#### VICTORIA UNIVERSITY OF WELLINGTON

Te Whare Wananga o te Upoko o te Ika a Maui



## Advanced Database Design and Implementation

## Lecturer Dr Pavle Mogin

SWEN 432 Advanced Database Design and Implementation

#### Welcome

Welcome to SWEN 432

# Advanced Database Design and Implementation

- Lectures are in EA120:
  - Monday 09:00 to 09:50 am,
  - Wednesday 09:00 to 09:50 am, and
  - Friday 09:00 to 09:50 am.

## People

- Course Coordinator: Dr Pavle Mogin
  - CO 230,
  - ph: 463 5352
  - email: pmogin@ecs.vuw.ac.nz
- Office hours:
  - Monday 11:00 am to 12:30 pm
  - Otherwise send me an email to make an appointment for everyone's convenience

### Class List

Shweta	Cameron D	Erica	Harman
<mark>Priyanka</mark>	Benjamin	Aaron	Christopher
Jovan	Raymond	Neel	Songbo
Cameron B	Lauren	Ronni	Lei
<b>V</b> alerie	Leila	Jennifer	Daniel
Nathan Nathan	Mansi	Kaszandra	
Zoltan	Mansour	Bilal	

## Class Representative

- Take on a Class Rep role this trimester, be eligible for a Class Rep Scholarship, win prizes and contribute to the student experience at Victoria
- Class Reps are expected to:
  - Liaise with the lecturer on any student concerns,
  - Act as a contact point for classmates,
  - Relay important information from your lecturer/VUWSA to the class, and
  - Attend a VUWSA Class Rep training session.
- An important volunteer role!
- Representing your class can go towards the Victoria Plus Award

#### Advanced Database D&I - General

#### Prerequisite :

- Either COMP 302, or SWEN304, or
- A corresponding database course, or
- A substantial practical experience in using database systems

#### Weekly Workload:

- Three lectures
- Doing a mandatory essay
- Doing an assignment
- Reading, making preparations for lectures and assignments
- Expected workload: 10 hours a week at least

#### Advanced Database D&I - Goals

- The paper considers:
  - Emerging and promising implementations in database systems and
  - Ways how to implement and maintain robust, secure, available, scalable and reliable database systems
- This year, we consider:
  - Cloud Databases as a field which has achieved a high attention in academia and a wide application in industry during the last few years (70% of the course)
  - Data Warehousing (Business Intelligence) as a well established database implementation in industry (30% of the course)

#### Cloud Databases

- Cloud computing and cloud services
- Cloud Databases
  - Motives for the introduction
  - Basic terms and characteristics
  - CAP (Consistency, Availability, Partition Tolerance)
     Theorem
  - BASE properties
- Partitioning and replication
- Data versioning
- Cloud data models
- Amazon's Dynamo
- Cassandra
- MongoDB

## Data Warehousing

- Decision Support Systems (DSS) and their databases
- OLAP and OLAP queries
- Data Warehouse Structures
  - Star Schema
  - Special Indices
  - Materialized Views
  - Attribute Hierarchies
- Query Accelerating Techniques
  - Query Rewriting
  - SQL:1999 OLAP Statements
- Populating a Data Warehouse
- Data Warehouse Architectures

## The Proposed Reading and Literature

- "Readings" on the course Home Page contains links to all topics that will be discussed in lectures
- Other useful and necessary literature (research and overview articles) you will find on WEB

#### Advanced DB D&I - Assessment

Item	Weight	Requirement
Essay	15%	Mandatory
Assignments	25%	At least 40%
Final Examination	60%	At least D

#### **Course requirement:**

At least a C- grade for the course

#### Student Workload Evaluation and Fails

Year	Work Load	Fails
2009	2.4	1/8
2010	2.9	0 / 13
2011	2.5	3 / 14
2012	2.8	1/7
2013	2.9	0/8
2014	2.9	1/11
2015	2.2	2/24
2016	2.8	0/12
AVG	2.675	8/97 ~ 8.2%

#### Workload:

- 1 far too much
- 5 far too little

3 average



FENG average Work Load was 2.8 for 2015

## Essay

- This year's topic:
  - "A Comparison of SQL and NoSQL DBMS"
  - In lectures, we consider Dynamo (key-value), Cassandra (column family), and MongoDB (document) NoSQL CDBMS
  - An important prerequisite for the course is a familiarity with SQL DBMS
  - In your essay, you need to compare SQL and NoSQL DBMS with regard to:
    - Schemas and flexibility,
    - ACID compliancy
    - Scalability,
    - Availability,
    - Throughput,
    - Security, and
    - Typical applications.
- Due date: 26 May