## EE445M/EE380L Lab 4 Documentation

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# **Chapter 1**

# **Data Structure Index**

## 1.1 Data Structures

Here are the data structures with brief descriptions:

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event_t									 				 								 		6
Sema4									 				 								 		6

2 Data Structure Index

# Chapter 2

# File Index

## 2.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

inc/ADC.h
ADC driver for the TM4C123G. Provides interfaces for collecting single samples or a series at a
given sampling frequency. Does not allow for sampling of more than one channel at any given
time. Timer 2 is reserved for this driver
inc/asmdefs.h
inc/eDisk.h
Low-level SDC driver
inc/eFile.h
High-level file system
inc/FIFO.h
inc/hw_adc.h
inc/hw_aes.h
inc/hw_can.h
inc/hw_ccm.h
inc/hw_comp.h
inc/hw_des.h
inc/hw_eeprom.h
inc/hw_emac.h
inc/hw_epi.h
inc/hw_ethernet.h
inc/hw_fan.h
inc/hw_flash.h
inc/hw_gpio.h
inc/hw_hibernate.h
inc/hw i2c.h
inc/hw i2s.h
inc/hw ints.h
inc/hw lcd.h
inc/hw lpc.h
inc/hw memmap.h
inc/hw nvic.h
inc/hw peci.h
inc/hw pwm.h
inc/hw qei.h
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nc/hw_ssi.h
nc/hw_sysctl.h
nc/hw_sysexc.h
nc/hw_timer.h
nc/hw_types.h
nc/hw_uart.h
nc/ <b>hw_udma.h</b>
nc/hw_usb.h
nc/hw_watchdog.h
nc/interpreter.h
nc/misc macros.h
Some helper macros
nc/OS.h
Real Time Operating System for Labs 2 and 3 EE445M/EE380L.12
nc/PLL.h
Runs on LM4F120/TM4C123 A software function to change the bus frequency using the PLL . 30
nc/priorityqueue.h
nc/profiler.h
Thread profiler utility
nc/ST7735.h
This is a library for the Adafruit 1.8" SPI display
nc/ <b>Switch.h</b>
nc/timeMeasure.h
nc/ <b>tm4c123gh6pm.h</b>
nc/UART.h
Runs on LM4F120/TM4C123 Use UART0 to implement bidirectional data transfer to and from a
computer running HyperTerminal. This time, interrupts and FIFOs are used

## **Chapter 3**

## **Data Structure Documentation**

## 3.1 \_tcb\_s Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for \_tcb\_s:



## **Data Fields**

- long \* **sp**
- struct <u>tcb</u>s \* next
- uint32\_t wake\_time
- unsigned long id
- uint8\_t priority
- uint32\_t period
- unsigned long magic

magic field must contain TCB\_MAGIC for TCB to be valid

- void(\* task )(void)
- char \* task\_name

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• inc/OS.h

## 3.2 event\_t Struct Reference

## **Data Fields**

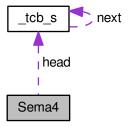
- event\_type\_e type
- int magic
- char \* name
- unsigned long long timestamp

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• inc/profiler.h

## 3.3 Sema4 Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for Sema4:



#### **Data Fields**

- long Value
- struct <u>tcb</u>s \* head

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• inc/OS.h

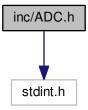
## **Chapter 4**

## **File Documentation**

## 4.1 inc/ADC.h File Reference

ADC driver for the TM4C123G. Provides interfaces for collecting single samples or a series at a given sampling frequency. Does not allow for sampling of more than one channel at any given time. Timer 2 is reserved for this driver.

#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for ADC.h:



## **Functions**

- int ADC\_Init (uint32\_t channelNum)
  - Configure an ADC channel for continuous sampling. Retrieve measurements from this channel with ADC\_In().
- uint16\_t ADC\_In (void)
  - Returns the most recent sample collected by the channel configured in ADC\_Init(...)
- int ADC Collect (uint32 t channelNum, uint32 t fs, void(\*handler)(unsigned long))
  - Kick off collection of a sequence of samples to be passed to a user-provided handler. The ADC and Timer will be configured to collect samples at frequency fs.

## 4.1.1 Detailed Description

ADC driver for the TM4C123G. Provides interfaces for collecting single samples or a series at a given sampling frequency. Does not allow for sampling of more than one channel at any given time. Timer 2 is reserved for this driver.

#### Author

Riley Wood and Jeageun Jung

#### 4.1.2 Function Documentation

4.1.2.1 int ADC\_Collect ( uint32\_t channelNum, uint32\_t fs, void(\*)(unsigned long) handler )

Kick off collection of a sequence of samples to be passed to a user-provided handler. The ADC and Timer will be configured to collect samples at frequency fs.

#### **Parameters**

channelNum	ADC channel to sample
fs	Sampling frequency
handler	Function which will be passed each sample as it is collected.

#### Returns

int 0 on success, -1 on failure.

#### 4.1.2.2 uint16\_t ADC\_In ( void )

Returns the most recent sample collected by the channel configured in ADC\_Init(...)

If the channel has not finished collecting its first sample, this function returns 0xFFFF.

If you call this rapidly, faster than the ADC samples, this function may repeat values (since it always returns the most recent).

#### Returns

uint16\_t The conversion result

#### 4.1.2.3 int ADC\_Init ( uint32\_t channelNum )

Configure an ADC channel for continuous sampling. Retrieve measurements from this channel with ADC\_In().

channelNum	The channel to set up
------------	-----------------------

#### Returns

int 0 on success, -1 on failure.

#### 4.2 inc/eDisk.h File Reference

low-level SDC driver

#### **Macros**

• #define USE WRITE 1

set to 1 to enable disk write

#define STA NOINIT 0x01 /\* Drive not initialized \*/

Disk Status Bits (DSTATUS)

- #define STA NODISK 0x02 /\* No medium in the drive \*/
- #define STA\_PROTECT 0x04 /\* Write protected \*/
- #define CTRL SYNC 0 /\* Complete pending write process (needed at FS READONLY == 0) \*/
- #define GET\_SECTOR\_COUNT 1 /\* Get media size (needed at \_USE\_MKFS == 1) \*/
- #define GET\_SECTOR\_SIZE 2 /\* Get sector size (needed at \_MAX\_SS != \_MIN\_SS) \*/
- #define GET BLOCK SIZE 3 /\* Get erase block size (needed at USE MKFS == 1) \*/
- #define CTRL\_TRIM 4 /\* Inform device that the data on the block of sectors is no longer used (needed at \_USE\_TRIM == 1) \*/
- #define CTRL\_FORMAT 5 /\* Create physical format on the media \*/
- #define CTRL\_POWER\_IDLE 6 /\* Put the device idle state \*/
- #define CTRL\_POWER\_OFF 7 /\* Put the device off state \*/
- #define CTRL LOCK 8 /\* Lock media removal \*/
- #define CTRL\_UNLOCK 9 /\* Unlock media removal \*/
- #define CTRL\_EJECT 10 /\* Eject media \*/
- #define MMC\_GET\_TYPE 50 /\* Get card type \*/
- #define MMC\_GET\_CSD 51 /\* Get CSD \*/
- #define MMC GET\_CID 52 /\* Get CID \*/
- #define MMC\_GET\_OCR 53 /\* Get OCR \*/
- #define MMC\_GET\_SDSTAT 54 /\* Get SD status \*/
- #define ATA\_GET\_REV 60 /\* Get F/W revision \*/
- #define ATA\_GET\_MODEL 61 /\* Get model name \*/
- #define ATA GET SN 62 /\* Get serial number \*/
- #define CT\_MMC 0x01 /\* MMC ver 3 \*/
- #define CT\_SD1 0x02 /\* SD ver 1 \*/
- #define CT\_SD2 0x04 /\* SD ver 2 \*/
- #define CT\_SDC (CT\_SD1|CT\_SD2) /\* SD \*/
- #define CT\_BLOCK 0x08 /\* Block addressing \*/
- #define \_DISKIO

## **Typedefs**

- · typedef signed int INT
- · typedef unsigned int UINT
- · typedef signed char CHAR
- · typedef unsigned char UCHAR
- · typedef unsigned char BYTE
- · typedef signed short SHORT
- typedef unsigned short USHORT
- · typedef unsigned short WORD
- · typedef signed long LONG
- · typedef unsigned long ULONG
- · typedef unsigned long DWORD
- typedef BYTE DSTATUS

Status of Disk Functions.

