

UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO
FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCE AND ENGINEERINGECE 110H1 S -- ELECTRICAL FUNDAMENTALS
FINAL EXAMINATION, APRIL 19, 2013First Year -- Computer, Electrical, Industrial, Mechanical, Materials,
and Track One Engineering Programs.

Examiners – B. Bardakjian, A. Helmy, L. Qian, B. Wang and P. Yoo

NAME : _____
(PLEASE PRINT) Family (Last) Name _____ Given (First) Name _____

STUDENT NUMBER : _____

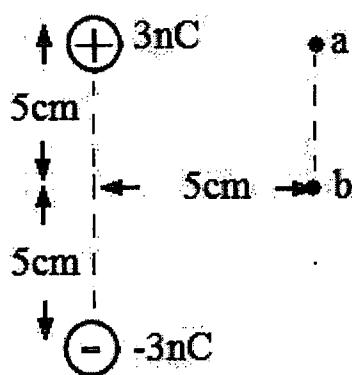
EXAMINATION TYPE : ACALCULATORS : Non-programmable type allowedDURATION : 2.5 hours

- INSTRUCTIONS :
- DO NOT UNSTAPLE THIS EXAMINATION BOOK.
 - Answer all six questions.
 - All work is to be done on these pages. Show steps, compute numerical results when requested and state units.
 - You may use the back of the preceding page for rough work.

Question	Mark
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
Total	

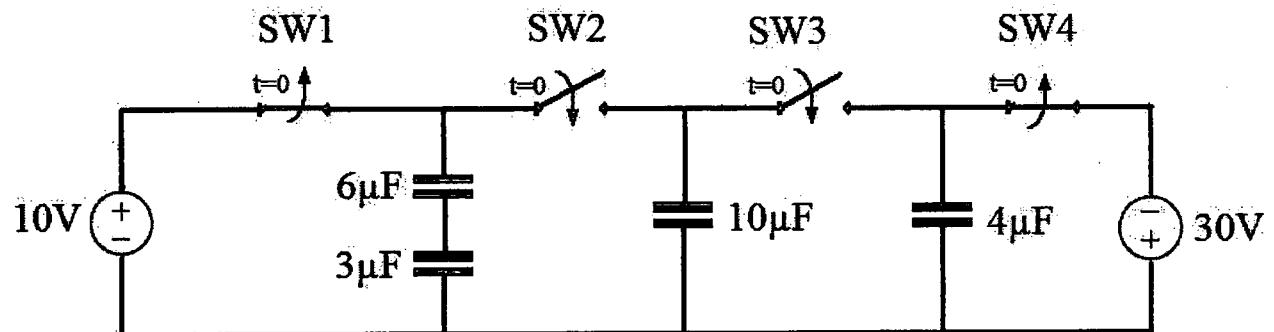
Q1 [10 marks]

(A) For the diagram shown below

i) Determine the electric field at location *a* (2 marks)ii) Find the electric potential at location *a* (1 mark)iii) How much external work is required to move a $0.5nC$ charge from location *a* to location *b*? (2 marks)

Q1 [10 marks]

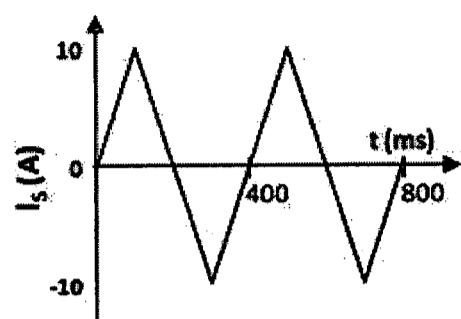
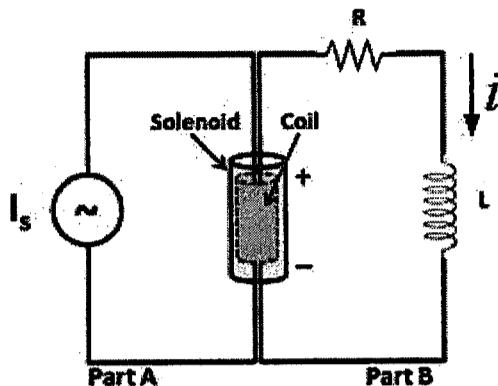
(B) In the following circuit, SW1 and SW4 are closed while SW2 and SW3 are opened for a long time. At $t = 0$, SW1 and SW4 are opened and SW2 and SW3 are closed. You may assume that the $10\mu F$ capacitor has zero initial charge.



