EE445M/EE380L Lab 5 Documentation

Generated by Doxygen 1.8.11

Contents

1	Data	Structure Index	1
	1.1	Data Structures	1
2	File	Index	3
	2.1	File List	3
3	Data	Structure Documentation	5
	3.1	_tcb_s Struct Reference	5
	3.2	DIR Struct Reference	6
		3.2.1 Detailed Description	6
	3.3	event_t Struct Reference	6
	3.4	FATFS Struct Reference	7
		3.4.1 Detailed Description	7
	3.5	FIL Struct Reference	7
		3.5.1 Detailed Description	8
	3.6	FILINFO Struct Reference	8
		3.6.1 Detailed Description	8
	3.7	heap_stats Struct Reference	9
	3.8	Sema4 Struct Reference	q

iv CONTENTS

1	File	Docume	entation		11
	4.1	inc/AD	C.h File Re	eference	11
		4.1.1	Detailed	Description	12
		4.1.2	Function	Documentation	12
			4.1.2.1	ADC_Collect(uint32_t channelNum, uint32_t fs, void(*handler)(unsigned long)) .	12
			4.1.2.2	ADC_In(void)	12
			4.1.2.3	ADC_Init(uint32_t channelNum)	12
	4.2	inc/disl	kio.h File F	Reference	13
		4.2.1	Detailed	Description	14
		4.2.2	Function	Documentation	14
			4.2.2.1	disk_initialize(BYTE drv)	14
			4.2.2.2	disk_ioctl(BYTE drv, BYTE cmd, void *buff)	15
			4.2.2.3	disk_read(BYTE drv, BYTE *buff, DWORD sector, UINT count)	15
			4.2.2.4	disk_status(BYTE drv)	15
			4.2.2.5	disk_write(BYTE drv, const BYTE *buff, DWORD sector, UINT count)	16
	4.3	inc/ff.h	File Refer	ence	16
		4.3.1	Detailed	Description	18
		4.3.2	Function	Documentation	18
			4.3.2.1	f_chdir(const TCHAR *path)	18
			4.3.2.2	f_chdrive(const TCHAR *path)	19
			4.3.2.3	f_chmod(const TCHAR *path, BYTE value, BYTE mask)	19
			4.3.2.4	f_close(FIL *fp)	19
			4.3.2.5	f_closedir(DIR *dp)	19
			4.3.2.6	f_fdisk(BYTE pdrv, const DWORD szt[], void *work)	19
			4.3.2.7	f_forward(FIL *fp, UINT(*func)(const BYTE *, UINT), UINT btf, UINT *bf)	19
			4.3.2.8	f_getcwd(TCHAR *buff, UINT len)	19
			4.3.2.9	f_getfree(const TCHAR *path, DWORD *nclst, FATFS **fatfs)	19
			4.3.2.10	f_getlabel(const TCHAR *path, TCHAR *label, DWORD *vsn)	19
			4.3.2.11	f_gets(TCHAR *buff, int len, FIL *fp)	19
			4.3.2.12	f_lseek(FIL *fp, DWORD ofs)	20

CONTENTS

		4.3.2.13	f_mkdir(const TCHAR *path)	20
		4.3.2.14	f_mkfs(const TCHAR *path, BYTE sfd, UINT au)	20
		4.3.2.15	f_mount(FATFS *fs, const TCHAR *path, BYTE opt)	20
		4.3.2.16	f_open(FIL *fp, const TCHAR *path, BYTE mode)	20
		4.3.2.17	f_opendir(DIR *dp, const TCHAR *path)	20
		4.3.2.18	f_printf(FIL *fp, const TCHAR *str,)	20
		4.3.2.19	f_putc(TCHAR c, FIL *fp)	20
		4.3.2.20	f_puts(const TCHAR *str, FIL *cp)	20
		4.3.2.21	f_read(FIL *fp, void *buff, UINT btr, UINT *br)	20
		4.3.2.22	f_readdir(DIR *dp, FILINFO *fno)	21
		4.3.2.23	f_rename(const TCHAR *path_old, const TCHAR *path_new)	21
		4.3.2.24	f_setlabel(const TCHAR *label)	21
		4.3.2.25	f_stat(const TCHAR *path, FILINFO *fno)	21
		4.3.2.26	f_sync(FIL *fp)	21
		4.3.2.27	f_truncate(FIL *fp)	21
		4.3.2.28	f_unlink(const TCHAR *path)	21
		4.3.2.29	f_utime(const TCHAR *path, const FILINFO *fno)	21
		4.3.2.30	f_write(FIL *fp, const void *buff, UINT btw, UINT *bw)	21
4.4	inc/hea	ap.h File R	eference	22
	4.4.1	Detailed	Description	23
	4.4.2	Function	Documentation	23
		4.4.2.1	Heap_Calloc(int32_t desiredBytes)	23
		4.4.2.2	Heap_Free(void *pointer)	23
		4.4.2.3	Heap_Init(void)	24
		4.4.2.4	Heap_Malloc(int32_t desiredBytes)	24
		4.4.2.5	Heap_Realloc(void *oldBlock, int32_t desiredBytes)	24
		4.4.2.6	Heap_Stats(void)	24
		4.4.2.7	Heap_Test(void)	25
4.5	inc/inte	erpreter.h F	File Reference	25
	4.5.1	Detailed	Description	25

vi

	4.5.2	Function	Documentation	25
		4.5.2.1	interpreter_cmd(char *cmd_str)	25
4.6	inc/mis	sc_macros	h File Reference	25
	4.6.1	Detailed	Description	26
4.7	inc/OS	.h File Ref	erence	26
	4.7.1	Detailed	Description	28
	4.7.2	Macro De	efinition Documentation	28
		4.7.2.1	OS_AddPeriodicThread	28
		4.7.2.2	OS_AddThread	28
	4.7.3	Function	Documentation	29
		4.7.3.1	OS_AddSW1Task(void(*task)(void), unsigned long priority)	29
		4.7.3.2	OS_AddSW2Task(void(*task)(void), unsigned long priority)	29
		4.7.3.3	OS_bSignal(Sema4Type *semaPt)	29
		4.7.3.4	OS_bWait(Sema4Type *semaPt)	30
		4.7.3.5	OS_ClearMsTime(void)	30
		4.7.3.6	OS_Fifo_Get(void)	30
		4.7.3.7	OS_Fifo_Init(unsigned long size)	30
		4.7.3.8	OS_Fifo_Put(unsigned long data)	30
		4.7.3.9	OS_Fifo_Size(void)	31
		4.7.3.10	OS_Id(void)	31
		4.7.3.11	OS_Init(void)	31
		4.7.3.12	OS_InitSemaphore(Sema4Type *semaPt, long value)	31
		4.7.3.13	OS_Kill(void)	31
		4.7.3.14	OS_Launch(unsigned long theTimeSlice)	32
		4.7.3.15	OS_MailBox_Init(void)	32
		4.7.3.16	OS_MailBox_Recv(void)	32
		4.7.3.17	OS_MailBox_Send(unsigned long data)	32
		4.7.3.18	OS_MsTime(void)	32
		4.7.3.19	OS_Signal(Sema4Type *semaPt)	33
		4.7.3.20	OS_Sleep(unsigned long sleepTime)	33

CONTENTS vii

		4.7.3.21	OS_Suspend(void)	33
		4.7.3.22	OS_Time(void)	33
		4.7.3.23	OS_TimeDifference(unsigned long long start, unsigned long long stop)	33
		4.7.3.24	OS_Wait(Sema4Type *semaPt)	34
4.8	inc/PLI	h File Re	ference	34
	4.8.1	Detailed I	Description	37
	4.8.2	Function	Documentation	37
		4.8.2.1	PLL_Init(uint32_t freq)	37
4.9	inc/pro	filer.h File l	Reference	37
	4.9.1	Detailed I	Description	38
	4.9.2	Function	Documentation	38
		4.9.2.1	Profiler_Event(event_type_e event_type, char *event_name)	38
		4.9.2.2	Profiler_Foreach(void(*f)(const event_t *))	38
4.10	inc/ST	7735.h File	Reference	38
	4.10.1	Detailed I	Description	39
4.11	inc/ST	7735_lab3.	h File Reference	40
	4.11.1	Detailed I	Description	42
	4.11.2	Function	Documentation	42
		4.11.2.1	Output_Color(uint32_t newColor)	42
		4.11.2.2	ST7735_Color565(uint8_t r, uint8_t g, uint8_t b)	43
		4.11.2.3	ST7735_DrawBitmap(int16_t x, int16_t y, const uint16_t *image, int16_t w, int16_t h)	43
		4.11.2.4	ST7735_DrawChar(int16_t x, int16_t y, char c, int16_t textColor, int16_t bgColor, uint8_t size)	43
		4.11.2.5	ST7735_DrawCharS(int16_t x, int16_t y, char c, int16_t textColor, int16_t bgColor, uint8_t size)	44
		4.11.2.6	ST7735_DrawFastHLine(int16_t x, int16_t y, int16_t w, uint16_t color)	44
		4.11.2.7	ST7735_DrawFastVLine(int16_t x, int16_t y, int16_t h, uint16_t color)	44
		4.11.2.8	ST7735_DrawPixel(int16_t x, int16_t y, uint16_t color)	44
		4.11.2.9	ST7735_DrawString(uint16_t x, uint16_t y, char *pt, int16_t textColor, int16_ tbgColor)	45
		4.11.2.10	ST7735_FillRect(int16_t x, int16_t y, int16_t w, int16_t h, uint16_t color)	45

viii CONTENTS

4.11.2.11 ST7735_FillScreen(uint16_t color)	45
4.11.2.12 ST7735_InitR(enum initRFlags option)	46
4.11.2.13 ST7735_InvertDisplay(int i)	46
4.11.2.14 ST7735_Message(int device, int line, char *string, int32_t value)	46
4.11.2.15 ST7735_OutChar(char ch)	46
4.11.2.16 ST7735_OutString(char *ptr)	46
4.11.2.17 ST7735_OutUDec(uint32_t n)	47
4.11.2.18 ST7735_PlotBar(int32_t y)	47
4.11.2.19 ST7735_PlotClear(int32_t ymin, int32_t ymax)	47
4.11.2.20 ST7735_PlotdBfs(int32_t y)	47
4.11.2.21 ST7735_PlotLine(int32_t y)	47
4.11.2.22 ST7735_PlotPoint(int32_t y)	48
4.11.2.23 ST7735_PlotPoints(int32_t y1, int32_t y2)	48
4.11.2.24 ST7735_SetCursor(uint32_t newX, uint32_t newY)	48
4.11.2.25 ST7735_SetRotation(uint8_t m)	48
4.11.2.26 ST7735_SetTextColor(uint16_t color)	48
4.11.2.27 ST7735_SwapColor(uint16_t x)	49
4.12 inc/UART.h File Reference	49
4.12.1 Detailed Description	50
4.12.2 Function Documentation	50
4.12.2.1 UART_InChar(void)	50
4.12.2.2 UART_InString(char *bufPt, uint16_t max)	51
4.12.2.3 UART_InUDec(void)	51
4.12.2.4 UART_InUHex(void)	51
4.12.2.5 UART_OutChar(char data)	51
4.12.2.6 UART_OutString(char *pt)	51
4.12.2.7 UART_OutUDec(uint32_t n)	52
4.12.2.8 UART_OutUHex(uint32_t number)	52
4.12.2.9 UART_setRedirect(char *F)	52
Index	53

Chapter 1

Data Structure Index

1.1 Data Structures

Here are the data structures with brief descriptions:

_tcb_s. DIR		5
	Directory object structure (DIR)	6
event_t FATFS		6
FIL	File system object structure (FATFS)	7
	File object structure (FIL)	7
FILINFO		
	File status structure (FILINFO)	8
heap_sta	ats	9
Sema4		9

2 Data Structure Index

Chapter 2

File Index

2.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

INC/ADC	וו.ע	
	ADC driver for the TM4C123G. Provides interfaces for collecting single samples or a series at a given sampling frequency. Does not allow for sampling of more than one channel at any given time. Timer 2 is reserved for this driver	11
inc/ asm	ndefs.h	??
inc/disk	io.h	
	Low level disk interface modlue include file (C)ChaN, 2014 converted to TM4C123 Jonathan Valvano, January 13, 2015	13
inc/ff.h		
	FatFs - FAT file system module include file R0.10c (C)ChaN, 2014 FatFs module is a generic FAT file system module for small embedded systems. This is a free software that opened for education, research and commercial developments under license policy of following terms. Copyright (C) 2014, , all right reserved. The FatFs module is a free software and there is NO WARRANTY. No restriction on use. You can use, modify and redistribute it for personal, non-profit or commercial product UNDER YOUR RESPONSIBILITY. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice	16
inc/FIFC	O.h	??
inc/hea	p.h	
	Implements memory heap for dynamic memory allocation. Follows standard malloc/calloc/free interface for allocating/unallocating memory. modified 8/31/08 Jonathan Valvano for style modified 12/16/11 Jonathan Valvano for 32-bit machine modified August 10, 2014 for C99 syntax This example accompanies the book "Embedded Systems: Real Time Operating Systems for ARM Cortex M Microcontrollers", ISBN: 978-1466468863, Jonathan Valvano, copyright (c) 2014 Implementation Notes: This is a Knuth Heap. Each block has a header and a trailer, which I shall call the meta-sections. The meta-sections are each a single int32_t that tells how many int32_ts/words can be stored between the header and trailer. If the block is used, the meta-sections record the room as a positive number. If the block is unused, the meta-sections record the room as a negative number. Copyright 2014 by Jonathan W. Valvano, valvano@mail.utexas.edu You may use, edit, run or distribute this file as long as the above copyright notice remains THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS". NO WARR ANTIES, WHETHER EXPRESS, IMPLIED OR STATUTORY, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE APPLY TO THIS SOFTWARE. VALVANO SHALL NOT, IN ANY CIRCUMSTANC ES, BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, FOR ANY REASON WHATSOEVER. For more information about my classes, my research, and my books,	
	see http://weers ace utexas edu/avalvano/	22

File Index

inc/hw_adc.h	
inc/hw_aes.h	??
inc/hw_can.h	??
inc/hw_ccm.h	??
inc/hw_comp.h	??
inc/hw_des.h	??
inc/hw_eeprom.h	??
inc/hw_emac.h	
inc/hw ethernet.h	
inc/hw fan.h	
inc/hw flash.h	
inc/hw gpio.h	
inc/hw hibernate.h	
inc/hw i2c.h	
inc/hw i2s.h	
inc/hw ints.h	
-	
inc/hw_lcd.h	
inc/hw_lpc.h	
inc/hw_memmap.h	
inc/hw_nvic.h	
inc/hw_peci.h	
inc/hw_pwm.h	
inc/hw_qei.h	
inc/hw_shamd5.h	
inc/hw_ssi.h	
inc/hw_sysctl.h	??
inc/hw_sysexc.h	??
inc/hw_timer.h	??
inc/hw_types.h	??
inc/hw_uart.h	??
inc/hw_udma.h	??
inc/hw_usb.h	??
inc/hw_watchdog.h	??
inc/interpreter.h	25
inc/misc macros.h	
Some helper macros	25
inc/OS.h	
Real Time Operating System for Labs 2 and 3 EE445M/EE380L.12	26
inc/PLL.h	
Runs on LM4F120/TM4C123 A software function to change the bus frequency using the PLL .	34
inc/priorityqueue.h	??
inc/profiler.h	• •
Thread profiler utility	37
inc/ST7735.h	37
	20
Low level drivers for the ST7735	38
inc/ST7735_lab3.h	
This is a library for the Adafruit 1.8" SPI display	40
inc/ Switch.h	??
inc/timeMeasure.h	
inc/tm4c123gh6pm.h	??
inc/UART.h	
Runs on LM4F120/TM4C123 Use UART0 to implement bidirectional data transfer to and from a	
computer running HyperTerminal. This time, interrupts and FIFOs are used	49

Chapter 3

Data Structure Documentation

3.1 _tcb_s Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for _tcb_s:



Data Fields

- long * **sp**
- struct <u>tcb</u>s * next
- uint32_t wake_time
- unsigned long id
- uint8_t priority
- uint32_t period
- unsigned long magic

magic field must contain TCB_MAGIC for TCB to be valid

- void(* task)(void)
- char * task_name

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

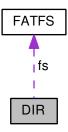
• inc/OS.h

3.2 DIR Struct Reference

Directory object structure (DIR)

#include <ff.h>

Collaboration diagram for DIR:



Data Fields

- FATFS * fs
- WORD id
- WORD index
- DWORD sclust
- DWORD clust
- DWORD sect
- BYTE * dir
- BYTE * **fn**

3.2.1 Detailed Description

Directory object structure (DIR)

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• inc/ff.h

3.3 event_t Struct Reference

Data Fields

- event_type_e type
- int magic
- char * name
- unsigned long long timestamp

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• inc/profiler.h

3.4 FATFS Struct Reference 7

3.4 FATFS Struct Reference

File system object structure (FATFS)

#include <ff.h>

Data Fields

- BYTE fs_type
- BYTE drv
- BYTE csize
- BYTE n_fats
- BYTE wflag
- BYTE fsi_flag
- WORD id
- WORD n rootdir
- DWORD last_clust
- DWORD free_clust
- DWORD n_fatent
- DWORD fsize
- DWORD volbase
- · DWORD fatbase
- DWORD dirbase
- DWORD database
- DWORD winsect
- BYTE win [_MAX_SS]

3.4.1 Detailed Description

File system object structure (FATFS)

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• inc/ff.h

3.5 FIL Struct Reference

File object structure (FIL)

#include <ff.h>

Collaboration diagram for FIL:



Data Fields

- FATFS * fs
- WORD id
- BYTE flag
- BYTE err
- DWORD fptr
- DWORD fsize
- DWORD sclust
- DWORD clust
- DWORD dsect
- DWORD dir_sect
- BYTE * dir_ptr
- BYTE buf [_MAX_SS]

3.5.1 Detailed Description

File object structure (FIL)

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• inc/ff.h

3.6 FILINFO Struct Reference

File status structure (FILINFO)

#include <ff.h>

Data Fields

- DWORD fsize
- WORD fdate
- WORD ftime
- BYTE fattrib
- TCHAR fname [13]

3.6.1 Detailed Description

File status structure (FILINFO)

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• inc/ff.h

3.7 heap_stats Struct Reference

Data Fields

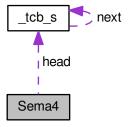
- int32_t wordsAllocated
- int32_t wordsAvailable
- int32_t wordsOverhead
- int32_t blocksUsed
- int32_t blocksUnused

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• inc/heap.h

3.8 Sema4 Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for Sema4:



Data Fields

- long Value
- struct <u>tcb</u>s * head

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• inc/OS.h

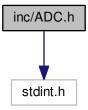
Chapter 4

File Documentation

4.1 inc/ADC.h File Reference

ADC driver for the TM4C123G. Provides interfaces for collecting single samples or a series at a given sampling frequency. Does not allow for sampling of more than one channel at any given time. Timer 2 is reserved for this driver.

#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for ADC.h:



Functions

- int ADC_Init (uint32_t channelNum)
 - Configure an ADC channel for continuous sampling. Retrieve measurements from this channel with ADC_In().
- uint16_t ADC_In (void)
 - Returns the most recent sample collected by the channel configured in ADC_Init(...)
- int ADC Collect (uint32 t channelNum, uint32 t fs, void(*handler)(unsigned long))
 - Kick off collection of a sequence of samples to be passed to a user-provided handler. The ADC and Timer will be configured to collect samples at frequency fs.

4.1.1 Detailed Description

ADC driver for the TM4C123G. Provides interfaces for collecting single samples or a series at a given sampling frequency. Does not allow for sampling of more than one channel at any given time. Timer 2 is reserved for this driver.

Author

Riley Wood and Jeageun Jung

4.1.2 Function Documentation

4.1.2.1 int ADC_Collect (uint32_t channelNum, uint32_t fs, void(*)(unsigned long) handler)

Kick off collection of a sequence of samples to be passed to a user-provided handler. The ADC and Timer will be configured to collect samples at frequency fs.

Parameters

channelNum	ADC channel to sample
fs	Sampling frequency
handler	Function which will be passed each sample as it is collected.

Returns

int 0 on success, -1 on failure.

4.1.2.2 uint16_t ADC_In (void)

Returns the most recent sample collected by the channel configured in ADC_Init(...)

If the channel has not finished collecting its first sample, this function returns 0xFFFF.

If you call this rapidly, faster than the ADC samples, this function may repeat values (since it always returns the most recent).

Returns

uint16_t The conversion result

4.1.2.3 int ADC_Init (uint32_t channelNum)

Configure an ADC channel for continuous sampling. Retrieve measurements from this channel with ADC_In().

Parameters

channelNum	The channel to set up
------------	-----------------------

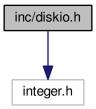
Returns

int 0 on success, -1 on failure.

4.2 inc/diskio.h File Reference

Low level disk interface modlue include file (C)ChaN, 2014 converted to TM4C123 Jonathan Valvano, January 13, 2015.

#include "integer.h"
Include dependency graph for diskio.h:



Macros

- #define _USE_WRITE 1 /* 1: Enable disk write() function */
- #define _USE_IOCTL 1 /* 1: Enable disk_ioctl() fucntion */
- #define STA_NOINIT 0x01 /* Drive not initialized */
- #define STA_NODISK 0x02 /* No medium in the drive */
- #define STA_PROTECT 0x04 /* Write protected */
- #define CTRL_SYNC 0 /* Complete pending write process (needed at _FS_READONLY == 0) */
- #define GET_SECTOR_COUNT 1 /* Get media size (needed at _USE_MKFS == 1) */
- #define GET_SECTOR_SIZE 2 /* Get sector size (needed at _MAX_SS != _MIN_SS) */
- #define GET_BLOCK_SIZE 3 /* Get erase block size (needed at _USE_MKFS == 1) */
- #define CTRL_TRIM 4 /* Inform device that the data on the block of sectors is no longer used (needed at _USE_TRIM == 1) */
- #define CTRL_FORMAT 5 /* Create physical format on the media */
- #define CTRL POWER IDLE 6 /* Put the device idle state */
- #define CTRL_POWER_OFF 7 /* Put the device off state */
- #define CTRL_LOCK 8 /* Lock media removal */
- #define CTRL_UNLOCK 9 /* Unlock media removal */
- #define CTRL_EJECT 10 /* Eject media */
- #define MMC_GET_TYPE 50 /* Get card type */
- #define MMC_GET_CSD 51 /* Get CSD */
- #define MMC_GET_CID 52 /* Get CID */
- #define MMC_GET_OCR 53 /* Get OCR */
- #define MMC_GET_SDSTAT 54 /* Get SD status */
- #define ATA GET REV 60 /* Get F/W revision */
- #define ATA_GET_MODEL 61 /* Get model name */

- #define ATA_GET_SN 62 /* Get serial number */
- #define CT_MMC 0x01 /* MMC ver 3 */
- #define CT_SD1 0x02 /* SD ver 1 */
- #define CT_SD2 0x04 /* SD ver 2 */
- #define CT_SDC (CT_SD1|CT_SD2) /* SD */
- #define CT_BLOCK 0x08 /* Block addressing */

Typedefs

typedef BYTE DSTATUS

Status of Disk Functions.