#### **Enumerations**

```
• enum BOOL { FALSE = 0, TRUE }
```

Boolean type.

enum DRESULT {RES\_OK = 0, RES\_ERROR, RES\_WRPRT, RES\_NOTRDY,RES\_PARERR }

### **Functions**

• DSTATUS eDisk Init (BYTE drive)

Initialize the interface between microcontroller and the SD card.

• DSTATUS eDisk\_Status (BYTE drive)

Check the status of the SD card.

• DRESULT eDisk Read (BYTE drv, BYTE \*buff, DWORD sector, UINT count)

Read bytes from SD card.

• DRESULT eDisk ReadBlock (BYTE \*buff, DWORD sector)

Read 512-byte block from SD card.

• DRESULT eDisk\_Write (BYTE drv, const BYTE \*buff, DWORD sector, UINT count)

Write bytes to SD card.

• DRESULT eDisk\_WriteBlock (const BYTE \*buff, DWORD sector)

Write 512-byte block from SD card.

void CS\_Init (void)

Configure SDC chip select.

void disk timerproc (void)

This should be called every 10 ms.

• DRESULT disk ioctl (BYTE drv, BYTE cmd, void \*buff)

Disk input/output.

## 4.2.1 Detailed Description

low-level SDC driver

This version of the driver has been configured to operate on the ST7735R, so that both the SDC card and the LCD use the same SSI port, but have different chip selects.

Version
V1.0
Author
Valvano
Copyright
Copyright 2017 by Jonathan W. Valvano, valvano@mail.utexas.edu,
Warning
AS-IS
Note
For more information see http://users.ece.utexas.edu/~valvano/
Date
March 9, 2017
4.2.2 Function Documentation
4.2.2.1 void CS_Init ( void )
One former ODO white and set
Configure SDC chip select.
Enable SDC chip select, so it is an output
Parameters
none
Returns
none

4.2.2.2 DRESULT disk\_ioctl ( BYTE drv, BYTE cmd, void \* buff )

Disk input/output.

General purpose function for all disk I/O

#### **Parameters**

drv	(only drive 0 is supported)
cmd	disk command
buff	pointer to RAM input/output data

#### Returns

result (0 means OK)

4.2.2.3 void disk\_timerproc (void)

This should be called every 10 ms.

This implements timeout functions

**Parameters** 

none

## Returns

none

## 4.2.2.4 DSTATUS eDisk\_Init ( BYTE drive )

Initialize the interface between microcontroller and the SD card.

Turn on PLL. Since this program initializes the disk, it must run with the disk periodic task operating.

Table 4.6 Return parameter

Return	Value	Meaning
RES_OK	0x00	Successful
STA_NOINIT	0x01	Drive not initialized
STA_NODISK	0x02	No medium in the drive
STA_PROTECT	0x04	Write protected

drive	number (only drive 0 is supported)

#### Returns

status (0 means OK)

4.2.2.5 DRESULT eDisk\_Read ( BYTE drv, BYTE \* buff, DWORD sector, UINT count )

Read bytes from SD card.

Read data from the SD card (write to RAM)

Table 4.8 Return parameter

Return	Value	Meaning
RES_OK	0x00	Successful
RES_ERROR	0x01	R/W Error
RES_WRPRT	0x02	Write Protected
RES_NOTRDY	0x03	Not Ready
RES_PARERR	0x04	Invalid Parameter

#### **Parameters**

drv	(only drive 0 is supported)
buff	pointer to an empty RAM buffer
sector	sector number of SD card to read: 0,1,2,
count	number of sectors to read

#### Returns

result (0 means OK)

4.2.2.6 DRESULT eDisk\_ReadBlock ( BYTE \* buff, DWORD sector )

Read 512-byte block from SD card.

Read one block from the SD card (write to RAM)

**Table 4.10 Return parameter** 

Return	Value	Meaning
RES_OK	0x00	Successful
RES_ERROR	0x01	R/W Error
RES_WRPRT	0x02	Write Protected
RES_NOTRDY	0x03	Not Ready
RES_PARERR	0x04	Invalid Parameter

buff	pointer to an empty RAM buffer
sector	sector number of SD card to read: 0,1,2,

#### Returns

result (0 means OK)

## 4.2.2.7 DSTATUS eDisk\_Status ( BYTE drive )

Check the status of the SD card.

Checks the status of the secure digital care.

**Table 4.12 Return parameter** 

Return	Value	Meaning
RES_OK	0x00	Successful
STA_NOINIT	0x01	Drive not initialized
STA_NODISK	0x02	No medium in the drive
STA_PROTECT	0x04	Write protected

#### **Parameters**

drive	number (only drive 0 is supported)
-------	------------------------------------

#### Returns

status (0 means OK)

4.2.2.8 DRESULT eDisk\_Write ( BYTE drv, const BYTE \* buff, DWORD sector, UINT count )

Write bytes to SD card.

write data to the SD card (read to RAM)

**Table 4.14 Return parameter** 

Return	Value	Meaning
RES_OK	0x00	Successful
RES_ERROR	0x01	R/W Error
RES_WRPRT	0x02	Write Protected
RES_NOTRDY	0x03	Not Ready
RES_PARERR	0x04	Invalid Parameter

drv	(only drive 0 is supported)
buff	pointer to RAM buffer with data
sector	sector number of SD card to write: 0,1,2,
count	number of sectors to write

#### Returns

result (0 means OK)

4.2.2.9 DRESULT eDisk\_WriteBlock ( const BYTE \* buff, DWORD sector )

Write 512-byte block from SD card.

Write one block to the SD card (read to RAM)

Table 4.16 Return parameter

Return	Value	Meaning
RES_OK	0x00	Successful
RES_ERROR	0x01	R/W Error
RES_WRPRT	0x02	Write Protected
RES_NOTRDY	0x03	Not Ready
RES_PARERR	0x04	Invalid Parameter

#### **Parameters**

buff	pointer to RAM buffer with 512 bytes of data
sector	sector number of SD card to write: 0,1,2,

#### Returns

result (0 means OK)

## 4.3 inc/eFile.h File Reference

high-level file system

### **Functions**

• int eFile\_Init (void)

Activate the file system, without formating.

• int eFile\_Format (void)

Format the disk.

int eFile\_Create (char name[])

Create a new file.

int eFile\_WOpen (char name[])

Open an existing file for writing.

int eFile\_Write (char data)

Format the disk.

• int eFile\_Close (void)

Close the disk.

