

# 信息可视化 实践课12



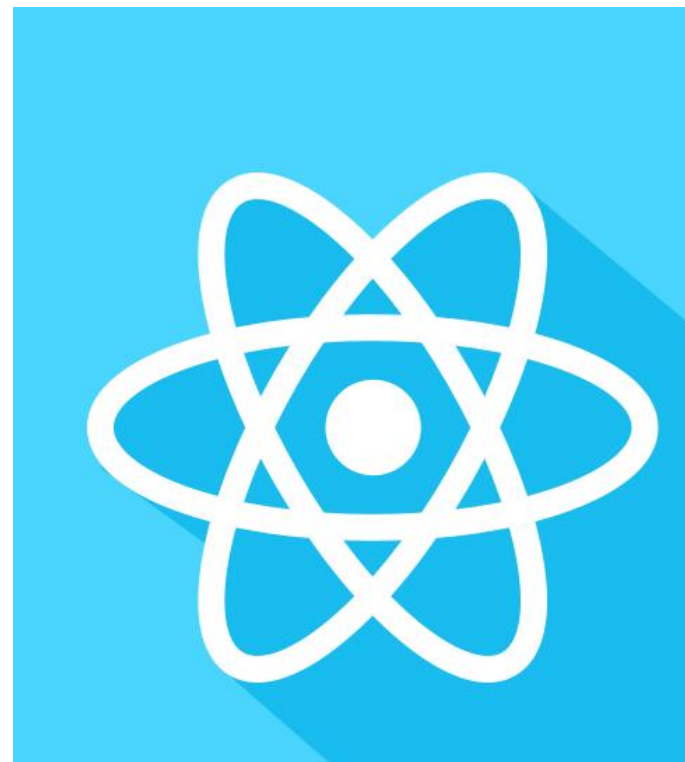
1

# React.js介绍

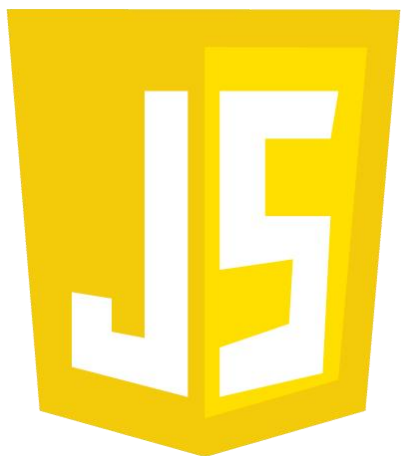


## 为什么需要使用框架？

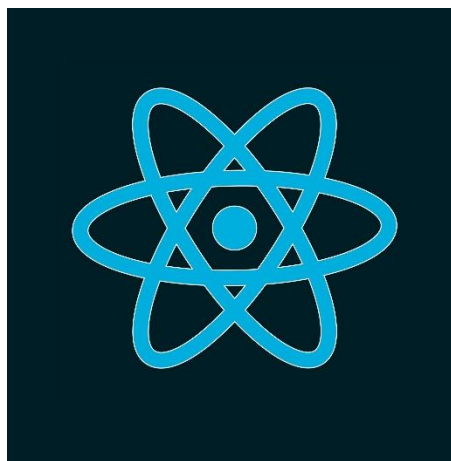
- HTML, CSS, JS
  - 大型的项目很难做到代码的复用
  - 写法过于自由
- 框架
  - **组件**这一概念使得代码结构更加清晰
  - 封装和复用
  - 方便使用各种JS库



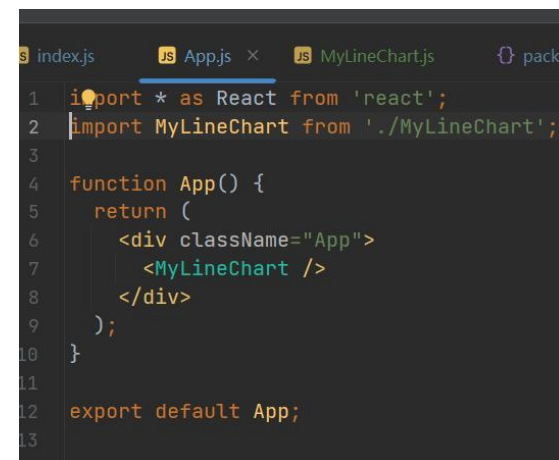
## 什么是React?