Enumerations

enum DRESULT {RES_OK = 0, RES_ERROR, RES_WRPRT, RES_NOTRDY,RES_PARERR }

Results of Disk Functions.

Functions

• DSTATUS disk_initialize (BYTE drv)

Initialize disk drive.

• DSTATUS disk_status (BYTE drv)

Get disk status.

• DRESULT disk_read (BYTE drv, BYTE *buff, DWORD sector, UINT count)

Read sector(s)

• DRESULT disk_write (BYTE drv, const BYTE *buff, DWORD sector, UINT count)

Write sector(s)

• DRESULT disk_ioctl (BYTE drv, BYTE cmd, void *buff)

Miscellaneous drive controls.

4.2.1 Detailed Description

Low level disk interface modlue include file (C)ChaN, 2014 converted to TM4C123 Jonathan Valvano, January 13, 2015.

4.2.2 Function Documentation

4.2.2.1 DSTATUS disk_initialize (BYTE drv)

Initialize disk drive.

Parameters

drv Physical drive number, which must be 0

Returns

status (see DSTATUS)

4.2.2.2 DRESULT disk_ioctl (BYTE drv, BYTE cmd, void * buff)

Miscellaneous drive controls.

Parameters

drv	Physical drive number (0)
cmd	Control command code
buff	Pointer to the control data

Returns

status (see DRESULT)

4.2.2.3 DRESULT disk_read (BYTE drv, BYTE * buff, DWORD sector, UINT count)

Read sector(s)

Parameters

drv	Physical drive number (0)	
buff	Pointer to the data buffer to store read data	
sector	Start sector number (LBA)	
count	Number of sectors to read (1128)	

Returns

status (see DRESULT)

4.2.2.4 DSTATUS disk_status (BYTE drv)

Get disk status.

Parameters

drv Physical drive number, which must be 0

Returns

status (see DSTATUS)

4.2.2.5 DRESULT disk_write (BYTE drv, const BYTE * buff, DWORD sector, UINT count)

Write sector(s)

Parameters

drv	Physical drive number (0)	
buff	Pointer to the data buffer to write to disk	
sector	Start sector number (LBA)	
count	Number of sectors to write (1128)	

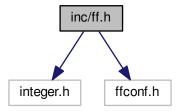
Returns

status (see DRESULT)

4.3 inc/ff.h File Reference

FatFs - FAT file system module include file R0.10c (C)ChaN, 2014 FatFs module is a generic FAT file system module for small embedded systems. This is a free software that opened for education, research and commercial developments under license policy of following terms. Copyright (C) 2014, , all right reserved. The FatFs module is a free software and there is NO WARRANTY. No restriction on use. You can use, modify and redistribute it for personal, non-profit or commercial product UNDER YOUR RESPONSIBILITY. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice.

```
#include "integer.h"
#include "ffconf.h"
Include dependency graph for ff.h:
```



Data Structures

struct FATFS

File system object structure (FATFS)

• struct FIL

File object structure (FIL)

struct DIR

Directory object structure (DIR)

• struct FILINFO

File status structure (FILINFO)

4.3 inc/ff.h File Reference 17

Macros

- #define _FATFS 80376 /* Revision ID */
- #define LD2PD(vol) (BYTE)(vol) /* Each logical drive is bound to the same physical drive number */
- #define LD2PT(vol) 0 /* Find first valid partition or in SFD */
- #define _**T**(x) x
- #define _TEXT(x) x
- #define **f_eof**(fp) ((int)((fp)->fptr == (fp)->fsize))
- #define **f error**(fp) ((fp)->err)
- #define f_tell(fp) ((fp)->fptr)
- #define f_size(fp) ((fp)->fsize)
- #define EOF (-1)
- #define FA READ 0x01
- #define FA_OPEN_EXISTING 0x00
- #define FA_WRITE 0x02
- #define FA CREATE NEW 0x04
- #define FA_CREATE_ALWAYS 0x08
- #define FA_OPEN_ALWAYS 0x10
- #define FA WRITTEN 0x20
- #define FA__DIRTY 0x40
- #define FS FAT12 1
- #define FS_FAT16 2
- #define FS FAT32 3
- #define AM_RDO 0x01 /* Read only */
- #define AM HID 0x02 /* Hidden */
- #define AM_SYS 0x04 /* System */
- #define AM_VOL 0x08 /* Volume label */
- #define AM_LFN 0x0F /* LFN entry */
- #define AM_DIR 0x10 /* Directory */
- #define AM ARC 0x20 /* Archive */
- #define AM MASK 0x3F /* Mask of defined bits */
- #define CREATE LINKMAP 0xFFFFFFF
- #define LD WORD(ptr) (WORD)*((WORD)*((BYTE*)(ptr)+1)<<8)|(WORD)*(BYTE*)(ptr))
- #define LD_DWORD(ptr) (DWORD)(((DWORD)*((BYTE*)(ptr)+3)<<24)|((DWORD)*((BYTE*)(ptr)+2)<<16)|((W←ORD)*((BYTE*)(ptr)+1)<<8)|*(BYTE*)(ptr))
- #define ST_WORD(ptr, val) *(BYTE*)(ptr)=(BYTE)(val); *((BYTE*)(ptr)+1)=(BYTE)((WORD)(val)>>8)
- #define **ST_DWORD**(ptr, val) *(BYTE*)(ptr)=(BYTE)(val); *((BYTE*)(ptr)+1)=(BYTE)((WORD)(val)>>8); *((BYTE*)(ptr)+2)=(BYTE)((DWORD)(val)>>24)

Typedefs

· typedef char TCHAR

Enumerations

enum FRESULT {

FR_OK = 0, FR_DISK_ERR, FR_INT_ERR, FR_NOT_READY,
FR_NO_FILE, FR_NO_PATH, FR_INVALID_NAME, FR_DENIED,
FR_EXIST, FR_INVALID_OBJECT, FR_WRITE_PROTECTED, FR_INVALID_DRIVE,
FR_NOT_ENABLED, FR_NO_FILESYSTEM, FR_MKFS_ABORTED, FR_TIMEOUT,
FR_LOCKED, FR_NOT_ENOUGH_CORE, FR_TOO_MANY_OPEN_FILES, FR_INVALID_PARAMETER }

File function return code (FRESULT)

Functions

```
• FRESULT f open (FIL *fp, const TCHAR *path, BYTE mode)
```

- FRESULT f close (FIL *fp)
- FRESULT f read (FIL *fp, void *buff, UINT btr, UINT *br)
- FRESULT f write (FIL *fp, const void *buff, UINT btw, UINT *bw)
- FRESULT f_forward (FIL *fp, UINT(*func)(const BYTE *, UINT), UINT btf, UINT *bf)
- FRESULT f_lseek (FIL *fp, DWORD ofs)
- FRESULT f_truncate (FIL *fp)
- FRESULT f sync (FIL *fp)
- FRESULT f_opendir (DIR *dp, const TCHAR *path)
- FRESULT f closedir (DIR *dp)
- FRESULT f readdir (DIR *dp, FILINFO *fno)
- FRESULT f mkdir (const TCHAR *path)
- FRESULT f unlink (const TCHAR *path)
- FRESULT f_rename (const TCHAR *path_old, const TCHAR *path_new)
- FRESULT f_stat (const TCHAR *path, FILINFO *fno)
- FRESULT f chmod (const TCHAR *path, BYTE value, BYTE mask)
- FRESULT f utime (const TCHAR *path, const FILINFO *fno)
- FRESULT f_chdir (const TCHAR *path)
- FRESULT f_chdrive (const TCHAR *path)
- FRESULT f_getcwd (TCHAR *buff, UINT len)
- FRESULT f_getfree (const TCHAR *path, DWORD *nclst, FATFS **fatfs)
- FRESULT f getlabel (const TCHAR *path, TCHAR *label, DWORD *vsn)
- FRESULT f setlabel (const TCHAR *label)
- FRESULT f_mount (FATFS *fs, const TCHAR *path, BYTE opt)
- FRESULT f_mkfs (const TCHAR *path, BYTE sfd, UINT au)
- FRESULT f fdisk (BYTE pdrv, const DWORD szt[], void *work)
- int f putc (TCHAR c, FIL *fp)
- int f_puts (const TCHAR *str, FIL *cp)
- int f_printf (FIL *fp, const TCHAR *str,...)
- TCHAR * f gets (TCHAR *buff, int len, FIL *fp)
- DWORD get_fattime (void)

4.3.1 Detailed Description

FatFs - FAT file system module include file R0.10c (C)ChaN, 2014 FatFs module is a generic FAT file system module for small embedded systems. This is a free software that opened for education, research and commercial developments under license policy of following terms. Copyright (C) 2014, , all right reserved. The FatFs module is a free software and there is NO WARRANTY. No restriction on use. You can use, modify and redistribute it for personal, non-profit or commercial product UNDER YOUR RESPONSIBILITY. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice.

Author

ChaN

4.3.2 Function Documentation

4.3.2.1 FRESULT f_chdir (const TCHAR * path)

Change current directory

4.3 inc/ff.h File Reference

```
4.3.2.2 FRESULT f_chdrive ( const TCHAR * path )
Change current drive
4.3.2.3 FRESULT f_chmod ( const TCHAR * path, BYTE value, BYTE mask )
Change attribute of the file/dir
4.3.2.4 FRESULT f_close ( FIL * fp )
Close an open file object
4.3.2.5 FRESULT f_closedir ( DIR * dp )
Close an open directory
4.3.2.6 FRESULT f_fdisk ( BYTE pdrv, const DWORD szt[], void * work )
Divide a physical drive into some partitions
4.3.2.7 FRESULT f_forward ( FIL * fp, UINT(*)(const BYTE *, UINT) func, UINT btf, UINT * bf )
Forward data to the stream
4.3.2.8 FRESULT f_getcwd ( TCHAR * buff, UINT len )
Get current directory
4.3.2.9 FRESULT f_getfree ( const TCHAR * path, DWORD * nclst, FATFS ** fatfs )
Get number of free clusters on the drive
4.3.2.10 FRESULT f_getlabel ( const TCHAR * path, TCHAR * label, DWORD * vsn )
Get volume label
4.3.2.11 TCHAR* f_gets ( TCHAR * buff, int len, FIL * fp )
Get a string from the file
```

```
4.3.2.12 FRESULT f_lseek ( FIL * fp, DWORD ofs )
Move file pointer of a file object
4.3.2.13 FRESULT f_mkdir ( const TCHAR * path )
Create a sub directory
4.3.2.14 FRESULT f_mkfs ( const TCHAR * path, BYTE sfd, UINT au )
Create a file system on the volume
4.3.2.15 FRESULT f_mount ( FATFS * fs, const TCHAR * path, BYTE opt )
Mount/Unmount a logical drive
4.3.2.16 FRESULT f_open ( FIL * fp, const TCHAR * path, BYTE mode )
Open or create a file
4.3.2.17 FRESULT f_opendir ( DIR * dp, const TCHAR * path )
Open a directory
4.3.2.18 int f_printf ( FIL * fp, const TCHAR * str, ... )
Put a formatted string to the file
4.3.2.19 int f_putc ( TCHAR c, FIL * fp )
Put a character to the file
4.3.2.20 int f_puts ( const TCHAR * str, FIL * cp )
Put a string to the file
4.3.2.21 FRESULT f_read ( FIL * fp, void * buff, UINT btr, UINT * br )
Read data from a file
```

