associations_4panels

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Import dataset

```
# Import dataset
CL = readxl::read_excel("./data_new/ABC_Cord Blood_Metabolomics_CL data_15Jan2020.xlsx")
BA = readxl::read_excel("./data_new/ABC_Cord Blood_Metabolomics_BA data_15Jan2020.xlsx")
PM = readxl::read_excel("./data_new/ABC_Cord Blood_Metabolomics_PM data_15Jan2020.xlsx")
## New names:
## * lactamide -> lactamide...94
## * lactamide -> lactamide...95
OL = readxl::read_excel("./data_new/ABC_Cord Blood_Metabolomics_OL data_15Jan2020.xlsx")
```

Convert 0 to half of the minimum values

```
CL data = CL[11:491]
BA_data = BA[11:266]
PM_data = PM[11:193]
OL_data = OL[11:81]
CL_data[CL_data == 0] = NA
BA_data[BA_data == 0] = NA
PM_data[PM_data == 0] = NA
OL_data[OL_data == 0] = NA
CL_min = sapply(CL_data[1:481], function(x) min(x, na.rm = T))
BA_min = sapply(BA_data[1:256], function(x) min(x, na.rm = T))
PM_min = sapply(PM_data[1:183], function(x) min(x, na.rm = T))
OL_min = sapply(OL_data[1:71], function(x) min(x, na.rm = T))
CL_data = CL[11:491]
BA_data = BA[11:266]
PM_{data} = PM[11:193]
OL_data = OL[11:81]
# Convert O to half of the minimum value
for(i in 1:481) {
  CL_data[i][CL_data[i]==0] = 0.5*CL_min[i]
}
for(i in 1:256) {
  BA_data[i][BA_data[i]==0] = 0.5*BA_min[i]
for(i in 1:183) {
  PM_data[i][PM_data[i]==0] = 0.5*PM_min[i]
}
for(i in 1:71) {
 OL_data[i][OL_data[i]==0] = 0.5*OL_min[i]
```

```
CL_info = CL[1:10]
CL_new = cbind.data.frame(CL_info, CL_data)

BA_info = BA[1:10]
BA_new = cbind.data.frame(BA_info, BA_data)

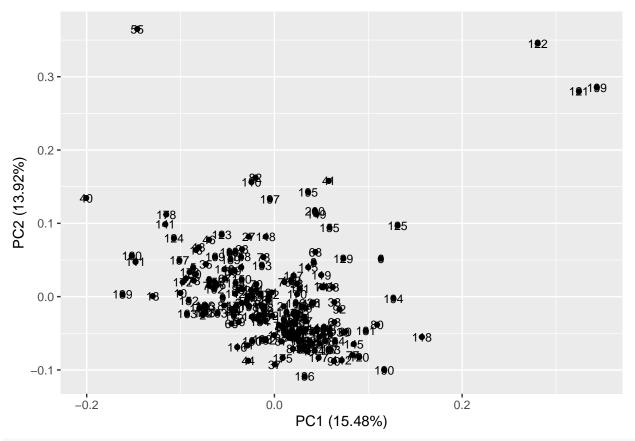
PM_info = PM[1:10]
PM_new = cbind.data.frame(PM_info, PM_data)

OL_info = OL[1:10]
OL_new = cbind.data.frame(OL_info, OL_data)
```

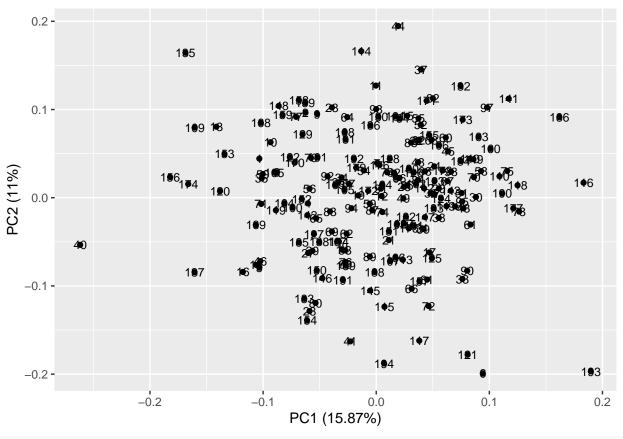
PCA

```
# Calculate z-scores
mean_CL = mean_control = sapply(CL_data[1:481], function(x) mean(x))
sd_CL = sapply(CL_data[1:481], function(x) sd(x))
CL_data_z = CL_data
for(i in 1:481) {
    CL_data_z[i] = (CL_data[i] - mean_CL[i])/sd_CL[i]
}
CL_pca = prcomp(CL_data_z[c(1:481)], center = F, scale. = F)

# Plot PC1/PC2
library(ggfortify)
autoplot(CL_pca, label = T, label.size = 3)
```