- i) Determine the charge stored in each of the $6\mu F$, $3\mu F$ and $4\mu F$ capacitors for $t = 0^-$ (2 marks)

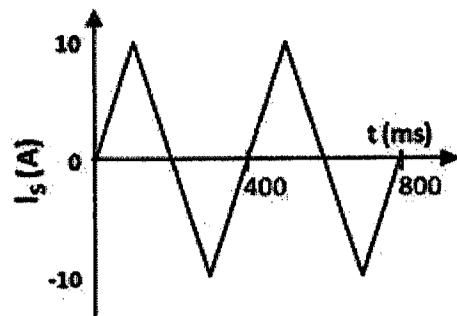
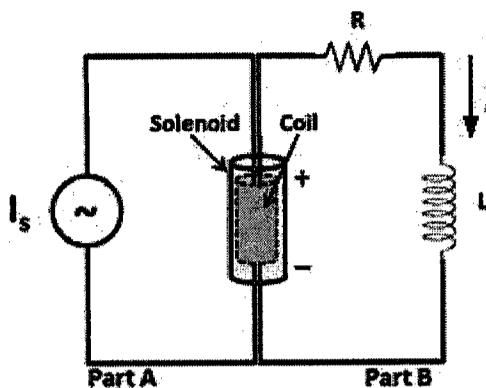
- ii) Find the energy stored in the $10\mu F$ capacitor for $t = \infty$ (3 marks)

Q2 [10 marks] The following circuit consists of two parts that are magnetically coupled between: (Part A) a solenoid (10,000 turns, radius of 4.5 cm, and length of 20 cm) connected to time-varying current source (I_s) and (Part B) a coil (750 turns, radius of 4 cm) placed within the center of the solenoid. The coil is connected to a resistor (R) and an inductor (L) in series. Assume all circuit elements are ideal.



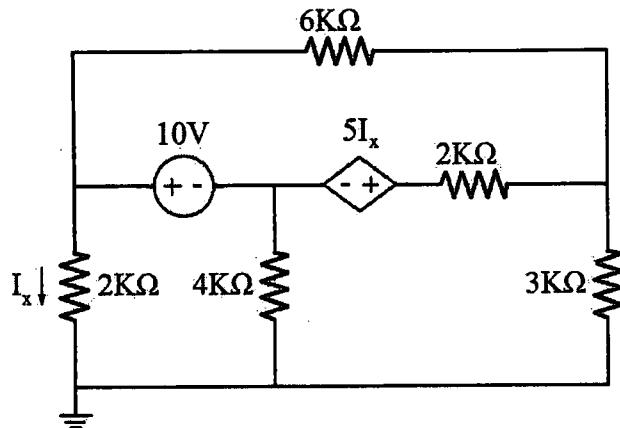
- i) Calculate the peak magnitude of the magnetic field (B) generated within the solenoid in (Part A) (2 marks)
- ii) Determine the emf induced in the coil and plot this variable from $t = 0$ to 800 ms (5 marks)

Q2 [10 marks] (the diagram has been reproduced below for your convenience)



- iii) Using KVL, derive an expression for the current (i) in (Part B) in terms of emf, R and L. You may assume zero initial voltage for the emf. (3 marks)

Q3 [10 marks] For the circuit shown below I_x is in mA.