• int eFile\_WClose (void)

```
Close the file that was being written.
    • int eFile_ROpen (char name[])
          Open an existing file for reading.
    int eFile_ReadNext (char *pt)
          Retreive data from open file.
    • int eFile_RClose (void)
          Close the file that was being read.

    int eFile_Directory (void(*fp)(char))

          Show directory.
    • int eFile_Delete (char name[])
          delete this file
    • int eFile_RedirectToFile (char *name)
          redirect printf output into this file
    • int eFile_EndRedirectToFile (void)
          Stop streaming printf to file.
4.3.1 Detailed Description
high-level file system
This file system sits on top of eDisk.
Version
      V1.0
Author
      Interface by JW Valvano, implementation by Riley Wood and Jeageun Jung
Copyright
      Copyright 2017 by Jonathan W. Valvano, valvano@mail.utexas.edu,
Warning
      AS-IS
Note
      For more information see http://users.ece.utexas.edu/~valvano/
Date
      March 9, 2017
4.3.2 Function Documentation
4.3.2.1 int eFile_Close ( void )
Close the disk.
Deactivate the file system. One can reactive the file system with eFile_Init.
```

Paramete	rs
none	

Returns

0 if successful and 1 on failure (e.g., trouble writing to flash)

4.3.2.2 int eFile\_Create ( char name[])

Create a new file.

Create a new, empty file with one allocated block

#### **Parameters**

name | file name is an ASCII string up to seven characters

#### Returns

0 if successful and 1 on failure (e.g., already exists)

4.3.2.3 int eFile\_Delete ( char name[] )

delete this file

Delete the file with this name, recover blocks so they can be used by another file

#### **Parameters**

name file name is an ASCII string up to seven characters

## Returns

0 if successful and 1 on failure (e.g., file doesn't exist)

4.3.2.4 int eFile\_Directory ( void(\*)(char) fp )

Show directory.

Display the directory with filenames and sizes

#### **Parameters**

pointer to a function that outputs ASCII characters to display

Returns
0 if successful and 1 on failure (e.g., trouble reading from flash)
4.3.2.5 int eFile_EndRedirectToFile ( void )
Stop streaming printf to file.
close the file for writing, redirect stream I/O (printf) back to the UART
Parameters  none
Returns 0 if successful and 1 on failure (e.g., trouble writing)
4.3.2.6 int eFile_Format ( void )
Format the disk.
Erase all files, create blank directory, initialize free space manager
Parameters  none
Returns 0 if successful and 1 on failure (e.g., trouble writing to flash)
4.3.2.7 int eFile_Init ( void )
Activate the file system, without formating.
This function must be called first, before calling any of the other eFile functions
Parameters  none
Returns
0 if successful and 1 on failure (already initialized)

```
4.3.2.8 int eFile_RClose ( void )
```

Close the file that was being read.

Close the file, leave disk in a state power can be removed.

#### **Parameters**

```
none
```

#### Returns

0 if successful and 1 on failure (e.g., wasn't open)

```
4.3.2.9 int eFile_ReadNext ( char * pt )
```

Retreive data from open file.

Read one byte from disk into RAM

#### **Parameters**

```
pt | call by reference pointer to place to save data
```

#### Returns

0 if successful and 1 on failure (e.g., trouble reading from flash)

```
4.3.2.10 int eFile_RedirectToFile ( char * name )
```

redirect printf output into this file

open the file for writing, redirect stream I/O (printf) to this file

#### Note

```
if the file exists it will append to the end
If the file doesn't exist, it will create a new file with the name
```

#### **Parameters**

name	file name is an ASCII string up to seven characters
------	---

#### Returns

0 if successful and 1 on failure (e.g., can't open)

4.3.2.11 int eFile\_ROpen ( char name[])

Open an existing file for reading.

Open the file for reading, read first block into RAM

#### **Parameters**

name	file name is an ASCII string up to seven characters
------	---

#### Returns

0 if successful and 1 on failure (e.g., trouble reading from flash)

4.3.2.12 int eFile\_WClose (void)

Close the file that was being written.

Close the file, leave disk in a state power can be removed. This function will flush all RAM buffers to the disk.

#### **Parameters**

none

#### Returns

0 if successful and 1 on failure (e.g., trouble writing to flash)

4.3.2.13 int eFile\_WOpen ( char name[] )

Open an existing file for writing.

Open the file for writing, read into RAM last block

#### **Parameters**

file name is an ASCII string up to	seven characters
------------------------------------	------------------

#### Returns

0 if successful and 1 on failure (e.g., trouble reading from flash)

4.3.2.14 int eFile\_Write ( char data )

Format the disk.

Save one byte at end of the open file

#### **Parameters**

#### Returns

0 if successful and 1 on failure (e.g., trouble writing to flash)

## 4.4 inc/interpreter.h File Reference

#### **Functions**

void interpreter\_task (void)

OS Task that sends characters to the interpreter.

void interpreter\_cmd (char \*cmd\_str)

Pass user input to the interpreter and act on their command.

## 4.4.1 Detailed Description

List of commands

- adc
  - Prints 2 consecutive ADC samples of channel 0 to the LCD and UART0
- lcd
  - Prints strings on each line of each logical display on the LCD.

## 4.4.2 Function Documentation

4.4.2.1 void interpreter\_cmd ( char \* cmd\_str )

Pass user input to the interpreter and act on their command.

#### **Parameters**

cmd\_str String containing the entire user command.

## 4.5 inc/misc\_macros.h File Reference

Some helper macros.

## **Macros**

#define lengthof(array) (sizeof(array)/sizeof((array)[0]))
 Get the number of elements in an array.

#define zeroes(array) memset(array, 0, sizeof(array))
 Zeroes out an array.

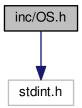
## 4.5.1 Detailed Description

Some helper macros.

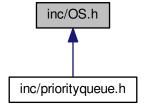
## 4.6 inc/OS.h File Reference

Real Time Operating System for Labs 2 and 3 EE445M/EE380L.12.

#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for OS.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Data Structures**

- struct tcb s
- struct Sema4

#### **Macros**

- #define TIME 1MS 80000
- #define TIME\_2MS (2 \* TIME\_1MS)
- #define TIME 500US (TIME 1MS / 2)
- #define **TIME 250US** (TIME 1MS / 4)
- #define TASK\_STACK\_SIZE 128
- #define TCB MAGIC (0x900d900d)
- #define OS\_AddThread(task, stackSize, priority) OS\_AddThread\_priv(task, stackSize, priority, #task)
- #define OS\_AddPeriodicThread(task, period, priority) OS\_AddPeriodicThread\_priv(task, period, priority, #task)

## **Typedefs**

- typedef struct \_tcb\_s tcb\_t
- typedef struct Sema4 Sema4Type

#### **Functions**

- void OS Init (void)
- void OS\_InitSemaphore (Sema4Type \*semaPt, long value)
- void OS\_Wait (Sema4Type \*semaPt)
- void OS Signal (Sema4Type \*semaPt)
- void OS bWait (Sema4Type \*semaPt)
- void OS\_bSignal (Sema4Type \*semaPt)
- void Jitter (void)

Print the max periodic task jitter measured thus far to the ST7735 display.

- int OS\_AddThread\_priv (void(\*task)(void), unsigned long stackSize, unsigned long priority, char \*task\_
   — name)
- unsigned long OS Id (void)
- int OS\_AddPeriodicThread\_priv (void(\*task)(void), unsigned long period, unsigned long priority, char \*task name)
- int OS\_AddSW1Task (void(\*task)(void), unsigned long priority)
- int OS\_AddSW2Task (void(\*task)(void), unsigned long priority)
- void OS\_Sleep (unsigned long sleepTime)
- void OS\_Kill (void)
- void OS\_Suspend (void)
- void OS Fifo Init (unsigned long size)
- int OS\_Fifo\_Put (unsigned long data)
- unsigned long OS\_Fifo\_Get (void)
- long OS Fifo Size (void)
- void OS MailBox Init (void)
- void OS\_MailBox\_Send (unsigned long data)
- unsigned long OS\_MailBox\_Recv (void)
- unsigned long long OS\_Time (void)
- unsigned long long OS\_TimeDifference (unsigned long long start, unsigned long long stop)
- void OS ClearMsTime (void)
- unsigned long OS MsTime (void)
- void OS\_Launch (unsigned long theTimeSlice)
- long StartCritical (void)
- · void EndCritical (long sr)
- void **DisableInterrupts** (void)
- void EnableInterrupts (void)

## 4.6.1 Detailed Description

Real Time Operating System for Labs 2 and 3 EE445M/EE380L.12.

