

74. Search a 2D Matrix

[link](#)

这里写了两次二分查找, 虽然麻烦了, 但是找小于之前值的二分查找, 条件必须是 `while(start < end)`, 最后 `arr[mid+1] > target` 一定不能带等号, 这里错了好几次了, 其实当作一位数组写就行了.

普通二分查找, `high` 最后返回的一定是小一点的值, `low` 是大一点的.

```
public boolean searchMatrix(int[][] matrix, int target) {
    if(matrix.length == 0 || matrix[0].length == 0) return false;
    int i = matrix.length, j = matrix[0].length;
    if(matrix[0][0] > target || matrix[i - 1][j - 1] < target)
        return false;
    int start = 0, end = i - 1;
//条件
    while(start < end){
        int mid = start + (end - start) / 2;
        if(matrix[mid][0] == target)
            return true;
        else if(matrix[mid][0] > target){
            if(mid > 0 && matrix[mid-1][0] <= target){
                start = mid - 1;
                break;
            }
            end = mid - 1;
        }else{
            //这里大于不能加等于, 错了好几次.
            if(mid < i - 1 && matrix[mid + 1][0] > target){
                start = mid;
                break;
            }
            start = mid + 1;
        }
    }
    i = start;
    start = 0;
    end = j - 1;
    while(start <= end){
        int mid = start + (end - start) / 2;
        if(matrix[i][mid] == target)
            return true;
        else if(matrix[i][mid] > target){
            end = mid - 1;
        }else{
            start = mid + 1;
        }
    }
    return false;
}
```

```
}
```

一位数组, 算一下index就行了(判断mn部越界就好了)

```
public boolean searchMatrix(int[][] matrix, int target) {  
    if (matrix == null || matrix.length == 0) {  
        return false;  
    }  
    int start = 0, rows = matrix.length, cols = matrix[0].length;  
    int end = rows * cols - 1;  
    while (start <= end) {  
        int mid = (start + end) / 2;  
        if (matrix[mid / cols][mid % cols] == target) {  
            return true;  
        }  
        if (matrix[mid / cols][mid % cols] < target) {  
            start = mid + 1;  
        } else {  
            end = mid - 1;  
        }  
    }  
    return false;  
}
```