## EE445M/EE380L Lab 2 Documentation

Generated by Doxygen 1.8.11

# **Contents**

1	Data	Struct	ure Index	1
	1.1	Data S	Structures	1
2	File	Index		3
	2.1	File Lis	st	3
3	Data	Struct	ure Documentation	5
	3.1	_tcb_s	Struct Reference	5
	3.2	Sema <sup>2</sup>	4 Struct Reference	5
4	File	Docum	entation	7
	4.1	inc/AD	OC.h File Reference	7
		4.1.1	Detailed Description	8
		4.1.2	Function Documentation	8
			4.1.2.1 ADC_Collect(uint32_t channelNum, uint32_t fs, void(*handler)(unsigned long)) .	8
			4.1.2.2 ADC_In(void)	8
			4.1.2.3 ADC_Init(uint32_t channelNum)	8
	4.2	inc/inte	erpreter.h File Reference	9
		4.2.1	Detailed Description	9
		4.2.2	Function Documentation	9
			4.2.2.1 interpreter_cmd(char *cmd_str)	9
	4.3	inc/mis	sc_macros.h File Reference	9
		4.3.1	Detailed Description	10
	4.4	inc/OS	S.h File Reference	10
		441	Detailed Description	11

iv CONTENTS

	4.4.2	Function	Documentation	12
		4.4.2.1	OS_AddPeriodicThread(void(*task)(void), unsigned long period, unsigned long priority)	12
		4.4.2.2	OS_AddSW1Task(void(*task)(void), unsigned long priority)	12
		4.4.2.3	OS_AddSW2Task(void(*task)(void), unsigned long priority)	12
		4.4.2.4	OS_AddThread(void(*task)(void), unsigned long stackSize, unsigned long priority)	13
		4.4.2.5	OS_bSignal(Sema4Type *semaPt)	13
		4.4.2.6	OS_bWait(Sema4Type *semaPt)	13
		4.4.2.7	OS_ClearMsTime(void)	13
		4.4.2.8	OS_Fifo_Get(void)	14
		4.4.2.9	OS_Fifo_Init(unsigned long size)	14
		4.4.2.10	OS_Fifo_Put(unsigned long data)	14
		4.4.2.11	OS_Fifo_Size(void)	14
		4.4.2.12	OS_ld(void)	15
		4.4.2.13	OS_Init(void)	15
		4.4.2.14	OS_InitSemaphore(Sema4Type *semaPt, long value)	15
		4.4.2.15	OS_Kill(void)	15
		4.4.2.16	OS_Launch(unsigned long theTimeSlice)	15
		4.4.2.17	OS_MailBox_Init(void)	15
		4.4.2.18	OS_MailBox_Recv(void)	16
		4.4.2.19	OS_MailBox_Send(unsigned long data)	16
		4.4.2.20	OS_MsTime(void)	16
		4.4.2.21	OS_Signal(Sema4Type *semaPt)	16
		4.4.2.22	OS_Sleep(unsigned long sleepTime)	16
		4.4.2.23	OS_Suspend(void)	17
		4.4.2.24	OS_Time(void)	17
		4.4.2.25	OS_TimeDifference(unsigned long long start, unsigned long long stop)	17
		4.4.2.26	OS_Wait(Sema4Type *semaPt)	17
4.5	inc/PLI	L.h File Re	ference	18
	4.5.1	Detailed	Description	20
	4.5.2	Function	Documentation	20

CONTENTS

		4.5.2.1	PLL_Init(uint32_t freq)	20
4.6	inc/ST	7735.h File	Reference	21
	4.6.1	Detailed	Description	23
	4.6.2	Function	Documentation	23
		4.6.2.1	Output_Color(uint32_t newColor)	23
		4.6.2.2	ST7735_Color565(uint8_t r, uint8_t g, uint8_t b)	24
		4.6.2.3	ST7735_DrawBitmap(int16_t x, int16_t y, const uint16_t *image, int16_t w, int16_t h)	24
		4.6.2.4	ST7735_DrawChar(int16_t x, int16_t y, char c, int16_t textColor, int16_t bgColor, uint8_t size)	24
		4.6.2.5	ST7735_DrawCharS(int16_t x, int16_t y, char c, int16_t textColor, int16_t bgColor, uint8_t size)	25
		4.6.2.6	ST7735_DrawFastHLine(int16_t x, int16_t y, int16_t w, uint16_t color)	25
		4.6.2.7	ST7735_DrawFastVLine(int16_t x, int16_t y, int16_t h, uint16_t color)	25
		4.6.2.8	ST7735_DrawPixel(int16_t x, int16_t y, uint16_t color)	26
		4.6.2.9	ST7735_DrawString(uint16_t x, uint16_t y, char *pt, int16_t textColor, int16_⇔ t bgColor)	26
		4.6.2.10	ST7735_FillRect(int16_t x, int16_t y, int16_t w, int16_t h, uint16_t color)	26
		4.6.2.11	ST7735_FillScreen(uint16_t color)	26
		4.6.2.12	ST7735_InitR(enum initRFlags option)	27
		4.6.2.13	ST7735_InvertDisplay(int i)	27
		4.6.2.14	ST7735_Message(int device, int line, char *string, int32_t value)	27
		4.6.2.15	ST7735_OutChar(char ch)	27
		4.6.2.16	ST7735_OutString(char *ptr)	28
		4.6.2.17	ST7735_OutUDec(uint32_t n)	28
		4.6.2.18	ST7735_PlotBar(int32_t y)	28
		4.6.2.19	ST7735_PlotClear(int32_t ymin, int32_t ymax)	28
		4.6.2.20	ST7735_PlotdBfs(int32_t y)	28
		4.6.2.21	ST7735_PlotLine(int32_t y)	29
		4.6.2.22	ST7735_PlotPoint(int32_t y)	29
		4.6.2.23	ST7735_PlotPoints(int32_t y1, int32_t y2)	29
		4.6.2.24	ST7735_SetCursor(uint32_t newX, uint32_t newY)	29

vi

		4.6.2.25	ST7735_SetRotation(uint8_t m)	29
		4.6.2.26	ST7735_SetTextColor(uint16_t color)	30
		4.6.2.27	ST7735_SwapColor(uint16_t x)	30
4.7	inc/UA	RT.h File F	Reference	30
	4.7.1	Detailed	Description	31
	4.7.2	Function	Documentation	31
		4.7.2.1	UART_InChar(void)	31
		4.7.2.2	UART_InString(char *bufPt, uint16_t max)	31
		4.7.2.3	UART_InUDec(void)	32
		4.7.2.4	UART_InUHex(void)	32
		4.7.2.5	UART_OutChar(char data)	32
		4.7.2.6	UART_OutString(char *pt)	32
		4.7.2.7	UART_OutUDec(uint32_t n)	32
		4.7.2.8	UART_OutUHex(uint32_t number)	33
Index				35

# **Chapter 1**

# **Data Structure Index**

1	.1	D:	ata	Stru	ıctı	Ires

Here are the data structures with brief descriptions:

_tcb_s								 														5
Sema4								 														5

2 Data Structure Index

# Chapter 2

# File Index

## 2.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

inc/ADC.h																																		
ADC	drive	er fo	or t	he	TN	V140	C1	23	G.	Pr	ovi	ide	s i	nte	erfa	ace	s 1	or	col	lec	tin	g s	ing	gle	sa	m	ole	s c	or a	a s	eri	es	at	а
given																																		
time.	Time	er 2	is 2	re	se	rve	d f	or	thi	s d	riv	er																						
inc/asmdefs.h																																		
inc/FIFO.h																																		
inc/ <b>hw_adc.h</b>																																		
inc/ <b>hw_aes.h</b>																																		
inc/ <b>hw_can.h</b>																																		
inc/hw_ccm.h																																		
inc/hw_comp.l																																		
inc/ <b>hw_des.h</b>																																		
inc/ <b>hw_eepron</b>	n.h																																	
inc/ <b>hw_emac.</b> ł	n .																																	
inc/ <b>hw_epi.h</b>																																		
inc/ <b>hw_ethern</b>																																		
inc/ <b>hw_fan.h</b>																																		
inc/ <b>hw_flash.h</b>	۱.																																	
inc/ <b>hw_gpio.h</b>																																		
inc/ <b>hw_hibern</b>	ate.h	า																																
inc/ <b>hw_i2c.h</b>																																		
inc/ <b>hw_i2s.h</b>																																		
inc/ <b>hw_ints.h</b>																																		
inc/ <b>hw_lcd.h</b>																																		
inc/ <b>hw_lpc.h</b>																																		
inc/ <b>hw_memm</b>	ap.h	١.																																
inc/hw_nvic.h																																		
inc/ <b>hw_peci.h</b>																																		
inc/ <b>hw_pwm.h</b>	١.																																	
inc/ <b>hw_qei.h</b>																																		
inc/ <b>hw_shamd</b>	l5.h																																	
inc/ <b>hw_ssi.h</b>																																		
inc/hw_sysctl.	h																																	
inc/hw_sysexc	.h																																	
inc/hw timer h																																		

File Index

inc/ <b>hw_types.h</b>	??
inc/hw_uart.h	??
inc/ <b>hw_udma.h</b>	??
inc/hw_usb.h	
inc/ <b>hw_watchdog.h</b>	
inc/interpreter.h	
inc/misc_macros.h	
Some helper macros	9
inc/OS.h	
Real Time Operating System for Labs 2 and 3 EE445M/EE380L.12	10
inc/PLL.h	
Runs on LM4F120/TM4C123 A software function to change the bus frequency using the PLL .	18
inc/ <b>priorityqueue.h</b>	
inc/ST7735.h	
This is a library for the Adafruit 1.8" SPI display	21
inc/Switch.h	
inc/ <b>tm4c123gh6pm.h</b>	
inc/UART.h	
Runs on LM4F120/TM4C123 Use UART0 to implement bidirectional data transfer to and from a	
computer running HyperTerminal. This time, interrupts and FIFOs are used	30

## **Chapter 3**

## **Data Structure Documentation**

## 3.1 \_tcb\_s Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for \_tcb\_s:



## **Data Fields**

- long \* **sp**
- struct <u>tcb</u>s \* next
- uint32\_t wake\_time
- unsigned long id
- uint8\_t priority
- uint32\_t period
- · unsigned long magic

magic field must contain TCB\_MAGIC for TCB to be valid

void(\* task )(void)

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• inc/OS.h

## 3.2 Sema4 Struct Reference

## **Data Fields**

• long Value

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• inc/OS.h

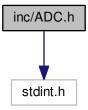
## **Chapter 4**

## **File Documentation**

## 4.1 inc/ADC.h File Reference

ADC driver for the TM4C123G. Provides interfaces for collecting single samples or a series at a given sampling frequency. Does not allow for sampling of more than one channel at any given time. Timer 2 is reserved for this driver.

#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for ADC.h:



## **Functions**

- int ADC\_Init (uint32\_t channelNum)
  - Configure an ADC channel for continuous sampling. Retrieve measurements from this channel with ADC\_In().
- uint16\_t ADC\_In (void)
  - Returns the most recent sample collected by the channel configured in ADC\_Init(...)
- int ADC Collect (uint32 t channelNum, uint32 t fs, void(\*handler)(unsigned long))
  - Kick off collection of a sequence of samples to be passed to a user-provided handler. The ADC and Timer will be configured to collect samples at frequency fs.

## 4.1.1 Detailed Description

ADC driver for the TM4C123G. Provides interfaces for collecting single samples or a series at a given sampling frequency. Does not allow for sampling of more than one channel at any given time. Timer 2 is reserved for this driver.

#### Author

Riley Wood and Jeageun Jung

## 4.1.2 Function Documentation

4.1.2.1 int ADC\_Collect ( uint32\_t channelNum, uint32\_t fs, void(\*)(unsigned long) handler )

Kick off collection of a sequence of samples to be passed to a user-provided handler. The ADC and Timer will be configured to collect samples at frequency fs.

#### **Parameters**

channelNum	ADC channel to sample
fs	Sampling frequency
handler	Function which will be passed each sample as it is collected.

#### Returns

int 0 on success, -1 on failure.

#### 4.1.2.2 uint16\_t ADC\_In ( void )

Returns the most recent sample collected by the channel configured in ADC\_Init(...)

If the channel has not finished collecting its first sample, this function returns 0xFFFF.

If you call this rapidly, faster than the ADC samples, this function may repeat values (since it always returns the most recent).

#### Returns

uint16\_t The conversion result

#### 4.1.2.3 int ADC\_Init ( uint32\_t channelNum )

Configure an ADC channel for continuous sampling. Retrieve measurements from this channel with ADC\_In().

## **Parameters**

channelNum	The channel to set up
------------	-----------------------

#### Returns

int 0 on success, -1 on failure.

## 4.2 inc/interpreter.h File Reference

## **Functions**

void interpreter\_task (void)

OS Task that sends characters to the interpreter.

void interpreter\_cmd (char \*cmd\_str)

Pass user input to the interpreter and act on their command.

## 4.2.1 Detailed Description

List of commands

- · adc
  - Prints 2 consecutive ADC samples of channel 0 to the LCD and UART0
- Icd
  - Prints strings on each line of each logical display on the LCD.

## 4.2.2 Function Documentation

4.2.2.1 void interpreter\_cmd ( char \* cmd\_str )

Pass user input to the interpreter and act on their command.

#### **Parameters**

## 4.3 inc/misc\_macros.h File Reference

Some helper macros.

#### **Macros**

• #define lengthof(array) (sizeof(array)/sizeof((array)[0]))

Get the number of elements in an array.

• #define zeroes(array) memset(array, 0, sizeof(array))

Zeroes out an array.

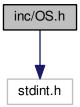
## 4.3.1 Detailed Description

Some helper macros.

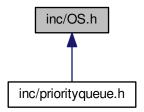
## 4.4 inc/OS.h File Reference

Real Time Operating System for Labs 2 and 3 EE445M/EE380L.12.