RTOS kernel capable of round-robin scheduling, up to 2 low-jitter periodic tasks.

Reserves WTIMER1A and B for periodic task scheduling. Reserves SysTick timer for round-robin scheduling. Reserves WTIMER0 as a 64-bit time source.

Interface by Jonathan W. Valvano 2/20/17, <a href="mail:utexas.edu">valvano@mail.utexas.edu</a> Implementation by Riley Wood and Jeageun Jung

#### **Author**

Riley Wood and Jeageun Jung

#### 4.6.2 Macro Definition Documentation

4.6.2.1 #define OS\_AddPeriodicThread( task, period, priority ) OS\_AddPeriodicThread\_priv(task, period, priority, #task)

Add a background periodic task. Typically this function receives the highest priority You are free to select the time resolution for this function It is assumed that the user task will run to completion and return This task can not spin, block, loop, sleep, or kill This task can call OS\_Signal OS\_bSignal OS\_AddThread This task does not have a Thread ID In lab 2, this command will be called 0 or 1 times In lab 2, the priority field can be ignored In lab 3, this command will be called 0 1 or 2 times In lab 3, there will be up to four background threads, and this priority field determines the relative priority of these four threads

#### Parameters

task	pointer to a void/void background function
period	given in system time units (12.5ns)
priority	0 is the highest, 5 is the lowest

#### Returns

1 if successful, 0 if this thread can not be added

4.6.2.2 #define OS\_AddThread( task, stackSize, priority) OS\_AddThread\_priv(task, stackSize, priority, #task)

add a foregound thread to the scheduler stack size must be divisable by 8 (aligned to double word boundary) In Lab 2, you can ignore both the stackSize and priority fields In Lab 3, you can ignore the stackSize fields

task	Task function
stackSize	Size of the stack in bytes. Should be divisible by 8
priority	Priority of the task. 0 is highest, 5 is lowest.

#### Returns

1 if successful, 0 if this thread can not be added

#### 4.6.3 Function Documentation

4.6.3.1 int OS\_AddSW1Task (void(\*)(void) task, unsigned long priority)

add a background task to run whenever the SW1 (PF4) button is pushed

#### **Parameters**

pointer	to a void/void background function
priority	0 is the highest, 5 is the lowest

#### Returns

1 if successful, 0 if this thread can not be added It is assumed that the user task will run to completion and return This task can not spin, block, loop, sleep, or kill This task can call OS\_Signal OS\_bSignal OS\_Add Thread This task does not have a Thread ID In labs 2 and 3, this command will be called 0 or 1 times In lab 2, the priority field can be ignored In lab 3, there will be up to four background threads, and this priority field determines the relative priority of these four threads

4.6.3.2 int OS\_AddSW2Task (void(\*)(void) task, unsigned long priority)

add a background task to run whenever the SW2 (PF0) button is pushed

#### **Parameters**

pointer	to a void/void background function
priority	0 is highest, 5 is lowest

#### Returns

1 if successful, 0 if this thread can not be added It is assumed user task will run to completion and return This task can not spin block loop sleep or kill This task can call issue OS\_Signal, it can call OS\_AddThread This task does not have a Thread ID In lab 2, this function can be ignored In lab 3, this command will be called will be called 0 or 1 times In lab 3, there will be up to four background threads, and this priority field determines the relative priority of these four threads

4.6.3.3 void OS\_bSignal ( Sema4Type \* semaPt )

Lab2 spinlock, set to 1 Lab3 wakeup blocked thread if appropriate

sema⇔	pointer to a binary semaphore
Pt	

```
4.6.3.4 void OS_bWait ( Sema4Type * semaPt )
```

Lab2 spinlock, set to 0 Lab3 block if less than zero

#### **Parameters**

sema⊷	pointer to a binary semaphore
Pt	

4.6.3.5 void OS\_ClearMsTime (void)

Sets the system time to zero (from Lab 1). You are free to change how this works.

Returns

none

4.6.3.6 unsigned long OS\_Fifo\_Get (void)

Remove one data sample from the Fifo. Called in foreground, will spin/block if empty

Returns

data

4.6.3.7 void OS\_Fifo\_Init ( unsigned long size )

Initialize the Fifo to be empty. In Lab 2, you can ignore the size field. In Lab 3, you should implement the user-defined fifo size. In Lab 3, you can put whatever restrictions you want on size e.g., 4 to 64 elements e.g., must be a power of 2,4,8,16,32,64,128

#### **Parameters**

size S	Size of the fifo
--------	------------------

Returns

none

4.6.3.8 int OS\_Fifo\_Put ( unsigned long data )

Enter one data sample into the Fifo. Called from the background, so no waiting. Since this is called by interrupt handlers this function can not disable or enable interrupts.

#### **Parameters**

data	Data to put in the FIFO

#### Returns

true if data is properly saved, false if data not saved, because it was full

```
4.6.3.9 long OS_Fifo_Size (void )
```

Check the status of the Fifo.

#### Returns

returns the number of elements in the Fifo. Greater than zero if a call to OS\_Fifo\_Get will return right away, zero or less than zero if the Fifo is empty, zero or less than zero if a call to OS\_Fifo\_Get will spin or block

```
4.6.3.10 unsigned long OS_Id (void)
```

returns the thread ID for the currently running thread

#### Returns

Thread ID, number greater than zero

```
4.6.3.11 void OS_Init ( void )
```

initialize operating system, disable interrupts until OS\_Launch initialize OS controlled I/O: serial, ADC, systick, LaunchPad I/O and timers

4.6.3.12 void OS\_InitSemaphore ( Sema4Type \* semaPt, long value )

initialize semaphore

#### **Parameters**

sema⊷	pointer to a semaphore
Pt	

4.6.3.13 void OS\_Kill (void)

kill the currently running thread, release its TCB and stack

4.6.3.14 void OS\_Launch ( unsigned long theTimeSlice )

Start the scheduler, enable interrupts. In Lab 2, you can ignore the theTimeSlice field. In Lab 3, you should implement the user-defined TimeSlice field. It is ok to limit the range of theTimeSlice to match the 24-bit SysTick.

#### **Parameters**

theTimeSlice n	number of 12.5ns clock cycles for each time slice
----------------	---

#### Returns

none (does not return)

4.6.3.15 void OS\_MailBox\_Init (void)

Initialize communication channel

Returns

none

4.6.3.16 unsigned long OS\_MailBox\_Recv (void)

Remove mail from the MailBox. This function will be called from a foreground thread. It will spin/block if the MailBox is empty.

Returns

data received

4.6.3.17 void OS\_MailBox\_Send ( unsigned long data )

Enter mail into the MailBox. This function will be called from a foreground thread. It will spin/block if the MailBox contains data not yet received

#### **Parameters**

data	to be sent

Returns

none

4.6.3.18 unsigned long OS\_MsTime (void)

Reads the current time in msec (from Lab 1). You are free to select the time resolution for this function. It is ok to make the resolution to match the first call to OS\_AddPeriodicThread.

#### Returns

time in ms units

4.6.3.19 void OS\_Signal ( Sema4Type \* semaPt )

increment semaphore Lab2 spinlock Lab3 wakeup blocked thread if appropriate

#### **Parameters**

sema⇔	pointer to a counting semaphore	
Pt		

4.6.3.20 void OS\_Sleep ( unsigned long *sleepTime* )

Place this thread into a dormant state. You are free to select the time resolution for this function. OS\_Sleep(0) implements cooperative multitasking.

