

ACM/ICPC 代码模板库

南京大学 ACM/ICPC 集训队

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1 比赛配置

1.1 代码库校验和

```
01b4 # 代码库校验用于检查代码库录入是否正确, 忽略
      每行的空白字符和注释(//)
44f9 # 使用方法: python checksum.py < 1001.cpp
4de6 # 输出: 每一行代码及其校验和(md5)
c502 import re, sys, hashlib
427e
b41f def digest_line(s):
d74e     return hashlib.md5(re.sub(r'\s|//.*',
      '', s)).hexdigest()[-4:]
427e
f7db for line in sys.stdin.read().strip().
      split("\n"):
f335     print digest_line(line), line
```

1.2 vimrc

```
3ff1 color evening
7db5 set number
7232 set cindent
427e
427e
427e function HomeBind(offset)
7d5c     let cursor=getpos('.')
bda7     let s0=getline(line('.'))
1903     let s1=substitute(s0, "^\\s\\s\\s+", "",
      "")
7f8d     let x=len(s0)-len(s1)+1
2b1d     if col('.') == x-a:offset
0437         let x=1
400b     endif
d7af     call setpos('.', [cursor[0], cursor[1],
      x, cursor[3]])
f298 endfunction
1a4a imap <silent> <Home> <Esc>:call HomeBind
      (1)<cr>i
73c9 nmap <silent> <Home> :call HomeBind(0)<cr>
      >
b506 vmap <silent> <Home> <Esc>:call HomeBind
      (1)<cr>
```

1.3 代码库校验和

```
01b4 # 代码库校验用于检查代码库录入是否正确, 忽略
      每行的空白字符和注释(//)
44f9 # 使用方法: python checksum.py < 1001.cpp
4de6 # 输出: 每一行代码及其校验和(md5)
c502 import re, sys, hashlib
427e
```

```
def digest_line(s):
    return hashlib.md5(re.sub(r'\s|//.*',
        ', s)).hexdigest()[-4:]
427e
```

```
for line in sys.stdin.read().strip().
    split("\n"):
    print digest_line(line), line
f335
```

1.4 vim 配置文件

```
# vimrc 配置文件
44ed
set nocompatible
914c
set number
7db5
set ruler
57b2
set showcmd
9832
set autoindent
e416
set cindent
7232
set smartindent
740c
set shiftwidth=4
5913
```

1.5 外挂

```
// 调栈空间
427e
const int N_MAX = 10000000;
08e0
static int stack[N_MAX * 5], bak;
772b
asm __volatile__
68df
(
    "movl %%esp, %0;"
4d52
    "movl %1, %%esp;":
22d3
    "=g"(bak):
7f26
    "g"(stack + N_MAX * 5 - 1):
5bf1
);
fe62
427e
// IO 外挂
427e
#define BUFSIZE 20000000
6540
char buf[BUFSIZE], *pt = buf;
eb51
#define scan(t) \
45da
{ \
c2a7
    t = 0; \
f000
    while (!((*pt) >= '0' && (*pt) <= '9'))
2760
        pt ++; \
    while (((*pt) >= '0' && (*pt) <= '9'))
7181
        t = t * 10 + ((*pt) - '0'); \
}
95cf
427e
int main()
299c
{
4506
    fread(buf, 1, BUFSIZE, stdin);
486b
    scan(N);
0756
}
95cf
427e
// C++ 编译器(VS) 调栈空间
427e
#pragma comment(linker, "/STACK
85cb
:102400000,102400000")
```

2 二维计算几何

2.1 定义

```

652e #define eps 1e-8
c1b0 #define fabs(x) ((x) > 0? (x): -(x))
0102 #define zero(x) (fabs(x) < eps)
12d8 #define _sign(x) ((x)>eps?1:((x)<-eps
      ?2:0))
dca2 #define sqr(x) ((x)*(x))
418f #define MAXN 1000
8d0a #define offset 10000
13f1 const double pi=acos(-1);
427e
427e // 点的定义
9704 struct point{
082e     int index;
98c9     double ang;
d0aa     double x, y;
52a2     point(){x = 0;y = 0;}
df98     point(double sx, double sy){
e87b         x = sx;
d22b         y = sy;
95cf     }
4f13     void read(){
dab2         scanf("%lf %lf ", &x, &y);
95cf     }
a7a6     bool operator <(const point &b)const{
73b2         if (b.x == x) return y < b.y;
66d1         return x < b.x;
95cf     }
7b0b     point operator - (const point &b)const
        {
f32c         point a;
d53d         a.x = x - b.x;
5365         a.y = y - b.y;
5ffd         return a;
95cf     }
e254     point operator + (const point &b)const{
f32c         point a;
7683         a.x = x + b.x;
70a0         a.y = y + b.y;
5ffd         return a;
95cf     }
14f6     point operator / (const double &c)const
        {
f32c         point a;
225c         a.x = x / c;
414d         a.y = y / c;
5ffd         return a;
95cf     }
d466     point operator * (const double &c)const

```

```

        {
            point a;
            a.x = x * c;
            a.y = y * c;
            return a;
        }
        bool operator == (const point &p) const
        {
            return zero(x - p.x)&&zero(y - p.y);
        }
        friend ostream& operator << (ostream &
            out, const point &a);
    };
    typedef const point CP;
    ostream& operator << (ostream &out, const
        point &a){
        out<<a.x<<' '<<a.y;
        return out;
    }
    bool cmp(const point &p1, const point &p2)
    {
        return p1.ang < p2.ang;
    }

    // 线定义, 使用< 进行极角排序之前需要对所有
    // 线段调用getang 函数
    struct line{
        double ang;
        point a, b;line(){};
        line(const point &p1, const point &p2){
            a = p1;
            b = p2;
        }
        bool operator < (const line &y)const{
            if (zero(ang - y.ang))
                return (xmult(a, y.b, y.a) < 0);
            return ang < y.ang;
        }
        void getang(){
            ang = atan2(b.y - a.y, b.x - a.x);
        }
        friend ostream& operator << (ostream &
            out, const line &a);
    };
    ostream& operator << (ostream &out, const
        line &a){
        out<<a.a<<' '<<a.b<<' '<<a.ang;
        return out;
    }
    typedef const line CL;
    // 圆定义
    struct circle{
        double r;

```

```

67a8 point c;
c0ad circle(){};
614e circle(const point &p, double x){
c23d     c = p;
d0c6     x = r;
95cf }
a9b1 friend ostream& operator << (ostream &
out, const circle &a);
329b };
b802 ostream& operator << (ostream &out, const
circle &a){
d469     out<<a.c<<' '<<a.r;
d324     return out;
95cf }
e519 typedef const circle CC;

```

2.2 定义

```

652e #define eps 1e-8
c1b0 #define fabs(x) ((x) > 0? (x): -(x))
0102 #define zero(x) (fabs(x) < eps)
12d8 #define _sign(x) ((x)>eps?1:((x)<-eps
?2:0))
418f #define MAXN 1000
8d0a #define offset 10000
dca2 #define sqr(x) ((x)*(x))
13f1 const double pi=acos(-1);
427e
427e // 点的定义
9704 struct point{
082e     int index;
98c9     double ang;
d0aa     double x, y;
52a2     point(){x = 0;y = 0;}
df98     point(double sx, double sy){
e87b         x = sx;
d22b         y = sy;
95cf     }
a7a6     bool operator <(const point &b)const{
73b2         if (b.x == x) return y < b.y;
66d1         return x < b.x;
95cf     }
7b0b     point operator - (const point &b)const
{
f32c         point a;
d53d         a.x = x - b.x;
5365         a.y = y - b.y;
5ffd         return a;
95cf     }
e254     point operator + (const point &b)const{
f32c         point a;
7683         a.x = x + b.x;
70a0         a.y = y + b.y;

```

```

return a; 5ffd
} 95cf
point operator / (const double &c)const 14f6
{
point a; f32c
a.x = x / c; 225c
a.y = y / c; 414d
return a; 5ffd
} 95cf
point operator * (const double &c)const d466
{
point a; f32c
a.x = x * c; 7aa6
a.y = y * c; 9a5c
return a; 5ffd
} 95cf
bool operator == (const point &p) const 12ba
{
return zero(x - p.x)&&zero(y - p.y); e89b
} 95cf
friend ostream& operator << (ostream & daed
out, const point &a);
}; 329b
ostream& operator << (ostream &out, const 05c6
point &a){
out<<a.x<<' '<<a.y; df9c
return out; d324
} 95cf
bool cmp(const point &p1, const point &p2 eb7f
){
return p1.ang < p2.ang; 84df
} 95cf
// 线定义, 使用< 进行极角排序之前需要对所有 427e
线段调用getang 函数 427e
struct line{ bda3
double ang; 98c9
point a, b;line(){}; a334
line(const point &p1, const point &p2){ 5ae1
a = p1; 0fa8
b = p2; ce41
} 95cf
bool operator < (const line &y)const{ cfb1
if (zero(ang - y.ang)) 8e85
return (xmult(a, y.b, y.a) < 0); 37ec
return ang < y.ang; 3b83
} 95cf
void getang(){ 1d99
ang = atan2(b.y - a.y, b.x - a.x); f061
} 95cf
friend ostream& operator << (ostream & 4c7b
out, const line &a);
}; 329b

```

```

cdd9 ostream& operator << (ostream &out, const
      line &a){
1d6a     out<<a.a<<' '<<a.b<<' '<<a.ang;
d324     return out;
95cf }
427e // 圆定义
2f47 struct circle{
0c09     double r;
67a8     point c;
c0ad     circle(){};
614e     circle(const point &p, double x){
c23d         c = p;
d0c6         x = r;
95cf     }
a9b1     friend ostream& operator << (ostream &
      out, const circle &a);
329b };
b802 ostream& operator << (ostream &out, const
      circle &a){
d469     out<<a.c<<' '<<a.r;
d324     return out;
95cf }

```

2.3 点与线

```

427e // 计算cross product (P1-P0)x(P2-P0)
9060 double xmult(CP &p1,CP &p2,CP &p0){
a01c     return (p1.x-p0.x)*(p2.y-p0.y)-(p2.x-p0
      .x)*(p1.y-p0.y);
95cf }
26f9 double xmult(double x1,double y1,double
      x2,double y2,double x0,double y0){
c71e     return (x1-x0)*(y2-y0)-(x2-x0)*(y1-y0);
95cf }
0209 double xmult(CP &v1, CP &v2){
12a3     return v1.x * v2.y - v2.x * v1.y;
95cf }
427e // 计算dot product (P1-P0).(P2-P0)
dbb2 double dmult(CP &p1,CP &p2,CP &p0){
6b50     return (p1.x-p0.x)*(p2.x-p0.x)+(p1.y-p0
      .y)*(p2.y-p0.y);
95cf }
8c06 double dmult(double x1,double y1,double
      x2,double y2,double x0,double y0){
4103     return (x1-x0)*(x2-x0)+(y1-y0)*(y2-y0);
95cf }
cb7a double dmult(CP &v1, CP &v2){
d871     return v1.x * v2.x + v1.y * v2.y;
95cf }
427e // 计算向量v 的长度
bd72 double len(CP &v){

```

```

      return sqrt((v.x * v.x) + (v.y * v.y)); 7c36
    } 95cf
    // 两点距离 427e
double dis(CP &p1,CP &p2){ 21ca
    return sqrt((p1.x-p2.x)*(p1.x-p2.x)+(p1
      .y-p2.y)*(p1.y-p2.y)); b08a
    } 95cf
double dis(double x1,double y1,double x2, 8046
      double y2){
    return sqrt((x1-x2)*(x1-x2)+(y1-y2)*(y1
      -y2)); 9f44
    } 95cf
double dis2(CP &p1,CP &p2){ 1627
    return (p1.x-p2.x)*(p1.x-p2.x)+(p1.y-p2
      .y)*(p1.y-p2.y); 3eaf
    } 95cf
double dis2(double x1,double y1,double x2  a880
      ,double y2){
    return (x1-x2)*(x1-x2)+(y1-y2)*(y1-y2); 5819
    } 95cf
    // 判三点共线 427e
int dots_inline(CP &p1,CP &p2,CP &p3){ 68d7
    return zero(xmult(p1,p2,p3)); 20b6
    } 95cf
int dots_inline(double x1,double y1,  a6a7
      double x2,double y2,double x3,double y3
    ){
    return zero(xmult(x1,y1,x2,y2,x3,y3)); fc4c
    } 95cf
    // 判点是否在线段上, 包括端点 427e
int dot_online_in(CP &p,CL &l){ 23f7
    return zero(xmult(p,l.a,l.b))&&(l.a.x-p
      .x)*(l.b.x-p.x)<eps&&(l.a.y-p.y)*(l.b
      .y-p.y)<eps; d7f1
    } 95cf
int dot_online_in(CP &p,CP &l1,CP &l2){ a66d
    return zero(xmult(p,l1,l2))&&(l1.x-p.x)
      *(l2.x-p.x)<eps&&(l1.y-p.y)*(l2.y-p.y)
      <eps; 9f13
    } 95cf
int dot_online_in(double x,double y, 86fb
      double x1,double y1,double x2,double y2
    ){
    return zero(xmult(x,y,x1,y1,x2,y2))&&(
      x1-x)*(x2-x)<eps&&(y1-y)*(y2-y)<eps; 5e8a
    } 95cf
    // 判点是否在线段上不包括端点, 427e
int dot_online_ex(CP &p,CL &l){ 84f5
    return dot_online_in(p,l)&&(!zero(p.x-l 289e

```

```

        .a.x)||!zero(p.y-l.a.y))&&(!zero(p.x-
1.b.x)||!zero(p.y-l.b.y));
95cf }
a73f int dot_online_ex(CP &p,CP &l1,CP &l2){
82af     return dot_online_in(p,l1,l2)&&(!zero(p
.x-l1.x)||!zero(p.y-l1.y))&&(!zero(p.
x-l2.x)||!zero(p.y-l2.y));
95cf }
0181 int dot_online_ex(double x,double y,
        double x1,double y1,double x2,double y2
){
58c5     return dot_online_in(x,y,x1,y1,x2,y2)
        &&(!zero(x-x1)||!zero(y-y1))&&(!zero(
x-x2)||!zero(y-y2));
95cf }
427e
427e // 判两点在线段同侧, 点在线段上返回0
ea31 int same_side(CP &p1,CP &p2,CL &l){
d345     return xmult(l.a,p1,l.b)*xmilt(l.a,p2,l
        .b)>eps;
95cf }
8a3c int same_side(CP &p1,CP &p2,CP &l1,CP &l2
){
14cc     return xmult(l1,p1,l2)*xmilt(l1,p2,l2)>
        eps;
95cf }
427e
427e // 判两点在线段异侧, 点在线段上返回0
b5f2 int opposite_side(CP &p1,CP &p2,CL &l){
95bc     return xmult(l.a,p1,l.b)*xmilt(l.a,p2,l
        .b)<-eps;
95cf }
d050 int opposite_side(CP &p1,CP &p2,CP &l1,CP
        &l2){
de06     return xmult(l1,p1,l2)*xmilt(l1,p2,l2)
        <-eps;
95cf }
427e
427e // 判两直线平行
efdb int parallel(CL &u,CL &v){
92d6     return zero((u.a.x-u.b.x)*(v.a.y-v.b.y)
        -(v.a.x-v.b.x)*(u.a.y-u.b.y));
95cf }
3419 int parallel(CP &u1,CP &u2,CP &v1,CP &v2)
{
4806     return zero((u1.x-u2.x)*(v1.y-v2.y)-(v1
        .x-v2.x)*(u1.y-u2.y));
95cf }
427e
427e // 判两直线垂直
7e98 int perpendicular(CL &u,CL &v){
980d     return zero((u.a.x-u.b.x)*(v.a.x-v.b.x)
        +(u.a.y-u.b.y)*(v.a.y-v.b.y));
}
}
int perpendicular(CP &u1,CP &u2,CP &v1,CP
&v2){
return zero((u1.x-u2.x)*(v1.x-v2.x)+(u1
.y-u2.y)*(v1.y-v2.y));
}
// 判两线段相交, 包括端点和部分重合
int intersect_in(CL &u,CL &v){
if (!dots_inline(u.a,u.b,v.a)||!
dots_inline(u.a,u.b,v.b))
return !same_side(u.a,u.b,v)&&!
same_side(v.a,v.b,u);
return dot_online_in(u.a,v)||
dot_online_in(u.b,v)||dot_online_in(v
.a,u)||dot_online_in(v.b,u);
}
int intersect_in(CP &u1,CP &u2,CP &v1,CP
&v2){
if (!dots_inline(u1,u2,v1)||!
dots_inline(u1,u2,v2))
return !same_side(u1,u2,v1,v2)&&!
same_side(v1,v2,u1,u2);
return dot_online_in(u1,v1,v2)||
dot_online_in(u2,v1,v2)||
dot_online_in(v1,u1,u2)||
dot_online_in(v2,u1,u2);
}
// 判两线段相交, 不包括端点和部分重合
int intersect_ex(CL &u,CL &v){
return opposite_side(u.a,u.b,v)&&
opposite_side(v.a,v.b,u);
}
int intersect_ex(CP &u1,CP &u2,CP &v1,CP
&v2){
return opposite_side(u1,u2,v1,v2)&&
opposite_side(v1,v2,u1,u2);
}
// 计算两直线交点, 注意事先判断直线是否平行!
// 线段交点请另外判线段相交, 同时还是要判断
是否平行
point intersection(CL &u,CL &v){
point ret=u.a;
double t=((u.a.x-v.a.x)*(v.a.y-v.b.y)-(
u.a.y-v.a.y)*(v.a.x-v.b.x))
/((u.a.x-u.b.x)*(v.a.y-v.b.y)-(u.a
.y-u.b.y)*(v.a.x-v.b.x));
ret.x+=(u.b.x-u.a.x)*t;
ret.y+=(u.b.y-u.a.y)*t;
return ret;
}