#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for OS.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Data Structures**

- struct \_tcb\_s
- struct Sema4

#### **Macros**

- #define TIME\_1MS 80000
- #define TIME\_2MS (2 \* TIME\_1MS)
- #define **TIME\_500US** (TIME\_1MS / 2)
- #define **TIME\_250US** (TIME\_1MS / 4)
- #define TASK\_STACK\_SIZE 128
- #define TCB\_MAGIC (0x900d900d)

## **Typedefs**

- typedef struct <u>tcb\_s</u> tcb\_t
- typedef struct Sema4 Sema4Type

#### **Functions**

- void OS Init (void)
- void OS InitSemaphore (Sema4Type \*semaPt, long value)
- void OS Wait (Sema4Type \*semaPt)
- void OS\_Signal (Sema4Type \*semaPt)
- void OS\_bWait (Sema4Type \*semaPt)
- void OS\_bSignal (Sema4Type \*semaPt)
- int OS\_AddThread (void(\*task)(void), unsigned long stackSize, unsigned long priority)
- unsigned long OS Id (void)
- int OS AddPeriodicThread (void(\*task)(void), unsigned long period, unsigned long priority)
- int OS AddSW1Task (void(\*task)(void), unsigned long priority)
- int OS\_AddSW2Task (void(\*task)(void), unsigned long priority)
- void OS\_Sleep (unsigned long sleepTime)
- void OS\_Kill (void)
- void OS\_Suspend (void)
- void OS Fifo Init (unsigned long size)
- int OS Fifo Put (unsigned long data)
- unsigned long OS\_Fifo\_Get (void)
- long OS\_Fifo\_Size (void)
- void OS\_MailBox\_Init (void)
- void OS\_MailBox\_Send (unsigned long data)
- unsigned long OS\_MailBox\_Recv (void)
- unsigned long long OS\_Time (void)
- unsigned long long OS\_TimeDifference (unsigned long long start, unsigned long long stop)
- void OS ClearMsTime (void)
- unsigned long OS MsTime (void)
- void OS Launch (unsigned long theTimeSlice)
- long StartCritical (void)
- void EndCritical (long sr)
- · void DisableInterrupts (void)
- void EnableInterrupts (void)

#### 4.4.1 Detailed Description

Real Time Operating System for Labs 2 and 3 EE445M/EE380L.12.

RTOS kernel capable of round-robin scheduling, up to 2 low-jitter periodic tasks.

Reserves WTIMER1A and B for periodic task scheduling. Reserves SysTick timer for round-robin scheduling. Reserves WTIMER0 as a 64-bit time source.

Interface by Jonathan W. Valvano 2/20/17, <a href="mail:utexas.edu">valvano@mail.utexas.edu</a> Implementation by Riley Wood and Jeageun Jung

#### **Author**

Riley Wood and Jeageun Jung

## 4.4.2 Function Documentation

4.4.2.1 int OS\_AddPeriodicThread (void(\*)(void) task, unsigned long period, unsigned long priority)

Add a background periodic task. Typically this function receives the highest priority You are free to select the time resolution for this function It is assumed that the user task will run to completion and return This task can not spin, block, loop, sleep, or kill This task can call OS\_Signal OS\_bSignal OS\_AddThread This task does not have a Thread ID In lab 2, this command will be called 0 or 1 times In lab 2, the priority field can be ignored In lab 3, this command will be called 0 1 or 2 times In lab 3, there will be up to four background threads, and this priority field determines the relative priority of these four threads

#### **Parameters**

pointer	to a void/void background function
period	given in system time units (12.5ns)
priority	0 is the highest, 5 is the lowest

#### Returns

1 if successful, 0 if this thread can not be added

4.4.2.2 int OS\_AddSW1Task (void(\*)(void) task, unsigned long priority)

add a background task to run whenever the SW1 (PF4) button is pushed

#### **Parameters**

pointer	to a void/void background function
priority	0 is the highest, 5 is the lowest

#### Returns

1 if successful, 0 if this thread can not be added It is assumed that the user task will run to completion and return This task can not spin, block, loop, sleep, or kill This task can call OS\_Signal OS\_bSignal OS\_Add⇔ Thread This task does not have a Thread ID In labs 2 and 3, this command will be called 0 or 1 times In lab 2, the priority field can be ignored In lab 3, there will be up to four background threads, and this priority field determines the relative priority of these four threads

4.4.2.3 int OS\_AddSW2Task ( void(\*)(void) task, unsigned long priority )

add a background task to run whenever the SW2 (PF0) button is pushed

#### **Parameters**

pointer	to a void/void background function
priority	0 is highest, 5 is lowest

#### Returns

1 if successful, 0 if this thread can not be added It is assumed user task will run to completion and return This task can not spin block loop sleep or kill This task can call issue OS\_Signal, it can call OS\_AddThread This task does not have a Thread ID In lab 2, this function can be ignored In lab 3, this command will be called will be called 0 or 1 times In lab 3, there will be up to four background threads, and this priority field determines the relative priority of these four threads

4.4.2.4 int OS\_AddThread ( void(\*)(void) task, unsigned long stackSize, unsigned long priority )

add a foregound thread to the scheduler stack size must be divisable by 8 (aligned to double word boundary) In Lab 2, you can ignore both the stackSize and priority fields In Lab 3, you can ignore the stackSize fields

#### **Parameters**

task	Task function
stackSize	Size of the stack in bytes. Should be divisible by 8
priority	Priority of the task. 0 is highest, 5 is lowest.

#### Returns

1 if successful, 0 if this thread can not be added

4.4.2.5 void OS\_bSignal ( Sema4Type \* semaPt )

Lab2 spinlock, set to 1 Lab3 wakeup blocked thread if appropriate

## **Parameters**

sema⇔	pointer to a binary semaphore
Pt	

4.4.2.6 void OS\_bWait ( Sema4Type \* semaPt )

Lab2 spinlock, set to 0 Lab3 block if less than zero

#### **Parameters**

sema⇔	pointer to a binary semaphore
Pt	

4.4.2.7 void OS\_ClearMsTime (void)

Sets the system time to zero (from Lab 1). You are free to change how this works.

#### Returns

none

4.4.2.8 unsigned long OS\_Fifo\_Get (void )

Remove one data sample from the Fifo. Called in foreground, will spin/block if empty

#### Returns

data

4.4.2.9 void OS\_Fifo\_Init ( unsigned long size )

Initialize the Fifo to be empty. In Lab 2, you can ignore the size field. In Lab 3, you should implement the user-defined fifo size. In Lab 3, you can put whatever restrictions you want on size e.g., 4 to 64 elements e.g., must be a power of 2,4,8,16,32,64,128

#### **Parameters**

```
size Size of the fifo
```

#### Returns

none

4.4.2.10 int OS\_Fifo\_Put ( unsigned long data )

Enter one data sample into the Fifo. Called from the background, so no waiting. Since this is called by interrupt handlers this function can not disable or enable interrupts.

#### **Parameters**

data Data to put in th	ne FIFO
------------------------	---------

#### Returns

true if data is properly saved, false if data not saved, because it was full

4.4.2.11 long OS\_Fifo\_Size (void)

Check the status of the Fifo.

#### Returns

returns the number of elements in the Fifo. Greater than zero if a call to OS\_Fifo\_Get will return right away, zero or less than zero if the Fifo is empty, zero or less than zero if a call to OS\_Fifo\_Get will spin or block

```
4.4.2.12 unsigned long OS_ld (void)
```

returns the thread ID for the currently running thread

Returns

Thread ID, number greater than zero

```
4.4.2.13 void OS_Init ( void )
```

initialize operating system, disable interrupts until OS\_Launch initialize OS controlled I/O: serial, ADC, systick, LaunchPad I/O and timers

```
4.4.2.14 void OS_InitSemaphore ( Sema4Type * semaPt, long value )
```

initialize semaphore

#### **Parameters**

sema⇔	pointer to a semaphore
Pt	

4.4.2.15 void OS\_Kill ( void )

kill the currently running thread, release its TCB and stack

4.4.2.16 void OS\_Launch ( unsigned long theTimeSlice )

Start the scheduler, enable interrupts. In Lab 2, you can ignore the theTimeSlice field. In Lab 3, you should implement the user-defined TimeSlice field. It is ok to limit the range of theTimeSlice to match the 24-bit SysTick.

