# Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning: Homework 2

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# Problem 1

### Task1

1.

Take the object function in Equation(2) into three parts:

$$f_1 = \frac{1}{l} \text{Tr}((Y - JKW)^T (Y - JKW))$$
  

$$f_2 = \gamma_A \text{Tr}(W^T KW)$$
  

$$f_3 = \frac{\gamma_I}{(u+l)^2} \text{Tr}(W^T K L K W)$$

Take the derivative of  $f_1$ :

$$df_1 = \frac{1}{l} \operatorname{Tr}(d(Y - JKW)^T (Y - JKW) + (Y - JKW)^T d(Y - JKW))$$

$$= \frac{2}{l} \operatorname{Tr}((Y - JKW)^T d(Y - JKW))$$

$$= \frac{2}{l} \operatorname{Tr}((Y - JKW)^T (-JK) dW)$$

$$\frac{df_1}{dW} = -\frac{2}{l} (JK)^T (Y - JKW)$$

Take the derivative of  $f_2$ :

$$df_2 = \gamma_A \text{Tr}(dW^T KW + W^T K dW)$$
$$= 2\gamma_A \text{Tr}(W^T K dW)$$
$$\frac{df_2}{dW} = 2\gamma_A KW$$

Take the derivative of  $f_3$ :

$$df_3 = \frac{\gamma_I}{(u+l)^2} \text{Tr}((dW^T)KLKW + W^TKLKdW)$$
$$= \frac{2\gamma_I}{(u+l)^2} \text{Tr}(W^TKLKdW)$$
$$\frac{df_3}{dW} = \frac{2\gamma_I}{(u+l)^2} KLKW$$

The solution for the optimization should satisfy:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}f_1}{\mathrm{d}W} + \frac{\mathrm{d}f_2}{\mathrm{d}W} + \frac{\mathrm{d}f_3}{\mathrm{d}W} = 0$$

$$-\frac{2}{l}(JK)^T(Y - JKW) + 2\gamma_A KW + \frac{2\gamma_I}{(u+l)^2}KLKW = 0$$

$$((JK)^TJK + \gamma_A lK + \frac{\gamma_I l}{(u+l)^2}KLK)W = (JK)^TY$$

$$\therefore K^T = K, J^T = J, \text{ multiply } K^{-1} \text{ on both sides to the right}$$

$$(JJK + \gamma_A lI + \frac{\gamma_I l}{(u+l)^2}LK)W = JY$$

$$\therefore JY = Y$$

$$W^* = (JJK + \gamma_A lI + \frac{\gamma_I l}{(u+l)^2}LK)^{-1}Y$$

2.

```
# define Y
1 = len(X_1)
u = len(X_u)
X = np.concatenate([X_1, X_u])
self.X = X
Y_u = np.zeros([u, Y_1.shape[1]])
Y = np.concatenate([Y_1, Y_u])

self.W = np.linalg.inv(J.dot(K) + self.gamma_A*l*np.identity(l+u)
+ (self.gamma_I*1)/(u+l)**2*L.dot(K)).dot(Y)
```

#### Task2

The mean of the accuracy of LapRLS is better than that of RLS in two datasets. The std of the two methods are almost the same.

	digits		usps	
	mean	$\operatorname{std}$	mean	std
RLS	0.826	0.0378	0.748	0.0089
LapRLS	0.861	0.0230	0.893	0.0096

## Task3

1.

```
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
from sklearn.discriminant_analysis import LinearDiscriminantAnalysis as LDA
from sklearn.manifold import MDS
from sklearn.manifold import Isomap
from sklearn.manifold import LocallyLinearEmbedding as LLE
from sklearn.manifold import TSNE

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```

```
methods = {
    'PCA': PCA(n_components=2),
    'LDA':LDA(),
    'MDS':MDS(n_components=2),
    'Isomap':Isomap(n_components=2),
    'LLE':LLE(n_components=2),
    't-SNE':TSNE(n_components=2)
}
```

# **2**.

Use the digits dataset for visualization. Visualization results are shown in Fig.1 and Fig.2.

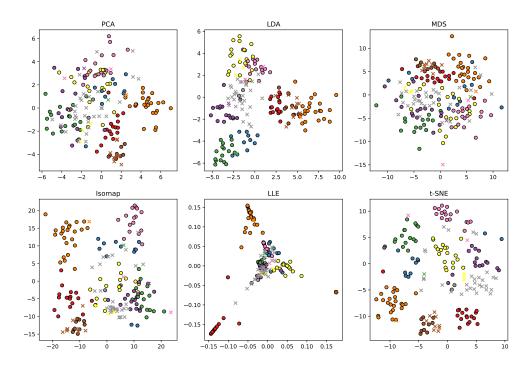


Figure 1: The visualization for RLS

Homework 2 Problem 1

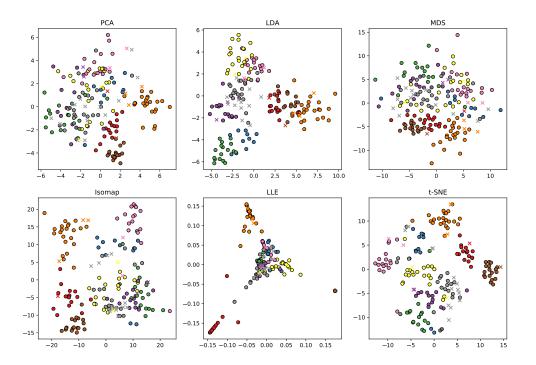


Figure 2: The visualization for LapRLS