ITD105 Finalizing the Better/Best Model

Group members:

1. Unat, Kristine M.

2. Anticamara, Eleona Mae

3. Pontoy, Enoke

I. For Classification

Dataset name: Stress Level

Independent variables (Features): Temperature, Humidity & Step counts

Dependent variable (Output): Stress level (eustress, neustress & distress)

Algorithm	Classification Accuracy			
	Train & Test Split	Kfold	Repeated Random	
Logistic Regression	0.996666	0.995	0.99866	
Naïve Bayes Theorem	0.993333	0.992	0.991166	
Support Vector Machine	0.925	0.998499	0.996999	
ANN MLP	0.966666	0.971001	0.972333	
Ensembles				
a. Voting	0.9833333333333334	0.998	0.99766666666666667	
b. Bagging				
Logistic Regression	0.92000000000000002	0.995999999999999	0.9928333333333333	
Naïve Bayes	0.994999999999999	0.9995	0.9984999999999999	
Support Vector Machine	0.9883333333333333	0.991	0.9921666666666666	
Artificial Neural Network	0.9666666666666666666666666666666666666	0.9969999999999999	0.99166666666666	
c. Boosting				
Support Vector Machine	0.9616666666666667	0.914	0.91483333333333334	
Logistic Regression	0.9766666666666666	0.987999999999	0.987333333333333	
Naïve Bayes	0.829999999999998	0.810999999999999	0.8208333333333333	

For classification data, the algorithm performance metrics used is Classification accuracy. The following three resampling techniques such as train and test split, kfold and repeated random on each algorithm. It was observed that logistic regression has the highest accuracy on three classification accuracy compared to other models.

II. For Regression

Dataset name: Spotify Top 200 Charts

Independent variables (Features): Danceability, Energy, Loudness, Speechiness, Acousticness,

Liveness, Tempo, Valence,

Dependent variable (Output): Popularity

Algorithm		Mean Absolute Error		
	Train & Test Split	Kfold	Repeated Random	
Linear Regression	-11.228798754413848	-11.3402004243347747	-10.9277756350140141	

Support Vector Machine -	-10.75806441608621	-10.89369900775215	-10.662238010106565
Regression			
Ensembles			
a. Voting	-10.833849473100924	-11.00391246062457	-10.650488032661304
b. Bagging			
Support Vector	-10.727575298311583	-10.93638214524781	-10.662084448271155
Machine			
Linear Regression	-11.195283128507857	-11.44571959958655	-10.919042635755341
c. Boosting			
Support Vector	-10.739709641901197	-11.138102577586494	-10.69445896118185
Machine			
Linear Regression	-12.5559241836726	-12.250064982945844	-12.425258482445898

For regression data, the algorithm performance metrics used is Mean Absolute error. The same with classification, following three resampling techniques such as train and test split, kfold and repeated random on each algorithm. Also, it was observed that, Support Vector Machine shows the best result. Since it has the lowest MAE compared to the other models making it better that the other model. Since if a model has a low MAE, it means that the model has less error in it.