## Parameters

	theTimeSlice	number of 12.5ns clock cycles for each time slice
--	--------------	---

## Returns

none (does not return)

4.4.2.17 void OS\_MailBox\_Init (void)

Initialize communication channel

Returns

none

```
4.4.2.18 unsigned long OS_MailBox_Recv (void)
```

Remove mail from the MailBox. This function will be called from a foreground thread. It will spin/block if the MailBox is empty.

#### Returns

data received

4.4.2.19 void OS\_MailBox\_Send ( unsigned long data )

Enter mail into the MailBox. This function will be called from a foreground thread. It will spin/block if the MailBox contains data not yet received

#### **Parameters**

#### Returns

none

4.4.2.20 unsigned long OS\_MsTime (void)

Reads the current time in msec (from Lab 1). You are free to select the time resolution for this function. It is ok to make the resolution to match the first call to OS\_AddPeriodicThread.

#### Returns

time in ms units

4.4.2.21 void OS\_Signal ( Sema4Type \* semaPt )

increment semaphore Lab2 spinlock Lab3 wakeup blocked thread if appropriate

## Parameters

sema⇔	pointer to a counting semaphore
Pt	

4.4.2.22 void OS\_Sleep ( unsigned long sleepTime )

Place this thread into a dormant state. You are free to select the time resolution for this function. OS\_Sleep(0) implements cooperative multitasking.

#### **Parameters**

sleepTime	number of msec to sleep
-----------	-------------------------

4.4.2.23 void OS\_Suspend (void)

suspend execution of currently running thread. scheduler will choose another thread to execute. Can be used to implement cooperative multitasking. Same function as OS\_Sleep(0).

4.4.2.24 unsigned long long OS\_Time (void)

Return the system time in system time units (12.5ns)

#### Returns

time in 12.5ns units, 0 to 4294967295

4.4.2.25 unsigned long long OS\_TimeDifference ( unsigned long long start, unsigned long long stop )

Calculates difference between two times. The time resolution should be less than or equal to 1us, and the precision at least 12 bits. It is ok to change the resolution and precision of this function as long as this function and OS\_Time have the same resolution and precision.

#### **Parameters**

start	Start time measured with OS_Time
stop	Stop time measured with OS_Time

## Returns

time difference in 12.5ns units

4.4.2.26 void OS\_Wait ( Sema4Type \* semaPt )

decrement semaphore Lab2 spinlock Lab3 block if less than zero

#### **Parameters**

sema⇔	pointer to a counting semaphore
Pt	

## 4.5 inc/PLL.h File Reference

Runs on LM4F120/TM4C123 A software function to change the bus frequency using the PLL.

#### Macros

- #define Bus80MHz 4
- #define Bus80\_000MHz 4
- #define Bus66\_667MHz 5
- #define Bus50 000MHz 7
- #define Bus50MHz 7
- #define Bus44 444MHz 8
- #define Bus40 000MHz 9
- #define Bus40MHz 9
- #define Bus36 364MHz 10
- #define Bus33\_333MHz 11
- #define Bus30 769MHz 12
- #define Bus28\_571MHz 13
- #define Bus26\_667MHz 14
- #define Bus25\_000MHz 15
- #define Bus25MHz 15
- #define Bus23 529MHz 16
- #define Bus22\_22MHz 17
- #define Bus21\_053MHz 18
- #define Bus20\_000MHz 19
- #define Bus20MHz 19
- #define Bus19\_048MHz 20
- #define Bus18\_182MHz 21
- #define Bus17\_391MHz 22
- #define Bus16\_667MHz 23
- #define Bus16 000MHz 24
- #define Bus16MHz 24
- #define Bus15 385MHz 25
- #define Bus14\_815MHz 26
- #define Bus14 286MHz 27
- #define Bus13\_793MHz 28
- #define Bus13\_333MHz 29
- #define Bus12 903MHz 30
- #define Bus12 500MHz 31
- #define Bus12 121MHz 32
- #define Bus11\_765MHz 33
- #define **Bus11 429MHz** 34
- #define **Bus11\_111MHz** 35
- #define **Bus10\_811MHz** 36
- #define Bus10 526MHz 37
- #define **Bus10 256MHz** 38
- #define **Bus10 000MHz** 39
- #define Bus10MHz 39
- #define Bus9\_756MHz 40
- #define Bus9 524MHz 41
- #define Bus9\_302MHz 42
- #define Bus9 091MHz 43
- #define Bus8\_889MHz 44

- #define Bus8 696MHz 45
- #define Bus8 511MHz 46
- #define Bus8\_333MHz 47
- #define Bus8 163MHz 48
- #define Bus8 000MHz 49
- #define Bus8MHz 49
- #define Bus7\_843MHz 50
- #define Bus7\_692MHz 51
- #define Bus7\_547MHz 52
- #define Bus7\_407MHz 53
- #define Bus7\_273MHz 54
- #define Bus7\_143MHz 55
- #define **Bus7\_018MHz** 56
- #define Bus6 897MHz 57
- #define **Bus6\_780MHz** 58
- #define Bus6 667MHz 59
- #define Bus6 557MHz 60
- #define Bus6 452MHz 61
- #define Bus6 349MHz 62
- #define Bus6 250MHz 63
- #define Bus6\_154MHz 64
- #define Bus6 061MHz 65
- #define Bus5 970MHz 66
- #define Bus5\_882MHz 67
- #define Bus5 797MHz 68
- ....
- #define Bus5\_714MHz 69#define Bus5\_634MHz 70
- #define Bus5 556MHz 71
- #define **Bus5 479MHz** 72
- #define Bus5\_479MHz 72
   #define Bus5\_405MHz 73
- #define **Bus5\_333MHz** 74
- #define buss\_ssswiftz /-
- #define Bus5\_263MHz 75#define Bus5\_195MHz 76
- #define **Bus5 128MHz** 77
- #define Bus5 063MHz 78
- #define Bus5 000MHz 79
- #define Bus4 938MHz 80
- #define Bus4 878MHz 81
- #define Bus4\_819MHz 82
- #define Bus4\_762MHz 83
- #define Bus4 706MHz 84
- #define Bus4\_651MHz 85
- #define Bus4\_598MHz 86
- #define Bus4\_545MHz 87
- #define Bus4\_494MHz 88
- #define Bus4\_444MHz 89#define Bus4\_396MHz 90
- #define Bus4\_348MHz 91
- #define **Bus4\_301MHz** 92
- #define Bus4\_255MHz 93
- #define Bus4 211MHz 94
- #define Bus4\_167MHz 95
- #define Bus4\_124MHz 96
- #define Bus4 082MHz 97
- #define Bus4\_040MHz 98

- #define Bus4\_000MHz 99
- #define Bus4MHz 99
- #define Bus3\_960MHz 100
- #define Bus3\_922MHz 101
- #define Bus3 883MHz 102
- #define Bus3 846MHz 103
- #define Bus3 810MHz 104
- #define **Bus3\_774MHz** 105
- #define Bus3\_738MHz 106
- #define Bus3\_704MHz 107
- #define Bus3\_670MHz 108
- #define Bus3 636MHz 109
- #define Bus3\_604MHz 110
- #define Bus3\_571MHz 111
- #define Bus3\_540MHz 112
- #define Bus3\_509MHz 113
- #define Bus3 478MHz 114
- #define **Bus3\_448MHz** 115
- #define Bus3\_448MHz 116
- .....
- #define **Bus3\_390MHz** 117
- #define **Bus3\_361MHz** 118
- #define Bus3\_333MHz 119#define Bus3\_306MHz 120
- #define **Bus3 279MHz** 121
- #define Bus3\_279MHz 121
   #define Bus3\_252MHz 122
- #define **Bus3\_226MHz** 123
- #define Buso\_Ezoluliz 120
- #define Bus3\_200MHz 124#define Bus3\_175MHz 125
- #define Bus3 150MHz 126
- #define Bus3\_125MHz 127

#### **Functions**

• void PLL\_Init (uint32\_t freq)

configure the system to get its clock from the PLL

## 4.5.1 Detailed Description

Runs on LM4F120/TM4C123 A software function to change the bus frequency using the PLL.