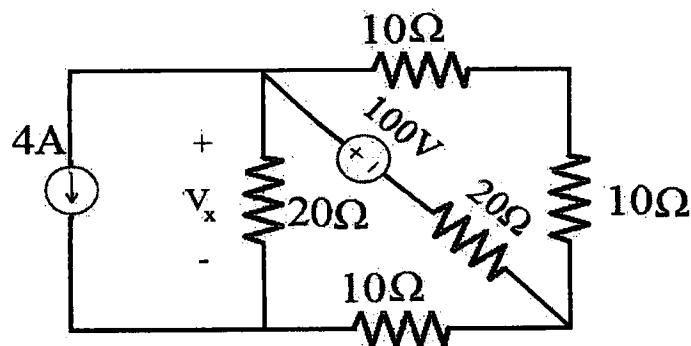


i) Find I_x (8 marks)

ii) What is the power delivered by the 10V source? (2 marks)

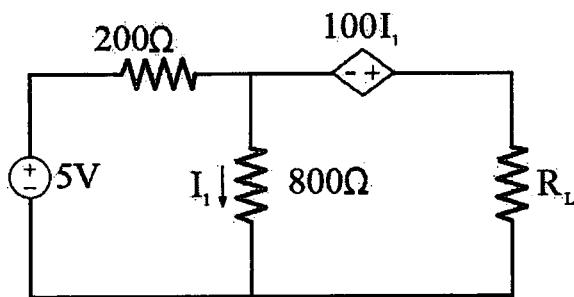
Q4 [10 marks]

(A) Use the superposition theorem to find V_x (5 marks)

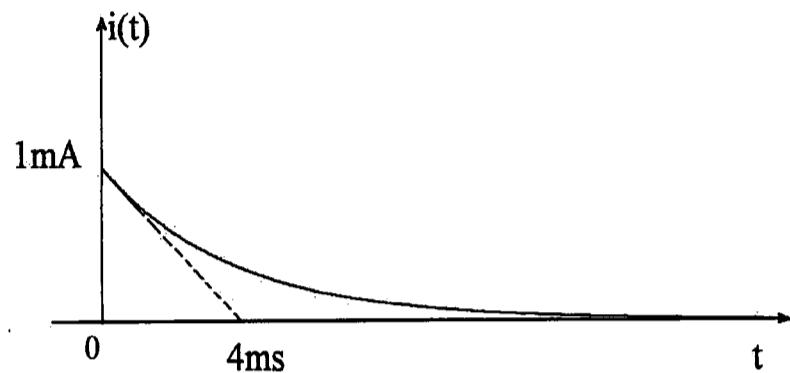
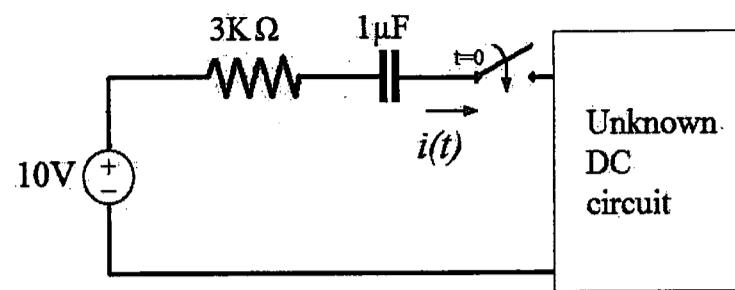


Q4 [10 marks]

(B) For the following circuit, find the value of the load resistance (R_L) to ensure that the maximum power is transferred to the load. (5 marks)



Q5 [10 marks] An unknown DC circuit (without capacitors or inductors) is connected to a 10V voltage source, a $3K\Omega$ resistor and a $1\mu F$ capacitor in series as shown. At $t = 0$. The switch is closed, and the current $i(t)$ is plotted below. Find the equivalent circuit for the unknown DC circuit.



Q6 [10 marks] Find $v_o(t)$