```

```

fbb7 point intersection(CP &u1,CP &u2,CP &v1,
CP &v2){
f0a0 point ret=u1;
a7db double t=((u1.x-v1.x)*(v1.y-v2.y)-(u1.y
- v1.y)*(v1.x-v2.x))
16f0 /((u1.x-u2.x)*(v1.y-v2.y)-(u1.y-u2.
y)*(v1.x-v2.x));
a1f8 ret.x+=(u2.x-u1.x)*t;
fa1b ret.y+=(u2.y-u1.y)*t;
ee0f return ret;
95cf }
427e // 求给定线段的中垂线
1cc5 line pblin(CL &l){
671e line ret;ret.a = (l.a + l.b) / 2;
d118 double a = l.b.x - l.a.x, b = l.b.y - l
.a.y;
a2fc double c = (l.a.y - l.b.y) * ret.a.y +
(l.a.x - l.b.x) * ret.a.x;
c99e if (!zero(a)){
03b7 ret.b.y = 0;ret.b.x = -c / a;
effa if (zero(dis(ret.a, ret.b))){
dca4 ret.b.y = 1e10;ret.b.x = - (c - b *
ret.b.y) / a;
95cf }
8e2e }else{
08d6 ret.b.x = 0.0;ret.b.y = -c / b;
effa if (zero(dis(ret.a, ret.b))){
3b6b ret.b.x = 1e10;ret.b.y = -(c - a *
ret.b.x) / b;
95cf }
95cf }
ee0f return ret;
95cf }
427e // 点到直线上的最近点
27b7 point ptoline(CP &p,CL &l){
1960 point t=p;
c7d0 t.x+=l.a.y-l.b.y,t.y+=l.b.x-l.a.x;
2f7b return intersection(p,t,l.a,l.b);
95cf }
b7a1 point ptoline(CP &p,CP &l1,CP &l2){
1960 point t=p;
e925 t.x+=l1.y-l2.y,t.y+=l2.x-l1.x;
60f2 return intersection(p,t,l1,l2);
95cf }
427e // 点到直线距离
a82a double disptoline(CP &p,CL &l){
9546 return fabs(xmult(p,l.a,l.b))/dis(l.a,l
.b);
95cf }
e8c8 double disptoline(CP &p,CP &l1,CP &l2){
ccfa return fabs(xmult(p,l1,l2))/dis(l1,l2);
}
double disptoline(double x,double y,
double x1,double y1,double x2,double y2
){
return fabs(xmult(x,y,x1,y1,x2,y2))/dis
(x1,y1,x2,y2);
}
// 点到线段上的最近点
point ptoseg(CP &p,CL &l){
point t=p;
t.x+=l.a.y-l.b.y,t.y+=l.b.x-l.a.x;
if (xmult(l.a,t,p)*xmult(l.b,t,p)>eps)
return dis(p,l.a)<dis(p,l.b)?l.a:l.b;
return intersection(p,t,l.a,l.b);
}
point ptoseg(CP &p,CP &l1,CP &l2){
point t=p;
t.x+=l1.y-l2.y,t.y+=l2.x-l1.x;
if (xmult(l1,t,p)*xmult(l2,t,p)>eps)
return dis(p,l1)<dis(p,l2)?l1:l2;
return intersection(p,t,l1,l2);
}
// 点到线段距离
double disptoseg(CP &p,CL &l){
point t=p;
t.x+=l.a.y-l.b.y,t.y+=l.b.x-l.a.x;
if (xmult(l.a,t,p)*xmult(l.b,t,p)>eps)
return dis(p,l.a)<dis(p,l.b)?dis(p,l
a):dis(p,l.b);
return fabs(xmult(p,l.a,l.b))/dis(l.a,l
.b);
}
double disptoseg(CP &p,CP &l1,CP &l2){
point t=p;
t.x+=l1.y-l2.y,t.y+=l2.x-l1.x;
if (xmult(l1,t,p)*xmult(l2,t,p)>eps)
return dis(p,l1)<dis(p,l2)?dis(p,l1):
dis(p,l2);
return fabs(xmult(p,l1,l2))/dis(l1,l2);
}
// 线段到线段距离, 事先判断相交情况
double dissegtoseg(CL &l1, CL &l2){
return min(min(disptoseg(l1.a, l2),
disptoseg(l1.b, l2)), min(disptoseg(
l2.a, l1), disptoseg(l2.b, l1)));
}
double dissegtoseg(CP &l1a, CP &l1b, CP &
l2a, CP &l2b){
return min(min(disptoseg(l1a, l2a, l2b)
, disptoseg(l1b, l2a, l2b)), min(

```

```

        disptoseg(l2a, l1a, l1b), disptoseg(
        l2b, l1a, l1b));
95cf }
427e
427e // 向量V 以P 为顶点逆时针旋转angle 并放
        大scale 倍
546e point rotate(point v, point p, double angle
        , double scale){
15e2     point ret=p;
cee4     v.x=-p.x, v.y=-p.y;
2350     p.x=scale*cos(angle);
6a5a     p.y=scale*sin(angle);
2bf2     ret.x+=v.x*p.x-v.y*p.y;
0ad4     ret.y+=v.x*p.y+v.y*p.x;
ee0f     return ret;
95cf }
427e
427e // p 在新坐标系O(I,e1,e2) 中的坐标
f6d4 point rotate(CP &p, CP &I, CP &e1, CP &e2
        ){
22ef     point p2;
495d     p2.x = I.x + e1.x * p.x + e1.y * p.y;
84f1     p2.y = I.y + e2.x * p.x + e2.y * p.y;
7a0c     return p2;
427e }
95cf }
427e
427e //p 点绕原点按逆时针旋转angle
3f0e point rotate(CP &p, double angle){
3e07     point e1, e2, I;
1f1c     e1.x = cos(angle); e1.y = -sin(angle);
ed21     e2.x = -e1.y; e2.y = e1.x;
085d     I.x = 0; I.y = 0;
e586     return rotate(p, I, e1, e2);
95cf }
427e
427e // 返回值[0, 4), 正比向量v1 到向量v2 的顺时
        针旋转角度
452a double angle(CP &v1, CP &v2){
94c9     double cosa = dmult(v1, v2) / len(v1) /
        len(v2); cosa = 1 - cosa;
53df     if (xmult(v1, v2) < 0) cosa = 4 - cosa;
        return cosa;
95cf }
8cb3 double angle(CP &v1, CP &a, CP &b){
ce1f     return angle(v1, b - a);
95cf }
427e // 向量a-c 到b-c 的顺时针度数
aab2 double angle(CP &a, CP &b, CP &c){
427e     //return angle(a - b, b - c);
76a4     double cosa = dmult(a, b, c) / dis(a, c
        ) / dis(b, c); cosa = 1 - cosa;
c807     if (xmult(a, b, c) < 0) cosa = 4 - cosa
        ;return cosa;
    }
}
95cf
2.4 三角形
// 外心
427e point circumcenter(CP &a, CP &b, CP &c){
878f     line u, v;
7173     u.a.x=(a.x+b.x)/2;
2ecf     u.a.y=(a.y+b.y)/2;
5a23     u.b.x=u.a.x-a.y+b.y;
ee31     u.b.y=u.a.y+a.x-b.x;
77b1     v.a.x=(a.x+c.x)/2;
5396     v.a.y=(a.y+c.y)/2;
8492     v.b.x=v.a.x-a.y+c.y;
abe9     v.b.y=v.a.y+a.x-c.x;
63ff     return intersection(u, v);
ed5d }
95cf
427e // 内心
427e point incenter(CP &a, CP &b, CP &c){
6bd8     line u, v;
7173     double m, n;
1a7c     u.a=a;
2aec     m=atan2(b.y-a.y, b.x-a.x);
cd0a     n=atan2(c.y-a.y, c.x-a.x);
4211     u.b.x=u.a.x+cos((m+n)/2);
af8c     u.b.y=u.a.y+sin((m+n)/2);
b80b     v.a=b;
93b1     m=atan2(a.y-b.y, a.x-b.x);
da57     n=atan2(c.y-b.y, c.x-b.x);
0a23     v.b.x=v.a.x+cos((m+n)/2);
3d04     v.b.y=v.a.y+sin((m+n)/2);
b99c     return intersection(u, v);
ed5d }
95cf
427e // 垂心
427e point perppcenter(CP &a, CP &b, CP &c){
8ae2     line u, v;
7173     u.a=c;
1ecd     u.b.x=u.a.x-a.y+b.y;
ee31     u.b.y=u.a.y+a.x-b.x;
77b1     v.a=b;
93b1     v.b.x=v.a.x-a.y+c.y;
abe9     v.b.y=v.a.y+a.x-c.x;
63ff     return intersection(u, v);
ed5d }
95cf
427e // 重心
427e // 到三角形三顶点距离的平方和最小的点
427e // 三角形内到三边距离之积最大的点
427e point barycenter(CP &a, CP &b, CP &c){
81bd     line u, v;
7173     u.a.x=(a.x+b.x)/2;
2ecf

```



```

5a23    u.a.y=(a.y+b.y)/2;
fad0    u.b=c;
5396    v.a.x=(a.x+c.x)/2;
8492    v.a.y=(a.y+c.y)/2;
f28e    v.b=b;
ed5d    return intersection(u,v);
95cf    }
427e
427e    // 费马点
427e    // 到三角形三顶点距离之和最小的点
b0a9    point fermentpoint(CP &a,CP &b,CP &c){
03f5        point u,v;
c4d2        double step=fabs(a.x)+fabs(a.y)+fabs(b.
            x)+fabs(b.y)+fabs(c.x)+fabs(c.y);
c8ed        int i,j,k;
1eb8        u.x=(a.x+b.x+c.x)/3;
9137        u.y=(a.y+b.y+c.y)/3;
7bf1        while (step>1e-10)
0fcc            for (k=0;k<10;step/=2,k++){
13ea                for (i=-1;i<=1;i++)
9366                    for (j=-1;j<=1;j++){
6701                        v.x=u.x+step*i;
61f3                        v.y=u.y+step*j;
7b0c                        if (dis(u,a)+dis(u,b)+dis(u,c)>
                            dis(v,a)+dis(v,b)+dis(v,c))
c013                            u=v;
95cf                    }
81b0        return u;
95cf    }

```

2.5 多边形

```

427e    // 判定凸多边形, 顶点按顺时针或逆时针给
        出, 允许相邻边共线
7a16    int is_convex(int n,point* p){
53c4        int i,s[3]={1,1,1};
cb40        for (i=0;i<n&&s[1]|s[2];i++)
1a26            s[_sign(xmult(p[(i+1)%n],p[(i+2)%n],p
                [i]))]=0;
e8ad        return s[1]|s[2];
95cf    }
427e
427e    // 判定凸多边形, 顶点按顺时针或逆时针给
        出, 不允许相邻边共线
eba7    int is_convex_v2(int n,point* p){
53c4        int i,s[3]={1,1,1};
ae7f        for (i=0;i<n&&s[0]&&s[1]|s[2];i++)
1a26            s[_sign(xmult(p[(i+1)%n],p[(i+2)%n],p
                [i]))]=0;
e92f        return s[0]&&s[1]|s[2];
95cf    }
427e
427e    // 判点在凸多边形内或多边形边上, 顶点按顺时
        针或逆时针给出

```

```

int inside_convex(CP &q,int n,point* p){    ea98
    int i,s[3]={1,1,1};                    53c4
    for (i=0;i<n&&s[1]|s[2];i++)            cb40
        s[_sign(xmult(p[(i+1)%n],q,p[i]))]=0;    8fa5
    return s[1]|s[2];                        e8ad
}                                              95cf
// 判点在凸多边形内, 顶点按顺时针或逆时针给    427e
        出, 在多边形边上返回0                427e
int inside_convex_v2(CP &q,int n,point* p    9e0e
    ){
    int i,s[3]={1,1,1};                    53c4
    for (i=0;i<n&&s[0]&&s[1]|s[2];i++)        ae7f
        s[_sign(xmult(p[(i+1)%n],q,p[i]))]=0;    8fa5
    return s[0]&&s[1]|s[2];                e92f
}                                              95cf
// 判点在任意多边形内顶点按顺时针或逆时针给    427e
        出,                                    427e
// on_edge 表示点在多边形边上时的返回            427e
        值,offset 为多边形坐标上限
int inside_polygon(CP &q,int n,point* p,    78bd
    int on_edge=1){
    point q2;                                af1a
    int i=0,count;                            1adf
    while (i<n)                                22c1
        for (count=i=0,q2.x=rand()+offset,q2.    ea47
            y=rand()+offset;i<n;i++)
            if (zero(xmult(q,p[i],p[(i+1)%n]))    960c
                &&(p[i].x-q.x)*(p[(i+1)%n].x-q.x)
                <eps&&(p[i].y-q.y)*(p[(i+1)%n].y-
                    q.y)<eps)
                return on_edge;                163a
            else if (zero(xmult(q,q2,p[i])))    19b2
                break;                        6173
            else if (xmult(q,p[i],q2)*xmult(q,p    f875
                [(i+1)%n],q2)<-eps&&xmult(p[i],q,
                p[(i+1)%n])*xmult(p[i],q2,p[(i+1)
                    %n])<-eps)
                count++;                        45d2
    return count&1;                            9103
}                                              95cf
// 判线段在任意多边形内, 顶点按顺时针或逆时    427e
        针给出, 与边界相交返回1                427e
int inside_polygon(CP &l1,CP &l2,int n,    2e50
    point* p){
    point t[MAXN],tt;                        b779
    int i,j,k=0;                            ff68
    if (!inside_polygon(l1,n,p)||!            535b
        inside_polygon(l2,n,p))
        return 0;                            7021
    for (i=0;i<n;i++)                        2dbf

```

```

6a8f      if (opposite_side(l1,l2,p[i],p[(i+1)%
n])&&opposite_side(p[i],p[(i+1)%n],
l1,l2))
7021          return 0;
d6e2      else if (dot_online_in(l1,p[i],p[(i
+1)%n]))
29be          t[k++]=l1;
cbea      else if (dot_online_in(l2,p[i],p[(i
+1)%n]))
3d75          t[k++]=l2;
1abb      else if (dot_online_in(p[i],l1,l2))
8b2e          t[k++]=p[i];
a83a      for (i=0;i<k;i++){
e784          for (j=i+1;j<k;j++){
2874              tt.x=(t[i].x+t[j].x)/2;
abed              tt.y=(t[i].y+t[j].y)/2;
4b25              if (!inside_polygon(tt,n,p))
7021                  return 0;
95cf          }
7459      return 1;
95cf  }
427e  // 多边形重心
3a12  point barycenter(int n,point* p){
54ec      point ret,t;
3444      double t1=0,t2;
a0f7      int i;
5b97      ret.x=ret.y=0;
440f      for (i=1;i<n-1;i++){
4241          if (fabs(t2=xmult(p[0],p[i],p[i+1]))>
eps){
c812              t=barycenter(p[0],p[i],p[i+1]);
0f3e              ret.x+=t.x*t2;
531e              ret.y+=t.y*t2;
1ea2              t1+=t2;
95cf          }
63aa      if (fabs(t1)>eps)
a16e          ret.x/=t1,ret.y/=t1;
ee0f      return ret;
95cf  }
427e  // 将多边形沿l1,l2 确定的直线切割在side 侧
切割
427e  // 保证l1,l2,side 不共线
3a0f  void polygon_cut(int& n,point* p,CP &l1,
CP &l2,CP &side){
7368      point pp[100];
9894      int m=0,i;
ee09      for (i=0;i<n;i++){
2f5d          if (same_side(p[i],side,l1,l2))
33c3              pp[m++]=p[i];
226e          if (!same_side(p[i],p[(i+1)%n],l1,l2)
&&!(zero(xmult(p[i],l1,l2))&&zero(
xmult(p[(i+1)%n],l1,l2))))
pp[m++]=intersection(p[i],p[(i+1)%n
],l1,l2);
}
for (n=i=0;i<m;i++)
if (!i||!zero(pp[i].x-pp[i-1].x)||!
zero(pp[i].y-pp[i-1].y))
p[n++]=pp[i];
if (zero(p[n-1].x-p[0].x)&&zero(p[n-1].
y-p[0].y))
n--;
if (n<3)
n=0;
}
// 求平行于v 的所有射线中,穿过的凸包中最左
边的点的坐标
// 凸包点按顺时针给出
point vector_throw_convex(int n, point *
convex, CP &v){
int s = 0;double as = angle(v, convex[s
], convex[(s + 1) % n]);
int t = n - 1;double at = angle(v,
convex[t], convex[(t + 1) % n]);
while (s < t){
if (as >= at){s = t;break;}int mid =
(s + t + 1) / 2;
double amid = angle(v, convex[mid],
convex[(mid + 1) % n]);
if (amid <= as){s = mid;as = amid;}
else{t = mid - 1;at = angle(v, convex
[t], convex[(t + 1) % n]);}
}
return convex[(s + 1) % n];
}
// 求直线l1 是否穿过凸包, 凸包按顺时针给出,
返回是否穿过
// p 储存凸包内l1 共线的某点
bool line_throw_convex(int n, point *
convex, CL &l, point &p){
point p1 = vector_throw_convex(n,
convex, l.a - l.b);
point p2 = vector_throw_convex(n,
convex, l.b - l.a);
line l2(p1, p2);p = intersection(l, l2)
;
if (dot_online_in(p, l2)) return true;
return false;
}
// 求射线是否穿过凸包, 凸包按顺时针给出, 返