**Author** 

Daniel Valvano

#### 4.5.2 Function Documentation

4.5.2.1 void PLL\_Init ( uint32\_t freq )

configure the system to get its clock from the PLL

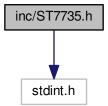
#### **Parameters**

freq Macro defined in PLL.h to choose frequency

## 4.6 inc/ST7735.h File Reference

This is a library for the Adafruit 1.8" SPI display.

#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for ST7735.h:



## Macros

- #define ST7735\_TFTWIDTH 128
- #define ST7735\_TFTHEIGHT 160
- #define ST7735\_BLACK 0x0000
- #define **ST7735\_BLUE** 0xF800
- #define **ST7735\_RED** 0x001F
- #define **ST7735\_GREEN** 0x07E0
- #define ST7735\_CYAN 0xFFE0
- #define ST7735\_MAGENTA 0xF81F
- #define ST7735\_YELLOW 0x07FF
- #define ST7735\_WHITE 0xFFFF

#### **Enumerations**

enum initRFlags { none, INITR\_GREENTAB, INITR\_REDTAB, INITR\_BLACKTAB }
 some flags for ST7735\_InitR()

#### **Functions**

• void ST7735 InitB (void)

Initialization for ST7735B screens.

void ST7735\_InitR (enum initRFlags option)

Initialization for ST7735R screens (green or red tabs).

void ST7735\_DrawPixel (int16\_t x, int16\_t y, uint16\_t color)

Color the pixel at the given coordinates with the given color. Requires 13 bytes of transmission.

void ST7735\_DrawFastVLine (int16\_t x, int16\_t y, int16\_t h, uint16\_t color)

Draw a vertical line at the given coordinates with the given height and color. A vertical line is parallel to the longer side of the rectangular display Requires (11 + 2\*h) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen)

void ST7735\_DrawFastHLine (int16\_t x, int16\_t y, int16\_t w, uint16\_t color)

Draw a horizontal line at the given coordinates with the given width and color. A horizontal line is parallel to the shorter side of the rectangular display Requires (11 + 2\*w) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen)

• void ST7735\_FillScreen (uint16\_t color)

Fill the screen with the given color. Requires 40,971 bytes of transmission.

void ST7735\_FillRect (int16\_t x, int16\_t y, int16\_t w, int16\_t h, uint16\_t color)

Draw a filled rectangle at the given coordinates with the given width, height, and color. Requires (11 + 2\*w\*h) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen)

• uint16 t ST7735 Color565 (uint8 t r, uint8 t g, uint8 t b)

Pass 8-bit (each) R,G,B and get back 16-bit packed color.

uint16\_t ST7735\_SwapColor (uint16\_t x)

Swaps the red and blue values of the given 16-bit packed color; green is unchanged.

• void ST7735 DrawBitmap (int16 t x, int16 t y, const uint16 t \*image, int16 t w, int16 t h)

Displays a 16-bit color BMP image. A bitmap file that is created by a PC image processing program has a header and may be padded with dummy columns so the data have four byte alignment. This function assumes that all of that has been stripped out, and the array image[] has one 16-bit halfword for each pixel to be displayed on the screen (encoded in reverse order, which is standard for bitmap files). An array can be created in this format from a 24-bit-per-pixel .bmp file using the associated converter program. (x,y) is the screen location of the lower left corner of BMP image Requires (11 + 2\*w\*h) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen) Must be less than or equal to 128 pixels wide by 160 pixels high.

• void ST7735\_DrawCharS (int16\_t x, int16\_t y, char c, int16\_t textColor, int16\_t bgColor, uint8\_t size)

Simple character draw function. This is the same function from Adafruit\_GFX.c but adapted for this processor. However, each call to ST7735\_DrawPixel() calls setAddrWindow(), which needs to send many extra data and commands. If the background color is the same as the text color, no background will be printed, and text can be drawn right over existing images without covering them with a box. Requires (11 + 2\*size\*size)\*6\*8 (image fully on screen; textcolor != bgColor)

• void ST7735\_DrawChar (int16\_t x, int16\_t y, char c, int16\_t textColor, int16\_t bgColor, uint8\_t size)

Advanced character draw function. This is similar to the function from Adafruit\_GFX.c but adapted for this processor. However, this function only uses one call to setAddrWindow(), which allows it to run at least twice as fast. Requires (11 + size\*size\*6\*8) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen)

uint32\_t ST7735\_DrawString (uint16\_t x, uint16\_t y, char \*pt, int16\_t textColor, int16\_t bgColor)

String draw function. 16 rows (0 to 15) and 21 characters (0 to 20) Requires (11 + size\*size\*6\*8) bytes of transmission for each character If bgColor is same as textColor, no background will be filled in for chars.

void ST7735\_SetCursor (uint32\_t newX, uint32\_t newY)

Move the cursor to the desired X- and Y-position. The next character will be printed here. X=0 is the leftmost column. Y=0 is the top row.

void ST7735 OutUDec (uint32 t n)

Output a 32-bit number in unsigned decimal format Position determined by ST7735\_SetCursor command Color set by ST7735\_SetTextColor.

void ST7735\_SetRotation (uint8\_t m)

Change the image rotation. Requires 2 bytes of transmission.

void ST7735 InvertDisplay (int i)

Send the command to invert all of the colors. Requires 1 byte of transmission.

void ST7735\_PlotClear (int32\_t ymin, int32\_t ymax)

Clear the graphics buffer, set X coordinate to 0 This routine clears the display.

void ST7735\_PlotPoint (int32\_t y)

Used in the voltage versus time plot, plot one point at y lt does output to display.

void ST7735 PlotLine (int32 t y)

Used in the voltage versus time plot, plot line to new point It does output to display.

void ST7735\_PlotPoints (int32\_t y1, int32\_t y2)

Used in the voltage versus time plot, plot two points at y1, y2 It does output to display.

void ST7735 PlotBar (int32 t y)

Used in the voltage versus time bar, plot one bar at y It does not output to display until RIT128x96x4ShowPlot called.

void ST7735 PlotdBfs (int32 t y)

Used in the amplitude versus frequency plot, plot bar point at y 0 to 0.625V scaled on a log plot from min to max It does output to display.

void ST7735 PlotNext (void)

Used in all the plots to step the X coordinate one pixel X steps from 0 to 127, then back to 0 again It does not output to display.

void ST7735 PlotNextErase (void)

Used in all the plots to step the X coordinate one pixel X steps from 0 to 127, then back to 0 again It clears the vertical space into which the next pixel will be drawn.