4.3 inc/ff.h File Reference 21

```
4.3.2.22 FRESULT f_readdir ( DIR * dp, FILINFO * fno )
Read a directory item
4.3.2.23 FRESULT f_rename ( const TCHAR * path_old, const TCHAR * path_new )
Rename/Move a file or directory
4.3.2.24 FRESULT f_setlabel ( const TCHAR * label )
Set volume label
4.3.2.25 FRESULT f_stat ( const TCHAR * path, FILINFO * fno )
Get file status
4.3.2.26 FRESULT f_sync ( FIL * fp )
Flush cached data of a writing file
4.3.2.27 FRESULT f_truncate ( FIL * fp )
Truncate file
4.3.2.28 FRESULT f_unlink ( const TCHAR * path )
Delete an existing file or directory
4.3.2.29 FRESULT f_utime ( const TCHAR * path, const FILINFO * fno )
Change times-tamp of the file/dir
4.3.2.30 FRESULT f_write ( FIL * fp, const void * buff, UINT btw, UINT * bw )
Write data to a file
```

4.4 inc/heap.h File Reference

Implements memory heap for dynamic memory allocation. Follows standard malloc/calloc/realloc/free interface for allocating/unallocating memory. modified 8/31/08 Jonathan Valvano for style modified 12/16/11 Jonathan Valvano for 32-bit machine modified August 10, 2014 for C99 syntax This example accompanies the book "Embedded Systems: Real Time Operating Systems for ARM Cortex M Microcontrollers", ISBN: 978-1466468863, Jonathan Valvano, copyright (c) 2014 Implementation Notes: This is a Knuth Heap. Each block has a header and a trailer, which I shall call the meta-sections. The meta-sections are each a single int32_t that tells how many int32_\to ts/words can be stored between the header and trailer. If the block is used, the meta-sections record the room as a positive number. If the block is unused, the meta-sections record the room as a negative number. Copyright 2014 by Jonathan W. Valvano, valvano@mail.utexas.edu You may use, edit, run or distribute this file as long as the above copyright notice remains THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS". NO WARRANTIES, W\to HETHER EXPRESS, IMPLIED OR STATUTORY, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE APPLY TO THIS SOFTWARE. VALV\to ANO SHALL NOT, IN ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, FOR ANY REASON WHATSOEVER. For more information about my classes, my research, and my books, see http://users.ece.utexas.edu/~valvano/.

Data Structures

struct heap_stats

Macros

- #define HEAP SIZE BYTES (256)
- #define HEAP_SIZE_WORDS (HEAP_SIZE_BYTES / sizeof(int32_t))
- #define HEAP OK 0
- #define HEAP ERROR CORRUPTED HEAP 1
- #define HEAP_ERROR_POINTER_OUT_OF_RANGE 2

Typedefs

typedef struct heap_stats heap_stats_t

Functions

int32_t Heap_Init (void)

Initialize the Heap notes: Initializes/resets the heap to a clean state where no memory is allocated.

void * Heap_Malloc (int32_t desiredBytes)

Allocate memory, data not initialized.

void * Heap_Calloc (int32_t desiredBytes)

Allocate memory, data are initialized to 0 notes: the allocated memory block will be zeroed out.

void * Heap_Realloc (void *oldBlock, int32_t desiredBytes)

Reallocate buffer to a new size notes: the given block will be unallocated after its contents are copied to the new block.

• int32 t Heap Free (void *pointer)

return a block to the heap

int32_t Heap_Test (void)

Test the heap.

heap_stats_t Heap_Stats (void)

return the current status of the heap

4.4.1 Detailed Description

Implements memory heap for dynamic memory allocation. Follows standard malloc/calloc/realloc/free interface for allocating/unallocating memory. modified 8/31/08 Jonathan Valvano for style modified 12/16/11 Jonathan Valvano for 32-bit machine modified August 10, 2014 for C99 syntax This example accompanies the book "Embedded Systems: Real Time Operating Systems for ARM Cortex M Microcontrollers", ISBN: 978-1466468863, Jonathan Valvano, copyright (c) 2014 Implementation Notes: This is a Knuth Heap. Each block has a header and a trailer, which I shall call the meta-sections. The meta-sections are each a single int32_t that tells how many int32_\top ts/words can be stored between the header and trailer. If the block is used, the meta-sections record the room as a positive number. If the block is unused, the meta-sections record the room as a negative number. Copyright 2014 by Jonathan W. Valvano, valvano@mail.utexas.edu You may use, edit, run or distribute this file as long as the above copyright notice remains THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS". NO WARRANTIES, W\top HETHER EXPRESS, IMPLIED OR STATUTORY, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE APPLY TO THIS SOFTWARE. VALV\top ANO SHALL NOT, IN ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, FOR ANY REASON WHATSOEVER. For more information about my classes, my research, and my books, see http://users.ece.utexas.edu/~valvano/.

Author

Jacob Egner

Date

2008-07-31

4.4.2 Function Documentation

4.4.2.1 void* Heap_Calloc (int32_t desiredBytes)

Allocate memory, data are initialized to 0 notes: the allocated memory block will be zeroed out.

Parameters

desiredBytes desired number of bytes to allocate

Returns

void* pointing to the allocated memory block or will return NULL if there isn't sufficient space to satisfy allocation request

4.4.2.2 int32_t Heap_Free (void * pointer)

return a block to the heap

Parameters

pointer the pointer to memory to unallocate

Returns

HEAP_OK if everything is ok; HEAP_ERROR_POINTER_OUT_OF_RANGE if pointer points outside the heap; HEAP_ERROR_CORRUPTED_HEAP if heap has been corrupted or trying to unallocate memory that has already been unallocated;

4.4.2.3 int32_t Heap_Init (void)

Initialize the Heap notes: Initializes/resets the heap to a clean state where no memory is allocated.

Returns

always HEAP_OK

4.4.2.4 void* Heap_Malloc (int32_t desiredBytes)

Allocate memory, data not initialized.

Parameters

desiredBytes	desired number of bytes to allocate
--------------	-------------------------------------

Returns

void* pointing to the allocated memory or will return NULL if there isn't sufficient space to satisfy allocation request

4.4.2.5 void* Heap_Realloc (void * oldBlock, int32_t desiredBytes)

Reallocate buffer to a new size notes: the given block will be unallocated after its contents are copied to the new block.

Parameters

oldBlock	pointer to a block
desiredBytes	a desired number of bytes for a new block where the contents of the old block will be copied to

Returns

void* pointing to the new block or will return NULL if there is any reason the reallocation can't be completed

4.4.2.6 heap_stats_t Heap_Stats (void)

return the current status of the heap

Returns

a heap_stats_t that describes the current usage of the heap

4.4.2.7 int32_t Heap_Test (void)

Test the heap.

Returns

validity of the heap - either HEAP_OK or HEAP_ERROR_HEAP_CORRUPTED

4.5 inc/interpreter.h File Reference

Functions

void interpreter task (void)

OS Task that sends characters to the interpreter.

void interpreter_cmd (char *cmd_str)

Pass user input to the interpreter and act on their command.

4.5.1 Detailed Description

List of commands

- adc
 - Prints 2 consecutive ADC samples of channel 0 to the LCD and UART0
- Icd
 - Prints strings on each line of each logical display on the LCD.

4.5.2 Function Documentation

```
4.5.2.1 void interpreter_cmd ( char * cmd_str )
```

Pass user input to the interpreter and act on their command.

Parameters

cmd_str | String containing the entire user command.

4.6 inc/misc_macros.h File Reference

Some helper macros.

Macros

#define lengthof(array) (sizeof(array)/sizeof((array)[0]))
 Get the number of elements in an array.

#define zeroes(array) memset(array, 0, sizeof(array))
 Zeroes out an array.

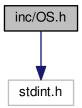
4.6.1 Detailed Description

Some helper macros.

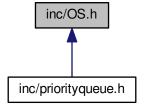
4.7 inc/OS.h File Reference

Real Time Operating System for Labs 2 and 3 EE445M/EE380L.12.

#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for OS.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Data Structures

- struct tcb s
- struct Sema4

Macros

- #define TIME 1MS 80000
- #define TIME_2MS (2 * TIME_1MS)
- #define TIME 500US (TIME 1MS / 2)
- #define **TIME 250US** (TIME 1MS / 4)
- #define TASK_STACK_SIZE 128
- #define TCB MAGIC (0x900d900d)
- #define OS_AddThread(task, stackSize, priority) OS_AddThread_priv(task, stackSize, priority, #task)
- #define OS_AddPeriodicThread(task, period, priority) OS_AddPeriodicThread_priv(task, period, priority, #task)

Typedefs

- typedef struct _tcb_s tcb_t
- typedef struct Sema4 Sema4Type

Functions

- void OS Init (void)
- void OS_InitSemaphore (Sema4Type *semaPt, long value)
- void OS_Wait (Sema4Type *semaPt)
- void OS Signal (Sema4Type *semaPt)
- void OS bWait (Sema4Type *semaPt)
- void OS_bSignal (Sema4Type *semaPt)
- void Jitter (void)

Print the max periodic task jitter measured thus far to the ST7735 display.

- int OS_AddThread_priv (void(*task)(void), unsigned long stackSize, unsigned long priority, char *task_
 name)
- unsigned long OS Id (void)
- int OS_AddPeriodicThread_priv (void(*task)(void), unsigned long period, unsigned long priority, char *task name)
- int OS_AddSW1Task (void(*task)(void), unsigned long priority)
- int OS_AddSW2Task (void(*task)(void), unsigned long priority)
- void OS_Sleep (unsigned long sleepTime)
- void OS_Kill (void)
- void OS_Suspend (void)
- void OS Fifo Init (unsigned long size)
- int OS_Fifo_Put (unsigned long data)
- unsigned long OS_Fifo_Get (void)
- long OS Fifo Size (void)
- void OS MailBox Init (void)
- void OS_MailBox_Send (unsigned long data)
- unsigned long OS_MailBox_Recv (void)
- unsigned long long OS_Time (void)
- unsigned long long OS_TimeDifference (unsigned long long start, unsigned long long stop)
- void OS ClearMsTime (void)
- unsigned long OS MsTime (void)
- void OS_Launch (unsigned long theTimeSlice)
- long StartCritical (void)
- · void EndCritical (long sr)
- void **DisableInterrupts** (void)
- void EnableInterrupts (void)

4.7.1 Detailed Description

Real Time Operating System for Labs 2 and 3 EE445M/EE380L.12.

RTOS kernel capable of round-robin scheduling, up to 2 low-jitter periodic tasks.

Reserves WTIMER1A and B for periodic task scheduling. Reserves SysTick timer for round-robin scheduling. Reserves WTIMER0 as a 64-bit time source.

Interface by Jonathan W. Valvano 2/20/17, valvano@mail.utexas.edu Implementation by Riley Wood and Jeageun Jung

Author

Riley Wood and Jeageun Jung

4.7.2 Macro Definition Documentation

4.7.2.1 #define OS_AddPeriodicThread(task, period, priority) OS_AddPeriodicThread_priv(task, period, priority, #task)

Add a background periodic task. Typically this function receives the highest priority You are free to select the time resolution for this function It is assumed that the user task will run to completion and return This task can not spin, block, loop, sleep, or kill This task can call OS_Signal OS_bSignal OS_AddThread This task does not have a Thread ID In lab 2, this command will be called 0 or 1 times In lab 2, the priority field can be ignored In lab 3, this command will be called 0 1 or 2 times In lab 3, there will be up to four background threads, and this priority field determines the relative priority of these four threads

Parameters

task	pointer to a void/void background function
period	given in system time units (12.5ns)
priority	0 is the highest, 5 is the lowest

Returns

1 if successful, 0 if this thread can not be added

4.7.2.2 #define OS_AddThread(task, stackSize, priority) OS_AddThread_priv(task, stackSize, priority, #task)

add a foregound thread to the scheduler stack size must be divisable by 8 (aligned to double word boundary) In Lab 2, you can ignore both the stackSize and priority fields In Lab 3, you can ignore the stackSize fields

Parameters

task	Task function	
stackSize	Size of the stack in bytes. Should be divisible by 8	
priority	Priority of the task. 0 is highest, 5 is lowest.	