#### **Parameters**

sleepTime	number of msec to sleep
-----------	-------------------------

4.6.3.21 void OS\_Suspend (void)

suspend execution of currently running thread. scheduler will choose another thread to execute. Can be used to implement cooperative multitasking. Same function as OS\_Sleep(0).

4.6.3.22 unsigned long long OS\_Time (void)

Return the system time in system time units (12.5ns)

# Returns

time in 12.5ns units, 0 to 4294967295

4.6.3.23 unsigned long long OS\_TimeDifference ( unsigned long long start, unsigned long long stop )

Calculates difference between two times. The time resolution should be less than or equal to 1us, and the precision at least 12 bits. It is ok to change the resolution and precision of this function as long as this function and OS\_Time have the same resolution and precision.

#### **Parameters**

start	Start time measured with OS_Time
stop	Stop time measured with OS Time

#### Returns

time difference in 12.5ns units

4.6.3.24 void OS\_Wait ( Sema4Type \* semaPt )

decrement semaphore Lab2 spinlock Lab3 block if less than zero

#### Parameters 4 8 1

sema⇔	pointer to a counting semaphore	
Pt		

# 4.7 inc/PLL.h File Reference

Runs on LM4F120/TM4C123 A software function to change the bus frequency using the PLL.

## **Macros**

- #define Bus80MHz 4
- #define Bus80 000MHz 4
- #define Bus66\_667MHz 5
- #define Bus50\_000MHz 7
- #define Bus50MHz 7
- #define **Bus44\_444MHz** 8
- #define Bus40 000MHz 9
- #define Bus40MHz 9
- #define Bus36\_364MHz 10
- #define Bus33 333MHz 11
- #define Bus30\_769MHz 12
- #define Bus28\_571MHz 13
- #define Bus26\_667MHz 14
- #define Bus25\_000MHz 15
- #define Bus25MHz 15
- #define Bus23\_529MHz 16
- #define Bus22\_22MHz 17
- #define Bus21\_053MHz 18
- #define **Bus20\_000MHz** 19
- #define Bus20MHz 19
- #define Bus19 048MHz 20
- #define **Bus18\_182MHz** 21
- #define **Bus17\_391MHz** 22
- #define Bus16\_667MHz 23
- #define Bus16\_000MHz 24
- #define Bus16MHz 24
- #define Bus15\_385MHz 25
- #define Bus14\_815MHz 26
- #define Bus14 286MHz 27
- #define Bus13\_793MHz 28

- #define Bus13 333MHz 29
- #define Bus12 903MHz 30
- #define Bus12\_500MHz 31
- #define Bus12 121MHz 32
- #define Bus11\_765MHz 33
- #define Bus11 429MHz 34
- #define Bus11\_111MHz 35
- #define Bus10\_811MHz 36
- #define Bus10 526MHz 37
- #define Bus10 256MHz 38
- #define Bus10 000MHz 39
- #define Bus10MHz 39
- #define Bus9\_756MHz 40
- #define Bus9\_524MHz 41
- #define Bus9\_302MHz 42
- #define Bus9 091MHz 43
- #define Bus8\_889MHz 44
- #define Bus8\_696MHz 45
- #define Bus8\_511MHz 46
- #define Bus8 333MHz 47
- #define Bus8\_163MHz 48
- #define Bus8 000MHz 49
- #define Bus8MHz 49
- #define Bus7\_843MHz 50
- #define Bus7\_692MHz 51
- #define Bus7\_547MHz 52
- #define Bus7\_407MHz 53
- #define Bus7\_273MHz 54
- #define Bus7\_143MHz 55
- #define **Bus7\_018MHz** 56
- #define Bus6 897MHz 57
- #define Bus6\_780MHz 58
- #define **Bus6\_667MHz** 59
- #define Bus6\_557MHz 60
- #define Bus6\_452MHz 61
- #define Bus6\_349MHz 62
- #define Bus6\_250MHz 63
- #define **Bus6\_154MHz** 64
- #define Bus6\_061MHz 65#define Bus5\_970MHz 66
- #define Bus5 882MHz 67
- #define Bus5\_797MHz 68
- #define Bus5 714MHz 69
- #define Bus5\_634MHz 70
- #define Bus5\_556MHz 71
- #define Bus5 479MHz 72
- #define Bus5 405MHz 73
- #define Bus5 333MHz 74
- #define **Bus5\_263MHz** 75
- #define Bus5\_195MHz 76
- #define Bus5\_128MHz 77#define Bus5\_063MHz 78
- #define Bus5\_000MHz 79
- #define Bus4 938MHz 80
- #define Bus4\_878MHz 81

- #define Bus4 819MHz 82
- #define Bus4\_762MHz 83
- #define Bus4 706MHz 84
- #define Bus4 651MHz 85
- #define Bus4\_598MHz 86
- #define **Bus4\_545MHz** 87
- #define Bus4\_494MHz 88
- #define Bus4\_444MHz 89
- #define **Bus4\_396MHz** 90
- #define Bus4\_348MHz 91
- #define Bus4 301MHz 92
- #define Bus4\_255MHz 93
- #define Bus4\_211MHz 94
- #define Bus4\_167MHz 95
- #define Bus4\_124MHz 96
- #define Bus4\_082MHz 97
- #define Bus4\_040MHz 98
- #define Bus4\_000MHz 99
- #define Bus4MHz 99
- #define Bus3\_960MHz 100
- #define Bus3\_922MHz 101
- #define Bus3 883MHz 102
- #define Bus3 846MHz 103
- #define Bus3 810MHz 104
- #define **Bus3 774MHz** 105
- #define Bus3 738MHz 106
- #define Bus3\_704MHz 107
- #define Bus3 670MHz 108
- #define Bus3 636MHz 109
- #define Bus3\_604MHz 110
- #define Bus3\_571MHz 111
- #define Bus3\_540MHz 112
- #define Bus3\_509MHz 113
- #define **Bus3\_478MHz** 114
- #define **Bus3\_448MHz** 115
- #define Bus3\_419MHz 116
- #define **Bus3\_390MHz** 117
- #define **Bus3\_361MHz** 118
- #define Bus3\_333MHz 119
- #define Bus3\_306MHz 120#define Bus3\_279MHz 121
- #define Bus3\_252MHz 122
- #define Bus3 226MHz 123
- #define Bus3\_200MHz 124
- #define Bus3 175MHz 125
- #define Bus3\_150MHz 126
- #define Bus3\_125MHz 127

# **Functions**

• void PLL\_Init (uint32\_t freq)

configure the system to get its clock from the PLL

# 4.7.1 Detailed Description

Runs on LM4F120/TM4C123 A software function to change the bus frequency using the PLL.

**Author** 

Daniel Valvano

# 4.7.2 Function Documentation

```
4.7.2.1 void PLL_Init ( uint32_t freq )
```

configure the system to get its clock from the PLL

#### **Parameters**

freq

Macro defined in PLL.h to choose frequency

# 4.8 inc/profiler.h File Reference

Thread profiler utility.

# **Data Structures**

struct event\_t

# **Macros**

- #define EVENT\_MAGIC (0x02344629)
- #define MAX\_EVENTS (100)

# **Enumerations**

enum event\_type\_e { EVENT\_FGTH\_START, EVENT\_PTH\_START, EVENT\_PTH\_END, EVENT\_NUM ←
 \_TYPES }

## **Functions**

void Profiler\_Init (void)

Initialize the thread profiler. Call before use.

• int Profiler\_Event (event\_type\_e event\_type, char \*event\_name)

Register an event has occurred in the profiler.

void Profiler\_Clear (void)

Clear profiler history.

void Profiler\_Foreach (void(\*f)(const event\_t \*))

Executes a function f on each event in the log in the order they occurred in the system.