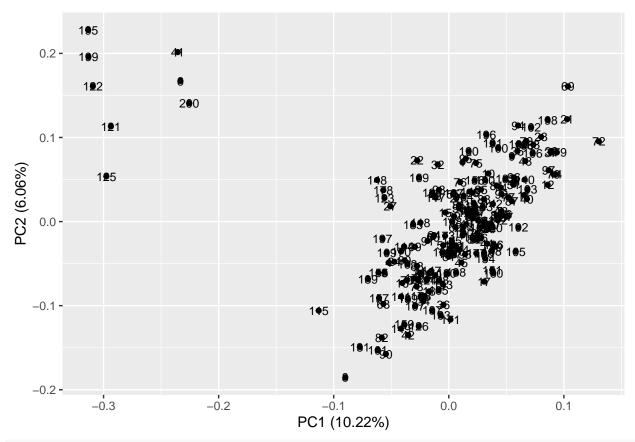
CL_data_new = CL_data_z[-c(55, 56, 121, 122, 195, 196),]
CL_pca_2 = prcomp(CL_data_new[c(1:481)], center = F, scale. = F)
autoplot(CL_pca_2, label = T, label.size = 3)



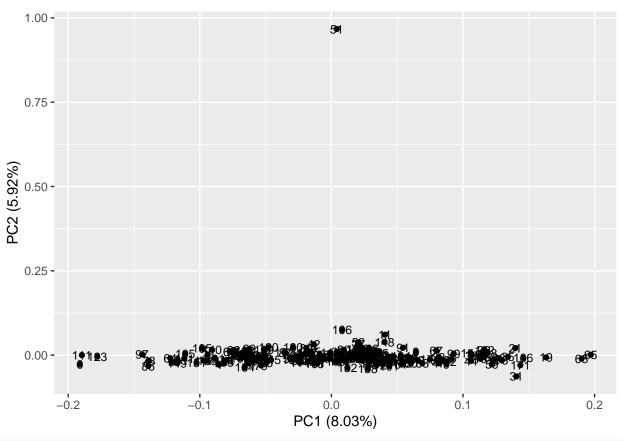
```
# Calculate z-scores
mean_BA = mean_control = sapply(BA_data[1:256], function(x) mean(x))
sd_BA = sapply(BA_data[1:256], function(x) sd(x))
BA_data_z = BA_data
for(i in 1:256) {
    BA_data_z[i] = (BA_data[i] - mean_BA[i])/sd_BA[i]
}

BA_pca = prcomp(BA_data_z[c(1:256)], center = F, scale. = F)

# Plot PC1/PC2
library(ggfortify)
autoplot(BA_pca, label = T, label.size = 3)
```

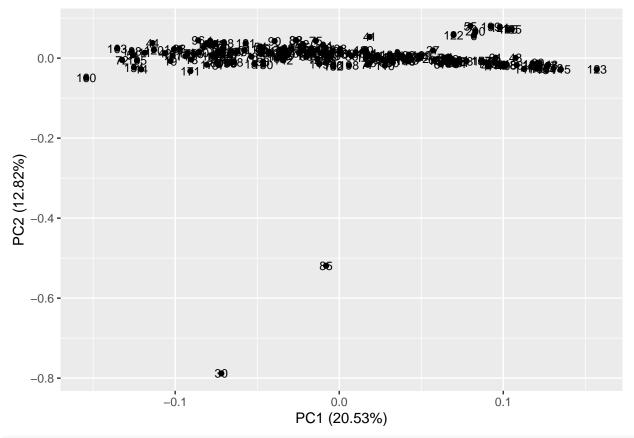


BA_data_new = BA_data_z[-c(5,6,41, 42, 191, 192, 121, 122, 125, 126, 195, 196, 199, 200),]
BA_pca_new = prcomp(BA_data_new[c(1:256)], center = F, scale. = F)
autoplot(BA_pca_new, label = T, label.size = 3)