JavaScript  
Library



Facebook开发



对于初学者友好

## JSX语法

- 可以视为JS与HTML的结合
- 下面的例子中函数的返回值：一些HTML标签的组合

```
function AboutPage() {  
  return (  
    <>  
      <h1>About</h1>  
      <p>Hello there.<br />How do you do?</p>  
    </>  
  );  
}
```

## 组件（component）

- 拥有了自身的逻辑，小到一个button，大到一整个界面
- 根据传入的参数（props）和自身的状态（state），渲染出UI界面

App.js

Download Reset Fork

```
1 function MyButton() {
2   return (
3     <button>
4       I'm a button
5     </button>
6   );
7 }
8
9 export default function MyApp() {
10  return (
11    <div>
12      <h1>Welcome to my app</h1>
13      <MyButton />
14    </div>
15  );
16 }
```

Welcome to my app

I'm a button

## 状态 (State)

- State为组件某一时刻自身的状态 (snapshot)，State的改变会导致组件的重新渲染
- useState这个函数返回某个State，以及改变这个State数值的函数（不可直接对State赋值）
- handleClick为button的回调函数，响应click事件，使count加1

### Counters that update separately

Clicked 0 times

Clicked 0 times

```
function MyButton() {  
  const [count, setCount] = useState(0);  
  
  function handleClick() {  
    setCount(count + 1);  
  }  
  
  return (  
    <button onClick={handleClick}>  
      Clicked {count} times  
    </button>  
  );  
}
```

```
export default function MyApp() {  
  return (  
    <div>  
      <h1>Counters that update separately</h1>  
      <MyButton />  
      <MyButton />  
    </div>  
  );  
}
```

## 父组件传入的参数（props）

- 父组件（MyApp）维护一个公共的State，作为参数传给子组件，**单向数据流**
- 子组件（两个MyButton）调用传入的onClick函数，改变父组件的状态，实现共同更新

### Counters that update together

Clicked 0 times

Clicked 0 times

```
function MyButton({ count, onClick }) {  
  return (  
    <button onClick={onClick}>  
      Clicked {count} times  
    </button>  
  );  
}
```

```
export default function MyApp() {  
  const [count, setCount] = useState(0);  
  
  function handleClick() {  
    setCount(count + 1);  
  }  
  
  return (  
    <div>  
      <h1>Counters that update together</h1>  
      <MyButton count={count} onClick={handleClick} />  
      <MyButton count={count} onClick={handleClick} />  
    </div>  
  );  
}
```