Returns

1 if successful, 0 if this thread can not be added

4.7.3 Function Documentation

4.7.3.1 int OS_AddSW1Task (void(*)(void) task, unsigned long priority)

add a background task to run whenever the SW1 (PF4) button is pushed

Parameters

pointer	to a void/void background function
priority	0 is the highest, 5 is the lowest

Returns

1 if successful, 0 if this thread can not be added It is assumed that the user task will run to completion and return This task can not spin, block, loop, sleep, or kill This task can call OS_Signal OS_bSignal OS_Add Thread This task does not have a Thread ID In labs 2 and 3, this command will be called 0 or 1 times In lab 2, the priority field can be ignored In lab 3, there will be up to four background threads, and this priority field determines the relative priority of these four threads

4.7.3.2 int OS_AddSW2Task (void(*)(void) task, unsigned long priority)

add a background task to run whenever the SW2 (PF0) button is pushed

Parameters

pointer	to a void/void background function
priority	0 is highest, 5 is lowest

Returns

1 if successful, 0 if this thread can not be added It is assumed user task will run to completion and return This task can not spin block loop sleep or kill This task can call issue OS_Signal, it can call OS_AddThread This task does not have a Thread ID In lab 2, this function can be ignored In lab 3, this command will be called will be called 0 or 1 times In lab 3, there will be up to four background threads, and this priority field determines the relative priority of these four threads

4.7.3.3 void OS_bSignal (Sema4Type * semaPt)

Lab2 spinlock, set to 1 Lab3 wakeup blocked thread if appropriate

Parameters

sema⇔	pointer to a binary semaphore
Pt	

4.7.3.4 void OS_bWait (Sema4Type * semaPt)

Lab2 spinlock, set to 0 Lab3 block if less than zero

Parameters

sema⊷	pointer to a binary semaphore
Pt	

4.7.3.5 void OS_ClearMsTime (void)

Sets the system time to zero (from Lab 1). You are free to change how this works.

Returns

none

4.7.3.6 unsigned long OS_Fifo_Get (void)

Remove one data sample from the Fifo. Called in foreground, will spin/block if empty

Returns

data

4.7.3.7 void OS_Fifo_Init (unsigned long size)

Initialize the Fifo to be empty. In Lab 2, you can ignore the size field. In Lab 3, you should implement the user-defined fifo size. In Lab 3, you can put whatever restrictions you want on size e.g., 4 to 64 elements e.g., must be a power of 2,4,8,16,32,64,128

Parameters

size Size of the fifo

Returns

none

4.7.3.8 int OS_Fifo_Put (unsigned long data)

Enter one data sample into the Fifo. Called from the background, so no waiting. Since this is called by interrupt handlers this function can not disable or enable interrupts.

Parameters

	data	Data to put in the FIFO
--	------	-------------------------

Returns

true if data is properly saved, false if data not saved, because it was full

```
4.7.3.9 long OS_Fifo_Size (void )
```

Check the status of the Fifo.

Returns

returns the number of elements in the Fifo. Greater than zero if a call to OS_Fifo_Get will return right away, zero or less than zero if the Fifo is empty, zero or less than zero if a call to OS_Fifo_Get will spin or block

```
4.7.3.10 unsigned long OS_Id (void)
```

returns the thread ID for the currently running thread

Returns

Thread ID, number greater than zero

```
4.7.3.11 void OS_Init ( void )
```

initialize operating system, disable interrupts until OS_Launch initialize OS controlled I/O: serial, ADC, systick, LaunchPad I/O and timers

4.7.3.12 void OS_InitSemaphore (Sema4Type * semaPt, long value)

initialize semaphore

Parameters

sema⊷	pointer to a semaphore
Pt	

4.7.3.13 void OS_Kill (void)

kill the currently running thread, release its TCB and stack

4.7.3.14 void OS_Launch (unsigned long theTimeSlice)

Start the scheduler, enable interrupts. In Lab 2, you can ignore the theTimeSlice field. In Lab 3, you should implement the user-defined TimeSlice field. It is ok to limit the range of theTimeSlice to match the 24-bit SysTick.

Parameters

theTimeSlice	number of 12.5ns clock cycles for each time slice
--------------	---

Returns

none (does not return)

4.7.3.15 void OS_MailBox_Init (void)

Initialize communication channel

Returns

none

4.7.3.16 unsigned long OS_MailBox_Recv (void)

Remove mail from the MailBox. This function will be called from a foreground thread. It will spin/block if the MailBox is empty.

Returns

data received

4.7.3.17 void OS_MailBox_Send (unsigned long data)

Enter mail into the MailBox. This function will be called from a foreground thread. It will spin/block if the MailBox contains data not yet received

Parameters

data	to be sent
uala	to be sent

Returns

none

4.7.3.18 unsigned long OS_MsTime (void)

Reads the current time in msec (from Lab 1). You are free to select the time resolution for this function. It is ok to make the resolution to match the first call to OS_AddPeriodicThread.

Returns

time in ms units

4.7.3.19 void OS_Signal (Sema4Type * semaPt)

increment semaphore Lab2 spinlock Lab3 wakeup blocked thread if appropriate

Parameters

sema⇔	pointer to a counting semaphore
Pt	

4.7.3.20 void OS_Sleep (unsigned long *sleepTime*)

Place this thread into a dormant state. You are free to select the time resolution for this function. OS_Sleep(0) implements cooperative multitasking.

Parameters

sleepTime	number of msec to sleep
-----------	-------------------------

4.7.3.21 void OS_Suspend (void)

suspend execution of currently running thread. scheduler will choose another thread to execute. Can be used to implement cooperative multitasking. Same function as OS_Sleep(0).

4.7.3.22 unsigned long long OS_Time (void)

Return the system time in system time units (12.5ns)

Returns

time in 12.5ns units, 0 to 4294967295

4.7.3.23 unsigned long long OS_TimeDifference (unsigned long long start, unsigned long long stop)

Calculates difference between two times. The time resolution should be less than or equal to 1us, and the precision at least 12 bits. It is ok to change the resolution and precision of this function as long as this function and OS_Time have the same resolution and precision.

Parameters

start	Start time measured with OS_Time
stop	Stop time measured with OS Time

Returns

time difference in 12.5ns units

4.7.3.24 void OS_Wait (Sema4Type * semaPt)

decrement semaphore Lab2 spinlock Lab3 block if less than zero

Parameters 4 8 1

sema⇔	ma← pointer to a counting semaphor	
Pt		

4.8 inc/PLL.h File Reference

Runs on LM4F120/TM4C123 A software function to change the bus frequency using the PLL.

Macros

- #define Bus80MHz 4
- #define Bus80 000MHz 4
- #define Bus66_667MHz 5
- #define Bus50_000MHz 7
- #define Bus50MHz 7
- #define **Bus44_444MHz** 8
- #define Bus40 000MHz 9
- #define Bus40MHz 9
- #define Bus36_364MHz 10
- #define Bus33 333MHz 11
- #define Bus30_769MHz 12
- #define Bus28_571MHz 13
- #define Bus26_667MHz 14
- #define Bus25_000MHz 15
- #define Bus25MHz 15
- #define Bus23_529MHz 16
- #define Bus22_22MHz 17
- #define **Bus21_053MHz** 18
- #define **Bus20_000MHz** 19
- #define Bus20MHz 19
- #define Bus19 048MHz 20
- #define Bus18_182MHz 21
- #define **Bus17_391MHz** 22
- #define **Bus16_667MHz** 23
- #define Bus16_000MHz 24
- #define Bus16MHz 24
- #define Bus15_385MHz 25
- #define Bus14_815MHz 26
- #define Bus14 286MHz 27
- #define Bus13_793MHz 28

- #define Bus13 333MHz 29
- #define Bus12 903MHz 30
- #define Bus12_500MHz 31
- #define Bus12 121MHz 32
- #define Bus11 765MHz 33
- #define Bus11_429MHz 34
- #define Bus11 111MHz 35
- #define Bus10_811MHz 36
- #define Bus10 526MHz 37
- #define Bus10 256MHz 38
- #define **Bus10 000MHz** 39
- #define Bus10MHz 39
- #define Bus9_756MHz 40
- #define Bus9 524MHz 41
- #define Bus9_302MHz 42
- #define Bus9 091MHz 43
- #define Bus8_889MHz 44
- #define Bus8_696MHz 45
- #define Bus8_511MHz 46
- #define Bus8 333MHz 47
- #define Bus8_163MHz 48
- #define Bus8_000MHz 49
- #define Bus8MHz 49
- #define Bus7_843MHz 50
- #define **Bus7_692MHz** 51
- #define **Bus7_547MHz** 52
- #define Bus7_407MHz 53
- #define Bus7_273MHz 54
- #define **Bus7_143MHz** 55
- #define **Bus7_018MHz** 56
- #define Bus6_897MHz 57
- #define Bus6_780MHz 58
- #define **Bus6_667MHz** 59
- #define Bus6_557MHz 60
- #define Bus6_452MHz 61#define Bus6_349MHz 62
- #define Bus6 250MHz 63
- #define Bus6_250MHz 63
 #define Bus6_154MHz 64
- #define **Bus6_061MHz** 65
- #define Bus5_970MHz 66
- #define Bus5 882MHz 67
- #define Bus5_797MHz 68
- #define Bus5 714MHz 69
- #define Bus5_634MHz 70
- #define Bus5_556MHz 71
- #define Bus5 479MHz 72
- #define Bus5_405MHz 73
- #define **Bus5_333MHz** 74
- #define **Bus5_263MHz** 75
- #define Bus5_195MHz 76#define Bus5_128MHz 77
- #define Bus5 063MHz 78
- #define Bus5 000MHz 79
- #define Bus4 938MHz 80
- #define Bus4_878MHz 81

- #define Bus4 819MHz 82
- #define Bus4_762MHz 83
- #define Bus4 706MHz 84
- #define Bus4 651MHz 85
- #define Bus4_598MHz 86
- #define Bus4 545MHz 87
- #define Bus4_494MHz 88
- #define Bus4_444MHz 89
- #define Bus4_396MHz 90
- #define Bus4 348MHz 91
- #define Bus4_301MHz 92
- #define Bus4_255MHz 93
- #define Bus4_211MHz 94
- #define Bus4_167MHz 95
- #define Bus4_124MHz 96
- #define Bus4 082MHz 97
- #define Bus4_040MHz 98
- #define Bus4 000MHz 99
- #define Bus4MHz 99
- #define Bus3_960MHz 100
- #define Bus3_922MHz 101
- #define Bus3 883MHz 102
- #define Bus3 846MHz 103
- #define Bus3 810MHz 104
- #define **Bus3 774MHz** 105
- #define Bus3 738MHz 106
- #define Bus3_704MHz 107
- #define Bus3 670MHz 108
- #define Bus3 636MHz 109
- #define Bus3_604MHz 110
- #define Bus3_571MHz 111
- #define Bus3 540MHz 112
- #define Bus3 509MHz 113
- #define Bus3_478MHz 114
- #define **Bus3_448MHz** 115
- #define Bus3_419MHz 116
- #define Bus3_390MHz 117
- #define Bus3 361MHz 118
- #define Bus3 333MHz 119
- #define Bus3_306MHz 120
- #define Bus3_279MHz 121
- #define Bus3_252MHz 122
- #define **Bus3_226MHz** 123
- #define **Bus3_200MHz** 124
- #define Bus3_175MHz 125
- #define Bus3_150MHz 126
- #define Bus3_125MHz 127

Functions

void PLL_Init (uint32_t freq)

configure the system to get its clock from the PLL

4.8.1 Detailed Description

Runs on LM4F120/TM4C123 A software function to change the bus frequency using the PLL.