```

```

    回是否穿过
427e // p 储存凸包内l1 共线的某点
162c bool ray_throw_convex(int n, point *
    convex, CL &l, point &p){
ab11     if (line_throw_convex(n, convex, l, p))
        {
ff30         if (dmult(p, l.b, l.a) >= -eps)
            return true;return false;
95cf     }
438e     return false;
95cf }
427e // 求凸包直径, 输入要求顺时针输入凸包, 没有
427e 共线的点
9c74 double convex_diameter(int n, point *con)
    {
571d     int q=1;double ans=0;
9c16     for(int p=0;p<n;++p)
4506     {
f1dc         while(xmult(con[(p+1)%n],con[(q+1)%n]
            ],con[p])<xmuilt(con[(p+1)%n],con[q]
            ],con[p]))
78df             q=(q+1)%n;
605a         ans=max(ans,max(dis(con[p],con[q]),
            dis(con[(p+1)%n],con[(q+1)%n])));
95cf     }
4206     return ans;
95cf }
427e // 求凸包最小截面, 输入要求顺时针输入凸包
2bc8 double convex_min_section(int n, point *
    con){
987e     int q=1;double ans=10000000000;
9c16     for(int p=0;p<n;++p)
4506     {
f1dc         while(xmult(con[(p+1)%n],con[(q+1)%n]
            ],con[p])<xmuilt(con[(p+1)%n],con[q]
            ],con[p]))
78df             q=(q+1)%n;
adf5         ans=min(ans,disptoline(con[q], con[p]
            ], con[p + 1]));
95cf     }
4206     return ans;
95cf }
ff80 double convex_min_section2(int n, point *
    con){
c166     double l1 = 10000000000;
6c2f     for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i){
3cec         point a = con[i] - con[(i + 1) % n];
5394         point b = vector_throw_convex(n, con,
            a);
746a         l1 = min(l1, disptoline(b, con[i],
            con[i + 1]));
    }
    return l1;
}
}
// 求两个不包含的凸包的最短距离, 逆时针输入
背包
double convex_min_dis(int n, point *a,
    int m, point *b){
    int p1 = 0, p2 = 0;
    double ans = 1<<30;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
        if (a[i].y < a[p1].y) p1 = i;
    for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i)
        if (b[i].y > b[p2].y) p2 = i;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i){
        double t = xmuilt(b[(p2 + 1) % m], a[
            p1], a[(p1 + 1) % n]);
        t -= xmuilt(b[p2], a[p1], a[(p1 + 1) %
            n]);
        //cout<<p1<<' '<<p2<<' '<<t<<endl;
        if (_sign(t) == 1){
            ans = min(ans, disptoseg(a[p1], b[
                p2], b[(p2 + 1) % m]));
            p2 = (p2 + 1) % m;
            --i;
        }else if (_sign(t) == 2){
            ans = min(ans, disptoseg(b[p2], a[
                p1], a[(p1 + 1) % n]));
            p1 = (p1 + 1) % n;
        }else{
            ans = min(ans, dissegtoseg(a[p1], a
                [(p1 + 1) % n], b[p2], b[(p2 + 1)
                % m]));
            p1 = (p1 + 1) % n;
            p2 = (p2 + 1) % m;
        }
    }
    return ans;
}
// 求多边形中最长的线段, 的长度, 线段储存
在 l 中
double inside_polygon_max(int n,point* p,
    line &l){
    double len = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
        for (int j = i + 1; j < n; ++j){
            vector<point> points;
            points.clear();
            points.push_back(p[i]);
            points.push_back(p[j]);
            for (int a = 0; a < n; ++a)
                for (int b = a + 1; b < n; ++b){

```

```

dbc2         if (a == i) continue;
3695         if (parallel(p[i], p[j], p[a],
b333             p[b]))
f9ae             continue;
cb8b         point p1 = intersection(p[i], p
52c1             [j], p[a], p[b]);
427e         if (dmult(p[a], p[b], p1) <= 0)
a62b             {
95cf                 points.push_back(p1);
95cf             }
52c1         sort(points.begin(), points.end());
427e
bd55         int s = 0;
2927         for (int k = 0; k < points.size() -
d563             1; ++k){
8ac5             if (zero(dis(points[k], points[k
1667                 + 1]))) continue;
8984             point p1;
154a             p1 = (points[k] + points[k + 1])
db17                 / 2;
aaed             if (inside_polygon(p1, n, p))
bff1                 continue;
71e0             double d = dis(points[s], points[
95cf                 k + 1]);
69cc             if (len < d){
95cf                 len = d;
5be3                 l.a = points[s];
db17                 l.b = points[k + 1];
aaed             }
bff1             s = k + 1;
352a         }
95cf         }
95cf         double d = dis(points[s], points[
1891             points.size() - 1]);
95cf         if (len < d){
427e             len = d;
917a             l.a = points[s];
45ae             l.b = points[points.size() - 1];
95cf         }
427e         }
427e         return len;
e484     }
a0f7 // 判断点知否在半平面内, 平面位于向量左侧
85c3 bool phplaneout(CL &l, CP &p){
43a2     return xmult(p, l.b, l.a) > eps;
}

// 求半平面交, 平面位于向量左侧
int halfpanelcross(int n, line *lines,
point *p){
int i;
for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
lines[i].getang();
sort(lines, lines + n);
int m = 1;
for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i)
if (!zero(lines[i].ang - lines[i -
1].ang))
lines[m++] = lines[i];
n = m;
int bot = 0, top = 1;
for (int i = 2; i < n; ++i){
if ((parallel(lines[top], lines[top -
1]) || parallel(lines[bot], lines[
bot + 1])))
return 0;
while ((bot < top) && (xmult(
intersection(lines[top], lines[top
- 1]), lines[i].b, lines[i].a) >
eps))
--top;
while ((bot < top) && (xmult(
intersection(lines[bot], lines[bot
+ 1]), lines[i].b, lines[i].a) >
eps))
++bot;
++top;
lines[top] = lines[i];
}
while ((bot < top) && (xmult(intersection
(lines[top], lines[top - 1]), lines[
bot].b, lines[bot].a) > eps))
--top;
while ((bot < top) && (xmult(intersection
(lines[bot], lines[bot + 1]), lines[
top].b, lines[top].a) > eps))
++bot;
if (top <= bot + 1) return 0;
n = 0;
for (int i = bot; i < top; ++i)
p[n++] = intersection(lines[i], lines
[i + 1]);
if (bot < top + 1)
p[n++] = intersection(lines[bot],
lines[top]);
return n;
}

// 算法顺时针构造包含所有共线点的凸
包graham, O(nlogn)
point p1, p2;
int graham_cp(const void* a, const void* b)
{
double ret = xmult(*(point*)a, *(point
*)b), p1);

```



```

        dis2(p1, v.a))){
8d74     index = i;
3524     p1 = p2;
95cf     }
95cf     }
087b     swap(l[1], l[index]);
01a2     v = refraction(v, l[1], p1, 1 / r);
3361     return true;
95cf }

```

2.6 面积

```

427e // 计算三角形面积, 输入三顶点
ab5f double area_triangle(CP &p1, CP &p2, CP &p3
    ){
f8a3     return fabs(xmult(p1, p2, p3))/2;
95cf }
243e double area_triangle(double x1, double y1,
    double x2, double y2, double x3, double y3
    ){
1953     return fabs(xmult(x1, y1, x2, y2, x3, y3))
        /2;
95cf }
427e // 计算三角形面积, 输入三边长
7fb2 double area_triangle(double a, double b,
    double c){
f36a     double s=(a+b+c)/2;
7a86     return sqrt(s*(s-a)*(s-b)*(s-c));
95cf }
427e // 计算多边形面积, 顶点按顺时针或逆时针给出
427e // 顺时针的时候, 面积为负, 逆时针的时候面积为
    正
2ed4 double area_polygon(int n, point* p){
0934     double s1=0, s2=0;
a0f7     int i;
2dbf     for (i=0; i<n; i++)
e3ae         s1+=p[(i+1)%n].y*p[i].x, s2+=p[(i+1)%n]
            .y*p[(i+2)%n].x;
1109     return (s1-s2)/2;
95cf }

```

2.7 球面

```

427e // 计算圆心角lat 表示纬度, -90<=w<=90, lng 表
    示经度
427e // 返回两点所在大圆劣弧对应圆心
    角, 0<=angle<=pi
8176 double angle(double lng1, double lat1,
    double lng2, double lat2){
533a     double dlng=fabs(lng1-lng2)*pi/180;
88a6     while (dlng>=pi+pi)
a612         dlng-=pi+pi;

```

```

    if (dlng>pi)
        dlng=pi+pi-dlng;
        lat1*=pi/180, lat2*=pi/180;
        return acos(cos(lat1)*cos(lat2)*cos(
            dlng)+sin(lat1)*sin(lat2));
    }
    // 计算距离, r 为球半径
double line_dist(double r, double lng1,
    double lat1, double lng2, double lat2){
    double dlng=fabs(lng1-lng2)*pi/180;
    while (dlng>=pi+pi)
        dlng-=pi+pi;
    if (dlng>pi)
        dlng=pi+pi-dlng;
    lat1*=pi/180, lat2*=pi/180;
    return r*sqrt(2-2*(cos(lat1)*cos(lat2)*
        cos(dlng)+sin(lat1)*sin(lat2)));
}
    // 计算球面距离, r 为球半径
inline double sphere_dist(double r, double
    lng1, double lat1, double lng2, double
    lat2){
    return r*angle(lng1, lat1, lng2, lat2);
}

```

2.8 圆

```

// 判直线和圆相交, 包括相切
int intersect_line_circle(CP &c, double r,
    CP &l1, CP &l2){
    return disptoline(c, l1, l2)<r+eps;
}
int intersect_line_circle(CC &c, CP &l1, CP
    &l2){
    return disptoline(c.c, l1, l2)<c.r+eps;
}
// 判线段和圆相交, 包括端点和相切
int intersect_seg_circle(CP &c, double r,
    CP &l1, CP &l2){
    double t1=dis(c, l1)-r, t2=dis(c, l2)-r;
    point t=c;
    if (t1<eps||t2<eps)
        return t1>-eps||t2>-eps;
    t.x+=l1.y-l2.y;
    t.y+=l2.x-l1.x;
    return xmult(l1, c, t)*xmult(l2, c, t)<eps
        &&disptoline(c, l1, l2)-r<eps;
}
int intersect_seg_circle(CC &c, CP &l1, CP
    &l2){
    double t1=dis(c.c, l1)-c.r, t2=dis(c.c, l2

```

```

    )-c.r;
3bc7 point t=c.c;
6bfd if (t1<eps||t2<eps)
b703 return t1>eps||t2>eps;
524a t.x+=l1.y-l2.y;
9773 t.y+=l2.x-l1.x;
78b0 return xmult(l1,c.c,t)*xmult(l2,c.c,t)<
    eps&&disptoline(c.c,l1,l2)-c.r<eps;
95cf }
427e // 判圆和圆相交, 包括相切
e4fa int intersect_circle_circle(CP &c1,double
    r1,CP &c2,double r2){
9676 return dis(c1,c2)<r1+r2+eps&&dis(c1,c2)
    >fabs(r1-r2)-eps;
95cf }
da9a int intersect_circle_circle(CC &c1,CC &c2
    ){
14e2 return dis(c1.c,c2.c)<c1.r+c2.r+eps&&
    dis(c1.c,c2.c)>fabs(c1.r-c2.r)-eps;
95cf }
427e
427e // 计算圆上到点p 最近点, 如p 与圆心重合, 返
    回p 本身
f391 point dot_to_circle(CP &c,double r,CP &p)
    {
03f5 point u,v;
82e2 if (dis(p,c)<eps)
e149 return p;
6b5b u.x=c.x+r*fabs(c.x-p.x)/dis(c,p);
e0a3 u.y=c.y+r*fabs(c.y-p.y)/dis(c,p)*((c.x-
    p.x)*(c.y-p.y)<0?-1:1);
8ae0 v.x=c.x-r*fabs(c.x-p.x)/dis(c,p);
81cd v.y=c.y-r*fabs(c.y-p.y)/dis(c,p)*((c.x-
    p.x)*(c.y-p.y)<0?-1:1);
ceec return dis(u,p)<dis(v,p)?u:v;
95cf }
521e point dot_to_circle(CC &c,CP &p){
03f5 point u,v;
3905 if (dis(p,c.c)<eps)
e149 return p;
525f u.x=c.c.x+c.r*fabs(c.c.x-p.x)/dis(c.c,p
    );
0882 u.y=c.c.y+c.r*fabs(c.c.y-p.y)/dis(c.c,p
    )*((c.c.x-p.x)*(c.c.y-p.y)<0?-1:1);
2d9f v.x=c.c.x-c.r*fabs(c.c.x-p.x)/dis(c.c,p
    );
fc50 v.y=c.c.y-c.r*fabs(c.c.y-p.y)/dis(c.c,p
    )*((c.c.x-p.x)*(c.c.y-p.y)<0?-1:1);
ceec return dis(u,p)<dis(v,p)?u:v;
95cf }
427e
427e // 计算直线与圆的交点, 保证直线与圆有交点
427e // 计算线段与圆的交点可用这个函数后判点是否在

```

```

    线段上
void intersection_line_circle(CP &c,      c8d1
    double r,CP &l1,CP &l2,point& p1,point&
    p2){
    point p=c;                                e36e
    double t;                                3337
    p.x+=l1.y-l2.y;                            e339
    p.y+=l2.x-l1.x;                            4399
    p=intersection(p,c,l1,l2);                1b68
    t=sqrt(r*r-dis(p,c)*dis(p,c))/dis(l1,l2  d753
    );
    p1.x=p.x+(l2.x-l1.x)*t;                    f468
    p1.y=p.y+(l2.y-l1.y)*t;                    7618
    p2.x=p.x-(l2.x-l1.x)*t;                    d8a7
    p2.y=p.y-(l2.y-l1.y)*t;                    24fc
}
95cf
void intersection_line_circle(CC &c,CP &  c26e
    l1,CP &l2,point& p1,point& p2){
    point p=c.c;                                92cd
    double t;                                3337
    p.x+=l1.y-l2.y;                            e339
    p.y+=l2.x-l1.x;                            4399
    p=intersection(p,c.c,l1,l2);                c608
    t=sqrt(c.r*c.r-dis(p,c.c)*dis(p,c.c))/    3855
    dis(l1,l2);
    p1.x=p.x+(l2.x-l1.x)*t;                    f468
    p1.y=p.y+(l2.y-l1.y)*t;                    7618
    p2.x=p.x-(l2.x-l1.x)*t;                    d8a7
    p2.y=p.y-(l2.y-l1.y)*t;                    24fc
}
95cf
// 计算圆与圆的交点, 保证圆与圆有交点圆心不  427e
重合,
void intersection_circle_circle(CP &c1,    0999
    double r1,CP &c2,double r2,point& p1,
    point& p2){
    point u,v;                                03f5
    double t;                                3337
    t=(1+(r1*r1-r2*r2)/dis(c1,c2)/dis(c1,c2  b814
    ))/2;
    u.x=c1.x+(c2.x-c1.x)*t;                    fcc3
    u.y=c1.y+(c2.y-c1.y)*t;                    3c66
    v.x=u.x+c1.y-c2.y;                        20b2
    v.y=u.y-c1.x+c2.x;                        c44e
    intersection_line_circle(c1,r1,u,v,p1,    bb81
    p2);
}
95cf
void intersection_circle_circle(CC &c1,CC  8068
    &c2,point& p1,point& p2){
    point u,v;                                03f5
    double t;                                3337
    t=(1+(c1.r*c1.r-c2.r*c2.r)/dis(c1.c,c2.  ad39
    c)/dis(c1.c,c2.c))/2;