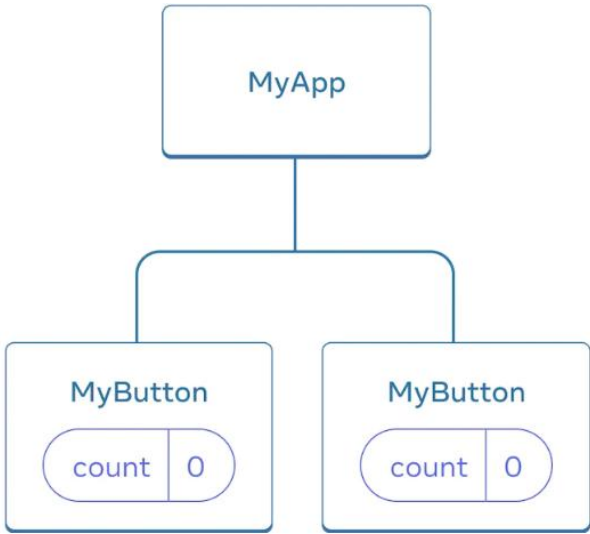


## 组件间数据的共享

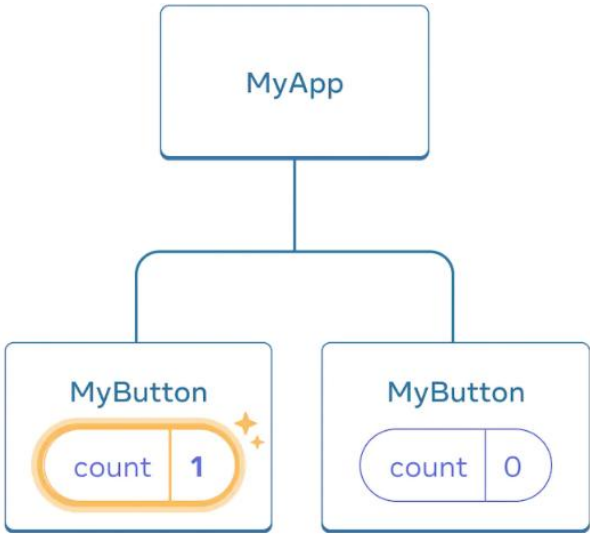
**Counters that update separately**

Clicked 0 times

Clicked 0 times



Initially, each MyButton's count state is 0



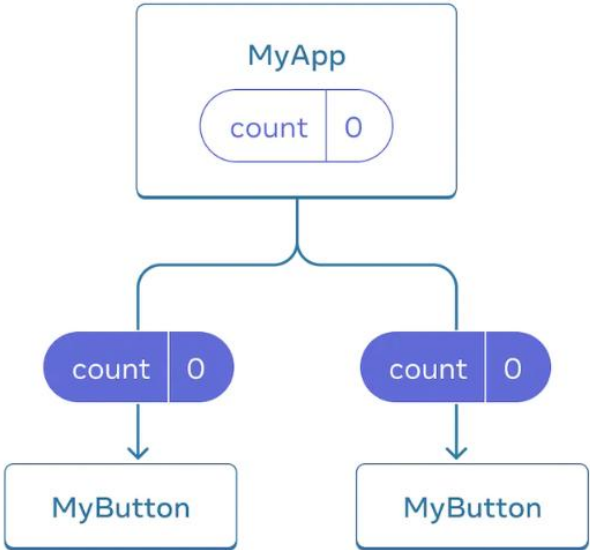
The first MyButton updates its count to 1

子组件的状态是独立的

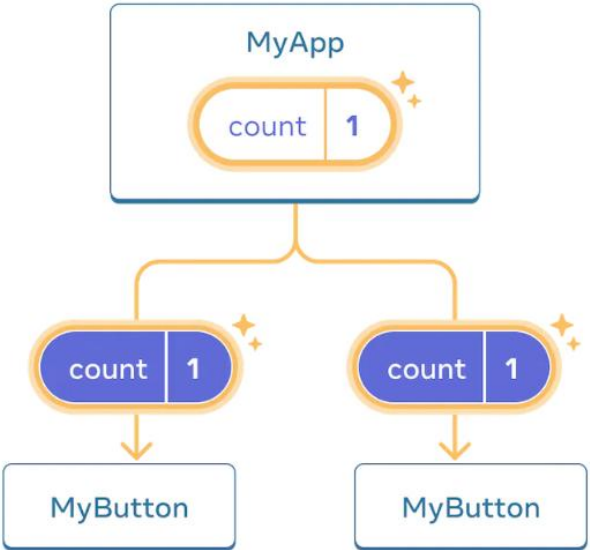
**Counters that update together**

Clicked 0 times

Clicked 0 times



Initially, MyApp's count state is 0 and is passed down to both children



On click, MyApp updates its count state to 1 and passes it down to both children

将状态提升至父组件，实现数据共享



2

# 简单的DashBoard的构建



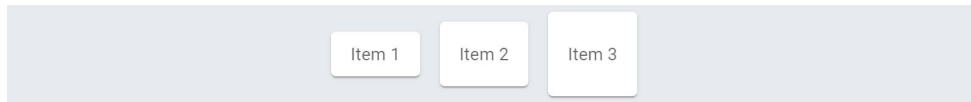
# 使用组件库MUI进行复杂的布局

- MUI <https://mui.com/material-ui/> Google的UI库

- Box (相当于div)