Author

Daniel Valvano

4.8.2 Function Documentation

```
4.8.2.1 void PLL_Init ( uint32_t freq )
```

configure the system to get its clock from the PLL

Parameters

freq

Macro defined in PLL.h to choose frequency

4.9 inc/profiler.h File Reference

Thread profiler utility.

Data Structures

struct event_t

Macros

- #define EVENT_MAGIC (0x02344629)
- #define MAX_EVENTS (100)

Enumerations

enum event_type_e { EVENT_FGTH_START, EVENT_PTH_START, EVENT_PTH_END, EVENT_NUM ←
 _TYPES }

Functions

void Profiler_Init (void)

Initialize the thread profiler. Call before use.

• int Profiler_Event (event_type_e event_type, char *event_name)

Register an event has occurred in the profiler.

void Profiler_Clear (void)

Clear profiler history.

void Profiler_Foreach (void(*f)(const event_t *))

Executes a function f on each event in the log in the order they occurred in the system.

4.9.1 Detailed Description

Thread profiler utility.

Author

Riley Wood (riley.wood@utexas.edu)

4.9.2 Function Documentation

4.9.2.1 int Profiler_Event (event_type_e event_type, char * event_name)

Register an event has occurred in the profiler.

Parameters

event⊷	ID of the event that occurred
_id	

Returns

-1 on error, 0 on success

4.9.2.2 void Profiler_Foreach (void(*)(const event_t *) f)

Executes a function f on each event in the log in the order they occurred in the system.

Parameters

f Function to execute on each event in the log.

4.10 inc/ST7735.h File Reference

Low level drivers for the ST7735.

Macros

- #define ST7735_BLACK 0x0000
- #define **ST7735_BLUE** 0xF800
- #define ST7735_RED 0x001F
- #define **ST7735_GREEN** 0x07E0
- #define ST7735_CYAN 0xFFE0
- #define ST7735_MAGENTA 0xF81F
- #define ST7735_YELLOW 0x07FF
- #define **ST7735_WHITE** 0xFFFF

Enumerations

enum initRFlags {
 none, INITR_GREENTAB, INITR_REDTAB, INITR_BLACKTAB,
 none, INITR_GREENTAB, INITR_REDTAB, INITR_BLACKTAB }

Functions

- void ST7735 InitB (void)
- void ST7735 InitR (enum initRFlags option)
- void ST7735 DrawPixel (short x, short y, unsigned short color)
- void ST7735_DrawFastVLine (short x, short y, short h, unsigned short color)
- void ST7735_DrawFastHLine (short x, short y, short w, unsigned short color)
- void ST7735 FillScreen (unsigned short color)
- void ST7735_FillRect (short x, short y, short w, short h, unsigned short color)
- unsigned short ST7735 Color565 (unsigned char r, unsigned char g, unsigned char b)
- unsigned short ST7735 SwapColor (unsigned short x)
- void ST7735_DrawBitmap (short x, short y, const unsigned short *image, short w, short h)
- void ST7735_DrawCharS (short x, short y, char c, short textColor, short bgColor, unsigned char size)
- void **ST7735_DrawChar** (short x, short y, char c, short textColor, short bgColor, unsigned char size)
- unsigned long **ST7735_OutString** (unsigned short x, unsigned short y, char *pt, short textColor)
- void ST7735_Message (unsigned long d, unsigned long l, char *pt, long value)
- void ST7735_SetRotation (unsigned char m)
- void ST7735_InvertDisplay (int i)

4.10.1 Detailed Description

Low level drivers for the ST7735.

Runs on LM4F120/TM4C123. Low level drivers for the ST7735 160x128 LCD based off of the file described above. This version coexists with the SDC

Version

V1.0

Author

Valvano

Copyright

Copyright 2017 by Jonathan W. Valvano, valvano@mail.utexas.edu,

Warning

AS-IS

Note

For more information see http://users.ece.utexas.edu/~valvano/

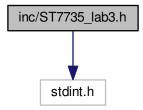
Date

March 9, 2017

4.11 inc/ST7735_lab3.h File Reference

This is a library for the Adafruit 1.8" SPI display.

```
#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for ST7735_lab3.h:
```



Macros

- #define **ST7735_TFTWIDTH** 128
- #define ST7735_TFTHEIGHT 160
- #define ST7735 BLACK 0x0000
- #define ST7735 BLUE 0xF800
- #define ST7735_RED 0x001F
- #define ST7735_GREEN 0x07E0
- #define ST7735 CYAN 0xFFE0
- #define ST7735_MAGENTA 0xF81F
- #define ST7735 YELLOW 0x07FF
- #define **ST7735_WHITE** 0xFFFF

Enumerations

• enum initRFlags {

none, INITR_GREENTAB, INITR_REDTAB, INITR_BLACKTAB, none, INITR_GREENTAB, INITR_REDTAB, INITR_BLACKTAB $\}$

some flags for ST7735_InitR()

Functions

• void ST7735 InitB (void)

Initialization for ST7735B screens.

void ST7735_InitR (enum initRFlags option)

Initialization for ST7735R screens (green or red tabs).

void ST7735 DrawPixel (int16 t x, int16 t y, uint16 t color)

Color the pixel at the given coordinates with the given color. Requires 13 bytes of transmission.

• void ST7735_DrawFastVLine (int16_t x, int16_t y, int16_t h, uint16_t color)

Draw a vertical line at the given coordinates with the given height and color. A vertical line is parallel to the longer side of the rectangular display Requires (11 + 2*h) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen)

void ST7735_DrawFastHLine (int16_t x, int16_t y, int16_t w, uint16_t color)

Draw a horizontal line at the given coordinates with the given width and color. A horizontal line is parallel to the shorter side of the rectangular display Requires (11 + 2*w) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen)

void ST7735 FillScreen (uint16 t color)

Fill the screen with the given color. Requires 40,971 bytes of transmission.

void ST7735_FillRect (int16_t x, int16_t y, int16_t w, int16_t h, uint16_t color)

Draw a filled rectangle at the given coordinates with the given width, height, and color. Requires (11 + 2*w*h) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen)

• uint16_t ST7735_Color565 (uint8_t r, uint8_t g, uint8_t b)

Pass 8-bit (each) R,G,B and get back 16-bit packed color.

uint16_t ST7735_SwapColor (uint16_t x)

Swaps the red and blue values of the given 16-bit packed color; green is unchanged.

void ST7735_DrawBitmap (int16_t x, int16_t y, const uint16_t *image, int16_t w, int16_t h)

Displays a 16-bit color BMP image. A bitmap file that is created by a PC image processing program has a header and may be padded with dummy columns so the data have four byte alignment. This function assumes that all of that has been stripped out, and the array image[] has one 16-bit halfword for each pixel to be displayed on the screen (encoded in reverse order, which is standard for bitmap files). An array can be created in this format from a 24-bit-per-pixel .bmp file using the associated converter program. (x,y) is the screen location of the lower left corner of BMP image Requires (11 + 2*w*h) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen) Must be less than or equal to 128 pixels wide by 160 pixels high.

void ST7735 DrawCharS (int16 t x, int16 t y, char c, int16 t textColor, int16 t bgColor, uint8 t size)

Simple character draw function. This is the same function from Adafruit_GFX.c but adapted for this processor. However, each call to ST7735_DrawPixel() calls setAddrWindow(), which needs to send many extra data and commands. If the background color is the same as the text color, no background will be printed, and text can be drawn right over existing images without covering them with a box. Requires (11 + 2*size*size)*6*8 (image fully on screen; textcolor != bgColor)

void ST7735_DrawChar (int16_t x, int16_t y, char c, int16_t textColor, int16_t bgColor, uint8_t size)

Advanced character draw function. This is similar to the function from Adafruit_GFX.c but adapted for this processor. However, this function only uses one call to setAddrWindow(), which allows it to run at least twice as fast. Requires (11 + size*size*6*8) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen)

uint32_t ST7735_DrawString (uint16_t x, uint16_t y, char *pt, int16_t textColor, int16_t bgColor)

String draw function. 16 rows (0 to 15) and 21 characters (0 to 20) Requires (11 + size*size*6*8) bytes of transmission for each character If bgColor is same as textColor, no background will be filled in for chars.

void ST7735_SetCursor (uint32_t newX, uint32_t newY)

Move the cursor to the desired X- and Y-position. The next character will be printed here. X=0 is the leftmost column. Y=0 is the top row.

void ST7735 OutUDec (uint32 t n)

Output a 32-bit number in unsigned decimal format Position determined by ST7735_SetCursor command Color set by ST7735_SetTextColor.

• void ST7735_SetRotation (uint8_t m)

Change the image rotation. Requires 2 bytes of transmission.

void ST7735_InvertDisplay (int i)

Send the command to invert all of the colors. Requires 1 byte of transmission.

void ST7735_PlotClear (int32_t ymin, int32_t ymax)

Clear the graphics buffer, set X coordinate to 0 This routine clears the display.

void ST7735_PlotPoint (int32_t y)

Used in the voltage versus time plot, plot one point at y It does output to display.

void ST7735_PlotLine (int32_t y)

Used in the voltage versus time plot, plot line to new point It does output to display.

void ST7735_PlotPoints (int32_t y1, int32_t y2)

Used in the voltage versus time plot, plot two points at y1, y2 It does output to display.

• void ST7735 PlotBar (int32 t y)

Used in the voltage versus time bar, plot one bar at y It does not output to display until RIT128x96x4ShowPlot called.

void ST7735_PlotdBfs (int32_t y)

Used in the amplitude versus frequency plot, plot bar point at y 0 to 0.625V scaled on a log plot from min to max It does output to display.

void ST7735 PlotNext (void)

Used in all the plots to step the X coordinate one pixel X steps from 0 to 127, then back to 0 again It does not output to display.

void ST7735 PlotNextErase (void)

Used in all the plots to step the X coordinate one pixel X steps from 0 to 127, then back to 0 again It clears the vertical space into which the next pixel will be drawn.

void ST7735 OutChar (char ch)

Output one character to the LCD Position determined by ST7735_SetCursor command Color set by ST7735_Set← TextColor.

void ST7735_OutString (char *ptr)

Print a string of characters to the ST7735 LCD. Position determined by ST7735_SetCursor command Color set by ST7735 SetTextColor The string will not automatically wrap.

void ST7735_SetTextColor (uint16_t color)

Sets the color in which the characters will be printed Background color is fixed at black.

void Output Init (void)

Standard device driver initialization function for printf Initialize ST7735 LCD.

void Output_Clear (void)

Clear display.

void Output_Off (void)

Turn off display (low power)

void Output_On (void)

Turn on display.

void Output Color (uint32 t newColor)

set the color for future output Background color is fixed at black

• void ST7735_Message (int device, int line, char *string, int32_t value)

Display a string and number on one of two logical displays at a given line number relative to that display. The LCD display is logically divided into two displays: top and bottom. These logical displays are identified with a device ID. Device 0 is the top display, device 1 is the bottom display. Each logical device has 4 lines, numbered 0 to 3. Prints in black text on a white background. This function is not (yet) reentrant.