```

```

8414    u.x=c1.c.x+(c2.c.x-c1.c.x)*t;
b2d6    u.y=c1.c.y+(c2.c.y-c1.c.y)*t;
4218    v.x=u.x+c1.c.y-c2.c.y;
4b8b    v.y=u.y-c1.c.x+c2.c.x;
30f9    intersection_line_circle(c1.c,c1.r,u,v,
      p1,p2);
95cf  }
427e
427e // 判断圆在多边形内, 顶点按顺时针或逆时针给
      出,offset 为多边形坐标上限
9451 bool inside_circle_polygon(CP &c, double
      r, int n, point * polygon){
d1de    if (!inside_polygon(c, n, polygon, 1))
438e        return false;
85c3    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
b348        if (disptoline(c,polygon[i], polygon
          [(i + 1) % n]) < r)
438e            return false;
3361    return true;
95cf  }
0dc3 bool inside_circle_polygon(CC &c, int n,
      point * polygon){
a224    if (!inside_polygon(c.c, n, polygon, 1)
      )
438e        return false;
85c3    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
a14b        if (disptoline(c.c,polygon[i],
          polygon[(i + 1) % n]) < c.r)
438e            return false;
3361    return true;
95cf  }
427e
427e // 判断多边形在圆内, 包括圆上
5c07 bool inside_polygon_circle(CP &c, double
      r, int n, point *polygon){
85c3    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
1b91        if (dis2(c, polygon[i]) >= r * r)
438e            return false;
3361    return true;
95cf  }
6a80 bool inside_polygon_circle(CC &c, int n,
      point *polygon){
85c3    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
5c9f        if (dis2(c.c, polygon[i]) >= c.r * c.
          r)
438e            return false;
3361    return true;
95cf  }
427e
427e // 求圆外一点与圆的切线, 返回两个切点
218e void tangent_point_circle(CP &c, double r
      , CP &p, point &a, point &b){
00e3    double d = dis(c, p);

double angp = acos(r / d);
double ang0 = atan2(p.y - c.y, p.x - c.
    x);
a.x = c.x + r * cos(ang0 + angp);
a.y = c.y + r * sin(ang0 + angp);
b.x = c.x + r * cos(ang0 - angp);
b.y = c.y + r * sin(ang0 - angp);
}
void tangent_point_circle(CC &c, CP &p,
    point &a, point &b){
double d = dis(c.c, p);
double angp = acos(c.r / d);
double ang0 = atan2(p.y - c.c.y, p.x -
    c.c.x);
a.x = c.c.x + c.r * cos(ang0 + angp);
a.y = c.c.y + c.r * sin(ang0 + angp);
b.x = c.c.x + c.r * cos(ang0 - angp);
b.y = c.c.y + c.r * sin(ang0 - angp);
}
// 求内切圆, 返回两个切线
void incut_circle_circle(CP &c1,double r1
    ,CP &c2,double r2,line& l1,line& l2){
double d = sqrt(dis2(c1, c2) - sqr(r1 +
    r2));
point p1, p2;
intersection_circle_circle(c1, r1 + r2,
    c2, d, p1, p2);
l1.a = (p1 * r1 + c1 * r2) / (r1 + r2);
l1.b = l1.a + (c2 - p1);
l2.a = (p2 * r1 + c1 * r2) / (r1 + r2);
l2.b = l2.a + (c2 - p2);
}求原点原语扇形的夹角
//
double area_circle_angle(CP &p1, CP &p2,
    CP &c, double r){
double alpha = fabs(atan2(p1.y - c.y,
    p1.x - c.x) - atan2(p2.y - c.y, p2.x
    - c.x));
if (alpha > pi) alpha = 2 * pi - alpha;
return alpha / 2 * r * r;
}
// 求三角形的的外接圆
void circleoftri(CP &a, CP &b, CP &c,
    circle &tmp){
tmp.c = circumcenter(a,b,c);
tmp.r = dis(a, tmp.c);
}
// 求包含n 个给定点的的最小圆, n <= 3
void min_circle_reduce(int n, point *p,

```



```

circle &tmp){
427e //cout<<n<<endl;
7707 if (n == 0) tmp.r = -2;
a7ed else if (n == 1){
c330     tmp.c = p[0];
0541     tmp.r = 0;
02a8 }else if (n == 2){
fa16     tmp.r = dis(p[0], p[1]) / 2;
8222     tmp.c = (p[0] + p[1]) / 2;
119b }else if (n == 3)
87a4     circleoftri(p[0], p[1], p[2], tmp);
95cf }
427e void min_circle(int n, point *p, int m,
e0ae     point *down, circle &c){
427e
425e     min_circle_reduce(m, down, c);
1ae8     if (m == 3) return;
6c2f     for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i){
427e         //cout<<i<<" "<<n<<endl;
427e         //cout<<dis(p[i], c.c)<<" "<<c.r<<
            endl;
899e         if (dis(p[i], c.c) > c.r){
427e             //cout<<m<<"yes"<<endl;
03c5             down[m] = p[i];
85d9             min_circle(i, p, m + 1, down, c);
fe45             point tmp = p[i];
f1bb             for (int j = i; j >= 1; --j)
a042                 p[j] = p[j - 1];
9161             p[0] = tmp;
95cf         }
95cf     }
95cf }
427e
427e // 求包含n 个给定点的最小圆
71a8 void min_circle(int n, point *p, circle &
c){
ab81     point down[3];
9fff     min_circle(n, p, 0, down, c);
95cf }求圆和三角形
427e
427e //{c p1 p2的相交面积}
4c91 double area_triangle_circle(CP &c, double
r, CP &p1, CP &p2){
8059     double x = xmult(p2, c, p1);
3230     int flag = ((x)>eps?1:((x)<=-eps?-1:0));
1be0     if (flag == 0) return 0;
c3b3     double r2 = sqr(r);
6c66     double s = 0, l1 = dis2(p1, c), l2 =
        dis2(p2, c);
64ce     if ((l1 <= r2)&&(l2 <= r2))
f56c         return area_triangle(p2, c, p1) *
            flag;

```

```

if ((l1 > r2)&&(l2 > r2)){
1e19     point p3, p4;
98ff     s = area_circle_angle(p2, p1, c, r);
fbb4     if (disptoseg(c, p1, p2) < r){
a4ed         intersection_line_circle(c, r, p1,
4917             p2, p3, p4);
7d00         if (dis2(p3, p1) > dis2(p4, p1))
            swap(p3, p4);
a289         s -= area_circle_angle(p3, p4, c, r)
            - area_triangle(p3, c, p4);
95cf     }
c890     return s * flag;
95cf }
bcd6 if (l1 < l2){
98ff     point p3, p4;
4917     intersection_line_circle(c, r, p1, p2
        , p3, p4);
912e     if (dmult(p3, p2, p1) <= 0) p3 = p4;
f0b8     s = area_triangle(p1, p3, c) +
        area_circle_angle(p3, p2, c, r);
c890     return s * flag;
8e2e }else{
98ff     point p3, p4;
4917     intersection_line_circle(c, r, p1, p2
        , p3, p4);
f453     if (dmult(p3, p1, p2) <= 0) p3 = p4;
8ee3     s = area_triangle(p2, p3, c) +
        area_circle_angle(p3, p1, c, r);
c890     return s * flag;
95cf }
95cf }求圆和多边形的相交面积
427e
427e //
baa7 double area_polygon_circle(int n, point p
[], CP &c, double r){
753f     double ans = 0;
85c3     for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
3b9b         ans += area_triangle_circle(c, r, p[i]
            , p[(i + 1) % n]);
80ec     return fabs(ans);
95cf }

```

2.9 网格

```

#define abs(x) ((x)>0?(x):-(x))
058c struct point{int x,y;};
29c0
427e int gcd(int a,int b){
0d5b     return b?gcd(b,a%b):a;
5fd6 }
95cf
427e // 多边形上的网格点个数
427e int grid_onedge(int n,point* p){
bd90     int i,ret=0;
54c1

```

```

2dbf   for (i=0;i<n;i++)
b3cc       ret+=gcd(abs(p[i].x-p[(i+1)%n].x),abs
           (p[i].y-p[(i+1)%n].y));
ee0f   return ret;
95cf }
427e
427e // 多边形内的网格点个数
b273 int grid_inside(int n,point* p){
54c1     int i,ret=0;
2dbf     for (i=0;i<n;i++)
0639         ret+=p[(i+1)%n].y*(p[i].x-p[(i+2)%n].
           x);
0ba0     return (abs(ret)-grid_onedge(n,p))/2+1;
95cf }

```

2.10 区域中点集个数

```

427e // 求p1 中任意三点切割的七个区域的p1 点集的
        个数, 要求三点不共线
427e // 求xy 到xz 角度里点的个数
cfb5 int pointinang(int x, int y, int z, int m
        , int f[][MAXN], int index[][MAXN]){
3c28     if (index[x][z] < index[x][y]) return m
        + f[x][z] - f[x][y] + 1;
03df     return f[x][z] - f[x][y] - 1;
95cf }
427e
427e // 求三角形xyz 中的点的个数, 输入总的点的个
        数,
427e //f[x][y] 表示x 为中心ang 比y 小的点的个数
427e //h[x][y] 表示xy 左边的点的个数
427e //index[x][y] 表示x 为中心极角排序后的序
e42a int pointintri(point p[], int x, int y,
        int z, int m, int f[][MAXN], int h[][
        MAXN], int index[][MAXN]){
283b     if (xmult(p[z], p[y], p[x]) > 0) swap(y
        , z);
53ef     int a = h[x][z] + h[y][x] + h[z][y];
5a59     a += pointinang(x, y, z, m, f, index);
f5d7     a += pointinang(y, z, x, m, f, index);
150c     a += pointinang(z, x, y, m, f, index);
fd8e     a -= 2 * m;
5ffd     return a;
95cf }
427e
427e // 求p1 任意三点划分的区域的点的个数, 要求三
        点不共线
427e //f[x][y] 表示x 为中心ang 比y 小的点的个数
427e //h[x][y] 表示xy 左边的点的个数
427e //index[x][y] 表示x 为中心极角排序后的序
614b void pointinarea(int n, point p1[], int f
        [][MAXN], int h[][MAXN], int index[][
        MAXN]){
60da     point p[2 * MAXN];

```

```

for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i){
    int cnt = 0;
    for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j)
        if (i != j){
            p[cnt] = p1[j];
            p[cnt].index = j;
            p[cnt++].ang = atan2(p1[j].y - p1
                [i].y, p1[j].x - p1[i].x);
        }
    sort(p, p + cnt, cmp);
    for (int j = 0; j < cnt; ++j){
        p[j + cnt] = p[j];
        p[j + cnt].ang += 2 * pi;
    }
    for (int k = 0, j = 0, mine = 0, l =
        0; k < cnt; ++k){
        while (p[j].ang - p[k].ang < pi){
            ++mine;
            ++j;
        }
        —mine;
        h[i][p[k].index] = mine;
        f[i][p[k].index] = 1;
        index[i][p[k].index] = k;
        ++l;
    }
}
}

// 求p1 中任意三点切割的七个区域的p2 点集的
        个数, 要求三点不共线
// 求xy 到xz 角度里点的个数
427e int pointinang2(int x, int y, int z, int
        m, int f[][MAXN], int index[][MAXN]){
251e     if (index[x][z] < index[x][y]) return m
        + f[x][z] - f[x][y];
35b8     return f[x][z] - f[x][y];
bd1e }
95cf
427e
427e // 求三角形xyz 中的点的个数, 输入总的点的个
        数,
427e //f[x][y] 表示x 为中心ang 比y 小的点的个数
427e //h[x][y] 表示xy 左边的点的个数
427e //index[x][y] 表示x 为中心极角排序后的序
73ff int pointintri2(point p[], int x, int y,
        int z, int m, int f[][MAXN], int h[][
        MAXN], int index[][MAXN]){
283b     if (xmult(p[z], p[y], p[x]) > 0) swap(y
        , z);
53ef     int a = h[x][z] + h[y][x] + h[z][y];
2851     a += pointinang2(x, y, z, m, f, index);
61bc     a += pointinang2(y, z, x, m, f, index);

```

```

164e    a += pointinang2(z, x, y, m, f, index);
fd8e    a -= 2 * m;
5ffd    return a;
95cf    }
427e
427e    // 求p1 任意三点划分的区域的p2 点的个数, 要
        求三点不共线
427e    //f[x][y] 表示x 为中心ang 比y 小的点的个数
427e    //h[x][y] 表示xy 左边的点的个数
427e    //index[x][y] 表示x 为中心极角排序后的序
3cbd    void pointinarea2(int n, point p1[], int
        m, point p2[], int f[][MAXN], int h[][
        MAXN], int index[][MAXN]){
9941        point p[2 * (MAXN + MAXM)];
6c2f        for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i){
8abb            int cnt = 0;
fde8            for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j)
4a23                if (i != j){
ca58                    p[cnt] = p1[j];
28c2                    p[cnt].index = j;
2f66                    p[cnt++].ang = atan2(p1[j].y - p1
                        [i].y, p1[j].x - p1[i].x);
95cf                }
6613        for (int j = 0; j < m; ++j){
acb5            p[cnt] = p2[j];
6d16            p[cnt].index = n + j;
3745            p[cnt++].ang = atan2(p2[j].y - p1
                [i].y, p2[j].x - p1[i].x);
95cf        }
b073        sort(p, p + cnt, cmp);
07de        for (int j = 0; j < cnt; ++j){
fcfa            p[j + cnt] = p[j];
ceb9            p[j + cnt].ang += 2 * pi;
95cf        }
07b3        for (int k = 0, j = 0, mine = 0, l =
            0; k < cnt; ++k){
9b9c            while (p[j].ang - p[k].ang < pi){
8ddd                if (p[j].index >= n) ++mine;
917f                ++j;
95cf            }
85b2            if (p[k].index < n){
ca69                h[i][p[k].index] = mine;
c92b                f[i][p[k].index] = 1;
e5d0                index[i][p[k].index] = k;
95cf            }
2410            if (p[k].index >= n){
5021                --mine;
713f                ++l;
95cf            }
95cf        }
95cf    }
95cf    }
95cf    }

```

3 三维计算几何

3.1 定义

```

#define eps 1e-8
#define fabs(x) ((x) > 0? (x): -(x))
#define zero(x) (fabs(x) < eps)
#define sqr(x) ((x)*(x))
#define _sign(x) ((x)>eps?1:((x)<-eps
    ?2:0))
const double pi = acos(-1);

// 点的定义
struct point3{
    double x, y, z;
    point3(){x = 0;y = 0;z = 0;}
    point3(double sx, double sy, double sz)
    {
        x = sx;
        y = sy;
        z = sz;
    }
    bool operator <(const point3 &b)const{
        if (b.x == x){
            if (y == b.y) return z < b.z;
            return y < b.y;
        }
        return x < b.x;
    }
    point3 operator - (const point3 &b)
    const {
        point3 a;
        a.x = x - b.x;
        a.y = y - b.y;
        a.z = z - b.z;
        return a;
    }
    point3 operator + (const point3 &b)
    const{
        point3 a;
        a.x = x + b.x;
        a.y = y + b.y;
        a.z = z + b.z;
        return a;
    }
    point3 operator / (const double &c)
    const{
        point3 a;
        a.x = x / c;
        a.y = y / c;
        a.z = z / c;
        return a;
    }
}