• void ST7735 OutChar (char ch)

Output one character to the LCD Position determined by ST7735\_SetCursor command Color set by ST7735\_Set← TextColor.

• void ST7735\_OutString (char \*ptr)

Print a string of characters to the ST7735 LCD. Position determined by ST7735\_SetCursor command Color set by ST7735\_SetTextColor The string will not automatically wrap.

• void ST7735\_SetTextColor (uint16\_t color)

Sets the color in which the characters will be printed Background color is fixed at black.

void Output\_Init (void)

Standard device driver initialization function for printf Initialize ST7735 LCD.

void Output\_Clear (void)

Clear display.

void Output\_Off (void)

Turn off display (low power)

void Output\_On (void)

Turn on display.

void Output\_Color (uint32\_t newColor)

set the color for future output Background color is fixed at black

void ST7735\_Message (int device, int line, char \*string, int32\_t value)

Display a string and number on one of two logical displays at a given line number relative to that display. The LCD display is logically divided into two displays: top and bottom. These logical displays are identified with a device ID. Device 0 is the top display, device 1 is the bottom display. Each logical device has 4 lines, numbered 0 to 3. Prints in black text on a white background. This function is not (yet) reentrant.

#### 4.6.1 Detailed Description

This is a library for the Adafruit 1.8" SPI display.

#### 4.6.2 Function Documentation

4.6.2.1 void Output\_Color ( uint32\_t newColor )

set the color for future output Background color is fixed at black

#### **Parameters**

newColor 16-bit packed color
------------------------------

4.6.2.2 uint16\_t ST7735\_Color565 ( uint8\_t r, uint8\_t g, uint8\_t b )

Pass 8-bit (each) R,G,B and get back 16-bit packed color.

#### **Parameters**

r	red value
g	green value
b	blue value

#### Returns

uint16\_t 16-bit color

4.6.2.3 void ST7735\_DrawBitmap (int16\_t x, int16\_t y, const uint16\_t \* image, int16\_t w, int16\_t h)

Displays a 16-bit color BMP image. A bitmap file that is created by a PC image processing program has a header and may be padded with dummy columns so the data have four byte alignment. This function assumes that all of that has been stripped out, and the array image[] has one 16-bit halfword for each pixel to be displayed on the screen (encoded in reverse order, which is standard for bitmap files). An array can be created in this format from a 24-bit-per-pixel .bmp file using the associated converter program. (x,y) is the screen location of the lower left corner of BMP image Requires (11 + 2\*w\*h) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen) Must be less than or equal to 128 pixels wide by 160 pixels high.

#### **Parameters**

X	horizontal position of the bottom left corner of the image, columns from the left edge	
У	vertical position of the bottom left corner of the image, rows from the top edge	
image	pointer to a 16-bit color BMP image	
W	number of pixels wide	
h	number of pixels tall	

4.6.2.4 void ST7735\_DrawChar (int16\_t x, int16\_t y, char c, int16\_t textColor, int16\_t bgColor, uint8\_t size )

Advanced character draw function. This is similar to the function from Adafruit\_GFX.c but adapted for this processor. However, this function only uses one call to setAddrWindow(), which allows it to run at least twice as fast. Requires (11 + size\*size\*6\*8) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen)

#### **Parameters**

X	horizontal position of the top left corner of the character, columns from the left edge
У	vertical position of the top left corner of the character, rows from the top edge

#### **Parameters**

С	character to be printed	
textColor	16-bit color of the character	
bgColor	16-bit color of the background	
size	number of pixels per character pixel (e.g. size==2 prints each pixel of font as 2x2 square)	

4.6.2.5 void ST7735\_DrawCharS ( int16\_t x, int16\_t y, char c, int16\_t textColor, int16\_t bgColor, uint8\_t size )

Simple character draw function. This is the same function from Adafruit\_GFX.c but adapted for this processor. However, each call to ST7735\_DrawPixel() calls setAddrWindow(), which needs to send many extra data and commands. If the background color is the same as the text color, no background will be printed, and text can be drawn right over existing images without covering them with a box. Requires (11 + 2\*size\*size)\*6\*8 (image fully on screen; textcolor!= bgColor)

#### **Parameters**

X	horizontal position of the top left corner of the character, columns from the left edge
У	vertical position of the top left corner of the character, rows from the top edge
С	character to be printed
textColor	16-bit color of the character
bgColor	16-bit color of the background
size	number of pixels per character pixel (e.g. size==2 prints each pixel of font as 2x2 square)

4.6.2.6 void ST7735\_DrawFastHLine ( int16\_t x, int16\_t y, int16\_t w, uint16\_t color )

Draw a horizontal line at the given coordinates with the given width and color. A horizontal line is parallel to the shorter side of the rectangular display Requires (11 + 2\*w) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen)

#### **Parameters**

X	horizontal position of the start of the line, columns from the left edge	
У	vertical position of the start of the line, rows from the top edge	
W	horizontal width of the line	
color	16-bit color, which can be produced by ST7735_Color565()	

4.6.2.7 void ST7735\_DrawFastVLine ( int16\_t x, int16\_t y, int16\_t h, uint16\_t color )

Draw a vertical line at the given coordinates with the given height and color. A vertical line is parallel to the longer side of the rectangular display Requires (11 + 2\*h) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen)

#### **Parameters**

Х	horizontal position of the start of the line, columns from the left edge
У	vertical position of the start of the line, rows from the top edge
h	vertical height of the line
color	16-bit color, which can be produced by ST7735_Color565()

#### Generated by Doxygen

4.6.2.8 void ST7735\_DrawPixel ( int16\_t x, int16\_t y, uint16\_t color )

Color the pixel at the given coordinates with the given color. Requires 13 bytes of transmission.

#### **Parameters**

X	horizontal position of the pixel, columns from the left edge must be less than 128 0 is on the left, 126 is near the right
У	vertical position of the pixel, rows from the top edge must be less than 160 159 is near the wires, 0 is the side opposite the wires
color	16-bit color, which can be produced by ST7735_Color565()

4.6.2.9 uint32\_t ST7735\_DrawString ( uint16\_t x, uint16\_t y, char \* pt, int16\_t textColor, int16\_t textColor, int16\_t textColor)

String draw function. 16 rows (0 to 15) and 21 characters (0 to 20) Requires (11 + size\*size\*6\*8) bytes of transmission for each character If bgColor is same as textColor, no background will be filled in for chars.

#### **Parameters**

X	columns from the left edge (0 to 20)
У	rows from the top edge (0 to 15)
pt	pointer to a null terminated string to be printed
textColor	16-bit color of the characters
bgColor	16-bit color of the background

## Returns

uint32\_t number of characters printed

4.6.2.10 void ST7735\_FillRect ( int16\_t x, int16\_t y, int16\_t w, int16\_t h, uint16\_t color )

Draw a filled rectangle at the given coordinates with the given width, height, and color. Requires (11 + 2\*w\*h) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen)

## Parameters

X	horizontal position of the top left corner of the rectangle, columns from the left edge
У	vertical position of the top left corner of the rectangle, rows from the top edge
W	horizontal width of the rectangle
h	vertical height of the rectangle
color	16-bit color, which can be produced by ST7735_Color565()

4.6.2.11 void ST7735\_FillScreen ( uint16\_t color )

Fill the screen with the given color. Requires 40,971 bytes of transmission.

