



NAME

S. Guner

COURSE NO.

CIV100F

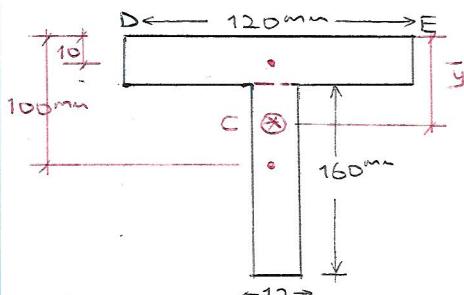
COURSE NAME

Mechanics

2
STUD NO.
#

①

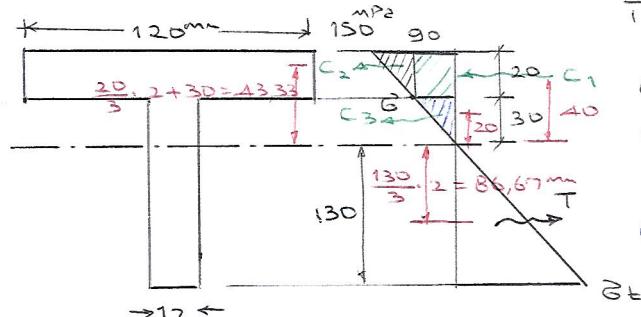
i-) \bar{y} must be 50mm since stress crosses zero at 50mm.
BUT LET'S CALCULATE TO CONFIRM.



$$\bullet \bar{y} = \frac{120 \cdot 20 \cdot 10 + 160 \cdot 12 \cdot 100}{120 \cdot 20 + 160 \cdot 12} = 50 \text{ mm} \quad \boxed{OK}$$

• Due to symmetry, \bar{x} is at the centre of DE.

ii-)



$$\frac{\bar{G}}{150} = \frac{30}{50} \Rightarrow \bar{G} = 90 \text{ MPa}$$

$$C_1 = 90 \cdot 20 \cdot 120 = 216 \cdot 10^3 \text{ N}$$

$$C_2 = \frac{(150-90)}{2} \cdot 20 \cdot 120 = 72 \cdot 10^3 \text{ N}$$

$$C_3 = \frac{90}{2} \cdot 12 \cdot 30 = 16,2 \cdot 10^3 \text{ N}$$

$$C = \sum_{i=1}^3 C_i = 304,2 \text{ kN}$$

iii-) $T = C = 304,2 \cdot 10^3 \text{ N} = \frac{\bar{G}e}{2} \cdot 130 \cdot 12 \Rightarrow \bar{G}e = 390 \text{ MPa}$

L.F. = $\bar{G}_{\text{yield}} / \bar{G}_{\text{e}, \text{max}} = 400 / 390 = 1,03 < 1,7 \Rightarrow$ Section is NOT adequate!

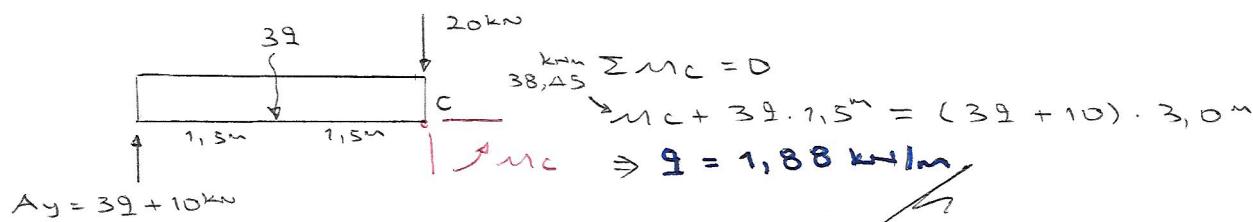
iv-) Take moments of all forces about centroid

$$M_C = C_1 \cdot 40 + C_2 \cdot 43,33 + C_3 \cdot 20 + T \cdot 86,67 = 38,45 \text{ kNm}$$

v-) $F_{DEFG} = C_1 + C_2 = 288 \text{ kN}$

vi-) Need support reactions first.

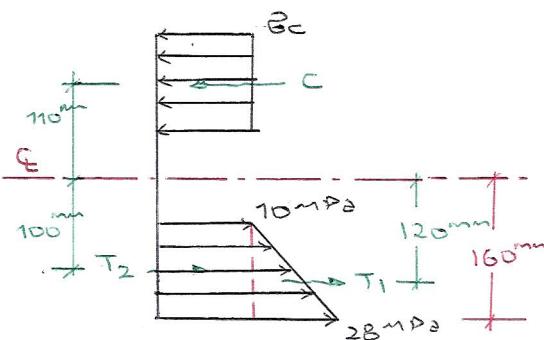
Due to symmetry, $A_y = B_y = 39 + 10 \text{ kN}$



~on The End ~on

2-

i Simplify the question into 2D.