```

```

4f46 point3 operator * (const double &c)
      const{
d6bc point3 a;
7aa6 a.x = x * c;
9a5c a.y = y * c;
f068 a.z = z * c;
5ffd return a;
95cf }
412f bool operator == (const point3 &p)
      const {
84cf return zero(x - p.x)&&zero(y - p.y)&&
      zero(z - p.z);
95cf }
c712 friend ostream& operator << (ostream &
      out, const point3 &a);
329b };
1da1 ostream& operator << (ostream &out, const
      point3 &a){
5d5d out<<a.x<<' '<<a.y<<' '<<a.z;
d324 return out;
95cf }
427e // 边定义
3cfc struct line3{
2f60 point3 a, b;
2f79 line3(){};
64c6 line3(const point3 &p1, const point3 &
      p2){
0fa8 a = p1;
ce41 b = p2;
95cf }
e69c friend ostream& operator << (ostream &
      out, const line3 &a);
329b };
0e98 ostream& operator << (ostream &out, const
      line3 &a){
ad81 out<<a.a<<' '<<a.b<<' ';
d324 return out;
95cf }
427e // 面定义
a1a2 struct plane3{point3 a,b,c};

3.2 点线面

427e // 计算cross product U x V
c4b1 point3 xmult(const point3 &u, const
      point3 &v){
92b5 point3 ret;
97a6 ret.x = u.y * v.z - v.y * u.z;
55e0 ret.y = u.z * v.x - u.x * v.z;
cf98 ret.z = u.x * v.y - u.y * v.x;
ee0f return ret;
95cf }

// 计算dot product U . V
427e
427e double dmult(const point3 &u, const
f42e point3 &v){
49f2 return u.x * v.x + u.y * v.y + u.z * v.
z;
95cf }
427e // 取平面法向量
427e point3 pvec(const plane3 &s){
388c return xmult(s.a - s.b, s.b - s.c);
07d5 }
95cf point3 pvec(const point3 &s1, const
afb0 point3 &s2, const point3 &s3){
fd86 return xmult(s1 - s2, s2 - s3);
95cf }
427e // 两点距离, 单参数取向量大小
427e double dis(const point3 &p1, const point3
9e30 &p2){
fafb return sqrt(sqr(p1.x - p2.x) + sqr(p1.y
- p2.y) + sqr(p1.z - p2.z));
95cf }
be8b double dis2(const point3 &p1, const
point3 &p2){
5cdd return sqr(p1.x - p2.x) + sqr(p1.y - p2
.y) + sqr(p1.z - p2.z);
95cf }
427e // 向量大小
427e double len(const point3 &p){
81ce return sqrt(sqr(p.x) + sqr(p.y) + sqr(p
.z));
2aa8 }
95cf // 判三点共线
427e int dots_inline(const point3 &p1, const
d4bb point3 &p2, const point3 &p3){
f368 return len(xmult(p1 - p2, p2 - p3)) <
eps;
95cf }
427e // 判四点共面
427e int dots_onplane(const point3 &a, const
2e86 point3 &b, const point3 &c, const
point3 &d){
03fd return zero(dmult(pvec(a, b, c), d - a)
);
95cf }
427e // 判点是否在线段上, 包括端点和共线
427e int dot_online_in(const point3 &p, const
e21b line3 &l){

```

```

5cd9     return zero(len(xmult(p - l.a, p - l.b)
7c2a         )&&
0643         (l.a.x - p.x) * (l.b.x - p.x) < eps&&
4305         (l.a.y - p.y) * (l.b.y - p.y) < eps&&
95cf         (l.a.z - p.z) * (l.b.z - p.z) < eps;
ac26     }
2feb     int dot_online_in(const point3 &p, const
          point3 &l1, const point3 &l2){
          return zero(len(xmult(p - l1, p - l2)))
          &&
0a0b         (l1.x - p.x) * (l2.x - p.x) < eps&&
6f88         (l1.y - p.y) * (l2.y - p.y) < eps&&
51be         (l1.z - p.z) * (l2.z - p.z) < eps;
95cf     }
427e
427e // 判点是否在线段上, 不包括端点
bd50     int dot_online_ex(const point3 &p, const
          line3 &l){
02c3         return dot_online_in(p, l) && (!(p == l
          .a))&&(!(p == l.b));
95cf     }
f8de     int dot_online_ex(const point3 &p, const
          point3 &l1, const point3 &l2){
35c7         return dot_online_in(p, l1, l2) && (!(p
          == l1))&&(!(p == l2));
95cf     }
427e
427e // 判点是否在空间三角形上, 包括边界, 三点共
          线无意义
9b58     int dot_inplane_in(const point3 &p, const
          plane3 &s){
de8c         return zero(len(xmult(s.a - s.b, s.a -
          s.c)) - len(xmult(p - s.a, p - s.b)) -
feb6         len(xmult(p - s.b, p - s.c)) - len(
          xmult(p - s.c, p - s.a)));
95cf     }
e9f4     int dot_inplane_in(const point3 &p, const
          point3 &s1, const point3 &s2, const
          point3 &s3){
cc89         return zero(len(xmult(s1 - s2, s1 - s3)
          ) - len(xmult(p - s1, p - s2)) -
daa7         len(xmult(p - s2, p - s3)) - len(
          xmult(p - s3, p - s1)));
95cf     }
427e
427e // 判点是否在空间三角形上, 不包括边界, 三点
          共线无意义
6d33     int dot_inplane_ex(const point3 &p, const
          plane3 &s){
ac70         return dot_inplane_in(p, s) && len(
          xmult(p - s.a, p - s.b)) > eps &&
1c47         len(xmult(p - s.b, p - s.c)) > eps &&
f1de         len(xmult(p - s.c, p - s.a)) > eps;
          }
          }
          int dot_inplane_ex(const point3 &p, const
          point3 &s1, const point3 &s2, const
          point3 &s3){
          return dot_inplane_in(p, s1, s2, s3) &&
          len(xmult(p - s1, p - s2)) > eps &&
          len(xmult(p - s2, p - s3)) > eps &&
          len(xmult(p - s3, p - s1)) > eps;
          }
          // 判两点在线段同侧, 点在线段上返回0, 不共面
          无意义
          int same_side(const point3 &p1, const
          point3 &p2, const line3 &l){
          return dmult(xmult(l.a - l.b, p1 - l.b)
          , xmult(l.a - l.b, p2 - l.b)) > eps;
          }
          int same_side(const point3 &p1, const
          point3 &p2, const point3 &l1, const
          point3 &l2){
          return dmult(xmult(l1 - l2, p1 - l2),
          xmult(l1 - l2, p2 - l2)) > eps;
          }
          // 判两点在线段异侧, 点在线段上返回0, 不共面
          无意义
          int opposite_side(const point3 &p1, const
          point3 &p2, const line3 &l){
          return dmult(xmult(l.a - l.b, p1 - l.b)
          , xmult(l.a - l.b, p2 - l.b)) < -eps;
          }
          int opposite_side(const point3 &p1, const
          point3 &p2, const point3 &l1, const
          point3 &l2){
          return dmult(xmult(l1 - l2, p1 - l2),
          xmult(l1 - l2, p2 - l2)) < -eps;
          }
          // 判两点在平面同侧, 点在平面上返回0
          int same_side(const point3 &p1, const
          point3 &p2, const plane3 &s){
          return dmult(pvec(s), p1 - s.a) * dmult
          (pvec(s), p2 - s.a) > eps;
          }
          int same_side(const point3 &p1, const
          point3 &p2, const point3 &s1, const
          point3 &s2, const point3 &s3){
          return dmult(pvec(s1, s2, s3), p1 - s1) *
          dmult(pvec(s1, s2, s3), p2 - s1) > eps
          ;
          }
          // 判两点在平面异侧, 点在平面上返回0

```

```

9512 int opposite_side(const point3 &p1, const
    point3 &p2, const plane3 &s){
fe1f     return dmult(pvec(s), p1 - s.a) * dmult
    (pvec(s), p2 - s.a) < -eps;
95cf }
05f5 int opposite_side(const point3 &p1, const
    point3 &p2, const point3 &s1, const
    point3 &s2, const point3 &s3){
9067     return dmult(pvec(s1,s2,s3), p1 - s1) *
        dmult(pvec(s1,s2,s3), p2 - s1) < -
        eps;
95cf }
427e // 判两直线平行
427e // 判两平面平行
490a int parallel(const line3 &u, const line3
    &v){
1ac2     return len(xmult(u.a - u.b, v.a - v.b))
        < eps;
95cf }
7409 int parallel(const point3 &u1, const
    point3 &u2, const point3 &v1, const
    point3 &v2){
8751     return len(xmult(u1 - u2, v1 - v2)) <
        eps;
95cf }
427e // 判两平面平行
3062 int parallel(const plane3 &u, const
    plane3 &v){
c6ae     return len(xmult(pvec(u) , pvec(v))) <
        eps;
95cf }
7d09 int parallel(const point3 &u1, const
    point3 &u2, const point3 &u3, const
    point3 &v1,point3 v2,point3 v3){
ef70     return len(xmult(pvec(u1, u2, u3), pvec
        (v1, v2, v3))) < eps;
95cf }
427e // 判直线与平面平行
427e // 判直线与平面平行
454a int parallel(const line3 &l, const plane3
    &s){
31d4     return zero(dmult(l.a - l.b, pvec(s)));
95cf }
06d0 int parallel(const point3 &l1, const
    point3 &l2, const point3 &s1, const
    point3 &s2, const point3 &s3){
d311     return zero(dmult(l1 - l2, pvec(s1, s2,
        s3)));
95cf }
427e // 判两直线垂直
427e // 判两直线垂直
b98a int perpendicular(const line3 &u, const
    line3 &v){
    return zero(dmult(u.a - u.b, v.a - v.b)
        );
95cf }
b77b int perpendicular(const point3 &u1, const
    point3 &u2, const point3 &v1, const
    point3 &v2){
    return zero(dmult(u1 - u2, v1 - v2));
4547 }
95cf // 判两平面垂直
427e int perpendicular(const plane3 &u, const
    plane3 &v){
0e75     return zero(dmult(pvec(u), pvec(v)));
da40 }
95cf int perpendicular(const point3 &u1, const
    point3 &u2, const point3 &u3, const
    point3 &v1, const point3 &v2, const
    point3 &v3){
75f2     return zero(dmult(pvec(u1, u2, u3),
        pvec(v1, v2, v3)));
8919 }
95cf // 判直线与平面平行
427e int perpendicular(const line3 &l, const
    plane3 &s){
16f9     return len(xmult(l.a - l.b, pvec(s))) <
        eps;
ff31 }
95cf int perpendicular(const point3 &l1, const
    point3 &l2, const point3 &s1, const
    point3 &s2, const point3 &s3){
d6d3     return len(xmult(l1 - l2, pvec(s1, s2,
        s3))) < eps;
d501 }
95cf // 判两线段相交, 包括端点和部分重合
427e int intersect_in(const line3 &u, const
    line3 &v){
dfe1     if (!dots_onplane(u.a, u.b, v.a, v.b))
5163         return 0;
7021     if (!dots_inline(u.a,u.b,v.a)||!
e887         dots_inline(u.a,u.b,v.b))
d666         return !same_side(u.a,u.b,v)&&!
        same_side(v.a,v.b,u);
efeb     return dot_online_in(u.a,v)||
        dot_online_in(u.b,v)||dot_online_in(v
        .a,u)||dot_online_in(v.b,u);
95cf }
2b77 int intersect_in(const point3 &u1, const
    point3 &u2, const point3 &v1, const
    point3 &v2){
cedb     if (!dots_onplane(u1, u2, v1, v2))

```

```

7021     return 0;
8fcb     if (!dots_inline(u1,u2,v1)|||
        dots_inline(u1,u2,v2))
4b79     return !same_side(u1,u2,v1,v2)&&!
        same_side(v1,v2,u1,u2);
cc40     return dot_online_in(u1,v1,v2)||
        dot_online_in(u2,v1,v2)||
        dot_online_in(v1,u1,u2)||
        dot_online_in(v2,u1,u2);
95cf }
427e
427e // 判两线段相交, 不包括端点和部分重合
ea94 int intersect_ex(const line3 &u, const
        line3 &v){
6c51     return dots_onplane(u.a,u.b,v.a,v.b)&&
        opposite_side(u.a,u.b,v)&&
        opposite_side(v.a,v.b,u);
95cf }
aa4a int intersect_ex(const point3 &u1, const
        point3 &u2, const point3 &v1, const
        point3 &v2){
6424     return dots_onplane(u1,u2,v1,v2)&&
        opposite_side(u1,u2,v1,v2)&&
        opposite_side(v1,v2,u1,u2);
95cf }
427e
427e // 判线段与空间三角形相交, 包括交于边界
        和( 部分) 包含
4e75 int intersect_in(const line3 &l, const
        plane3 &s){
8378     return !same_side(l.a,l.b,s)&&!
        same_side(s.a,s.b,l.a,l.b,s.c)&&
153b     !same_side(s.b,s.c,l.a,l.b,s.a)&&!
        same_side(s.c,s.a,l.a,l.b,s.b);
95cf }
e9ac int intersect_in(const point3 &l1, const
        point3 &l2, const point3 &s1, const
        point3 &s2, const point3 &s3){
3c9d     return !same_side(l1,l2,s1,s2,s3)&&!
        same_side(s1,s2,l1,l2,s3)&&
89da     !same_side(s2,s3,l1,l2,s1)&&!
        same_side(s3,s1,l1,l2,s2);
95cf }
427e
427e // 判线段与空间三角形相交, 不包括交于边界
        和( 部分) 包含
2571 int intersect_ex(const line3 &l, const
        plane3 &s){
02e8     return opposite_side(l.a,l.b,s)&&
        opposite_side(s.a,s.b,l.a,l.b,s.c)&&
f9f7     opposite_side(s.b,s.c,l.a,l.b,s.a)&&
        opposite_side(s.c,s.a,l.a,l.b,s.b);
95cf }

int intersect_ex(const point3 &l1, const    ebd9
point3 &l2, const point3 &s1, const
point3 &s2, const point3 &s3){
return opposite_side(l1,l2,s1,s2,s3)&&    3e15
    opposite_side(s1,s2,l1,l2,s3)&&
    opposite_side(s2,s3,l1,l2,s1)&&    ebb0
    opposite_side(s3,s1,l1,l2,s2);
}    95cf
// 计算两直线交点, 注意事先判断直线是否共面    427e
        和平行 !
// 线段交点请另外判线段相交同时还是要判断是否    427e
        平行 ( ! )
point3 intersection(const line3 &u, const    58cf
        line3 &v){
point3 ret=u.a;    87cc
double t=((u.a.x-v.a.x)*(v.a.y-v.b.y)-(    273a
    u.a.y-v.a.y)*(v.a.x-v.b.x))
    /((u.a.x-u.b.x)*(v.a.y-v.b.y)-(u.a.    9cb3
        y-u.b.y)*(v.a.x-v.b.x));
ret.x+=(u.b.x-u.a.x)*t;    1143
ret.y+=(u.b.y-u.a.y)*t;    12e9
ret.z+=(u.b.z-u.a.z)*t;    1037
return ret;    ee0f
}    95cf
point3 intersection(const point3 &u1,    b3fa
        const point3 &u2, const point3 &v1,
        const point3 &v2){
point3 ret=u1;    1fef
double t=((u1.x-v1.x)*(v1.y-v2.y)-(u1.y    a7db
    -v1.y)*(v1.x-v2.x))
    /((u1.x-u2.x)*(v1.y-v2.y)-(u1.y-u2.    16f0
        y)*(v1.x-v2.x));
ret.x+=(u2.x-u1.x)*t;    a1f8
ret.y+=(u2.y-u1.y)*t;    fa1b
ret.z+=(u2.z-u1.z)*t;    d408
return ret;    ee0f
}    95cf
// 计算直线与平面交点, 注意事先判断是否平    427e
        行, 并保证三点不共线!
// 线段和空间三角形交点请另外判断    427e
point3 intersection(const line3 &l, const    1f8f
        plane3 &s){
point3 ret=pvec(s);    a582
double t=(ret.x*(s.a.x-l.a.x)+ret.y*(s.    f84a
    a.y-l.a.y)+ret.z*(s.a.z-l.a.z))/
    (ret.x*(l.b.x-l.a.x)+ret.y*(l.b.y-l.a    7e59
        .y)+ret.z*(l.b.z-l.a.z));
ret.x=l.a.x+(l.b.x-l.a.x)*t;    6247
ret.y=l.a.y+(l.b.y-l.a.y)*t;    6934
ret.z=l.a.z+(l.b.z-l.a.z)*t;    706b
return ret;    ee0f

```

```

95cf }
2ec4 point3 intersection(const point3 &l1,
    const point3 &l2, const point3 &s1,
    const point3 &s2, const point3 &s3){
2f24 point3 ret=pvec(s1,s2,s3);
38b0 double t=(ret.x*(s1.x-l1.x)+ret.y*(s1.y
    -l1.y)+ret.z*(s1.z-l1.z))/
e0f5 (ret.x*(l2.x-l1.x)+ret.y*(l2.y-l1.y)+
    ret.z*(l2.z-l1.z));
6302 ret.x=l1.x+(l2.x-l1.x)*t;
9cd9 ret.y=l1.y+(l2.y-l1.y)*t;
29b2 ret.z=l1.z+(l2.z-l1.z)*t;
ee0f return ret;
95cf }
427e // 点到平面距离
427e double ptoplane(const point3 &p, const
7ed7 plane3 &s){
    return fabs(dmult(pvec(s), p - s.a))/
b87b len(pvec(s));
}
95cf
33d1 double ptoplane(const point3 &p, const
    point3 &s1, const point3 &s2, const
    point3 &s3){
    return fabs(dmult(pvec(s1,s2,s3), p -
3cea s1))/len(pvec(s1,s2,s3));
}
95cf
427e // 直线到直线距离
427e double linetoline(const line3 &u, const
eae4 line3 &v){
    point3 n=xmult(u.a - u.b, v.a - v.b);
79e9 return fabs(dmult(u.a - v.a,n))/len(n);
2a04 }
95cf
c288 double linetoline(const point3 &u1, const
    point3 &u2, const point3 &v1, const
    point3 &v2){
a9a1 point3 n=xmult(u1 - u2, v1 - v2);
04de return fabs(dmult(u1 - v1,n))/len(n);
95cf
427e // 两直线夹角cos 值
427e double angle_cos(const line3 &u, const
7010 line3 &v){
    return dmult(u.a - u.b, v.a - v.b)/len(
0567 u.a - u.b)/len(v.a - v.b);
}
95cf
a590 double angle_cos(const point3 &u1, const
    point3 &u2, const point3 &v1, const
    point3 &v2){
b4cf return dmult(u1 - u2, v1 - v2)/len(u1 -
    u2)/len(v1 - v2);
}
95cf
427e // 两平面夹角cos 值
427e double angle_cos(const plane3 &u, const
5766 plane3 &v){
    return dmult(pvec(u),pvec(v))/len(pvec(
8688 u))/len(pvec(v));
}
95cf
2053 double angle_cos(const point3 &u1, const
    point3 &u2, const point3 &u3, const
    point3 &v1, const point3 &v2, const
    point3 &v3){
a583 return dmult(pvec(u1,u2,u3),pvec(v1,v2,
    v3))/len(pvec(u1,u2,u3))/len(pvec(v1,
    v2,v3));
}