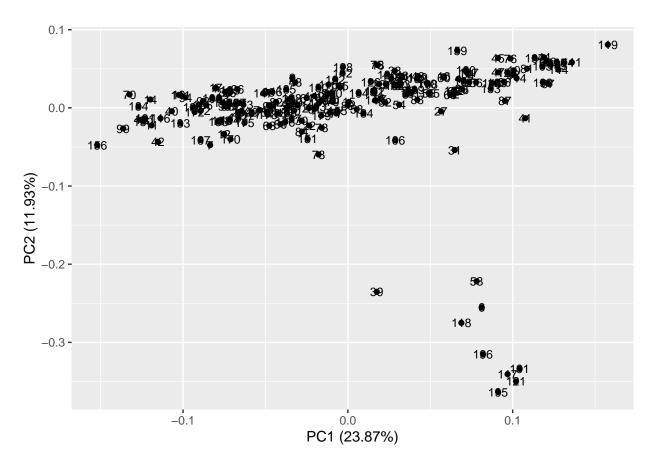


```
# Calculate z-scores
mean_OL = mean_control = sapply(OL_data[1:71], function(x) mean(x))
sd_OL = sapply(OL_data[1:71], function(x) sd(x))
OL_data_z = OL_data
for(i in 1:71) {
    OL_data_z[i] = (OL_data[i] - mean_OL[i])/sd_OL[i]
}
OL_pca = prcomp(OL_data_z[c(1:71)], center = F, scale. = F)

# Plot PC1/PC2
library(ggfortify)
autoplot(OL_pca, label = T, label.size = 3)
```



```
OL_data_new = OL_data_z[-c(29, 30, 85, 86),]
OL_pca_new = prcomp(OL_data_new[c(1:71)], center = F, scale. = F)
autoplot(OL_pca_new, label = T, label.size = 3)
```



Delete outliers

```
# Delete outliers that identified by PCA

CL_new = CL_new[-c(55, 56, 121, 122, 195, 196),]

BA_new = BA_new[-c(5,6,41, 42, 191, 192, 121, 122, 125, 126, 195, 196, 199, 200),]

PM_new = PM_new

OL_new = OL_new[-c(29, 30, 85, 86),]
```

Scaling

```
# Calculate the standard deviation of the control group for each dataset
BA_c = BA_new \%
 group_by(Strata) %>%
 filter(PROT_ASD_2015 == 0)
CL_c = CL_new %>%
  group_by(Strata) %>%
  filter(PROT_ASD_2015 == 0)
PM_c = PM_new \%
  group_by(Strata) %>%
  filter(PROT_ASD_2015 == 0)
OL_c = OL_new %>%
  group_by(Strata) %>%
  filter(PROT_ASD_2015 == 0)
sd_BA = sapply(BA_c[11:266], function(x) sd(x))
sd_CL = sapply(CL_c[11:491], function(x) sd(x))
sd_PM = sapply(PM_c[11:193], function(x) sd(x))
```

```
sd_OL = sapply(OL_c[11:81], function(x) sd(x))
# Divide the standard deviation
for(i in 1:256) {
    BA_new[i+10] = BA_new[i+10]/sd_BA[i]
}
for(i in 1:481) {
    CL_new[i+10] = CL_new[i+10]/sd_CL[i]
}
for(i in 1:183) {
    PM_new[i+10] = PM_new[i+10]/sd_PM[i]
}
for(i in 1:71) {
    OL_new[i+10] = OL_new[i+10]/sd_OL[i]
}
```