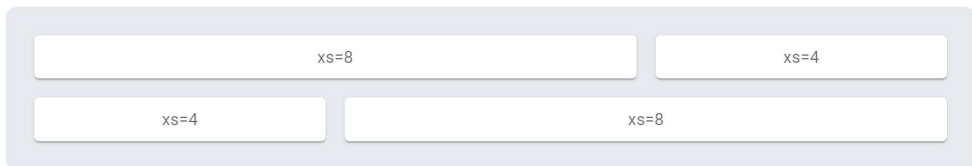
```
<Box component="span" sx={{ p: 2, border: '1px dashed grey' }}>  
  <Button>Save</Button>  
</Box>
```

- Stack (一维布局, flex) <https://mui.com/material-ui/react-stack/>



```
<Stack  
  direction="row"  
  justifyContent="center"  
  alignItems="center"  
  spacing={2}  
>
```

- Grid (二维布局)



Layout

Box

Container

Grid

Grid v2

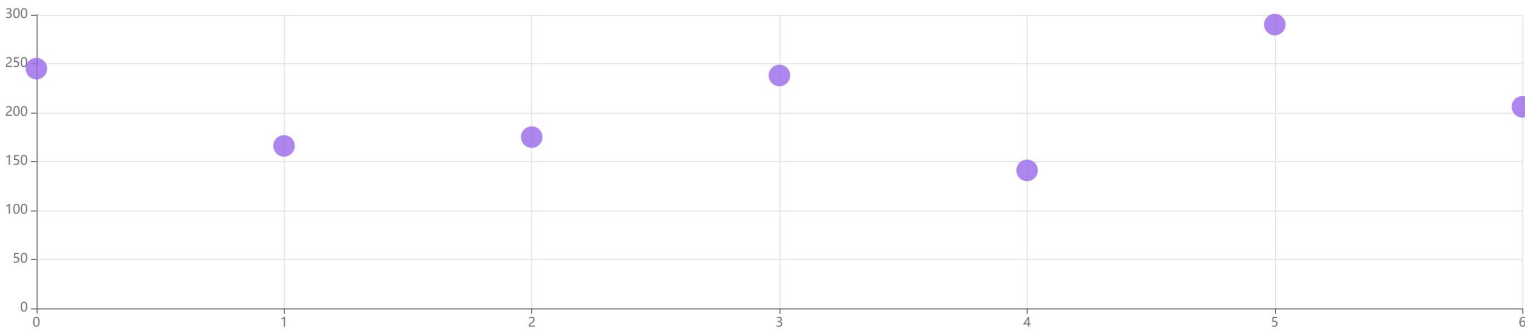
Stack

Image List

Hidden

## 简单的dashboard

RESET    Max Value  300



## 目录结构

```
28 |   const DashBoard = () => {  
29 |     const [seriesData, setSeriesData] = React.useState([150, 230, 224, 218, 135, 147, 260]);  
30 |     const [maxChartValue, setMaxChartValue] = React.useState(300);
```

**index.html:** 28行的  
DashBoard为最大的组件

```
23 |   <body>  
24 |     <div id="root"></div>  
25 |     <script type="text/babel">  
  
132 |       ReactDOM.render(  
133 |         <DashBoard />,  
134 |         document.getElementById('root')  
135 |       );
```