#### **Parameters**

color	16-bit color, which can be produced by ST7735_Color565()
-------	--

4.6.2.12 void ST7735\_InitR ( enum initRFlags option )

Initialization for ST7735R screens (green or red tabs).

#### **Parameters**

initRFlaas	one of the enumerated options depending on tabs
	one or the original account accounting on table

4.6.2.13 void ST7735\_InvertDisplay ( int *i* )

Send the command to invert all of the colors. Requires 1 byte of transmission.

#### **Parameters**

i 0 to disable inversion; non-zero to enable inversion

4.6.2.14 void ST7735\_Message ( int device, int line, char \* string, int32\_t value )

Display a string and number on one of two logical displays at a given line number relative to that display. The LCD display is logically divided into two displays: top and bottom. These logical displays are identified with a device ID. Device 0 is the top display, device 1 is the bottom display. Each logical device has 4 lines, numbered 0 to 3. Prints in black text on a white background. This function is not (yet) reentrant.

#### **Parameters**

device	Device ID, 0 or 1
line	Line number, 0 to 3, relative to the logical display.
string	Null-terminated string to print on the select logical display and line.
value	Integer value printed after the string.

4.6.2.15 void ST7735\_OutChar ( char ch )

Output one character to the LCD Position determined by ST7735\_SetCursor command Color set by ST7735\_Set← TextColor.

#### **Parameters**

ch 8-bit ASCII character

```
4.6.2.16 void ST7735_OutString ( char * ptr )
```

Print a string of characters to the ST7735 LCD. Position determined by ST7735\_SetCursor command Color set by ST7735\_SetTextColor The string will not automatically wrap.

#### **Parameters**

ptr	pointer to NULL-terminated ASCII string
-----	---

4.6.2.17 void ST7735\_OutUDec ( uint32\_t n )

Output a 32-bit number in unsigned decimal format Position determined by ST7735\_SetCursor command Color set by ST7735\_SetTextColor.

#### **Parameters**

```
n 32-bit number to be transferred
```

4.6.2.18 void ST7735\_PlotBar ( int32\_t y )

Used in the voltage versus time bar, plot one bar at y It does not output to display until RIT128x96x4ShowPlot called.

#### **Parameters**

У	the y coordinate of the bar plotted

4.6.2.19 void ST7735\_PlotClear ( int32\_t ymin, int32\_t ymax )

Clear the graphics buffer, set X coordinate to 0 This routine clears the display.

## **Parameters**

ymin	Lower bound of plot
ymax	Upper bound of plot

4.6.2.20 void ST7735\_PlotdBfs ( int32\_t y )

Used in the amplitude versus frequency plot, plot bar point at y 0 to 0.625V scaled on a log plot from min to max It does output to display.

#### **Parameters**

у	the y ADC value of the bar plotted

4.6.2.21 void ST7735\_PlotLine ( int32\_t y )

Used in the voltage versus time plot, plot line to new point It does output to display.

#### **Parameters**

y the y coordinate of the point plotted

4.6.2.22 void ST7735\_PlotPoint ( int32\_t y )

Used in the voltage versus time plot, plot one point at y It does output to display.

#### **Parameters**

y the y coordinate of the point plotted

4.6.2.23 void ST7735\_PlotPoints ( int32\_t y1, int32\_t y2 )

Used in the voltage versus time plot, plot two points at y1, y2 It does output to display.

#### **Parameters**

	the y coordinate of the first point plotted	
y2	the y coordinate of the second point plotted	

4.6.2.24 void ST7735\_SetCursor ( uint32\_t newX, uint32\_t newY )

Move the cursor to the desired X- and Y-position. The next character will be printed here. X=0 is the leftmost column. Y=0 is the top row.

#### **Parameters**

newX	new X-position of the cursor (0<=newX<=20)
newY	new Y-position of the cursor (0<=newY<=15)

4.6.2.25 void ST7735\_SetRotation ( uint8\_t m )

Change the image rotation. Requires 2 bytes of transmission.

#### **Parameters**

m | new rotation value (0 to 3)

4.6.2.26 void ST7735\_SetTextColor ( uint16\_t color )

Sets the color in which the characters will be printed Background color is fixed at black.

#### **Parameters**

```
color 16-bit packed color
```

4.6.2.27 uint16\_t ST7735\_SwapColor ( uint16\_t x )

Swaps the red and blue values of the given 16-bit packed color; green is unchanged.

#### **Parameters**

```
x 16-bit color in format B, G, R
```

#### Returns

uint16 t 16-bit color in format R, G, B

## 4.7 inc/UART.h File Reference

Runs on LM4F120/TM4C123 Use UART0 to implement bidirectional data transfer to and from a computer running HyperTerminal. This time, interrupts and FIFOs are used.

#### **Macros**

- #define CR 0x0D
- #define LF 0x0A
- #define **BS** 0x08
- #define ESC 0x1B
- #define **SP** 0x20
- #define DEL 0x7F

## **Functions**

void UART\_Init (void)

Initialize the UART for 115,200 baud rate (assuming 50 MHz clock), 8 bit word length, no parity bits, one stop bit, FIFOs enabled.

• char UART InChar (void)

Wait for new serial port input.

• void UART\_OutChar (char data)

8-bit to serial port

void UART OutString (char \*pt)

Output String (NULL termination)

• uint32\_t UART\_InUDec (void)

InUDec accepts ASCII input in unsigned decimal format and converts to a 32-bit unsigned number valid range is 0 to 4294967295 (2^32-1) If you enter a number above 4294967295, it will return an incorrect value Backspace will remove last digit typed.

void UART OutUDec (uint32 t n)

Output a 32-bit number in unsigned decimal format.

uint32 t UART InUHex (void)

Accepts ASCII input in unsigned hexadecimal (base 16) format No '\$' or '0x' need be entered, just the 1 to 8 hex digits It will convert lower case a-f to uppercase A-F and converts to a 16 bit unsigned number value range is 0 to FFFFFFFF If you enter a number above FFFFFFFF, it will return an incorrect value Backspace will remove last digit typed.

void UART\_OutUHex (uint32\_t number)

Output a 32-bit number in unsigned hexadecimal format Variable format 1 to 8 digits with no space before or after.

void UART\_InString (char \*bufPt, uint16\_t max)

Accepts ASCII characters from the serial port and adds them to a string until <enter> is typed or until max length of the string is reached. It echoes each character as it is inputted. If a backspace is inputted, the string is modified and the backspace is echoed terminates the string with a null character uses busy-waiting synchronization on RDRF Modified by Agustinus Darmawan + Mingjie Qiu.

## 4.7.1 Detailed Description

Runs on LM4F120/TM4C123 Use UART0 to implement bidirectional data transfer to and from a computer running HyperTerminal. This time, interrupts and FIFOs are used.

#### **Author**

Daniel Valvano

#### 4.7.2 Function Documentation

4.7.2.1 char UART\_InChar (void )

Wait for new serial port input.

#### Returns

char ASCII code for key typed

4.7.2.2 void UART\_InString ( char \* bufPt, uint16\_t max )

Accepts ASCII characters from the serial port and adds them to a string until <enter> is typed or until max length of the string is reached. It echoes each character as it is inputted. If a backspace is inputted, the string is modified and the backspace is echoed terminates the string with a null character uses busy-waiting synchronization on RDRF Modified by Agustinus Darmawan + Mingjie Qiu.