Log transformation

```
# base 10 log transformation
BA_log = BA_new
CL_log = CL_new
PM_log = PM_new
OL_log = OL_new
for(i in 1:256) {
    BA_log[i+10] = log10(BA_new[i+10])
}

for(i in 1:481) {
    CL_log[i+10] = log10(CL_new[i+10])
}

for(i in 1:183) {
    PM_log[i+10] = log10(PM_new[i+10])
}

for(i in 1:71) {
    OL_log[i+10] = log10(OL_new[i+10])
}
```

Recode birth year

```
CL_log =
   CL_log %>%
   mutate(year_new = ifelse(BirthYear <= 2000, "before 2000", BirthYear))

PM_log =
   PM_log %>%
   mutate(year_new = ifelse(BirthYear <= 2000, "before 2000", BirthYear))

BA_log =
   BA_log %>%
   mutate(year_new = ifelse(BirthYear <= 2000, "before 2000", BirthYear))

OL_log =</pre>
```

```
OL_log %>%
mutate(year_new = ifelse(BirthYear <= 2000, "before 2000", BirthYear))
```

Test for associations using conditional logistic regression

```
# CL data associations
library(survival)
column_name = colnames(CL_log)
predictor_name = column_name[11:491]
store = data.frame(matrix(ncol = 7, nrow = 0))
colnames(store) = c("term", "estimate", "std.error", "statistic", "p.value", "conf.low", "conf.high"
for(i in 1:481) {
  data = CL_log[i+10]
  a = unlist(data)
 model = clogit(PROT_ASD_2015 ~ a + factor(BirthSeason) + factor(year_new) + factor(Sex) + strata(Stra
 result = broom::tidy(model)
  store[i, ] = result[1,]
CL_result =
  store %>%
 mutate(term = predictor_name)
# BA data associations
column_name = colnames(BA_log)
predictor_name = column_name[11:266]
store_BA = data.frame(matrix(ncol = 7, nrow = 0))
colnames(store_BA) = c("term", "estimate", "std.error", "statistic", "p.value", "conf.low", "conf.hi
for(i in 1:256) {
  data = BA_log[i+10]
  a = unlist(data)
 model = clogit(PROT_ASD_2015 ~ a + factor(BirthSeason) + factor(year_new) + factor(Sex) + strata(Stra
 result = broom::tidy(model)
  store_BA[i, ] = result[1,]
BA_result =
  store_BA %>%
 mutate(term = predictor_name)
# PM data associations
column_name = colnames(PM_log)
predictor_name = column_name[11:193]
store_PM = data.frame(matrix(ncol = 7, nrow = 0))
colnames(store_PM) = c("term", "estimate", "std.error", "statistic", "p.value", "conf.low", "conf.hi
for(i in 1:183) {
 data = PM_log[i+10]
  a = unlist(data)
  model = clogit(PROT_ASD_2015 ~ a + factor(BirthSeason) + factor(year_new) + factor(Sex) + strata(Stra
 result = broom::tidy(model)
  store_PM[i, ] = result[1,]
}
```

```
PM_result =
  store_PM %>%
  mutate(term = predictor_name)
# PM data associations
column_name = colnames(OL_log)
predictor_name = column_name[11:81]
store_OL = data.frame(matrix(ncol = 7, nrow = 0))
colnames(store_OL) = c("term", "estimate", "std.error", "statistic", "p.value", "conf.low", "conf.hi
for(i in 1:71) {
  data = OL_log[i+10]
  a = unlist(data)
 model = clogit(PROT_ASD_2015 ~ a + factor(BirthSeason) + factor(year_new) + factor(Sex) + strata(Stra
 result = broom::tidy(model)
  store_OL[i, ] = result[1,]
OL result =
  store_OL %>%
  mutate(term = predictor_name)
```

False Discovery Rate Correction

```
# Calculate the adjusted p-values
# CL data
CL_result$adjusted_pval = p.adjust(p = CL_result$p.value, method = "BH")

# PM data
PM_result$adjusted_pval = p.adjust(p = PM_result$p.value, method = "BH")

# BA data
BA_result$adjusted_pval = p.adjust(p = BA_result$p.value, method = "BH")

# OL data
OL_result$adjusted_pval = p.adjust(p = OL_result$p.value, method = "BH")
```