**js文件夹:** 包含一些框架的代码, (已经压缩过, 只有计算机看得懂)

**components文件夹:** 包含了一些自定义的小组件

### ▼ DASHBOARD-DEMO-MIN

#### ▼ components

JS BarChart.js

JS LineChart.js

JS ReactEcharts.js

JS ScatterChart.js

#### ▼ js

JS babel.js

JS echarts.js

JS material-ui.js

JS react-dom.js

JS react.js

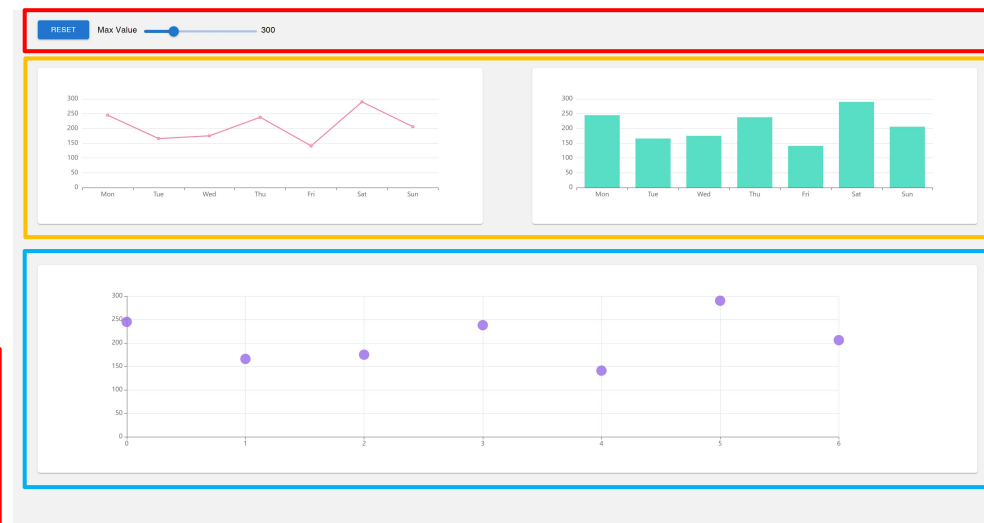
<> index.html

## 布局代码

```

return (
  <Stack>
    <Stack direction={'row'} alignItems={'flex-end'} mx={5} my={2} spacing={2}>
      <Button sx={{width: 100}} variant={'contained'} onClick={handleReset}>
        Reset
      </Button>
      <Stack direction={'row'} width={400} spacing={1}...>
    </Stack>
