controller validation for uncertain systems

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1 Setup

1.1 Basic idea

Given:

- a discrete set of candidate controllers $\mathcal{K} = \{K_1, \dots, K_M\}$.
- P, the part of plant that is known a priori.
- an initial description of Δ , the unknown part of the plant, in the form of integral quadratic constraints $\mathcal{Q}_{\Delta} = \{Q_1, \dots, Q_L\}$.
- W, a bounded set for the unobserved exogenous noise w, in the form of IQCs Q_W .

Goal: learn about the system so that we can find a controller $K \in \mathcal{K}$ which stabilizes the system and optimizes the ℓ_2 gain $||T_{w\to y}||_{\infty}$.

The basic idea of "controller invalidation" is as follows.

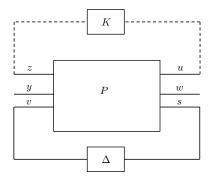
Consider closed-loop id without a candidate controller K in the system. (note that open loop id does not make sense here.) Given the observation of length T sequence $(u_t, y_t, z_t)_{t=1}^T$ generated by the system, try to find $(w_t, v_t, s_t)_{t=1}^T$ such that

- (z, y, v) = P(u, w, s) and u = Kz.
- the IQCs Q_{Δ} for (v, s) are satisfied.
- the IQCs Q_W for w are satisfied.
- Performance in terms of l_2 gain of $T_{w\to y}$ and the stability is achieved.

If we cannot find such (w, v, s), we should rule out K from K, otherwise keep it.

We need to do this test for every K in the discrete set K to determine whether to keep it or throw it out. If more than one K is left, we can try:

- Get new observations for each K with the same setup. Run the same invalidation procedure.
- With the same observation, search for better performance so that sub-optimal controllers would be ruled out.
- Impose more IQCs (obtained from observation data) to shrink the uncertainty set of Δ .



2 Invalidation procedure

For a particular K, given the K, P, Q_{Δ} , Q_W , given length T observation $(u_t, y_t, z_t)_{t=1}^T$, try to invalidate K.

Let's get a bit more concrete for the invalidation procedure and write it out here.

3 Discussions

Naive questions

1. how does this approach compare to controller synthesis with the IQC for Δ ? – we can use the observation sequences without id + control.

After studying the 0-th order question.

- 1. Start with a compact set for K, we want to test one instance of K and be able to rule out a measurable subset of K.
- 2. Incorporate the information in the observation sequences to get a finer description of the uncertainty set Δ in terms of more IQCs in \mathcal{Q}_{Δ} , which would give us more invalidation power.
- 3. Experiment design. Note that in the closed loop id, choosing a particular controller K determines the u input sequence. We want to select a controller $K \in \mathcal{K}$ so that we can shave of a large portion of \mathcal{K} with the invalidation procedure.