```



```

95cf }
427e // 直线平面夹角sin 值
9344 double angle_sin(const line3 &l, const
      plane3 &s){
2177     return dmult(1.a - 1.b, pvec(s))/len(1.a
        - 1.b)/len(pvec(s));
95cf }
e36a double angle_sin(const point3 &l1, const
      point3 &l2, const point3 &s1, const
      point3 &s2, const point3 &s3){
14dc     return dmult(l1 - l2, pvec(s1, s2, s3))/
        len(l1 - l2)/len(pvec(s1, s2, s3));
95cf }

```

3.3 面积

```

427e // 求三角形有向表面积, 输入三个顶点
0f35 double area_triangle(const plane3 &p){
c025     return len(xmult(p.b - p.a, p.c - p.a))
        /2;
95cf }
78b2 double area_triangle(const point3 &p1,
      const point3 &p2, const point3 &p3){
aa2a     return len(xmult(p2 - p1, p3 - p1))/2;
95cf }
6e8b double area_triangle(const point3 &p2,
      const point3 &p3){
c28a     return len(xmult(p2, p3))/2;
95cf }
427e // 求多边形有向表面积, 输入三个顶点
2eca double area_polygon(int n, point3* p){
99ec     double s;
85c3     for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
d161         s += len(xmult(p[i], p[(i + 1) % n]))
            / 2;
fe09     return s;
95cf }

```

3.4 体积

```

427e // 求四面体有向体积, 输入四个点
ef35 double volume_tetrahedron(const point3 &
      p1, const point3 &p2, const point3 &p3,
      const point3 &p4){
c2f2     return dmult(xmult(p1 - p4, p2 - p4),
        p3 - p4) / 6;
95cf }
b1cf double volume_tetrahedron(const point3 &
      p1, const point3 &p2, const point3 &p3)
{
74cc     return dmult(xmult(p1, p2), p3) / 6;
95cf }

```

```

double volume_tetrahedron(const plane3 &p
    ){
        return dmult(xmult(p.a, p.b), p.c) / 6;
    }
// 求多面体有向体积
double volume_polygon(int n, plane3 *
    polygon){
    double c = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
        c += volume_tetrahedron(polygon[i]);
    return c;
}

```

3.5 重心

```

// 三角形重心
point3 barycenter(const point3 &a, const
point3 &b, const point3 &c){
    return a + b + c / 3;
}
// 四面体重心
point3 barycenter(const point3 &a, const
point3 &b, const point3 &c, const
point3 &d){
    return (a + b) + (c + d) / 4;
}
// 多面体重心
point3 barycenter(int n, plane3 *polygon)
{
    point3 c;
    double v = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i){
        double j = volume_tetrahedron(polygon
            [i]);
        v += j;
        c = c + (polygon[i].a + polygon[i].b
            + polygon[i].c) * j;
    }
    return c / (4 * v);
}

```

3.6 凸包

```

//a-b-右手定则指向凸包外面c
const int MAXN = 500;
const int MAXM = 250000;
struct NODE{
    int p[4], next, out;
    point3 f;
}s[MAXN];
int edge[MAXN][MAXN];
int tot;
int next(int x){
    if (s[x].next == x) return x;
}

```

```

901a     return s[x].next = next(s[x].next);
95cf }
f01b void add(int a, int b, int c, point3 *p){
582f     s[tot].p[0] = a;
661d     s[tot].p[1] = b;
50e3     s[tot].p[2] = c;
c4b1     s[tot].p[3] = a;
202c     s[tot].f = xmult(p[b] - p[a], p[c] - p[
        a]);
7fb3     s[tot].out = false;
100b     for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
1e79         edge[s[tot].p[i]][s[tot].p[i + 1]] =
            tot;
ac2d     ++tot;
95cf }
c1c6 void add(int a, int b, int c, int d,
        point3 *p){
05a3     point3 f = xmult(p[b] - p[a], p[c] - p[
        a]);
40d9     if (dmult(f, p[d] - p[a]) > 0) add(a, c
        , b, p);
3c28     else add(a, b, c, p);
95cf }
427e // 主程序输入顶点个数, 点集, 返回面,
427e // 要求不是所有点共面
4db6 int get_convex(int n, point3* p, plane3*
        convex){
d712     for (int i = 0; i < MAXM; ++i)
06de         s[i].next = i;
b7ad     tot = 0;
37f3     for (int i = 3; i < n; ++i)
79d4         if (!dots_onplane(p[0], p[1], p[2], p
            [i])){
3d14             swap(p[i], p[3]);
6173             break;
95cf         }
ea37     add(0, 1, 2, 3, p);
97fe     add(2, 3, 0, 1, p);
0393     add(3, 1, 0, 2, p);
cee5     add(3, 1, 2, 0, p);
7384     for (int i = 4; i < n; ++i){
e569         for (int j = next(0); j < tot; j =
            next(j + 1))
da36             s[j].out = dmult(s[j].f, p[i] - p[s
                [j].p[0]]) > 0;
21b5         int c = tot;
e569         for (int j = next(0); j < tot; j =
            next(j + 1))
9413             if (s[j].out){
9004                 for (int k = 0; k < 3; ++k)
bda5                     if (!s[edge[s[j].p[k + 1]][s[j]
                        ].p[k]]].out)

```

```

        add(s[j].p[k], s[j].p[k + 1], 1807
            i, p);
        s[j].next = j + 1; 68c3
    } 95cf
} 95cf
int i, j; 576f
for (i = 0, j = next(0); j < tot; ++i,  d4d9
    j = next(j + 1)){
    convex[i].a = p[s[j].p[0]]; 82ac
    convex[i].b = p[s[j].p[1]]; c1d7
    convex[i].c = p[s[j].p[2]]; f7bf
} 95cf
return i; ffec
} 95cf

```

4 数论

4.1 头文件

```

// independent 427e
#include<iostream> e0a5
#include<algorithm> 54ff
#include<cmath> c928
#include<cstdio> 59b9
#include<cstdio> 59b9
#include<map> 8c52
#include<set> 6326
#include<vector> 09f7
#include<cstring> ef2f
#include<string> 2349
using namespace std; 421c
typedef long long LL; 5cad
typedef unsigned int UI; 1f2c
typedef unsigned long long ULL; b773
const LL mod=1000000007; 4d7e

```

4.2 基础

```

// independent 427e
// fast multiplication 427e
LL FM(LL a,LL t,LL mod) 3f6b
{ 4506
    a%=mod; af5c
    LL ans=1, mid=a; b56a
    while(t){ 4c1b
        if(t&1) ans*=mid,ans%=mod; 06fb
        mid*=mid;mid%=mod; 3ea9
        t>>=1; 2f01
    } 95cf
    return ans; 4206
} 95cf
// gcd 427e
LL gcd(LL a,LL b) c2e9

```

```

4506 {
55d6   if (a<b){LL c=a;a=b;b=c;}
c56f   while (b!=0)
4506   {
28f6     LL c=a;a=b;b=c%b;
95cf   }
5ffd   return a;
95cf }
80eb LL lcm(LL a,LL b){
2dcf   LL g=gcd(a,b);
bda5   return a/g*b;
95cf }
427e // return gcd(a,b),a*x+b*y=g;
8534 LL ext_gcd(LL a,LL b,LL &x,LL &y)
4506 {
7d1a   if(b == 0){x = 1;y = 0;return a;}
e9fa   LL g = ext_gcd(b, a % b, x, y);
166e   LL t = x;x = y,y=t-a/b*y;
05da   return g;
95cf }

```

4.3 线性筛法

```

427e // independent
62a8 const int MAXN=100000000;
1858 int cprime[MAXN],used=0;
8a94 char p[MAXN];
0919 void prime_(){
ff7c   memset(p,0,sizeof p);
3099   for(int i=2;i<MAXN;i++){
f677     if(!p[i]) cprime[used]=i,used++;
97c2     for(int j=0;j<used;j++){
c98f       if(i*cprime[j]>MAXN) break;
ece6       p[i*cprime[j]]=true;
0f27       if(i%cprime[j]==0)break;
95cf     }
95cf   }
95cf }

```

4.4 线性同余方程

```

427e // depend on 基础: ext_gcd
427e
427e // 求一元线性同余方程:  $a*x = b \bmod m$  的所有解 (在同余系中) 存于 , 数组ans 解的个数存在, 中len
c8bd bool cong_eq(LL a,LL b,LL m,LL ans[],LL &len)
4506 {
2f15   LL g,x,y;
6b0f   g=ext_gcd(a,m,x,y);
1bd9   if(b%g) return false;
2800   LL base=((b/g*x)%m+m)%m;
62c8   len=g;

```

```

for(int i=0;i<len;i++) ans[i]=(base+i
*(m/len))%m;
return true;
}

```

4.5 中国剩余定理

```

// depend on 基础: ext_gcd
// 中国剩余定理特殊线性方程组,
//  $x = a[i] \bmod b[i]$  其中,  $b[i]$  两两互质, 共  $r$  个方程
LL china(LL a[], LL b[], int r){
LL M=1;
LL i,Mi,x0,y0,d,ans=0;
for(i=0;i<r;i++){
M*=b[i];
}
for(i=0;i<r;i++){
Mi=M/b[i];
ext_gcd(Mi,b[i],x0,y0);
ans=(ans+Mi*x0*a[i])%M;
}
if(ans<0) ans+=M;
return ans;
}

```

4.6 离散对数

```

// independent
// 求解形如  $a^x = b \bmod MOD$  的方程, , , 已知abMOD
const int maxn = 65535;
struct hash{
int a,b,next;
}Hash[maxn << 1];
int flg[maxn];
int top,idx;
void ins(int a,int b){
int k = b & maxn;
if(flg[k] != idx){
flg[k] = idx;
Hash[k].next = -1;
Hash[k].a = a;
Hash[k].b = b;
return ;
}
while(Hash[k].next != -1){
if(Hash[k].b == b) return ;
k = Hash[k].next;
}
Hash[k].next = ++ top;
Hash[top].next = -1;

```

```

d291 Hash[top].a = a;
ad12 Hash[top].b = b;
95cf }
99f4 int find(int b){
2e3c     int k = b & maxn;
a4dc     if(flag[k] != idx) return -1;
9030     while(k != -1){
b35f         if(Hash[k].b == b) return Hash[k].a;
5551         k = Hash[k].next;
95cf     }
fb5e     return -1;
95cf }
427e
e8bb int gcd(int a,int b){return b?gcd(b,a%b):
a;}
5e78 int ext_gcd(int a,int b,int& x,int& y){
0c60     int t,ret;
a0bb     if (!b){x=1,y=0;return a;}
4d23     ret=ext_gcd(b,a%b,x,y);
0eb3     t=x,x=y,y=t-a/b*y;
ee0f     return ret;
95cf }
427e
49b5 int pow_mod(LL a,int b,int c)
4506 {
8fef     LL ret=1%c;a%=c;
7c06     while(b)
4506     {
6f75         if(b&1)
6bc0         ret=ret*a%c;
3386         a=a*a%c;
ca1f         b>>=1;
f959     }return ret;
95cf }
3be4 int Inval(int a,int b,int n){
9853     int x,y,e;
38ce     ext_gcd(a,n,x,y);
4c93     e=(LL)x*b%n;
4e9d     return e<0?e+n:e;
95cf }
c5f3 int BabyStep(int A,int B,int C){
856b     top = maxn; ++ idx;
c05a     LL buf=1%C,D=buf,K;
36c9     int i,d=0,tmp;
9f59     for(i=0;i<=100;buf=buf*A%C,++i)if(buf==
B)return i;
87dc     while((tmp=gcd(A,C))!=1){
9506         if(B%tmp)return -1;
fb15         ++d;
6f10         C/=tmp;
e3f3         B/=tmp;
b8d3         D=D*A/tmp%C;
95cf     }

```

```

int M=(int)ceil(sqrt((double)C)); fea4
for(buf=1%C,i=0;i<=M;buf=buf*A%C,++i) 2662
    ins(i,buf);
for(i=0,K=pow_mod((LL)A,M,C);i<=M;D=D*K 21a3
    %C,++i){
    tmp=Inval((int)D,B,C);int w ; 5d4e
    if(tmp>0&&(w = find(tmp)) != -1) b3d8
        return i*M+w+d;
    } 95cf
return -1; fb5e
} 95cf
427e
427e
427e
int main(){ 3117
    int A,B,C; 1e17
    while(scanf("%d%d%d",&A,&C,&B)!=EOF,A 2072
        || B || C){
        B %= C; 1fc4
        int tmp=BabyStep(A,B,C); 1719
        if(tmp<0)puts("No Solution");else 6a67
            printf("%d\n",tmp);
        } 95cf
        return 0; 7021
    } 95cf

```

4.7 MillerRabin

```

// depend on 基础: multiMod 427e
bool witness ( LL s , LL n ) { 44b6
    LL u = n - 1 ; c625
    int t = 0 ; 2f70
    while ( ( u & 1 ) == 0 ) u >>= 1 , t ++ 01e0
        ;
    LL x = FM ( s , u , n ) ; 427e
    while ( t -- ) { de44
        LL tmp = x ; 3c2f
        x = multiMod ( x , x , n ) ; 6da3
        if ( x == 1 ) { 7216
            if ( tmp == n - 1 || tmp == 1 ) 89ce
                return false ; //may be prime a72c
            else return true ; //composite fe75
        } 95cf
    } 95cf
    return true ; //composite 3361
} 95cf
427e
bool millerRabin ( LL n , const int times 2daf
    = 3 ) {
    if ( n == 2 ) return true ; 89e8
    if ( ( n & 1 ) == 0 || n < 2 ) return 62ac
        false ;
    int i = times ; d8c4

```

```

148a while ( i — ) {
2e40     LL s = rand ( ) % ( n - 1 ) + 1 ;
6474     if ( witness ( s , n ) ) return false
        ;
95cf }
3361 return true ;
95cf }

```

4.8 PollardRho

```

427e // depend on 基础: , multiModFM
5bc3 LL multiMod ( LL a , LL b , LL n ) {
dcd8     a %= n ;
37f2     b %= n ;
9f3a     LL s = 0 ;
ca22     while( b ) {
90a9         if( b & 1 ) {
4134             s += a ;
f497             if( s >= n ) s -= n ;
95cf         }
80ab         a <<= 1 ; b >>= 1 ;
082b         if(a >= n ) a -= n ;
95cf     }
fe09     return s ;
95cf }
427e
9285 LL FM ( LL s , LL u , LL n ) {
c7db     s %= n ;
eb30     LL tmp = 1 ;
7ce6     while ( u ) {
5ab5         if ( u & 1 ) tmp = multiMod ( tmp , s
            , n ) ;
5085         s = multiMod ( s , s , n ) ;
517f         u >>= 1 ;
95cf     }
fe6e     return tmp ;
95cf }
427e
44b6 bool witness ( LL s , LL n ) {
c625     LL u = n - 1 ;
2f70     int t = 0 ;
01e0     while ( ( u & 1 ) == 0 ) u >>= 1 , t ++
        ;
427e
de44     LL x = FM ( s , u , n ) ;
3c2f     while ( t — ) {
6da3         LL tmp = x ;
7216         x = multiMod ( x , x , n ) ;
89ce         if ( x == 1 ) {
a72c             if ( tmp == n - 1 || tmp == 1 )
                return false ;//may be prime
fe75             else return true ;//composite
95cf         }
95cf     }