# 4.8.1 Detailed Description

Thread profiler utility.

Author

Riley Wood (riley.wood@utexas.edu)

# 4.8.2 Function Documentation

4.8.2.1 int Profiler\_Event ( event\_type\_e event\_type, char \* event\_name )

Register an event has occurred in the profiler.

#### **Parameters**

event⊷	ID of the event that occurred
_id	

## Returns

-1 on error, 0 on success

4.8.2.2 void Profiler\_Foreach ( void(\*)(const event\_t \*) f )

Executes a function f on each event in the log in the order they occurred in the system.

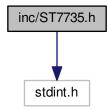
#### **Parameters**

f Function to execute on each event in the log.

# 4.9 inc/ST7735.h File Reference

This is a library for the Adafruit 1.8" SPI display.

#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for ST7735.h:



#### **Macros**

- #define ST7735\_TFTWIDTH 128
- #define ST7735\_TFTHEIGHT 160
- #define ST7735 BLACK 0x0000
- #define ST7735 BLUE 0xF800
- #define ST7735\_RED 0x001F
- #define ST7735\_RED 0x0011
   #define ST7735\_GREEN 0x07E0
- #define ST7735\_CYAN 0xFFE0
- #define ST7735 MAGENTA 0xF81F
- #define ST7735 YELLOW 0x07FF
- #define ST7735\_WHITE 0xFFFF

#### **Enumerations**

 enum initRFlags { none, INITR\_GREENTAB, INITR\_REDTAB, INITR\_BLACKTAB } some flags for ST7735\_InitR()

#### **Functions**

void ST7735\_InitB (void)

Initialization for ST7735B screens.

void ST7735\_InitR (enum initRFlags option)

Initialization for ST7735R screens (green or red tabs).

void ST7735\_DrawPixel (int16\_t x, int16\_t y, uint16\_t color)

Color the pixel at the given coordinates with the given color. Requires 13 bytes of transmission.

• void ST7735\_DrawFastVLine (int16\_t x, int16\_t y, int16\_t h, uint16\_t color)

Draw a vertical line at the given coordinates with the given height and color. A vertical line is parallel to the longer side of the rectangular display Requires (11 + 2\*h) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen)

void ST7735\_DrawFastHLine (int16\_t x, int16\_t y, int16\_t w, uint16\_t color)

Draw a horizontal line at the given coordinates with the given width and color. A horizontal line is parallel to the shorter side of the rectangular display Requires (11 + 2\*w) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen)

• void ST7735 FillScreen (uint16 t color)

Fill the screen with the given color. Requires 40,971 bytes of transmission.

void ST7735\_FillRect (int16\_t x, int16\_t y, int16\_t w, int16\_t h, uint16\_t color)

Draw a filled rectangle at the given coordinates with the given width, height, and color. Requires (11 + 2\*w\*h) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen)

• uint16 t ST7735 Color565 (uint8 t r, uint8 t g, uint8 t b)

Pass 8-bit (each) R,G,B and get back 16-bit packed color.

uint16\_t ST7735\_SwapColor (uint16\_t x)

Swaps the red and blue values of the given 16-bit packed color; green is unchanged.

• void ST7735 DrawBitmap (int16 t x, int16 t y, const uint16 t \*image, int16 t w, int16 t h)

Displays a 16-bit color BMP image. A bitmap file that is created by a PC image processing program has a header and may be padded with dummy columns so the data have four byte alignment. This function assumes that all of that has been stripped out, and the array image[] has one 16-bit halfword for each pixel to be displayed on the screen (encoded in reverse order, which is standard for bitmap files). An array can be created in this format from a 24-bit-per-pixel .bmp file using the associated converter program. (x,y) is the screen location of the lower left corner of BMP image Requires (11 + 2\*w\*h) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen) Must be less than or equal to 128 pixels wide by 160 pixels high.

void ST7735 DrawCharS (int16 t x, int16 t y, char c, int16 t textColor, int16 t bgColor, uint8 t size)

Simple character draw function. This is the same function from Adafruit\_GFX.c but adapted for this processor. However, each call to ST7735\_DrawPixel() calls setAddrWindow(), which needs to send many extra data and commands. If the background color is the same as the text color, no background will be printed, and text can be drawn right over existing images without covering them with a box. Requires (11 + 2\*size\*size)\*6\*8 (image fully on screen; textcolor != bgColor)

void ST7735\_DrawChar (int16\_t x, int16\_t y, char c, int16\_t textColor, int16\_t bgColor, uint8\_t size)

Advanced character draw function. This is similar to the function from Adafruit\_GFX.c but adapted for this processor. However, this function only uses one call to setAddrWindow(), which allows it to run at least twice as fast. Requires (11 + size\*size\*6\*8) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen)

uint32\_t ST7735\_DrawString (uint16\_t x, uint16\_t y, char \*pt, int16\_t textColor, int16\_t bgColor)

String draw function. 16 rows (0 to 15) and 21 characters (0 to 20) Requires (11 + size\*size\*6\*8) bytes of transmission for each character If bgColor is same as textColor, no background will be filled in for chars.

void ST7735\_SetCursor (uint32\_t newX, uint32\_t newY)

Move the cursor to the desired X- and Y-position. The next character will be printed here. X=0 is the leftmost column. Y=0 is the top row.

void ST7735\_OutUDec (uint32\_t n)

Output a 32-bit number in unsigned decimal format Position determined by ST7735\_SetCursor command Color set by ST7735\_SetTextColor.

void ST7735\_SetRotation (uint8\_t m)

Change the image rotation. Requires 2 bytes of transmission.

void ST7735\_InvertDisplay (int i)

Send the command to invert all of the colors. Requires 1 byte of transmission.

void ST7735\_PlotClear (int32\_t ymin, int32\_t ymax)

Clear the graphics buffer, set X coordinate to 0 This routine clears the display.

void ST7735 PlotPoint (int32 t y)

Used in the voltage versus time plot, plot one point at y It does output to display.

void ST7735\_PlotLine (int32\_t y)

Used in the voltage versus time plot, plot line to new point It does output to display.

void ST7735\_PlotPoints (int32\_t y1, int32\_t y2)

Used in the voltage versus time plot, plot two points at y1, y2 It does output to display.

void ST7735\_PlotBar (int32\_t y)

Used in the voltage versus time bar, plot one bar at y It does not output to display until RIT128x96x4ShowPlot called.

void ST7735 PlotdBfs (int32 t y)

Used in the amplitude versus frequency plot, plot bar point at y 0 to 0.625V scaled on a log plot from min to max It does output to display.

void ST7735\_PlotNext (void)

Used in all the plots to step the X coordinate one pixel X steps from 0 to 127, then back to 0 again It does not output to display.

void ST7735\_PlotNextErase (void)

Used in all the plots to step the X coordinate one pixel X steps from 0 to 127, then back to 0 again It clears the vertical space into which the next pixel will be drawn.

• void ST7735\_OutChar (char ch)

Output one character to the LCD Position determined by ST7735\_SetCursor command Color set by ST7735\_Set← TextColor.

void ST7735\_OutString (char \*ptr)

Print a string of characters to the ST7735 LCD. Position determined by ST7735\_SetCursor command Color set by ST7735\_SetTextColor The string will not automatically wrap.

void ST7735 SetTextColor (uint16 t color)

Sets the color in which the characters will be printed Background color is fixed at black.

void Output Init (void)

Standard device driver initialization function for printf Initialize ST7735 LCD.

void Output Clear (void)

Clear display.

void Output\_Off (void)

Turn off display (low power)

void Output\_On (void)

Turn on display.

void Output Color (uint32 t newColor)

set the color for future output Background color is fixed at black

void ST7735 Message (int device, int line, char \*string, int32 t value)

Display a string and number on one of two logical displays at a given line number relative to that display. The LCD display is logically divided into two displays: top and bottom. These logical displays are identified with a device ID. Device 0 is the top display, device 1 is the bottom display. Each logical device has 4 lines, numbered 0 to 3. Prints in black text on a white background. This function is not (yet) reentrant.