The following are code snippet for classification and regression dataset.

```
import pandas as pd
    from pandas import read_csv
import joblib
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# RESAMPLING TECHNIQUES
    from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, KFold, ShuffleSplit

# PERFORMANCE METRICS
    from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
    from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, plot_confusion_matrix, classification_report

# ALGORITHMS
    from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression, LinearRegression
    from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
    from sklearn.neural_network import MLPClassifier
    from sklearn.svm import SVC, SVR

# ENSEMBLES
    from sklearn.ensemble import VotingRegressor, BaggingRegressor, AdaBoostRegressor, VotingClassifier, Bagging
```



```
Naive Bayes Theorem

In [18]: model_nb.fit(X_train, Y_train)
    results = cross_val_score(model_nb, X_test, Y_test, scoring=score_acc)
    print("Accuracy Train & Test Split:",results.mean())

model_nb.fit(X, Y)
    results = cross_val_score(model_nb, X, Y, cv=kfold, scoring=score_acc)
    print("Accuracy K-Fold Validation:",results.mean())

results = cross_val_score(model_nb, X, Y, cv=shuffle, scoring=score_acc)
    print("Accuracy Shuffle Split:",results.mean())

Accuracy Train & Test Split: 0.99333333333334
    Accuracy K-Fold Validation: 0.992
    Accuracy Shuffle Split: 0.991166666666668
```

```
model_bagging = BaggingClassifier(base_estimator=model_svc, n_estimators=5)
model_bagging.fit(X_train, Y_train)
results = cross_val_score(model_bagging, X_test, Y_test, scoring=score_acc)
print("Accuracy Train & Test Split:",results.mean())
model_bagging.fit(X, Y)
results = cross_val_score(model_bagging, X, Y, cv=kfold, scoring=score_acc)
results = cross_val_score(model_bagging, X, Y, cv=shuffle, scoring=score_acc)
print("Accuracy Shuffle Split:",results.mean())
model_bagging = BaggingClassifier(base_estimator=model_log, n_estimators=3)
model_bagging.fit(X_train, Y_train)
results = cross_val_score(model_bagging, X_test, Y_test, scoring=score_acc)
print("Accuracy Train & Test Split:",results.mean())
model_bagging.fit(X, Y)
results = cross_val_score(model_bagging, X, Y, cv=kfold, scoring=score_acc)
print("Accuracy K-Fold Validation:",results.mean())
results = cross_val_score(model_bagging, X, Y, cv=shuffle, scoring=score_acc)
print("Accuracy Shuffle Split:",results.mean())
model_bagging = BaggingClassifier(base_estimator=model_nb, n_estimators=5)
model_bagging.fit(X_train, Y_train)
```

```
Accuracy Shuffle Split: 0.99433333333333
LOGISTIC REGRESSION
Accuracy Train & Test Split: 0.9966666666666667
Accuracy K-Fold Validation: 0.999
Accuracy Shuffle Split: 0.99883333333333334
                                  NAIVE BAYES
Accuracy Train & Test Split: 0.9966666666666667
Accuracy K-Fold Validation: 0.991499999999999
Accuracy Shuffle Split: 0.99183333333333
ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORK
Accuracy Train & Test Split: 0.9666666666666668
Accuracy K-Fold Validation: 0.9974999999999999
```

```
In [*]: from sklearn.svm import SVC
       from sklearn.ensemble import AdaBoostClassifier
       model_boost= AdaBoostClassifier(SVC(probability=True, kernel='linear'))
       model_boost.fit(X_train, Y_train)
       results = cross_val_score(model_boost, X_test, Y_test, scoring=score_acc)
       print("Accuracy Train & Test Split:",results.mean())
       model_boost.fit(X, Y)
       results = cross_val_score(model_boost, X, Y, cv=kfold, scoring=score_acc)
       print("Accuracy K-Fold Validation:",results.mean())
       results = cross_val_score(model_boost, X, Y, cv=shuffle, scoring=score_acc)
       print("Accuracy Shuffle Split:",results.mean())
       model_boost = AdaBoostClassifier(base_estimator=model_log, n_estimators=1)
       model_boost.fit(X_train, Y_train)
       results = cross_val_score(model_boost, X_test, Y_test, scoring=score_acc)
       print("Accuracy Train & Test Split:",results.mean())
       model_boost.fit(X, Y)
       results = cross_val_score(model_boost, X, Y, cv=kfold, scoring=score_acc)
       print("Accuracy K-Fold Validation:",results.mean())
       results = cross_val_score(model_boost, X, Y, cv=shuffle, scoring=score_acc)
       print("Accuracy Shuffle Split:",results.mean())
       model_boost = AdaBoostClassifier(base_estimator=model_nb, n_estimators=5)
       model_boost.fit(X_train, Y_train)
       results = cross_val_score(model_boost, X_test, Y_test, scoring=score_acc)
```