```

```

        return true ; //composite
    }
    95cf
427e
bool millerRabin ( LL n , const int times
    2daf
    = 3 ) {
        if ( n == 2 ) return true ;
        89e8
        if ( ( n & 1 ) == 0 || n < 2 ) return
            62ac
            false ;
        int i = times ;
        d8c4
        while ( i — ) {
            148a
            LL s = rand ( ) % ( n - 1 ) + 1 ;
            2e40
            if ( witness ( s , n ) ) return false
                6474
                ;
        }
        95cf
        return true ;
        3361
    }
    95cf
LL gcd ( LL a , LL b ) {
    4990
    if ( b == 0 ) return a ;
    22aa
    return gcd ( b , a % b ) ;
    7b09
}
    95cf
LL pollard_rho ( LL n ) {
    32db
    LL x , y , k , d ;
    61ac
    x = y = rand ( ) % n ;
    2cce
    k = 2 ;
    7924
    int i = 1 ;
    0d80
    int c =rand ( ) % n ;
    25c7
    427e
    while ( true ) {
        1026
        i ++ ;
        a42b
        x = ( multiMod ( x , x , n ) + c ) %
            a98e
            n ;
        if ( y == x ) return 1 ;//restart
        abe5
        else if ( y > x ) d = gcd ( y - x , n
            397a
            ) ;
        else d = gcd ( x - y , n ) ;
        f73d
        if ( d != 1 && d != n - 1 ) return d
            6dad
            ;
        else {
            037f
            if ( i == k ) {
                679a
                y = x ;
                88e9
                k <<= 1 ;
                453c
            }
            95cf
        }
        95cf
    }
    95cf
}存放分解出的质因子
//
427e
LL factors [ 54 ] ;初始化为
a6bf
//0
427e
int cnt ;
9f58
427e
void split ( LL n ) {//n != 1
    10b4
    if ( millerRabin ( n ) ) factors [ cnt
        0494
        ++ ] = n ;
}

```

```

037f     else {
3942         LL p ;
a69f         do {
9a67             p = pollard_rho ( n ) ;
1ce0         }while ( p == n || p == 1 );
83ef         split ( p ) ;
0573         split ( n / p ) ;
95cf     }
95cf }

```

4.9 矩阵基础

```

427e // independent
cffb struct Matrix{int m[MAXN][MAXN],l,r;
d184     Matrix(int w){
d0d9         l=r=w;
6b09         memset(m,0,sizeof m);
95cf     }
b54c     Matrix(){l=r=0;memset(m,0,sizeof m);}
329b };
427e // a.r = b.l
0a3f Matrix operator * (Matrix a,Matrix b){
c97f     Matrix c;
3fe0     memset(c.m,0,sizeof c.m);
7272     c.l=a.l,c.r=b.r;
91ca     for(int i=0;i<a.l;i++){
6363         for(int j=0;j<b.r;j++){
d081             for(int k=0;k<a.r;k++){
78c3                 c.m[i][j]+=a.m[i][k]*b.m[k][j];
427e //             c.m[i][j]%=mod取余;//
95cf         }
95cf     }
95cf     }
14df     return c;
95cf }
427e
427e // a.l == b.l && a.r == b.r
ece1 Matrix operator + (Matrix a,Matrix b){
c97f     Matrix c;
b567     c.l=a.l;c.r=a.r;
91ca     for(int i=0;i<a.l;i++){
c58d         for(int j=0;j<a.r;j++){
c4cc             c.m[i][j]=a.m[i][j]+b.m[i][j];
bd48             c.m[i][j]%=mod;
95cf         }
95cf     }
14df     return c;
95cf }
5eb9 Matrix FM(Matrix a,int t)
4506 {
d2a0     Matrix ans;ans.l=ans.r=a.l;
782d     for(int i=0;i<a.l;i++)ans.m[i][i]=1;
6880     Matrix mid=a;
4c1b     while(t){

```

```

        if(t&1) ans=ans*mid;
        mid=mid*mid;
        t>>=1;
    }
    return ans;
}

```

4.10 高斯消元

```

// independent
#define MAXN 100
#define fabs(x) ((x)>0?(x):-(x))
#define eps 1e-10列主元

//消去求解gaussa[][]x[]=b[]返回是否有唯一解
//若有解在
//,b中[]
427e int gauss_cpivot(int n,double a[][MAXN],
f2e9 double b[]){
c75e     int i,j,k,row;
ea2e     double maxp,t;
ab8e     for (k=0;k<n;k++){
a1ed         for (maxp=0,i=k;i<n;i++){
8dd1             if (fabs(a[i][k])>fabs(maxp))
f0ed                 maxp=a[i][k];
ff5d             if (fabs(maxp)<eps)
7021                 return 0;
7dcf             if (row!=k){
0dff                 for (j=k;j<n;j++){
b70f                     t=a[k][j],a[k][j]=a[row][j],a[row][j]=t;
243a                     t=b[k],b[k]=b[row],b[row]=t;
95cf                 }
1ff9                 for (j=k+1;j<n;j++){
8e4d                     a[k][j]/=maxp;
34eb                     for (i=k+1;i<n;i++){
56e2                         a[i][j]-=a[i][k]*a[k][j];
95cf                     }
4cd8                     b[k]/=maxp;
34eb                     for (i=k+1;i<n;i++){
5fe8                         b[i]-=b[k]*a[i][k];
95cf                     }
e913                 for (i=n-1;i>=0;i--)
cd1d                     for (j=i+1;j<n;j++)
2139                         b[i]-=a[i][j]*b[j];
7459                 return 1;
95cf             }
}

```

5 数据结构

5.1 SplayTree

```

#include<cstdio>

```

```

ef2f #include<cstring>
bffa #include<cstdlib>
427e
421c using namespace std;
427e
1c79 #define MAXN 40010
06a1 #define INF 111<<62
5da6 #define MAX(a,b) ((a)>(b)?(a):(b))
11d0 struct SplayTree{
427e
f7cd     struct SplayNode{
b275         SplayNode *f,*C[2];
427e         //int s,ml,mr,max,tot,sz;
440f         long long s,c,sz;
427e         //bool rev,same;
b01b     } S[MAXN],*root,*null,*tr;
427e
4a30     int sz;
427e
88f1     void init()
4506     {
bd30         for (int i=0;i<=sz;i++) S[i].s=S[i].c
            =S[i].sz=0;
1bb9         sz=0;
47f6         null=NewNode(null,-INF);
ab2e         null->s=0;
f607         null->f=null;
c969         null->sz=0;
e3e8         null->C[0]=null->C[1]=null;
b6b3         root=NewNode(null,-INF);
0e03         root->C[1]=NewNode(root,INF);
2753         update(root->C[1]);
d657         update(root);
95cf     }
427e
b77a     SplayNode * NewNode( SplayNode *f, long
            long s){
dbed         SplayNode *ts;
40e5         ts=S+ ++sz;
2d59         ts->f=f;
bc22         ts->c=0;
577f         ts->C[0]=ts->C[1]=null;
ca6f         ts->s=s;
427e         //ts->tot=ts->max=ts->ml=ts->mr=ts->s
            ;
fdcf         ts->sz=1;
427e         //ts->rev=ts->same=0;
dd0c         return ts;
95cf     }
427e
9356     SplayTree(){
47f6         null=NewNode(null,-INF);
ab2e         null->s=0;

            null->f=null;
            null->sz=0;
            null->C[0]=null->C[1]=null;
            root=NewNode(null,-INF);
            root->C[1]=NewNode(root,INF);
            update(root->C[1]);
            update(root);
        }

        void update( SplayNode * x){
            x->sz=x->C[0]->sz+x->C[1]->sz+1+x->c;
            /*x->tot=x->C[0]->tot+x->C[1]->tot+x
                ->s;
            x->max=MAX(x->s,x->C[0]->max);
            x->max=MAX(x->max,x->C[1]->max);
            x->max=MAX(x->max,x->C[0]->mr+x->s);
            x->max=MAX(x->max,x->C[1]->ml+x->s);
            x->max=MAX(x->max,x->C[0]->mr+x->s+x
                ->C[1]->ml);
            x->ml=MAX(x->C[0]->ml,x->C[0]->tot+x
                ->s);
            x->ml=MAX(x->ml,x->C[0]->tot+x->s+x->
                C[1]->ml);
            x->mr=MAX(x->C[1]->mr,x->C[1]->tot+x
                ->s);
            x->mr=MAX(x->mr,x->C[1]->tot+x->s+x->
                C[0]->mr);*/
        }

        /*void labledown( SplayNode *x){
            SplayNode *ts;
            int tmp;
            if (x==null||!(x->same||x->rev))
                return ;
            if (x->same){
                x->C[1]->same=x->C[0]->same=1;
                x->C[1]->s=x->C[0]->s=x->s;
                x->tot=x->s*x->sz;
                x->max=x->ml=x->mr=x->tot;
                if (x->s<0)
                    x->max=x->ml=x->mr=x->s;
            }
            if (x->rev){
                tmp=x->ml;x->ml=x->mr;x->mr=tmp;
                ts=x->C[1];x->C[1]=x->C[0];x->C[0]=
                    ts;
                x->C[1]->rev=!x->C[1]->rev;x->C
                    [0]->rev=!x->C[0]->rev;
            }
            x->same=x->rev=0;
        }*/

        void route( SplayNode *k1, int c){

```

```

487c     SplayNode *k2=k1->f;
427e     //labledown(k2->C[!c]);labledown(k1->
        C[0]);labledown(k1->C[1]);
427e
18d3     k2->C[c]=k1->C[!c];
390f     k2->C[c]->f=k2;
8b3f     k1->f=k2->f;
70ea     if (k2->f->C[0]==k2) k2->f->C[0]=k1;
561f     else k2->f->C[1]=k1;
6439     k2->f=k1;
b627     k1->C[!c]=k2;
c05b     update(k2);//update(k1);
0e39     if (root==k2) root=k1;
95cf }
427e
5237 SplayNode * rank( int k){
56b2     SplayNode *ts=root;
6eb3     int tmp;
1d6c     while (k){
427e         //labledown(ts);
188b         tmp=ts->C[0]->sz;
f57e         if (k<=tmp) ts=ts->C[0];
17be         else if (k<=tmp+ts->c+1) break;
f19e         else k=tmp+ts->c+1,ts=ts->C[1];
95cf     }
dd0c     return ts;
95cf }
427e
ce71 /*void select( int s, int r){
46d4     rank(s,null);rank(r,root);
fe38 }*/
427e
58b9 void splay( SplayNode *x, SplayNode *s)
    {
961d     if (x==null) return ;
66e8     update(x);
427e     //labledown(x);
ea33     while (x->f!=s){
b6c4         if (x->f->f==s){
2f96             if (x->f->C[0]==x)
5c86                 route(x,0);
649a             else
f931                 route(x,1);
1112         } else if (x->f->f->C[0]==x->f){
2f96             if (x->f->C[0]==x)
3252                 route(x->f,0),route(x,0);
649a             else
b8c5                 route(x,1),route(x,0);
8e2e         } else {
717f             if (x->f->C[1]==x)
eb10                 route(x->f,1),route(x,1);
649a             else
142a                 route(x,0),route(x,1);
        }
    }
}

    }
    }
    update(x);
}

void ins( long long k)
{
    SplayNode *ts=root,*ls=null;
    while (ts!=null){
        //labledown(ts);
        ls=ts;
        if (k==ts->s)
        {
            ts->c++;
            update(ts);
            splay(ts,null);
            return ;
        }
        else if (k<ts->s) ts=ts->C[0];
        else ts=ts->C[1];
    }
    if (k<ls->s)
    {
        ls->C[0]=NewNode(ls,k);
        update(ls->C[0]);update(ls);
        splay(ls->C[0],null);
    } else
    {
        ls->C[1]=NewNode(ls,k);
        update(ls->C[1]);update(ls);
        splay(ls->C[1],null);
    }
}

//value k
void remove( long long k)
{
    SplayNode *ts=root,*ls=null;
    while (ts!=null){
        //labledown(ts);
        ls=ts;
        if (k==ts->s)
        {
            if (ts->c==0)
            {
                splay(ts,null);
                splay(rank(ts->C[0]->sz),root);
                root=ts->C[0];
                root->f=null;
                root->C[1]=ts->C[1];
                ts->C[1]->f=root;
                update(root);
            } else ts->c--,update(ts),splay(

```



```

        ts,null);
    return ;
}
else if (k<ts->s) ts=ts->C[0];
else ts=ts->C[1];
}
return ;//not find
}

//rank k
void del( int k)
{
    splay(rank(k+1),null);
    splay(rank(root->C[0]->sz),root);
    SplayNode *ts=root;
    root=ts->C[0];
    root->f=null;
    root->C[1]=ts->C[1];
    ts->C[1]->f=root;
    update(root);
}

int find( int k)
{
    splay(rank(k+1),null);
    return root->s;
}

int find_v( int k)
{
    SplayNode *ts=root;
    while (ts!=null){
        //labeledown(ts);
        if (k==ts->s)
        {
            splay(ts,null);
            return 1;
        }
        else if (k<ts->s) ts=ts->C[0];
        else ts=ts->C[1];
    }
    return 0;
}

bool empty()
{
    return !(root->sz-2>0);
}
} T;

#include<cstdio>
#include<cstring>

```

```

#include<cstdlib>
#include<algorithm>
#include<queue>

using namespace std;

priority_queue<int> MinNumber;

#define MAXN 300010
#define INF 1ll<<62
#define MAX(a,b) ((a)>(b)?(a):(b))

struct SplayNode{
    SplayNode *f,*C[2];
    //int s,ml,mr,max,tot,sz;
    long long s,c,sz,tot;
    int neg,pos,sta;
    //bool rev,same;
};

int N,st,it;
char s[100];
SplayNode *A[MAXN],*B[MAXN];

struct SplayTree{
    int sz;
    SplayNode S[MAXN],*root,*null,*tr;

    void init()
    {
        for (int i=0;i<=sz;i++) S[i].s=S[i].c
            =S[i].sz=0;
        sz=0;
        null=NewNode(null,-INF);
        null->s=0;
        null->tot=0;
        null->neg=null->pos=0;
        null->f=null;
        null->sz=0;
        null->C[0]=null->C[1]=null;
        root=NewNode(null,0);
        root->C[1]=NewNode(root,0);
        root->neg=root->pos=root->C[1]->neg=
            root->C[0]->pos=root->sta=root->C
            [1]->sta=0;
        update(root->C[1]);
        update(root);
    }
}

```

```

b77a  SplayNode * NewNode( SplayNode *f, long
      long s){
dbed   SplayNode *ts;
40e5   ts=S+ ++sz;
2d59   ts->f=f;
577f   ts->C[0]=ts->C[1]=null;
ca6f   ts->s=s;
2d6b   ts->tot=s;
bd5a   ts->neg=s<0?1:0;
ac50   ts->pos=s>0?1:0;
b142   ts->sta=s>0?1:-1;
fdcf   ts->sz=1;
dd0c   return ts;
95cf   }
427e
9356  SplayTree(){
47f6   null=NewNode(null,-INF);
ab2e   null->s=0;
f607   null->f=null;
c969   null->sz=0;
e3e8   null->C[0]=null->C[1]=null;
8259   root=NewNode(null,0);
6a6a   root->C[1]=NewNode(root,0);
2753   update(root->C[1]);
d657   update(root);
95cf   }
427e
886d  void update( SplayNode * x){
fa89   x->sz=x->C[0]->sz+x->C[1]->sz+1+x->c;
7619   x->tot=x->C[0]->tot+x->C[1]->tot+x->s
      ;
9fe9   x->neg=x->C[0]->neg+x->C[1]->neg+(x->
      sta==1?1:0);
fb82   x->pos=x->C[0]->pos+x->C[1]->pos+(x->
      sta==1?1:0);
95cf   }
427e
965e  void route( SplayNode *k1, int c){
487c   SplayNode *k2=k1->f;
427e   //labledown(k2->C[!c]);labledown(k1->
      C[0]);labledown(k1->C[1]);
427e
18d3   k2->C[c]=k1->C[!c];
390f   k2->C[c]->f=k2;
8b3f   k1->f=k2->f;
70ea   if (k2->f->C[0]==k2) k2->f->C[0]=k1;
561f   else k2->f->C[1]=k1;
6439   k2->f=k1;
b627   k1->C[!c]=k2;
f5eb   update(k2);update(k1);
0e39   if (root==k2) root=k1;
95cf   }
427e

SplayNode * rank( int k){
5237   SplayNode *ts=root;
56b2   int tmp;
6eb3   while (k){
1d6c       // labledown(ts);
427e       tmp=ts->C[0]->sz;
188b       if (k<=tmp) ts=ts->C[0];
f57e       else if (k<=tmp+1) break;
f1b2       else k-=tmp+1,ts=ts->C[1];
fefe   }
95cf   return ts;
dd0c   }
95cf
427e   long long query( SplayNode *l,
427e   SplayNode *r)
f257   {
4506       splay(l,null);splay(r,root);
da8a       return root->C[1]->C[0]->tot+root->s+
7602       root->C[1]->s;
95cf   }
427e
58b9  void splay( SplayNode *x, SplayNode *s)
{
961d   if (x==null) return ;
66e8   update(x);
427e   //labledown(x);
ea33   while (x->f!=s){
b6c4       if (x->f->f==s){
2f96           if (x->f->C[0]==x)
5c86               route(x,0);
649a           else
f931               route(x,1);
1112       } else if (x->f->f->C[0]==x->f){
2f96           if (x->f->C[0]==x)
3252               route(x->f,0),route(x,0);
649a           else
b8c5               route(x,1),route(x,0);
8e2e       } else {
717f           if (x->f->C[1]==x)
eb10               route(x->f,1),route(x,1);
649a           else
142a               route(x,0),route(x,1);
95cf       }
95cf   }
66e8   update(x);
95cf   }
427e
//rank k
427e  void del( SplayNode *ss)
aae1   {
4506       splay(ss,null);
fc5e       splay(rank(root->C[0]->sz),root);
79ab   }