4.11.1 Detailed Description

This is a library for the Adafruit 1.8" SPI display.

4.11.2 Function Documentation

4.11.2.1 void Output_Color (uint32_t newColor)

set the color for future output Background color is fixed at black

Parameters

newColor	16-bit packed color
----------	---------------------

4.11.2.2 uint16_t ST7735_Color565 (uint8_t r, uint8_t g, uint8_t b)

Pass 8-bit (each) R,G,B and get back 16-bit packed color.

Parameters

r	red value
g	green value
b	blue value

Returns

uint16 t 16-bit color

4.11.2.3 void ST7735_DrawBitmap (int16_t x, int16_t y, const uint16_t * image, int16_t w, int16_t h)

Displays a 16-bit color BMP image. A bitmap file that is created by a PC image processing program has a header and may be padded with dummy columns so the data have four byte alignment. This function assumes that all of that has been stripped out, and the array image[] has one 16-bit halfword for each pixel to be displayed on the screen (encoded in reverse order, which is standard for bitmap files). An array can be created in this format from a 24-bit-per-pixel .bmp file using the associated converter program. (x,y) is the screen location of the lower left corner of BMP image Requires (11 + 2*w*h) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen) Must be less than or equal to 128 pixels wide by 160 pixels high.

Parameters

X	horizontal position of the bottom left corner of the image, columns from the left edge
У	vertical position of the bottom left corner of the image, rows from the top edge
image	pointer to a 16-bit color BMP image
W	number of pixels wide
h	number of pixels tall

4.11.2.4 void ST7735_DrawChar (int16_t x, int16_t y, char c, int16_t textColor, int16_t bgColor, uint8_t size)

Advanced character draw function. This is similar to the function from Adafruit_GFX.c but adapted for this processor. However, this function only uses one call to setAddrWindow(), which allows it to run at least twice as fast. Requires (11 + size*size*6*8) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen)

Parameters

Х	horizontal position of the top left corner of the character, columns from the left edge
У	vertical position of the top left corner of the character, rows from the top edge
С	character to be printed
textColor	16-bit color of the character
bgColor	16-bit color of the background
size	number of pixels per character pixel (e.g. size==2 prints each pixel of font as 2x2 square)

4.11.2.5 void ST7735_DrawCharS (int16_t x, int16_t y, char c, int16_t textColor, int16_t bgColor, uint8_t size)

Simple character draw function. This is the same function from Adafruit_GFX.c but adapted for this processor. However, each call to ST7735_DrawPixel() calls setAddrWindow(), which needs to send many extra data and commands. If the background color is the same as the text color, no background will be printed, and text can be drawn right over existing images without covering them with a box. Requires (11 + 2*size*size)*6*8 (image fully on screen; textcolor!= bgColor)

Parameters

X	horizontal position of the top left corner of the character, columns from the left edge
У	vertical position of the top left corner of the character, rows from the top edge
С	character to be printed
textColor	16-bit color of the character
bgColor	16-bit color of the background
size	number of pixels per character pixel (e.g. size==2 prints each pixel of font as 2x2 square)

4.11.2.6 void ST7735_DrawFastHLine (int16_t x, int16_t y, int16_t w, uint16_t color)

Draw a horizontal line at the given coordinates with the given width and color. A horizontal line is parallel to the shorter side of the rectangular display Requires (11 + 2*w) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen)

Parameters

X	horizontal position of the start of the line, columns from the left edge
У	vertical position of the start of the line, rows from the top edge
W	horizontal width of the line
color	16-bit color, which can be produced by ST7735_Color565()

4.11.2.7 void ST7735_DrawFastVLine (int16_t x, int16_t y, int16_t h, uint16_t color)

Draw a vertical line at the given coordinates with the given height and color. A vertical line is parallel to the longer side of the rectangular display Requires (11 + 2*h) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen)

Parameters

X	horizontal position of the start of the line, columns from the left edge
У	vertical position of the start of the line, rows from the top edge
h	vertical height of the line
color	16-bit color, which can be produced by ST7735_Color565()

4.11.2.8 void ST7735_DrawPixel (int16_t x, int16_t y, uint16_t color)

Color the pixel at the given coordinates with the given color. Requires 13 bytes of transmission.

Parameters

X	horizontal position of the pixel, columns from the left edge must be less than 128 0 is on the left, 126 is near the right
У	vertical position of the pixel, rows from the top edge must be less than 160 159 is near the wires, 0 is the side opposite the wires
color	16-bit color, which can be produced by ST7735_Color565()

4.11.2.9 uint32_t ST7735_DrawString (uint16_t x, uint16_t y, char * pt, int16_t textColor, int16_t textColor, int16_t textColor)

String draw function. 16 rows (0 to 15) and 21 characters (0 to 20) Requires (11 + size*size*6*8) bytes of transmission for each character If bgColor is same as textColor, no background will be filled in for chars.

Parameters

Х	columns from the left edge (0 to 20)
У	rows from the top edge (0 to 15)
pt	pointer to a null terminated string to be printed
textColor 16-bit color of the characters	
bgColor	16-bit color of the background

Returns

uint32_t number of characters printed

4.11.2.10 void ST7735_FillRect (int16_t x, int16_t y, int16_t w, int16_t h, uint16_t color)

Draw a filled rectangle at the given coordinates with the given width, height, and color. Requires (11 + 2*w*h) bytes of transmission (assuming image fully on screen)

Parameters

X	horizontal position of the top left corner of the rectangle, columns from the left edge
У	vertical position of the top left corner of the rectangle, rows from the top edge
W	horizontal width of the rectangle
h	vertical height of the rectangle
color	16-bit color, which can be produced by ST7735_Color565()

4.11.2.11 void ST7735_FillScreen (uint16_t color)

Fill the screen with the given color. Requires 40,971 bytes of transmission.

Parameters

colo	r	16-bit color, which can be produced by ST7735_Color565()

4.11.2.12 void ST7735_InitR (enum initRFlags option)

Initialization for ST7735R screens (green or red tabs).

Parameters

4.11.2.13 void ST7735_InvertDisplay (int i)

Send the command to invert all of the colors. Requires 1 byte of transmission.

Parameters

 $i \mid 0$ to disable inversion; non-zero to enable inversion

4.11.2.14 void ST7735_Message (int device, int line, char * string, int32_t value)

Display a string and number on one of two logical displays at a given line number relative to that display. The LCD display is logically divided into two displays: top and bottom. These logical displays are identified with a device ID. Device 0 is the top display, device 1 is the bottom display. Each logical device has 4 lines, numbered 0 to 3. Prints in black text on a white background. This function is not (yet) reentrant.

Parameters

device	Device ID, 0 or 1
line	Line number, 0 to 3, relative to the logical display.
string	Null-terminated string to print on the select logical display and line.
value	Integer value printed after the string.

4.11.2.15 void ST7735_OutChar (char ch)

Output one character to the LCD Position determined by ST7735_SetCursor command Color set by ST7735_Set TextColor.

Parameters

ch	8-bit ASCII character
----	-----------------------

4.11.2.16 void ST7735_OutString (char * ptr)

Print a string of characters to the ST7735 LCD. Position determined by ST7735_SetCursor command Color set by ST7735_SetTextColor The string will not automatically wrap.

Parameters

ptr pointer to NULL-terminated ASCII string	ptr	rminated ASCII string
---	-----	-----------------------

4.11.2.17 void ST7735_OutUDec (uint32_t n)

Output a 32-bit number in unsigned decimal format Position determined by ST7735_SetCursor command Color set by ST7735_SetTextColor.

Parameters

```
n 32-bit number to be transferred
```

4.11.2.18 void ST7735_PlotBar (int32_t y)

Used in the voltage versus time bar, plot one bar at y It does not output to display until RIT128x96x4ShowPlot called.

Parameters

y the y coordinate of the bar plotted

4.11.2.19 void ST7735_PlotClear (int32_t ymin, int32_t ymax)

Clear the graphics buffer, set X coordinate to 0 This routine clears the display.

Parameters

ymin	Lower bound of plot
ymax	Upper bound of plot

4.11.2.20 void ST7735_PlotdBfs (int32_t y)

Used in the amplitude versus frequency plot, plot bar point at y 0 to 0.625V scaled on a log plot from min to max It does output to display.

Parameters

y the y ADC value of the bar plotted

4.11.2.21 void ST7735_PlotLine (int32_t y)

Used in the voltage versus time plot, plot line to new point It does output to display.

Parameters

У	the y coordinate of the point plotted
---	---------------------------------------

4.11.2.22 void ST7735_PlotPoint (int32_t y)

Used in the voltage versus time plot, plot one point at y lt does output to display.

Parameters

4.11.2.23 void ST7735_PlotPoints (int32_t y1, int32_t y2)

Used in the voltage versus time plot, plot two points at y1, y2 It does output to display.

Parameters

y1	the y coordinate of the first point plotted
y2	the y coordinate of the second point plotted

4.11.2.24 void ST7735_SetCursor (uint32_t newX, uint32_t newY)

Move the cursor to the desired X- and Y-position. The next character will be printed here. X=0 is the leftmost column. Y=0 is the top row.

Parameters

newX	new X-position of the cursor (0<=newX<=20)
newY	new Y-position of the cursor (0<=newY<=15)

4.11.2.25 void ST7735_SetRotation (uint8_t m)

Change the image rotation. Requires 2 bytes of transmission.

Parameters

4.11.2.26 void ST7735_SetTextColor (uint16_t color)

Sets the color in which the characters will be printed Background color is fixed at black.

Parameters

color 16-bit packed color	
---------------------------	--

4.11.2.27 uint16_t ST7735_SwapColor (uint16_t x)

Swaps the red and blue values of the given 16-bit packed color; green is unchanged.

Parameters

x 16-bit color in format B, G, F

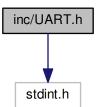
Returns

uint16_t 16-bit color in format R, G, B

4.12 inc/UART.h File Reference

Runs on LM4F120/TM4C123 Use UART0 to implement bidirectional data transfer to and from a computer running HyperTerminal. This time, interrupts and FIFOs are used.

#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for UART.h:



Macros

- #define CR 0x0D
- #define LF 0x0A
- #define **BS** 0x08
- #define ESC 0x1B
- #define SP 0x20
- #define **DEL** 0x7F

Functions

• void UART Init (void)

Initialize the UART for 115,200 baud rate (assuming 50 MHz clock), 8 bit word length, no parity bits, one stop bit, FIFOs enabled.

• char UART InChar (void)

Wait for new serial port input.

void UART_OutChar (char data)

8-bit to serial port

void UART OutString (char *pt)

Output String (NULL termination)

uint32_t UART_InUDec (void)

InUDec accepts ASCII input in unsigned decimal format and converts to a 32-bit unsigned number valid range is 0 to 4294967295 (2^32-1) If you enter a number above 4294967295, it will return an incorrect value Backspace will remove last digit typed.

• void UART OutUDec (uint32 t n)

Output a 32-bit number in unsigned decimal format.

uint32_t UART_InUHex (void)

Accepts ASCII input in unsigned hexadecimal (base 16) format No '\$' or '0x' need be entered, just the 1 to 8 hex digits It will convert lower case a-f to uppercase A-F and converts to a 16 bit unsigned number value range is 0 to FFFFFFFF If you enter a number above FFFFFFFF, it will return an incorrect value Backspace will remove last digit typed.

void UART OutUHex (uint32 t number)

Output a 32-bit number in unsigned hexadecimal format Variable format 1 to 8 digits with no space before or after.

void UART InString (char *bufPt, uint16 t max)

Accepts ASCII characters from the serial port and adds them to a string until <enter> is typed or until max length of the string is reached. It echoes each character as it is inputted. If a backspace is inputted, the string is modified and the backspace is echoed terminates the string with a null character uses busy-waiting synchronization on RDRF Modified by Agustinus Darmawan + Mingjie Qiu.

void UART setRedirect (char *F)

Accept Filename and make it as redirect file.

