

Web Scraping using BeautifulSoup

Objectives:

- Using `requests` to download server-side rendered HTML code
- Using `BeautifulSoup` to parse HTML code

Scrape for Chinese Novels

We will demonstrate following website to demonstrate how to download and save articles.

- <http://www.shuku.net:8082/novels/jinyong/yi/yi.html>
(<http://www.shuku.net:8082/novels/jinyong/yi/yi.html>)

For example, first article is in following website.

- <http://www.shuku.net:8082/novels/jinyong/yi/yitian01.html>
(<http://www.shuku.net:8082/novels/jinyong/yi/yitian01.html>)

```
In [1]: ▶ 1 !pip install beautifulsoup4
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: beautifulsoup4 in c:\users\isszq\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (4.8.2)  
Requirement already satisfied: soupsieve>=1.2 in c:\users\isszq\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from beautifulsoup4) (1.9.5)
```

Extract List of Titles

Import libraries.

```
In [4]: ▶ 1 from bs4 import BeautifulSoup  
        2 import requests
```

Use `requests` to send GET request to server and download HTML.

- Use status code to make sure request is successful.

```
In [14]: ▶ 1 base_url = 'http://www.shuku.net:8082/novels/jinyong/yi/'  
        2  
        3 resp = requests.get(base_url + 'yi.html')  
        4 print(resp.status_code)
```

```
200
```

Make a soup from HTML code, which is in `resp.text` .

```
In [10]: 1 soup = BeautifulSoup(resp.text)
```

Examine the article items in the HTML code. Each title are contained in a `<td>` element with attribute `align='center'`.

```
In [12]: 1 items = soup.find_all('td', {'align':'center'})
```

Extract title and link for one item.

```
In [23]: 1 item = items[0]
2 print(item.a)
3 print(item.a.text)
4 link = item.find('a').attrs['href']
5 print(link)

<a href="yitian01.html">天涯思君不可忘</a>
天涯思君不可忘
yitian01.html
```

Use for-loop to extract title and link pairs into a list.

```
In [25]: 1 result = []
2 for item in items:
3     if item.find('a'):
4         title = item.a.text
5         link = item.a.attrs['href']
6         result.append((title, link))
```

Examine the final `result` list.

```
In [1]: 1 print(len(result))
2 result[:5]
```

```
-----
NameError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-1-930a380903a4> in <module>
----> 1 print(len(result))
      2 result[:5]

NameError: name 'result' is not defined
```

Extract One Article

Try to extract first article.

- Use relative link to form the complete link to the article
- Use `requests` to download HTML and make a soup.

```
In [47]: 1 title, link = result[0]
          2
          3 url = base_url + link
          4 html = requests.get(url)
          5 soup = BeautifulSoup(html.text)
```

The article is contained in `<pre>` tag.

Extract text from the tag and examine it.

- There are some extra text in the article. This is because of some redundant tags within the `<pre>` tag, e.g. `<script>` and `<a>` tags.

```
In [48]: 1 item = soup.find('pre')
          2 print(item.text)
```

第一回 天涯思君不可忘

“春游浩荡，是年年寒食，梨花时节。白锦无纹香烂漫，玉树琼苞堆雪。静夜沉沉，浮光霭霭，冷浸溶溶月。人间天上，烂银霞照通彻。浑似姑射真人，天姿灵秀，意气殊高洁。万蕊参差谁信道，不与群芳同列。浩气清英，仙才卓犖，下土难分别。瑶台归去，洞天方看清绝。”

作这一首《无俗念》词的，乃南宋末年一位武学名家，有道之士。此人姓丘，名处机，道号长春子，名列全真七子之一，是全真教中出类拔萃的人物。《词品》评论此词道：“长春，世之所谓仙人也，而词之清拔如此”。这首词诵的似是梨花，其实词中真意却是赞誉一位身穿白衣的美貌少女，说她“浑似姑射真人，天姿灵秀，意气殊高洁”，又说她“浩气清英，仙才卓犖”，“不与群芳同列”。词中所颂这美女，乃古墓派传人小龙女。她一生爱穿白衣，当真如风拂玉树，雪裹琼苞，兼之生性清冷，实当得起“冷浸溶溶月”的形容，以“无俗念”三字赠之，可说十分贴切。长春子丘处机和她在终南山上比邻而居，当年一见，便写下这首词来。

这时丘处机逝世已久，小龙女也已嫁与神雕大侠杨过为妻。在河南少室山山道

Remove those redundant tags from existing soup.

```
In [49]: 1 for s in soup.select('script'):
          2     s.extract()
          3
          4 for s in soup.select('a'):
          5     s.extract()
```

Extract the text again. The text is what we need to save to a text file.

```
In [50]: 1 item = soup.find('pre')
          2 print(item.text)
```

第一回 天涯思君不可忘

“春游浩荡，是年年寒食，梨花时节。白锦无纹香烂漫，玉树琼苞堆雪。静夜沉沉，浮光霭霭，冷浸溶溶月。人间天上，烂银霞照透彻。浑似姑射真人，天姿灵秀，意气殊高洁。万蕊参差谁信道，不与群芳同列。浩气清英，仙才卓犖，下土难分别。瑶台归去，洞天方看清绝。”

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这时丘处机逝世已久，小龙女也已嫁与神雕大侠杨过为妻。在河南少室山山道之上，却还有一个少女，可在这低低念过此词，这少女十八岁年龄，自穿淡黄衫衫。

Save text to file using <title>.text as file name.

```
In [51]: 1 with open(title+'.txt', 'w', encoding='utf-8') as f:
          2     f.write(item.text)
```

Complete Solution

```
In [ ]: ▶ 1 import requests
2 from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
3
4 base_url = 'http://www.shuku.net:8082/novels/jinyong/yi'
5
6 # Step 1
7 def get_title_list():
8     resp = requests.get(base_url + '/yi.html')
9     html = resp.text
10    soup = BeautifulSoup(html)
11    items = soup.find_all('td', {'align':'center'})
12    result = []
13
14    for item in items:
15        t = item.find('a')
16        title = t.text
17        link = t.attrs['href']
18        result.append((title, link))
19    return result
20
21 result = get_title_list()
22 print(result)
23
24 # Step 2
25
26 for item in result:
27     title, link = item
28     url = base_url + '/' + link
29     resp = requests.get(url)
30     html = resp.text
31     soup = BeautifulSoup(html)
32     item = soup.find('pre')
33     article = item.text
34     print('writing... ', title)
35     with open(title+'.txt', 'w', encoding='utf-8') as f:
36         f.write(article)
```