight
- Color the deepest in lower right side

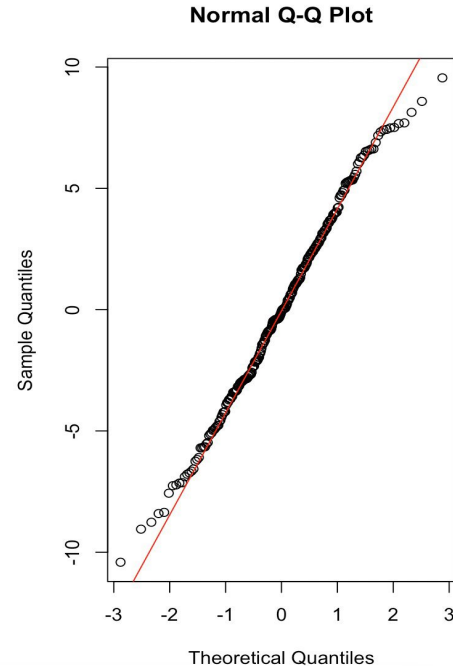
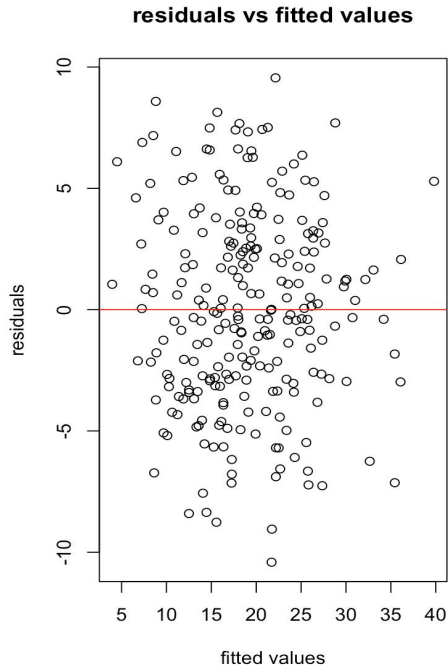
Statistical properties of final model

predictor	coefficient	p-value	95% lower CI	95% upper CI
intercept	-64.4	4.63e-15	-79.60	-49.25
weight	-0.008	0.94	-0.21	0.19
abdomen	1.14	<2e-16	0.97	1.32
weight*abdomen	-0.003	0.001	-0.005	-0.001

- Abdomen and the interaction term weight*abdomen are significant under $\alpha=0.05$
- Overall model is significant with $p\text{-value}<2e-16$
- $R^2=0.72$, $MSE=16.08$

Model diagnostics

- We test the normality and randomness of the residuals
- Q-Q plot shows that residuals are approximately normally distributed
- Residuals vs fitted values plot shows that residuals have mean 0 and show no obvious pattern



Strengths and weaknesses

$$\text{bodyfat} = -64.4 - 0.008\text{weight} + 1.14\text{abdomen} - 0.003\text{weight} * \text{abdomen}$$

- **Strengths**

Simple and Easy to explain

Residuals normally distributed

- **Weaknesses**

Only two predictors

Data is inaccurate for weight and abdomen

Outliers in normal Q-Q plot

Shiny App

Michael Phelps Example, Extreme Values

Michael Phelps Example

Body Fat Calculator

Personal Information

Note: This body fat calculator is only effective for male since we conduct this study based on a dataset collected among male.

Weight

Unit

☒ kg
☐ lb

Circumference of Abdomen

Unit

☒ cm
☐ inch

Apply Changes

Legend: Tissue (red), Fat (teal), Other Tissue (red)

Labels: Fat, Other Tissue

Your percentage of body fat is: 10.5%.
Your body fat level is 'Athletes', go on and keep your figure!

Contact us
E-mail: tjia22@wisc.edu
E-mail: qzhou85@wisc.edu
E-mail: khu54@wisc.edu

- We use Michael Phelps's data to introduce our shiny app
- The outcome is 10.5%, which is really close to the Google result 10.3%
- There is some difference between our predicted data and the shiny app outcome due to rounding

Extreme Values

Body Fat Calculator

Personal Information

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Weight

Unit

☒ kg
☐ lb

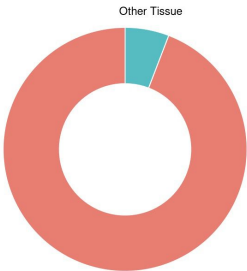
Circumference of Abdomen

Unit

☒ cm
☐ inch

[Apply Changes](#)

Tissue Fat Other Tissue



Other Tissue

Fat

Your percentage of body fat is 106.6 %

Oops!! Your body fat is abnormally high. Please check your input.

Contact us
E-mail: tjia22@wisc.edu
E-mail: qzhou85@wisc.edu
E-mail: khu54@wisc.edu

Body Fat Calculator

Personal Information

Note: This body fat calculator is only effective for male since we conduct this study based on a dataset collected among male.

Weight

Unit

☒ kg
☐ lb

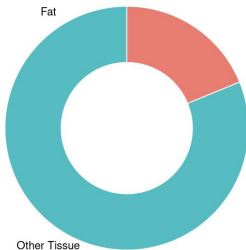
Circumference of Abdomen

Unit

☒ cm
☐ inch

[Apply Changes](#)

Tissue Fat Other Tissue



Fat

Other Tissue

Your percentage of body fat is -30.2 %

wOops!! Your body fat is extremely low. Please check your input.

Contact us
E-mail: tjia22@wisc.edu
E-mail: qzhou85@wisc.edu
E-mail: khu54@wisc.edu

Thank you !