• void UART endRedirect ()

End redirection.

4.12.1 Detailed Description

Runs on LM4F120/TM4C123 Use UART0 to implement bidirectional data transfer to and from a computer running HyperTerminal. This time, interrupts and FIFOs are used.

Author

Daniel Valvano

4.12.2 Function Documentation

4.12.2.1 char UART_InChar (void)

Wait for new serial port input.

Returns

char ASCII code for key typed

4.12.2.2 void UART_InString (char * bufPt, uint16_t max)

Accepts ASCII characters from the serial port and adds them to a string until <enter> is typed or until max length of the string is reached. It echoes each character as it is inputted. If a backspace is inputted, the string is modified and the backspace is echoed terminates the string with a null character uses busy-waiting synchronization on RDRF Modified by Agustinus Darmawan + Mingjie Qiu.

Parameters

buf⇔ Pt	pointer to empty buffer
max	size of buffer

4.12.2.3 uint32_t UART_InUDec (void)

InUDec accepts ASCII input in unsigned decimal format and converts to a 32-bit unsigned number valid range is 0 to 4294967295 (2^32-1) If you enter a number above 4294967295, it will return an incorrect value Backspace will remove last digit typed.

Returns

uint32_t 32-bit unsigned number

4.12.2.4 uint32_t UART_InUHex (void)

Accepts ASCII input in unsigned hexadecimal (base 16) format No '\$' or '0x' need be entered, just the 1 to 8 hex digits It will convert lower case a-f to uppercase A-F and converts to a 16 bit unsigned number value range is 0 to FFFFFFFF If you enter a number above FFFFFFFF, it will return an incorrect value Backspace will remove last digit typed.

Returns

uint32_t 32-bit unsigned number

4.12.2.5 void UART_OutChar (char data)

8-bit to serial port

Parameters

data	letter is an 8-bit ASCII character to be transferred

4.12.2.6 void UART_OutString (char * pt)

Output String (NULL termination)

Parameters

pt pointer to a NULL-terminated string to be transferred

4.12.2.7 void UART_OutUDec (uint32_t n)

Output a 32-bit number in unsigned decimal format.

Parameters

n 32-bit number to be transferred

4.12.2.8 void UART_OutUHex (uint32_t number)

Output a 32-bit number in unsigned hexadecimal format Variable format 1 to 8 digits with no space before or after.

Parameters

number 32-bit number to be transferred

4.12.2.9 void UART_setRedirect (char * F)

Accept Filename and make it as redirect file.

Parameters

string of filename

Index

_tcb_s, 5	ff.h, 19
	f_getlabel
ADC.h	ff.h, 19
ADC_Collect, 12	f_gets
ADC_In, 12	ff.h, 19
ADC_Init, 12	f_lseek
ADC_Collect	ff.h, 19
ADC.h, 12	f mkdir
ADC_In	 ff.h, 20
ADC.h, 12	f mkfs
ADC_Init	_ ff.h, 20
ADC.h, 12	f mount
	ff.h, 20
DIR, 6	f_open
disk_initialize	ff.h, 20
diskio.h, 14	f opendir
disk ioctl	ff.h, 20
diskio.h, 15	
disk read	f_printf
diskio.h, 15	ff.h, <mark>20</mark>
disk status	f_putc
diskio.h, 15	ff.h, 20
disk write	f_puts
diskio.h, 15	ff.h, 20
diskio.h	f_read
disk_initialize, 14	ff.h, 20
disk_ioctl, 15	f_readdir
disk_read, 15	ff.h, 20
	f_rename
disk_status, 15	ff.h, 21
disk_write, 15	f_setlabel
avent t 6	- ff.h, <mark>21</mark>
event_t, 6	f stat
f chdir	- ff.h, <mark>21</mark>
ff.h, 18	f_sync
f chdrive	ff.h, 21
ff.h, 18	f truncate
f_chmod	ff.h, 21
	f unlink
ff.h, 19	ff.h, 21
f_close	f utime
ff.h, 19	_
f_closedir	ff.h, 21
ff.h, 19	f_write
f_fdisk	ff.h, 21
ff.h, 19	FATFS, 7
f_forward	FILINFO, 8
ff.h, 19	FIL, 7
f_getcwd	ff.h
ff.h, 19	f_chdir, 18
f_getfree	f_chdrive, 18

54 INDEX

f_chmod, 19	inc/diskio.h, 13
f close, 19	inc/ff.h, 16
f_closedir, 19	inc/heap.h, 22
f_fdisk, 19	inc/interpreter.h, 25
f_forward, 19	inc/misc macros.h, 25
f_getcwd, 19	inc/profiler.h, 37
f getfree, 19	interpreter.h
	•
f_getlabel, 19	interpreter_cmd, 25
f_gets, 19	interpreter_cmd
f_lseek, 19	interpreter.h, 25
f_mkdir, 20	00 h
f_mkfs, 20	OS.h
f_mount, 20	OS_AddPeriodicThread, 28
f_open, 20	OS_AddSW1Task, 29
f_opendir, 20	OS_AddSW2Task, 29
f_printf, 20	OS_AddThread, 28
f_putc, 20	OS_ClearMsTime, 30
f_puts, 20	OS_Fifo_Get, 30
f_read, 20	OS_Fifo_Init, 30
f_readdir, 20	OS Fifo Put, 30
	OS_Fifo_Size, 31
f_rename, 21	OS_Id, 31
f_setlabel, 21	OS_Init, 31
f_stat, 21	OS InitSemaphore, 31
f_sync, 21	- •
f_truncate, 21	OS_Kill, 31
f_unlink, 21	OS_Launch, 31
f_utime, 21	OS_MailBox_Init, 32
f_write, 21	OS_MailBox_Recv, 32
	OS_MailBox_Send, 32
heap.h	OS_MsTime, 32
Heap_Calloc, 23	OS_Signal, 33
Heap_Free, 23	OS_Sleep, 33
Heap_Init, 24	OS_Suspend, 33
Heap Malloc, 24	OS_Time, 33
Heap_Realloc, 24	OS_TimeDifference, 33
Heap Stats, 24	OS Wait, 34
•—	OS_bSignal, 29
Heap_Test, 24	OS_bWait, 30
Heap_Calloc	OS AddPeriodicThread
heap.h, 23	_
Heap_Free	OS.h, 28
heap.h, 23	OS_AddSW1Task
Heap_Init	OS.h, 29
heap.h, <mark>24</mark>	OS_AddSW2Task
Heap_Malloc	OS.h, 29
heap.h, 24	OS_AddThread
Heap_Realloc	OS.h, 28
heap.h, 24	OS_ClearMsTime
Heap_Stats	OS.h, 30
heap.h, 24	OS_Fifo_Get
Heap_Test	OS.h, 30
• —	OS_Fifo_Init
heap.h, 24	OS.h, 30
heap_stats, 9	
ing/ADC h 11	OS_Fifo_Put
inc/ADC.h, 11	OS.h, 30
inc/OS.h, 26	OS_Fifo_Size
inc/PLL.h, 34	OS.h, 31
inc/ST7735.h, 38	OS_ld
inc/ST7735_lab3.h, 40	OS.h, 31
inc/UART.h, 49	OS_Init

INDEX 55

001.04	077705 0 44
OS.h, 31	ST7735_lab3.h, 44
OS_InitSemaphore	ST7735_DrawString
OS.h, 31	ST7735_lab3.h, 45
OS_Kill	ST7735_FillRect
OS.h, 31	ST7735_lab3.h, 45
OS_Launch	ST7735_FillScreen
OS.h, 31	ST7735_lab3.h, 45
OS_MailBox_Init	ST7735 InitR
OS.h, 32	ST7735 lab3.h, 46
OS_MailBox_Recv	ST7735_InvertDisplay
OS.h, 32	ST7735_lab3.h, 46
OS MailBox Send	
OS.h, 32	ST7735_Message
	ST7735_lab3.h, 46
OS_MsTime	ST7735_OutChar
OS.h, 32	ST7735_lab3.h, 46
OS_Signal	ST7735_OutString
OS.h, 33	ST7735_lab3.h, 46
OS_Sleep	ST7735_OutUDec
OS.h, 33	ST7735 lab3.h, 47
OS_Suspend	ST7735 PlotBar
OS.h, 33	ST7735 lab3.h, 47
OS_Time	ST7735_PlotClear
OS.h, <u>33</u>	
OS_TimeDifference	ST7735_lab3.h, 47
OS.h, 33	ST7735_PlotLine
OS_Wait	ST7735_lab3.h, 47
OS.h, 34	ST7735_PlotPoint
	ST7735_lab3.h, 48
OS_bSignal	ST7735_PlotPoints
OS.h, 29	ST7735_lab3.h, 48
OS_bWait	ST7735_PlotdBfs
OS.h, 30	ST7735_lab3.h, 47
Output_Color	ST7735_SetCursor
ST7735_lab3.h, 42	ST7735_lab3.h, 48
	ST7735 SetRotation
PLL.h	ST7735_lab3.h, 48
PLL_Init, 37	ST7735_SetTextColor
PLL_Init	ST7735_lab3.h, 48
PLL.h, 37	
profiler.h	ST7735_SwapColor
Profiler_Event, 38	ST7735_lab3.h, 49
Profiler_Foreach, 38	ST7735_lab3.h
Profiler_Event	Output_Color, 42
profiler.h, 38	ST7735_Color565, 42
Profiler_Foreach	ST7735_DrawBitmap, 43
profiler.h, 38	ST7735_DrawChar, 43
p. 6.1	ST7735_DrawCharS, 43
ST7735 Color565	ST7735_DrawFastHLine, 44
ST7735_lab3.h, 42	ST7735 DrawFastVLine, 44
ST7735 DrawBitmap	ST7735 DrawPixel, 44
	ST7735_DrawString, 45
ST7735_lab3.h, 43	
ST7735_DrawChar	ST7735_FillRect, 45
ST7735_lab3.h, 43	ST7735_FillScreen, 45
ST7735_DrawCharS	ST7735_InitR, 46
ST7735_lab3.h, 43	ST7735_InvertDisplay, 46
ST7735_DrawFastHLine	ST7735_Message, 46
ST7735_lab3.h, 44	ST7735_OutChar, 46
ST7735_DrawFastVLine	ST7735_OutString, 46
ST7735_lab3.h, 44	ST7735_OutUDec, 47
ST7735_DrawPixel	ST7735_PlotBar, 47

56 INDEX

```
ST7735_PlotClear, 47
    ST7735_PlotLine, 47
    ST7735_PlotPoint, 48
    ST7735_PlotPoints, 48
    ST7735_PlotdBfs, 47
    ST7735 SetCursor, 48
    ST7735_SetRotation, 48
    ST7735_SetTextColor, 48
    ST7735_SwapColor, 49
Sema4, 9
UART.h
    UART_InChar, 50
    UART_InString, 50
    UART_InUDec, 51
    UART_InUHex, 51
    UART_OutChar, 51
    UART_OutString, 51
    UART_OutUDec, 52
    UART_OutUHex, 52
    UART_setRedirect, 52
UART_InChar
    UART.h, 50
UART_InString
    UART.h, 50
UART_InUDec
    UART.h, 51
UART_InUHex
    UART.h, 51
UART_OutChar
    UART.h, 51
UART OutString
    UART.h, 51
UART_OutUDec
    UART.h, 52
UART_OutUHex
    UART.h, 52
UART_setRedirect
    UART.h, 52
```