Regression Data

```
Loading dataset

In (2):

filename = 'spotify_dataset.csv'
data = pd.read_csv(filename)

Exploring dataset

In (3):

print("SHAPE")
print(data.shape)
print("DETAILS")
print(data.info())
print("CHECK EMPTY")
print(data.isnull().sum())

# filter column
col_fil = ['Danceability', 'Energy', 'Loudness', 'Speechiness', 'Acousticness', 'Liveness', 'Tempo', 'Valent data = data.filter(col_fil)

# convert string column into float
for col in col_fil:
    data[col] = data[col].str.extract(r'([\d\.\d]+)').fillna(0).astype(float)

print("CHECK DATAITYPE")
print("CHECK DATAITYPE")
print(data.dtypes)
array = data.values
```

```
CHECK EMPTY
Index

Highest Charting Position
Number of Times Charted
Neek of Highest Charting
Song Name

Streams

Artist

Artist 0

Artist 0

Artist 10

A
```

```
In [5]: # assigned our feature
    X = array[:,0:8]
    Y = array[:,8] # popularity

# Split the dataset
    X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.30)
    kfold = KFold(n_splits=10, shuffle=False)
    shuffle = ShuffleSplit(n_splits=10, test_size=0.30, random_state=7)

# model
    model_lr = LinearRegression()

model_svr = SVR()

# performance metrics
score_reg = 'neg_mean_absolute_error'
```

```
Linear Regression

In [6]: model_lr.fit(X_train, Y_train)
    results = cross_val_score(model_lr, X_test, Y_test, scoring=score_reg)
    print("MAE Train & Test Split:",results.mean())

model_lr.fit(X, Y)
    results = cross_val_score(model_lr, X, Y, cv=kfold, scoring=score_reg)
    print("MAE K-Fold Validation:",results.mean())

results = cross_val_score(model_lr, X, Y, cv=shuffle, scoring=score_reg)
    print("MAE Shuffle Split: ',results.mean())

MAE Train & Test Split: -11.228798754413848
    MAE K-Fold Validation: -11.402004243347747
    MAE Shuffle Split: -10.927756350140141
```

```
Support Vector Machines

In [7]:
    model_svr.fit(X_train, Y_train)
    results = cross_val_score(model_svr, X_test, Y_test, scoring=score_reg)
    print("MAE Train & Test Split:",results.mean())

    model_lr.fit(X, Y)
    results = cross_val_score(model_svr, X, Y, cv=kfold, scoring=score_reg)
    print("MAE K-Fold Validation:",results.mean())

    results = cross_val_score(model_svr, X, Y, cv=shuffle, scoring=score_reg)
    print("MAE Shuffle Split:",results.mean())

MAE Train & Test Split: -10.75806441608621
    MAE K-Fold Validation: -10.89369908775215
    MAE Shuffle Split: -10.662238010106565
```

```
voting

in [8]:
    estimators = []
    estimators.append(('lin', model_lr))
    estimators.append(('svm', model_svr))
    model_voting = VotingRegressor(estimators)

model_voting.fit(X_train, Y_train)
    results = cross_val_score(model_voting, X_test, Y_test, scoring=score_reg)
    print("MAE Train & Test Split:",results.mean())

model_voting.fit(X, Y)
    results = cross_val_score(model_voting, X, Y, cv=kfold, scoring=score_reg)
    print("MAE K-Fold Validation:",results.mean())

results = cross_val_score(model_voting, X, Y, cv=shuffle, scoring=score_reg)
    print("MAE Shuffle Split: ',results.mean())

MAE Train & Test Split: -10.833849473100924
    MAE K-Fold Validation: -11.083912460262457
    MAE Shuffle Split: -10.650488032661304
```

```
model_bagging = BaggingRegressor(base_estimator=model_svr, n_estimators=10)
model_bagging.fit(X_train, Y_train)
results = cross_val_score(model_bagging, X_test, Y_test, scoring=score_reg)
print("MAE Train & Test Split:",results.mean())
model_bagging.fit(X, Y)
results = cross_val_score(model_bagging, X, Y, cv=kfold, scoring=score_reg)
print("MAE K-Fold Validation:",results.mean())
results = cross_val_score(model_bagging, X, Y, cv=shuffle, scoring=score_reg)
model_bagging = BaggingRegressor(base_estimator=model_lr, n_estimators=10)
model_bagging.fit(X_train, Y_train)
results = cross_val_score(model_bagging, X_test, Y_test, scoring=score_reg)
print("MAE Train & Test Split:",results.mean())
model_bagging.fit(X, Y)
results = cross_val_score(model_bagging, X, Y, cv=kfold, scoring=score_reg)
print("MAE K-Fold Validation:",results.mean())
results = cross_val_score(model_bagging, X, Y, cv=shuffle, scoring=score_reg)
print("MAE Shuffle Split:",results.mean())
```

```
SUPPORT VECTOR MACHINE

MAE Train & Test Split: -10.757575298011583

MAE K-Fold Validation: -10.93638214524781

MAE Shuffle Split: -10.662084448271155

LINEAR REGRESSION

MAE Train & Test Split: -11.195283128507857

MAE K-Fold Validation: -11.44571959958655

MAE Shuffle Split: -10.919042635755341
```

```
model_boost= AdaBoostRegressor(base_estimator=model_svr, n_estimators=10)
        model\_boost.fit(X\_train,\ Y\_train)
        results = cross_val_score(model_boost, X_test, Y_test, scoring=score_reg)
        print("MAE Train & Test Split:",results.mean())
        model_bagging.fit(X, Y)
        results = cross_val_score(model_boost, X, Y, cv=kfold, scoring=score_reg)
        print("MAE K-Fold Validation:",results.mean())
        results = cross_val_score(model_boost, X, Y, cv=shuffle, scoring=score_reg)
        print("MAE Shuffle Split:",results.mean())
        print("LINEAR REGRESSION")
        {\tt model\_boost = AdaBoostRegressor(base\_estimator=model\_lr, n\_estimators=10)}
        model_boost.fit(X_train, Y_train)
        results = cross_val_score(model_boost, X_test, Y_test, scoring=score_reg)
        print("MAE Train & Test Split:",results.mean())
        model_boost.fit(X, Y)
        results = cross_val_score(model_boost, X, Y, cv=kfold, scoring=score_reg)
        print("MAE K-Fold Validation:",results.mean())
        results = cross_val_score(model_boost, X, Y, cv=shuffle, scoring=score_reg)
        print("MAE Shuffle Split:",results.mean())
         SUPPORT VECTOR MACHINE
MAE Train & Test Split: -10.739709641901197
MAE K-Fold Validation: -11.138102577586494
         MAE Shuffle Split: -10.694458956118185
LINEAR REGRESSION
         MAE Train & Test Split: -12.5559241836726
MAE K-Fold Validation: -12.250064982945844
MAE Shuffle Split: -12.425258482445898
model = joblib.load(filename)
        energy = 0.73
        loudness = -0.6
        speechiness = 0.6
        acousticness = 0
        tempo = 171
        sampletest = [[danceability,energy,loudness,speechiness,acousticness,liveness,tempo,valence,]]
        predicted = model.predict(sampletest)
        print(predicted)
        energy = 0.45
        loudness = -0.6
        tempo = 95
        sampletest = \hbox{\tt [[danceability,energy,loudness,speechiness,acousticness,liveness,tempo,valence,]]}
        predicted = model.predict(sampletest)
        print(predicted)
```