    <Stack direction={'row'} justifyContent={'space-between'} m={5}>
      <Card>
        <LineChart option={lineChartOption} />
      </Card>
      <Card>
        <BarChart option={barChartOption} />
      </Card>
    </Stack>
    <Box m={5}>
      <Card>
        <ScatterChart option={scatterChartOption} />
      </Card>
    </Box>
  </Stack>
);
}

```



## ScatterChart.js

```

const ScatterChart = (props) => {
  const { option } = props;

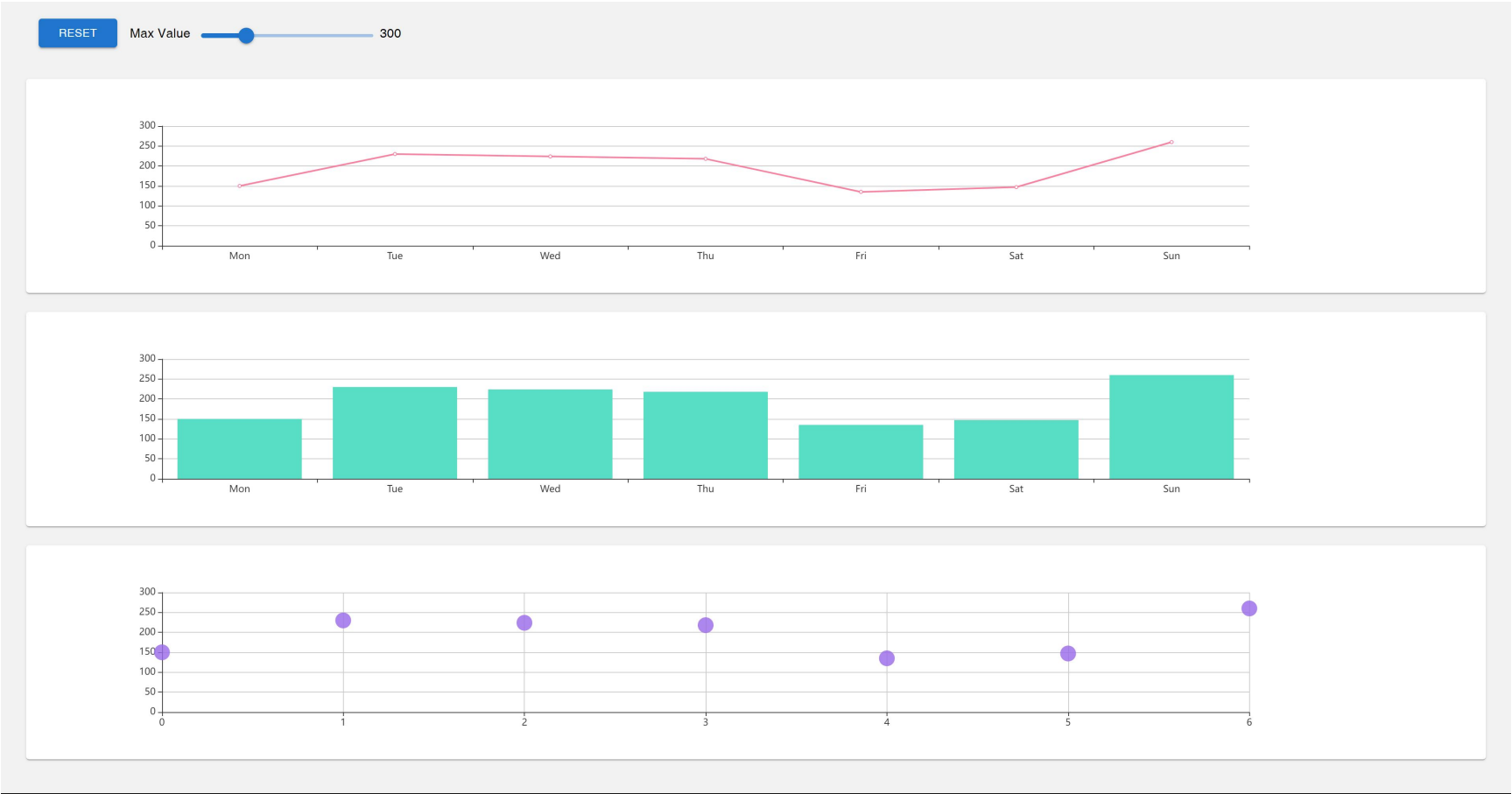
  return (
    <ReactEcharts option={option} style={{ height: '40vh', width: '90vw' }} />
  );
}

export default ScatterChart;

