#16 Julia in Qiskit, QuantumCircuits library.

Rafał Pracht

Mentored by John Lapeyre and Jim Garrison

Qiskit

Description

The idea of the project was to the improvement of qiskit-alt, a high-performance Julia backend for Qiskit with a Python frontend. During the discussion, John and Jim agreed to mentor me on my work on open-source Julia library QuantumCircuits which use Qiskit to execute the circuit on real devices.

QuantumCircuits

open-source - Apache License 2.0

https://github.com/Adgnitio/QuantumCircuits.jl

Language	files	blank	comment	code
Julia	16	497	373	1761
SUM:	16	497	373	1761

Language	files	blank	comment	code
Julia	13	237	289	782
TOML	2	66	1	240
Lisp	1	8	0	31
SUM:	16	311	290	1053

Why?

- I love Julia, and Quantum :)

- Possibility of learning

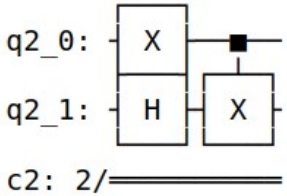
- Problems, that I encountered when using QML in Qiskit.

Installation

```
julia> Pkg.add("QuantumCircuits")
    Updating registry at `~/.julia/registries/General`
    Updating registry at `~/.julia/registries/JuliaComputingRegistry`
   Resolving package versions...
```

Use

```
qc1 = QCircuit(2)
qc1.x(0)
qc1.h(1)
qc1.cx(0, 1)
qc1
```



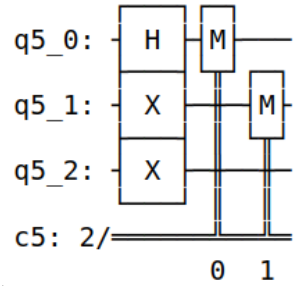
Now, we can execute it. Because there is no measurement, we measure all qubits.

```
execute(backend, qc1)
```

```
4-element Vector{Float64}:
 0.0
 0.4999999999999999
 0.0
 0.5000000000000001
```

Use

```
qr = QuantumRegister(3)
cr = ClassicalRegister(2)
qc = QCircuit(qr, cr)
qc.h(0)
qc.x(1)
qc.x(2)
qc.measure([0, 1], [0, 1])
qc
```

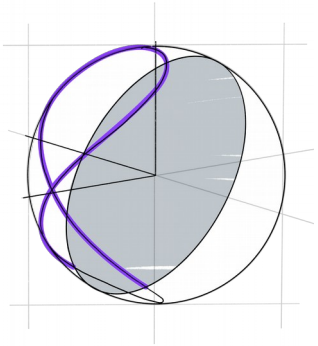



```
execute(backend, qc)
```

```
4-element Vector{Float64}:
 0.0
 0.0
 0.5000000000000001
 0.4999999999999999
```

QML Issues 1

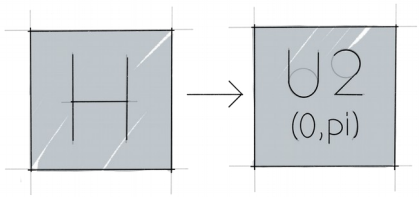
According to my knowledge, Qiskit allows using only a parameter-shift rule to calculate the derivatives. In QuantumCircuits I use the Zygote library to calculate the gradient of the circuits. Thanks to this, the QML algorithms run much faster on the simulator.



QML Issues 2

In Qiskit, there is no easy method to define loss function comparing two unitaries.

Parameter finding for Cartan's KAK Decomposition decomposition.




```
qc = QCircuit(2)
qc.u4(0, 1)
qc2 = decompose(qc)
qc2
```

```
q1_0: ┤ U3(3.7063,1.9819,2.5611) ├┤ X ├┤ Rz(0.92166) ├──────────────┤ X ├»
q1_1: ┤ U3(6.1342,4.6853,2.285)  ├┤ X ├┤ Ry(4.0732)  ├┤ X ├┤ Ry(5.3298) ├»
c1: 2/═══════════════════════════════════════════════════════════════════»
                                                                         »
«
«q1_0: ┤ U3(2.766,0.66297,1.4221) ├
«
«q1_1: ┤ U3(2.699,1.3764,0.27897) ├
«
«c1: 2/═══════════════════════════
«
```


Qiskit

Future works

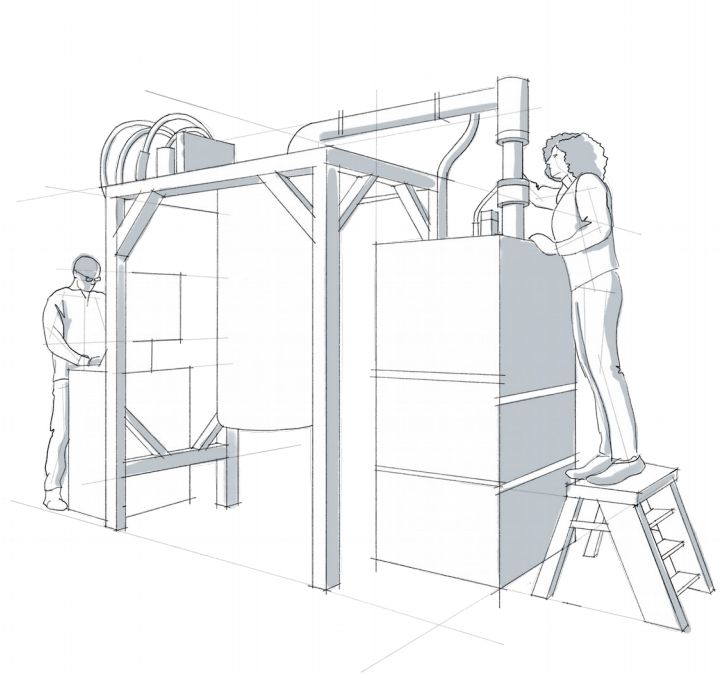
The library is in the alpha stage, it works but:

- There is no documentation.

- There are issues in tests for different Julia, Python, and Qiskit versions.

- I would like to do some refactoring and improvement in the library.

- I would like to implement in the library the algorithm for derivative pricing using Quantum Monte Carlo.



Qiskit