- $T_1 = (28-10)^{\text{MPa}} \cdot 120^{\text{mm}} \cdot 200^{\text{mm}} \cdot 0, S = 216 \text{ kN}$
- $T_2 = 10^{\text{MPa}} \cdot 120 \cdot 200 = 240 \text{ kN}$
- $C = T = T_1 + T_2 = 456 \text{ kN}$
- $C = G_c^{\text{MPa}} \cdot 100^{\text{mm}} \cdot 200^{\text{mm}} = 456 \cdot 10^3 \text{ N}$
- $\Rightarrow G_c = 22,8 \text{ MPa}$ (compression)

ANSWER:

ii Take the moments about the centerline.

$$M_c = T_1 \cdot 120^{\text{m}} + T_2 \cdot 100^{\text{m}} + C \cdot 110^{\text{m}} = 100,1 \text{ kNm} \quad (\text{J})$$

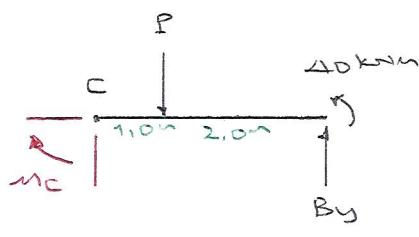
ANSWER

iii Look at the right hand side of the beam.

But first need to find the reaction at support B.

$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_A = 0 &\Rightarrow 40 \text{ kN} \cdot 2,0^{\text{m}} + P \cdot 6,0^{\text{m}} = B_y \cdot 8,0^{\text{m}} + 40 \text{ kNm} \\ &\Rightarrow B_y = 5,0 + 0,75 \cdot P \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

Now look at a section cut:



$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_c = 0 &\Rightarrow M_c + P \cdot 1,0^{\text{m}} = 40^{\text{kNm}} + B_y \cdot 3,0 \\ &\xrightarrow{\text{sub. } 100,1 \text{ kNm}} \qquad \qquad \qquad \xrightarrow{\text{sub. } 5,0 + 0,75P} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow P = 36,1 \text{ kN} \quad (\text{J})$$

ANSWER



NAME

S. GUNER

COURSE NO.

CIV100F

COURSE NAME

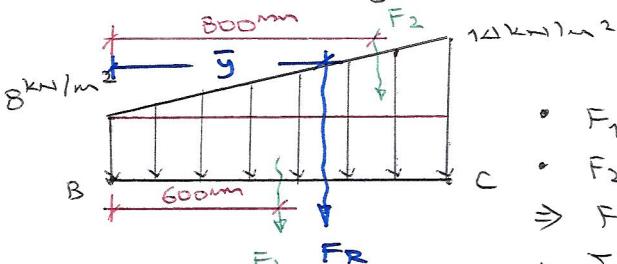
mechanics

2

Student #

- 3.** **i** Due to symmetry, \bar{x} coordinate is $\frac{1500}{2} = 750 \text{ mm}$

To determine \bar{y} , consider a 2D view.



- $F_1 = B \cdot 1,2 \cdot 1,5^m = 14,4 \text{ kN}$
- $F_2 = (14-B) \cdot 1,2 \cdot 1,5 \cdot 0,5 = 5,4 \text{ kN}$
- $\Rightarrow F_R = F_1 + F_2 = 19,8 \text{ kN}$
- $\sum M_B = F_1 \cdot 600 + F_2 \cdot 800 = F_R \cdot \bar{y}$
- $\Rightarrow \bar{y} = 655 \text{ mm}$

* Answer : $F_R(750 \text{ mm}; 655 \text{ mm}; 0 \text{ mm}) = 19,8 \text{ kN}$

- ii** Need to take a moment about a point or a line to eliminate all unwanted unknowns. Support rxns are not asked for. Best to take a moment about line AD

• $\sum M_{AD} = 0 \Rightarrow \underline{M}_{AD} \cdot (\underline{r}_{AB} \times \underline{T}_{BE} + \underline{r}_{FR} \times \underline{F}_{FR}) = 0$

$B(1500 \text{ mm}; 0; 0) ; E(1100; -200; 1300)$

$R(750; 600; 0) ; F(0; 600; 0)$

$\underline{r}_{BE} = -400\hat{i} - 200\hat{j} + 1300\hat{k} ; \underline{r}_{BE} = 1374,77 \text{ mm}$

$\underline{r}_{BE} = \frac{\underline{r}_{BE}}{r_{BE}} = -0,291\hat{i} - 0,146\hat{j} + 0,946\hat{k}$

$\underline{T}_{BE} = -0,291T\hat{i} - 0,146T\hat{j} + 0,946T\hat{k}$

$\underline{F}_R = -19,8\hat{k} ; \underline{r}_{AB} = 1500\hat{i} ; \underline{r}_{FR} = 750\hat{i} ; \underline{M}_{AD} = \underline{j}$

$\underline{M}_{AD} \cdot \underline{r}_{AB} \times \underline{T}_{BE} + \underline{M}_{AD} \cdot \underline{r}_{FR} \times \underline{F}_R = 0$

$$\left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1500 & 0 & 0 & 750 \\ -0,291T & -0,146T & +0,946T & 0 \end{array} \right| + \left| \begin{array}{ccc|c} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 750 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -19,8 & 0 \end{array} \right| = 0$$

$-1419T + 14850 = 0 \Rightarrow T = 10,465 \text{ kN}$

Answer