## 4.9.1 Detailed Description

This is a library for the Adafruit 1.8" SPI display.

# 4.9.2 Function Documentation

4.9.2.1 void Output\_Color ( uint32\_t newColor )

set the color for future output Background color is fixed at black

#### **Parameters**

newColor 16-bit packed color

4.9.2.2 uint16\_t ST7735\_Color565 ( uint8\_t r, uint8\_t g, uint8\_t b )

Pass 8-bit (each) R,G,B and get back 16-bit packed color.

# **Parameters**

r red value

#### **Parameters**

g	green value
b	blue value

#### Returns

uint16\_t 16-bit color

4.9.2.3 void ST7735\_DrawBitmap (int16\_t x, int16\_t y, const uint16\_t \* image, int16\_t w, int16\_t h)

Displays a 16-bit color BMP image. A bitmap file that is created by a PC image processing program has a header and may be padded with dummy columns so the data have four byte alignment. This function assumes that all of that has been stripped out, and the array image[] has one 16-bit halfword for each pixel to be displayed on the screen (encoded in reverse order, which is standard for bitmap files). An array can be created in this format from a 24-bit-per-pixel .bmp file using the associated converter program. (x,y) is the screen location of the lower left corner of BMP image Requires (11 + 2\*w\*h) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen) Must be less than or equal to 128 pixels wide by 160 pixels high.

#### **Parameters**

X	horizontal position of the bottom left corner of the image, columns from the left edge
У	vertical position of the bottom left corner of the image, rows from the top edge
image	pointer to a 16-bit color BMP image
W	number of pixels wide
h	number of pixels tall

4.9.2.4 void ST7735\_DrawChar (int16\_t x, int16\_t y, char c, int16\_t textColor, int16\_t bgColor, uint8\_t size )

Advanced character draw function. This is similar to the function from Adafruit\_GFX.c but adapted for this processor. However, this function only uses one call to setAddrWindow(), which allows it to run at least twice as fast. Requires (11 + size\*size\*6\*8) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen)

#### **Parameters**

X	horizontal position of the top left corner of the character, columns from the left edge
у	vertical position of the top left corner of the character, rows from the top edge
С	character to be printed
textColor	16-bit color of the character
bgColor	16-bit color of the background
size	number of pixels per character pixel (e.g. size==2 prints each pixel of font as 2x2 square)

4.9.2.5 void ST7735 DrawCharS ( int16 t x, int16 t y, char c, int16 t textColor, int16 t bgColor, uint8 t size )

Simple character draw function. This is the same function from Adafruit\_GFX.c but adapted for this processor. However, each call to ST7735\_DrawPixel() calls setAddrWindow(), which needs to send many extra data and commands. If the background color is the same as the text color, no background will be printed, and text can be drawn

right over existing images without covering them with a box. Requires (11 + 2\*size\*size)\*6\*8 (image fully on screen; textcolor != bgColor)

#### **Parameters**

X	horizontal position of the top left corner of the character, columns from the left edge
У	vertical position of the top left corner of the character, rows from the top edge
С	character to be printed
textColor	16-bit color of the character
bgColor	16-bit color of the background
size	number of pixels per character pixel (e.g. size==2 prints each pixel of font as 2x2 square)

4.9.2.6 void ST7735\_DrawFastHLine ( int16\_t x, int16\_t y, int16\_t w, uint16\_t color )

Draw a horizontal line at the given coordinates with the given width and color. A horizontal line is parallel to the shorter side of the rectangular display Requires (11 + 2\*w) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen)

#### **Parameters**

X	horizontal position of the start of the line, columns from the left edge
У	vertical position of the start of the line, rows from the top edge
W	horizontal width of the line
color	16-bit color, which can be produced by ST7735_Color565()

4.9.2.7 void ST7735\_DrawFastVLine ( int16\_t x, int16\_t y, int16\_t h, uint16\_t color )

Draw a vertical line at the given coordinates with the given height and color. A vertical line is parallel to the longer side of the rectangular display Requires (11 + 2\*h) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen)

#### **Parameters**

Х	horizontal position of the start of the line, columns from the left edge
У	vertical position of the start of the line, rows from the top edge
h	vertical height of the line
color	16-bit color, which can be produced by ST7735_Color565()

4.9.2.8 void ST7735\_DrawPixel ( int16\_t x, int16\_t y, uint16\_t color )

Color the pixel at the given coordinates with the given color. Requires 13 bytes of transmission.

## **Parameters**

X	horizontal position of the pixel, columns from the left edge must be less than 128 0 is on the left, 126 is near the right
У	vertical position of the pixel, rows from the top edge must be less than 160 159 is near the wires, 0 is the side opposite the wires
color	16-bit color, which can be produced by ST7735_Color565()

4.9.2.9 uint32\_t ST7735\_DrawString ( uint16\_t x, uint16\_t y, char \* pt, int16\_t textColor, int16\_t bgColor )

String draw function. 16 rows (0 to 15) and 21 characters (0 to 20) Requires (11 + size\*size\*6\*8) bytes of transmission for each character If bgColor is same as textColor, no background will be filled in for chars.

## **Parameters**

X	columns from the left edge (0 to 20)
У	rows from the top edge (0 to 15)
pt	pointer to a null terminated string to be printed
textColor	16-bit color of the characters
bgColor	16-bit color of the background

#### Returns

uint32 t number of characters printed

4.9.2.10 void ST7735\_FillRect ( int16\_t x, int16\_t y, int16\_t w, int16\_t h, uint16\_t color )

Draw a filled rectangle at the given coordinates with the given width, height, and color. Requires (11 + 2\*w\*h) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen)

## **Parameters**

Χ	horizontal position of the top left corner of the rectangle, columns from the left edge
У	vertical position of the top left corner of the rectangle, rows from the top edge
W	horizontal width of the rectangle
h	vertical height of the rectangle
color	16-bit color, which can be produced by ST7735_Color565()

4.9.2.11 void ST7735\_FillScreen ( uint16\_t color )

Fill the screen with the given color. Requires 40,971 bytes of transmission.

# **Parameters**

color	16-bit color, which can be produced by ST7735_Color565()
-------	--

4.9.2.12 void ST7735\_InitR ( enum initRFlags option )

Initialization for ST7735R screens (green or red tabs).

# Parameters

initRFlags	one of the enumerated options depending on tabs
min ii iago	one of the chamerated options depending on tase

4.9.2.13 void ST7735\_InvertDisplay ( int *i* )

Send the command to invert all of the colors. Requires 1 byte of transmission.

#### **Parameters**

i 0 to disable inversion; non-zero to enable inversion

4.9.2.14 void ST7735\_Message ( int device, int line, char \* string, int32\_t value )

Display a string and number on one of two logical displays at a given line number relative to that display. The LCD display is logically divided into two displays: top and bottom. These logical displays are identified with a device ID. Device 0 is the top display, device 1 is the bottom display. Each logical device has 4 lines, numbered 0 to 3. Prints in black text on a white background. This function is not (yet) reentrant.

#### **Parameters**

device	Device ID, 0 or 1	
line	Line number, 0 to 3, relative to the logical display.	
string	Null-terminated string to print on the select logical display and line.	
value	Integer value printed after the string.	

4.9.2.15 void ST7735\_OutChar ( char ch )

Output one character to the LCD Position determined by ST7735\_SetCursor command Color set by ST7735\_Set← TextColor.