```

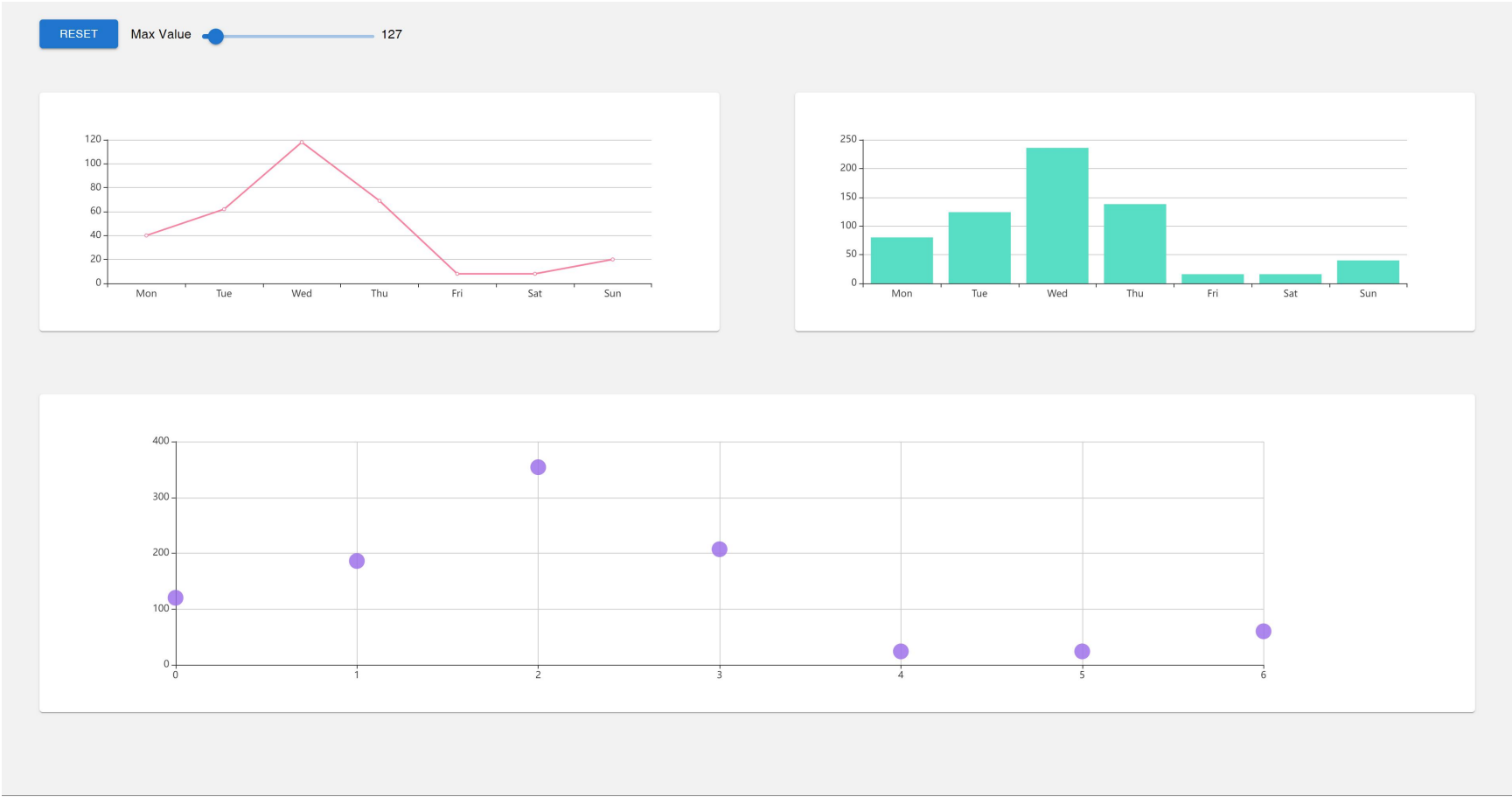
# 练习2-1

改变三个图表的布局为纵向或横向布局，要求有一定间距



# 练习2-2

使柱状图的所有数值为折线图对应的2倍，使散点图的所有数值为折线图对应的3倍

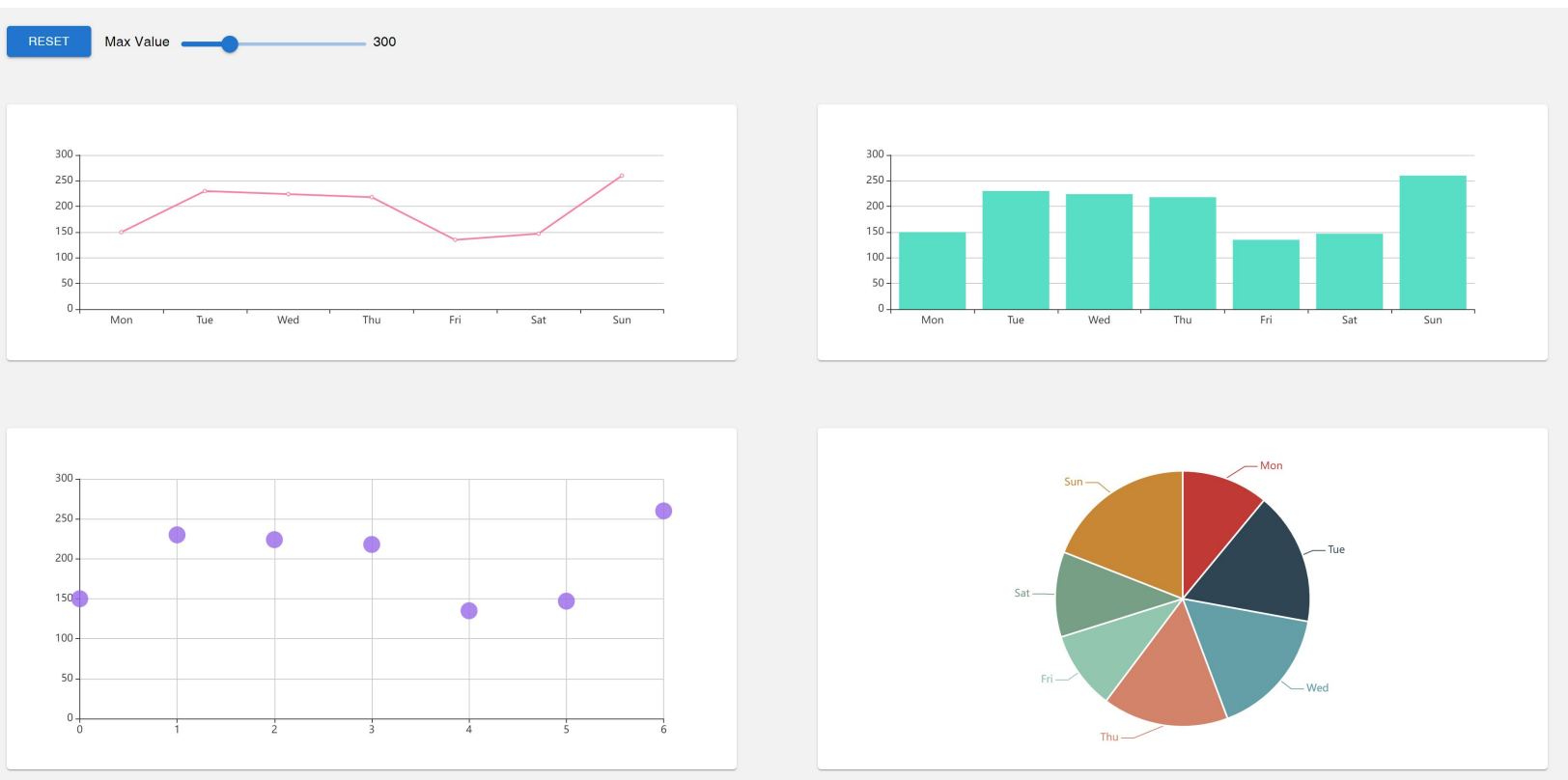




## 练习2-3（选做）

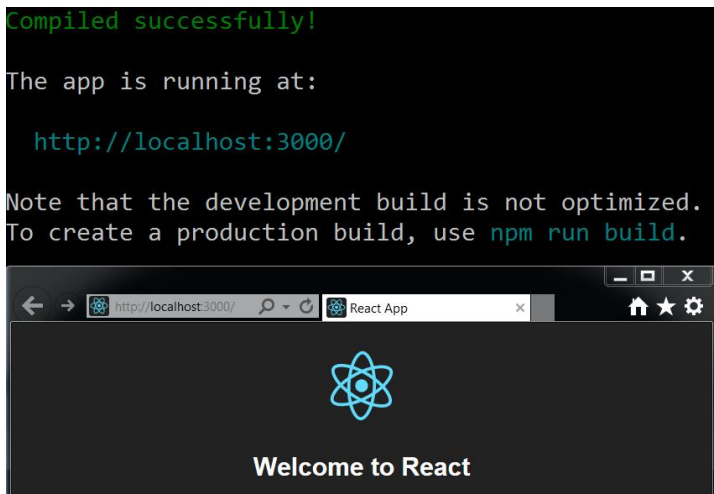
添加一个饼状图，使用其它子图同样的数据

- 需要新建一个PieChart.js表示饼状图，并在index.html中导入PieChart.js
- 添加pieChartOption，传入PieChart（echarts饼状图配置可参考官网）



## NPM安装相关（了解）

- Node: 一个JS后端, 设置环境变量 <https://nodejs.org/zh-cn/download>
- Npm: 包管理工具
- 换国内源: `npm config set registry https://registry.npm.taobao.org`
- 运行 `npx create-react-app my-app` 快速创建React项目
- `npm start` 运行项目
- 添加需要的package, 如`npm install echarts-for-react`
- 从github拷贝下来的项目, `npm install` 安装package.json中的所有依赖



### package.json

```
{
  "name": "dashboard-demo",
  "version": "0.1.0",
  "private": true,
  "dependencies": {
    "@emotion/react": "^11.10.6",
    "@emotion/styled": "^11.10.6",
    "@mui/material": "^5.12.0",
    "echarts-for-react": "^3.0.2",
    "gh-pages": "^5.0.0",
    "react": "^18.2.0",
    "react-dom": "^18.2.0",
    "react-scripts": "5.0.1"
  },
  "scripts": {
    "start": "react-scripts start",
    "build": "react-scripts build",
    "test": "react-scripts test",
    "eject": "react-scripts eject",
    "predeploy": "npm run build",
    "deploy": "gh-pages -d build"
  },
}
```