#### **Parameters**

buf⇔	pointer to empty buffer
Pt	
max	size of buffer

```
4.7.2.3 uint32_t UART_InUDec (void)
```

InUDec accepts ASCII input in unsigned decimal format and converts to a 32-bit unsigned number valid range is 0 to 4294967295 ( $2^32-1$ ) If you enter a number above 4294967295, it will return an incorrect value Backspace will remove last digit typed.

#### Returns

uint32\_t 32-bit unsigned number

```
4.7.2.4 uint32_t UART_InUHex ( void )
```

Accepts ASCII input in unsigned hexadecimal (base 16) format No '\$' or '0x' need be entered, just the 1 to 8 hex digits It will convert lower case a-f to uppercase A-F and converts to a 16 bit unsigned number value range is 0 to FFFFFFFF If you enter a number above FFFFFFFF, it will return an incorrect value Backspace will remove last digit typed.

## Returns

uint32\_t 32-bit unsigned number

4.7.2.5 void UART\_OutChar ( char data )

8-bit to serial port

**Parameters** 

data letter is an 8-bit ASCII character to be transferred

4.7.2.6 void UART\_OutString ( char \* pt )

Output String (NULL termination)

**Parameters** 

pt pointer to a NULL-terminated string to be transferred

4.7.2.7 void UART\_OutUDec ( uint32\_t n )

Output a 32-bit number in unsigned decimal format.

**Parameters** 

n 32-bit number to be transferred

4.7.2.8 void UART\_OutUHex ( uint32\_t number )

Output a 32-bit number in unsigned hexadecimal format Variable format 1 to 8 digits with no space before or after.

## **Parameters**

number 32-bit number to be transferred
--

# Index

_tcb_s, 5	OS_bSignal, 13 OS_bWait, 13
ADC.h	OS_bwait, TS OS AddPeriodicThread
ADC_Collect, 8	OS.h, 12
ADC_In, 8	
ADC_Init, 8	OS_AddSW1Task
ADC Collect	OS.h, 12
ADC.h, 8	OS_AddSW2Task
ADC_In	OS.h, 12
ADC.h, 8	OS_AddThread
ADC_Init	OS.h, 13
ADC.h, 8	OS_ClearMsTime
715 S.H., C	OS.h, 13
inc/ADC.h, 7	OS_Fifo_Get
inc/OS.h, 10	OS.h, 14
inc/PLL.h, 18	OS_Fifo_Init
inc/ST7735.h, 21	OS.h, 14
inc/UART.h, 30	OS_Fifo_Put
inc/interpreter.h, 9	OS.h, 14
inc/misc macros.h, 9	OS_Fifo_Size
interpreter.h	OS.h, 14
interpreter cmd, 9	OS_ld
interpreter_cmd	OS.h, 14
interpreter.h, 9	OS_Init
	OS.h, 15
OS.h	OS_InitSemaphore
OS_AddPeriodicThread, 12	OS.h, 15
OS_AddSW1Task, 12	OS_Kill
OS_AddSW2Task, 12	OS.h, 15
OS_AddThread, 13	OS_Launch
OS_ClearMsTime, 13	OS.h, 15
OS_Fifo_Get, 14	OS_MailBox_Init
OS_Fifo_Init, 14	OS.h, 15
OS_Fifo_Put, 14	OS_MailBox_Recv
OS_Fifo_Size, 14	OS.h, 15
OS_ld, 14	OS_MailBox_Send
OS_Init, 15	OS.h, 16
OS_InitSemaphore, 15	OS_MsTime
OS_Kill, 15	OS.h, 16
OS_Launch, 15	OS_Signal
OS_MailBox_Init, 15	OS.h, 16
OS_MailBox_Recv, 15	OS_Sleep
OS_MailBox_Send, 16	OS.h, 16
OS_MsTime, 16	OS_Suspend
OS_Signal, 16	OS.h, 17
OS_Sleep, 16	OS_Time
OS_Suspend, 17	OS.h, 17
OS_Time, 17	OS_TimeDifference
OS_TimeDifference, 17	OS.h, 17
OS_Wait, 17	OS_Wait

36 INDEX

OS.h, 17	ST7735 FillScreen
OS bSignal	ST7735.h, <mark>26</mark>
OS.h, 13	ST7735 InitR
OS bWait	ST7735.h, 27
OS.h, 13	ST7735_InvertDisplay
	ST7735.h, 27
Output_Color	
ST7735.h, 23	ST7735_Message
PLL I	ST7735.h, 27
PLL.h	ST7735_OutChar
PLL_Init, 20	ST7735.h, <mark>27</mark>
PLL_Init	ST7735_OutString
PLL.h, 20	ST7735.h, 27
	ST7735_OutUDec
ST7735.h	ST7735.h, <mark>28</mark>
Output_Color, 23	ST7735 PlotBar
ST7735_Color565, 24	ST7735.h, 28
ST7735_DrawBitmap, 24	
ST7735_DrawChar, 24	ST7735_PlotClear
ST7735_DrawCharS, 25	ST7735.h, 28
	ST7735_PlotLine
ST7735_DrawFastHLine, 25	ST7735.h, 28
ST7735_DrawFastVLine, 25	ST7735_PlotPoint
ST7735_DrawPixel, 26	ST7735.h, 29
ST7735_DrawString, 26	ST7735 PlotPoints
ST7735_FillRect, 26	ST7735.h, 29
ST7735_FillScreen, 26	ST7735 PlotdBfs
ST7735_InitR, 27	_
ST7735_InvertDisplay, 27	ST7735.h, 28
ST7735_Message, 27	ST7735_SetCursor
ST7735_OutChar, 27	ST7735.h, <mark>29</mark>
	ST7735_SetRotation
ST7735_OutString, 27	ST7735.h, <mark>29</mark>
ST7735_OutUDec, 28	ST7735_SetTextColor
ST7735_PlotBar, 28	ST7735.h, 29
ST7735_PlotClear, 28	ST7735_SwapColor
ST7735_PlotLine, 28	ST7735.h, 30
ST7735 PlotPoint, 29	Sema4, 5
ST7735 PlotPoints, 29	Gema+, S
ST7735_PlotdBfs, 28	UART.h
ST7735_SetCursor, 29	UART_InChar, 31
ST7735 SetRotation, 29	UART InString, 31
<del>-</del>	
ST7735_SetTextColor, 29	UART_InUDec, 32
ST7735_SwapColor, 30	UART_InUHex, 32
ST7735_Color565	UART_OutChar, 32
ST7735.h, 24	UART_OutString, 32
ST7735_DrawBitmap	UART_OutUDec, 32
ST7735.h, 24	UART_OutUHex, 32
ST7735_DrawChar	UART InChar
ST7735.h, 24	 UART.h, <mark>31</mark>
ST7735_DrawCharS	UART InString
ST7735.h, 25	UART.h, 31
ST7735_DrawFastHLine	UART_InUDec
ST7735.h, 25	UART.h, 32
ST7735_DrawFastVLine	UART_InUHex
ST7735.h, 25	UART.h, 32
ST7735_DrawPixel	UART_OutChar
ST7735.h, 26	UART.h, 32
ST7735_DrawString	UART OutString
ST7735.h, 26	
<del></del>	UART.h. 32
ST7735 FillBect	UART.h, 32
ST7735_FillRect ST7735.h, 26	UART.h, 32 UART_OutUDec UART.h, 32

INDEX 37

UART\_OutUHex UART.h, 32