## **Parameters**

ch 8-bit ASCII character

4.9.2.16 void ST7735\_OutString ( char \* ptr )

Print a string of characters to the ST7735 LCD. Position determined by ST7735\_SetCursor command Color set by ST7735\_SetTextColor The string will not automatically wrap.

# **Parameters**

ptr pointer to NULL-terminated ASCII string

4.9.2.17 void ST7735\_OutUDec ( uint32\_t n )

Output a 32-bit number in unsigned decimal format Position determined by ST7735\_SetCursor command Color set by ST7735\_SetTextColor.

#### **Parameters**

n	32-bit number to be transferred
---	---------------------------------

4.9.2.18 void ST7735\_PlotBar ( int32\_t y )

Used in the voltage versus time bar, plot one bar at y lt does not output to display until RIT128x96x4ShowPlot called.

## **Parameters**

У	the y coordinate of the bar plotted
---	-------------------------------------

4.9.2.19 void ST7735\_PlotClear (int32\_t ymin, int32\_t ymax)

Clear the graphics buffer, set X coordinate to 0 This routine clears the display.

#### **Parameters**

ymin	Lower bound of plot
ymax	Upper bound of plot

4.9.2.20 void ST7735\_PlotdBfs ( int32\_t y )

Used in the amplitude versus frequency plot, plot bar point at y 0 to 0.625V scaled on a log plot from min to max It does output to display.

#### **Parameters**

```
y the y ADC value of the bar plotted
```

4.9.2.21 void ST7735\_PlotLine ( int32\_t y )

Used in the voltage versus time plot, plot line to new point It does output to display.

# **Parameters**

y the y coordinate of the point plotted

4.9.2.22 void ST7735\_PlotPoint ( int32\_t y )

Used in the voltage versus time plot, plot one point at y It does output to display.

## **Parameters**

у	the y coordinate of the point plotted
---	---------------------------------------

4.9.2.23 void ST7735\_PlotPoints ( int32\_t y1, int32\_t y2 )

Used in the voltage versus time plot, plot two points at y1, y2 It does output to display.

## **Parameters**

y1	the y coordinate of the first point plotted
<i>y</i> 2	the y coordinate of the second point plotted

4.9.2.24 void ST7735\_SetCursor ( uint32\_t newX, uint32\_t newY )

Move the cursor to the desired X- and Y-position. The next character will be printed here. X=0 is the leftmost column. Y=0 is the top row.

## **Parameters**

newX	new X-position of the cursor (0<=newX<=20)
newY	new Y-position of the cursor (0<=newY<=15)

4.9.2.25 void ST7735\_SetRotation ( uint8\_t m )

Change the image rotation. Requires 2 bytes of transmission.

#### **Parameters**

m new rotation value (0 to 3)

4.9.2.26 void ST7735\_SetTextColor ( uint16\_t color )

Sets the color in which the characters will be printed Background color is fixed at black.

# **Parameters**

color	16-bit packed color
-------	---------------------

4.9.2.27 uint16\_t ST7735\_SwapColor ( uint16\_t x )

Swaps the red and blue values of the given 16-bit packed color; green is unchanged.

#### **Parameters**

x 16-bit color in format B, G, R

#### Returns

uint16 t 16-bit color in format R, G, B

# 4.10 inc/UART.h File Reference

Runs on LM4F120/TM4C123 Use UART0 to implement bidirectional data transfer to and from a computer running HyperTerminal. This time, interrupts and FIFOs are used.

## **Macros**

- #define CR 0x0D
- #define LF 0x0A
- #define BS 0x08
- #define ESC 0x1B
- #define SP 0x20
- #define DEL 0x7F

## **Functions**

• void UART Init (void)

Initialize the UART for 115,200 baud rate (assuming 50 MHz clock), 8 bit word length, no parity bits, one stop bit, FIFOs enabled.

• char UART\_InChar (void)

Wait for new serial port input.

void UART\_OutChar (char data)

8-bit to serial port

void UART\_OutString (char \*pt)

Output String (NULL termination)

• uint32 t UART InUDec (void)

InUDec accepts ASCII input in unsigned decimal format and converts to a 32-bit unsigned number valid range is 0 to 4294967295 (2^32-1) If you enter a number above 4294967295, it will return an incorrect value Backspace will remove last digit typed.

void UART\_OutUDec (uint32\_t n)

Output a 32-bit number in unsigned decimal format.

uint32\_t UART\_InUHex (void)

Accepts ASCII input in unsigned hexadecimal (base 16) format No '\$' or '0x' need be entered, just the 1 to 8 hex digits It will convert lower case a-f to uppercase A-F and converts to a 16 bit unsigned number value range is 0 to FFFFFFFF If you enter a number above FFFFFFFF, it will return an incorrect value Backspace will remove last digit typed.

void UART\_OutUHex (uint32\_t number)

Output a 32-bit number in unsigned hexadecimal format Variable format 1 to 8 digits with no space before or after.

• void UART\_InString (char \*bufPt, uint16\_t max)

Accepts ASCII characters from the serial port and adds them to a string until <enter> is typed or until max length of the string is reached. It echoes each character as it is inputted. If a backspace is inputted, the string is modified and the backspace is echoed terminates the string with a null character uses busy-waiting synchronization on RDRF Modified by Agustinus Darmawan + Mingjie Qiu.

# 4.10.1 Detailed Description

Runs on LM4F120/TM4C123 Use UART0 to implement bidirectional data transfer to and from a computer running HyperTerminal. This time, interrupts and FIFOs are used.

**Author** 

Daniel Valvano

# 4.10.2 Function Documentation

```
4.10.2.1 char UART_InChar (void)
```

Wait for new serial port input.

Returns

char ASCII code for key typed

4.10.2.2 void UART\_InString ( char \* bufPt, uint16\_t max )

Accepts ASCII characters from the serial port and adds them to a string until <enter> is typed or until max length of the string is reached. It echoes each character as it is inputted. If a backspace is inputted, the string is modified and the backspace is echoed terminates the string with a null character uses busy-waiting synchronization on RDRF Modified by Agustinus Darmawan + Mingjie Qiu.

#### **Parameters**

buf← Pt	pointer to empty buffer
max	size of buffer

4.10.2.3 uint32\_t UART\_InUDec ( void )

InUDec accepts ASCII input in unsigned decimal format and converts to a 32-bit unsigned number valid range is 0 to 4294967295 (2<sup>32-1</sup>) If you enter a number above 4294967295, it will return an incorrect value Backspace will remove last digit typed.

Returns

uint32\_t 32-bit unsigned number

4.10.2.4 uint32\_t UART\_InUHex ( void )

Accepts ASCII input in unsigned hexadecimal (base 16) format No '\$' or '0x' need be entered, just the 1 to 8 hex digits It will convert lower case a-f to uppercase A-F and converts to a 16 bit unsigned number value range is 0 to FFFFFFFF If you enter a number above FFFFFFFF, it will return an incorrect value Backspace will remove last digit typed.

## Returns

uint32\_t 32-bit unsigned number

4.10.2.5 void UART\_OutChar ( char data )

8-bit to serial port

## **Parameters**

data letter is an 8-bit ASCII character to be transferred

4.10.2.6 void UART\_OutString ( char \* pt )

Output String (NULL termination)

#### **Parameters**

pt pointer to a NULL-terminated string to be transferred

4.10.2.7 void UART\_OutUDec ( uint32\_t n )

Output a 32-bit number in unsigned decimal format.

## **Parameters**

n 32-bit number to be transferred

4.10.2.8 void UART\_OutUHex ( uint32\_t number )

Output a 32-bit number in unsigned hexadecimal format Variable format 1 to 8 digits with no space before or after.

# **Parameters**

number 32-bit number to be transferred

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