```

```

56b2     SplayNode *ts=root;
646e     root=ts->C[0];
d16b     root->f=null;
469b     root->C[1]=ts->C[1];
1105     ts->C[1]->f=root;
d657     update(root);
95cf }
427e
0edf void ins( int k, int s)
4506 {
d827     splay(rank(k+1),null);
427e     //splay(rank(k),root);
e7e2     SplayNode *ts=NewNode(root,s);
7235     root->C[0]->f=ts;
3fe8     ts->C[0]=root->C[0];
d5f0     root->C[0]=ts;
f9af     A[s]=ts;
530f     splay(ts,null);
95cf }
a228 void find( int t)
4506 {
af72     SplayNode *ts=root,*ls;
eb9a     while (ts!=null)
4506     {
17d7         ls=ts;
eec3         if (ts->C[1]->neg>t) ts=ts->C[1];
20e3         else if (ts->C[1]->neg+(ts->sta
<0?1:0)==t) break;
3c94         else t=ts->C[1]->neg+(ts->sta
<0?1:0),ts=ts->C[0];
95cf     }
8740     if (ts==null)splay(ls,null);
9bfe     else splay(ts,null);
95cf }
df17 void insins( int k, int s)
4506 {
9131     int t=root->C[1]->pos;
b7b0     find(t);
ee3d     SplayNode *ts=NewNode(root,-s);
7235     root->C[0]->f=ts;
3fe8     ts->C[0]=root->C[0];
d5f0     root->C[0]=ts;
ebf4     B[s]=ts;
530f     splay(ts,null);
95cf }
eb81 } T;
427e
0edf void ins( int k, int s)
4506 {
b69b     T.ins(k,s);
0a72     T.insins(k,s);
95cf }
427e

```

```

427e int main()
299c {
4506     int cases=0;
1008     while (scanf("%d\n",&N)!=EOF)
b889     {
4506         T.init();
db73         while (MinNumber.size()) MinNumber.
19f9             pop();
6b7c         int nown=0,t;
524a         printf("Case #d:\n",++cases);
720b         while (N--)
4506         {
860a             scanf("%s %d\n",s,&t);
b81b             if (s[0]=='i')
4506             {
5006                 t++;
7309                 if (MinNumber.empty()) it=++nown;
c2a0                 else it=MinNumber.top(),
MinNumber.pop();
a3af                 ins(t,it);
603e             } else if (s[0]=='r')
4506             {
3834                 MinNumber.push(-t);
bf62                 T.del(A[t]);
bb40                 T.del(B[t]);
b72a             } else if (s[0]=='q')
4506             {
0016                 printf("%I64d\n",T.query(A[t],B[t
]));
95cf             }
95cf         }
95cf     }
95cf }

```

5.2 SplayTree

```

59b9 #include<cstdio>
ef2f #include<cstring>
bffa #include<stdlib>
427e
421c using namespace std;
427e
1c79 #define MAXN 40010
06a1 #define INF 111<<62
5da6 #define MAX(a,b) ((a)>(b)?(a):(b))
11d0 struct SplayTree{
427e
f7cd     struct SplayNode{
b275         SplayNode *f,*C[2];
427e         //int s,ml,mr,max,tot,sz;
440f         long long s,c,sz;
427e         //bool rev,same;
b01b         S[MAXN],*root,*null,*tr;

```

```

427e      int sz;
4a30
427e
88f1      void init()
4506      {
bd30          for (int i=0;i<=sz;i++) S[i].s=S[i].c
              =S[i].sz=0;
1bb9          sz=0;
47f6          null=NewNode(null,-INF);
ab2e          null->s=0;
f607          null->f=null;
c969          null->sz=0;
e3e8          null->C[0]=null->C[1]=null;
b6b3          root=NewNode(null,-INF);
0e03          root->C[1]=NewNode(root,INF);
2753          update(root->C[1]);
d657          update(root);
95cf      }
427e
b77a      SplayNode * NewNode( SplayNode *f, long
              long s){
dbed          SplayNode *ts;
40e5          ts=S+ ++sz;
2d59          ts->f=f;
bc22          ts->c=0;
577f          ts->C[0]=ts->C[1]=null;
ca6f          ts->s=s;
427e          //ts->tot=ts->max=ts->ml=ts->mr=ts->s
              ;
fdcf          ts->sz=1;
427e          //ts->rev=ts->same=0;
dd0c          return ts;
95cf      }
427e
9356      SplayTree(){
47f6          null=NewNode(null,-INF);
ab2e          null->s=0;
f607          null->f=null;
c969          null->sz=0;
e3e8          null->C[0]=null->C[1]=null;
b6b3          root=NewNode(null,-INF);
0e03          root->C[1]=NewNode(root,INF);
2753          update(root->C[1]);
d657          update(root);
95cf      }
427e
886d      void update( SplayNode * x){
fa89          x->sz=x->C[0]->sz+x->C[1]->sz+1+x->c;
180a          /*x->tot=x->C[0]->tot+x->C[1]->tot+x
              ->s;
b048          x->max=MAX(x->s, x->C[0]->max);
935a          x->max=MAX(x->max, x->C[1]->max);
3392          x->max=MAX(x->max, x->C[0]->mr+x->s);

x->max=MAX(x->max, x->C[1]->ml+x->s);
x->max=MAX(x->max, x->C[0]->mr+x->s+x
->C[1]->ml);
x->ml=MAX(x->C[0]->ml, x->C[0]->tot+x
->s);
x->ml=MAX(x->ml, x->C[0]->tot+x->s+x->
C[1]->ml);
x->mr=MAX(x->C[1]->mr, x->C[1]->tot+x
->s);
x->mr=MAX(x->mr, x->C[1]->tot+x->s+x->
C[0]->mr);*/
}

/*void labledown( SplayNode *x){
SplayNode *ts;
int tmp;
if (x==null||!(x->same||x->rev))
return ;
if (x->same){
x->C[1]->same=x->C[0]->same=1;
x->C[1]->s=x->C[0]->s=x->s;
x->tot=x->s*x->sz;
x->max=x->ml=x->mr=x->tot;
if (x->s<0)
x->max=x->ml=x->mr=x->s;
}
if (x->rev){
tmp=x->ml; x->ml=x->mr; x->mr=tmp;
ts=x->C[1]; x->C[1]=x->C[0]; x->C[0]=
ts;
x->C[1]->rev=!x->C[1]->rev; x->C
[0]->rev=!x->C[0]->rev;
}
x->same=x->rev=0;
}*/

void route( SplayNode *k1, int c){
SplayNode *k2=k1->f;
//labledown(k2->C[!c]);labledown(k1->
C[0]);labledown(k1->C[1]);

k2->C[c]=k1->C[!c];
k2->C[c]->f=k2;
k1->f=k2->f;
if (k2->f->C[0]==k2) k2->f->C[0]=k1;
else k2->f->C[1]=k1;
k2->f=k1;
k1->C[!c]=k2;
update(k2);//update(k1);
if (root==k2) root=k1;
}

SplayNode * rank( int k){

```

```

56b2     SplayNode *ts=root;
6eb3     int tmp;
1d6c     while (k){
427e         //labeledown(ts);
188b         tmp=ts->C[0]->sz;
f57e         if (k<=tmp) ts=ts->C[0];
17be         else if (k<=tmp+ts->c+1) break;
f19e         else k-=tmp+ts->c+1,ts=ts->C[1];
95cf     }
dd0c     return ts;
95cf }
427e
ce71     /*void select( int s, int r){
46d4         rank(s,null);rank(r,root);
fe38     }*/
427e
58b9     void splay( SplayNode *x, SplayNode *s)
    {
961d         if (x==null) return ;
66e8         update(x);
427e         //labeledown(x);
ea33         while (x->f!=s){
b6c4             if (x->f->f==s){
2f96                 if (x->f->C[0]==x)
5c86                     route(x,0);
649a                 else
f931                     route(x,1);
1112             } else if (x->f->f->C[0]==x->f){
2f96                 if (x->f->C[0]==x)
3252                     route(x->f,0),route(x,0);
649a                 else
b8c5                     route(x,1),route(x,0);
8e2e             } else {
717f                 if (x->f->C[1]==x)
eb10                     route(x->f,1),route(x,1);
649a                 else
142a                     route(x,0),route(x,1);
95cf             }
95cf         }
66e8         update(x);
95cf     }
427e
519b     void ins( long long k)
4506     {
3cd1         SplayNode *ts=root,*ls=null;
8d36         while (ts!=null){
427e             //labeledown(ts);
17d7             ls=ts;
4be3             if (k==ts->s)
4506             {
ebae                 ts->c++;
841d                 update(ts);
530f                 splay(ts,null);
                    return ;
                    }
                    else if (k<ts->s) ts=ts->C[0];
                    else ts=ts->C[1];
                }
                if (k<ls->s)
                {
                    ls->C[0]=NewNode(ls,k);
                    update(ls->C[0]);update(ls);
                    splay(ls->C[0],null);
                } else
                {
                    ls->C[1]=NewNode(ls,k);
                    update(ls->C[1]);update(ls);
                    splay(ls->C[1],null);
                }
            }
            //value k
            void remove( long long k)
            {
                SplayNode *ts=root,*ls=null;
                while (ts!=null){
                    //labeledown(ts);
                    ls=ts;
                    if (k==ts->s)
                    {
                        if (ts->c==0)
                        {
                            splay(ts,null);
                            splay(rank(ts->C[0]->sz),root);
                            root=ts->C[0];
                            root->f=null;
                            root->C[1]=ts->C[1];
                            ts->C[1]->f=root;
                            update(root);
                        } else ts->c--,update(ts),splay(
                            ts,null);
                        return ;
                    }
                    else if (k<ts->s) ts=ts->C[0];
                    else ts=ts->C[1];
                }
                return ;//not find
            }
            //rank k
            void del( int k)
            {
                splay(rank(k+1),null);
                splay(rank(root->C[0]->sz),root);
                SplayNode *ts=root;
                root=ts->C[0];
            }
        }
    }

```

```

d16b     root->f=null;
469b     root->C[1]=ts->C[1];
1105     ts->C[1]->f=root;
d657     update(root);
95cf }
427e
d16f     int find( int k)
4506     {
d827         splay(rank(k+1),null);
1ff2         return root->s;
95cf     }
427e
8c3f     int find_v( int k)
4506     {
56b2         SplayNode *ts=root;
8d36         while (ts!=null){
427e             //labledown(ts);
4be3             if (k==ts->s)
4506             {
530f                 splay(ts,null);
7459                 return 1;
95cf             }
35a1             else if (k<ts->s) ts=ts->C[0];
b87e             else ts=ts->C[1];
95cf         }
7021         return 0;
95cf     }
427e
4a3d     bool empty()
4506     {
c635         return !(root->sz-2>0);
95cf     }
eb81 } T;

```

5.3 kdtree

```

0193 const int inf = 1000000000;
f877 #define sqr(x) (((long long)(x))*(x))
7829 const int MAXN = 500000;
427e //MAXM 维度数
d975 const int MAXM = 2;
427e // 必须手动设置点的度数 degree
5f09 struct POINT{
a5e8     int x[MAXN], lx[MAXN], rx[MAXN];
082e     int index;
7864     int degree;
aa08     POINT(){
3b30         for (int i = 0; i < MAXM; ++i){
8339             lx[i] = 0;
58a4             rx[i] = inf;
95cf         }
329b     };
9bba     long long dis(const POINT &a){
889f         long long ans = 0;

```

```

        for (int i = 0; i < degree; ++i)
            ans += sqr(x[i] - a.x[i]);
        return ans;
    }
}p[MAXN];
//comindex 是首先比较的维度必须在比较之前赋值
427e
int cmpindex;
6343
bool cmp(const POINT &a, const POINT &b){
f78e
    for (int i = 0; i < a.degree; ++i){
ceb8
        int j = (i + cmpindex) % a.degree;
6055
        if (a.x[j] != b.x[j])
2abf
            return a.x[j] < b.x[j];
d66a
    }
95cf
    return false;
438e
}
95cf
//degree 首先被比较的维度
427e
struct NODE{
f8d9
    POINT p;
38a5
    int left, right, father;
6f63
    int number, degree, flag;
a55b
    void init(const POINT &a, int d){
c024
        p = a;
0c52
        left = -1;
009e
        right = -1;
5e06
        degree = d;
fae0
        number = 1;
b556
        flag = false;
3a4a
    }
95cf
}node[MAXN];
96c3
int nodesize;
6ee4
// 储存结果
427e
struct CYL{
eea1
    POINT p;
38a5
    long long r;
eae0
    bool operator < (const CYL &a)const{
2db0
        return r < a.r;
c9e2
    }
95cf
};
329b
// 求出v 节点下的所有点到顶点p 的距离
427e
void searchr(int v, const POINT &p,
4e6c
    priority_queue<CYL> &pq, int k){
    if (v == -1) return;
d043
    CYL c;
0109
    c.p = node[v].p;
add6
    c.r = c.p.dis(p);
ffe7
    pq.push(c);
b544
    while (pq.size() > k) pq.pop();
e49b
    searchr(node[v].left, p, pq, k);
5ceb
    searchr(node[v].right, p, pq, k);
6d98
}
95cf
// 贪心地返回点数接近k 的节点
427e
int searchknode(int v, const POINT &p,
48d3

```

```

int k){
1cc2 if ((v == -1)||((node[v].number < k))
      return -1;
d02f cmpindex = node[v].degree;
ff78 if (cmp(p, node[v].p)){
e7b8 if ((node[v].left != -1)&&(node[node[
      v].left].number >= k))
006e return searchknode(node[v].left, p,
      k);
8e2e }else{
5fcc if ((node[v].right != -1)&&(node[node
      [v].right].number >= k))
527c return searchknode(node[v].right, p
      , k);
95cf }
aa78 return v;
95cf }
427e // 检查某区域是否可能有k 小的点
3ef1 bool check(POINT &root, const POINT &p,
      priority_queue<CYL> &pq){
d3df POINT c;
ad9e c.degree = p.degree;
af4d for (int i = 0; i < p.degree; ++i){
2451 if ((root.lx[i] <= p.x[i])&&(p.x[i]
      <= root.rx[i])){
91b7 c.x[i] = p.x[i];
b333 continue;
95cf }
b3f8 if (p.x[i] < root.lx[i]) c.x[i] =
      root.lx[i];
0817 else c.x[i] = root.rx[i];
95cf }
0f33 if (c.dis(p) < pq.top().r) return true;
438e return false;
95cf }
427e // 寻找距离最近的k 个点
0fb3 void findk(int v, const POINT &p, int k,
      priority_queue<CYL> &pq){
5dd1 if (node[v].flag){
e213 node[v].flag = false;
4f2d return;
95cf }
af9c long long d = node[v].p.dis(p);
0b50 if (d < pq.top().r){
0109 CYL c;
add6 c.p = node[v].p;
895b c.r = d;
b544 pq.push(c);
4e19 pq.pop();
95cf }
f7cb if ((node[v].left != -1)&&check(node[
      node[v].left].p, p, pq))
2836 findk(node[v].left, p, k, pq);

if ((node[v].right != -1)&&check(node[
      node[v].right].p, p, pq))
      findk(node[v].right, p, k, pq);
}
//KNN 算法, 输入KD-tree 的根, 返回与 p 最相
邻的k 个点
//ans 中保证点到的距离依次递增p
void KNN(const POINT &p, int k, POINT ans
[]){
priority_queue<CYL> pq;
int v = searchknode(0, p, k);
//cout<<v<<endl;
node[v].flag = true;
searchr(v, p, pq, k);
while(pq.size() > k){
pq.pop();
}
cnt = 0;
findk(0, p, k, pq);
node[v].flag = false;
int n = pq.size();
for (int i = 0; i < k; ++i){
ans[i] = pq.top().p;
pq.pop();
}
reverse(ans, ans + k);
}
// 设置每个区域的界
void boundset(int v){
if (v == -1) return;
if (node[v].left != -1){
for (int i = 0; i < node[v].p.degree;
++i){
node[node[v].left].p.rx[i] = node[v
].p.rx[i];
node[node[v].left].p.lx[i] = node[v
].p.lx[i];
}
node[node[v].left].father = v;
node[node[v].left].p.rx[node[v].
degree] = node[v].p.x[node[v].
degree];
boundset(node[v].left);
}
if (node[v].right != -1){
for (int i = 0; i < node[v].p.degree;
++i){
node[node[v].right].p.rx[i] = node[
v].p.rx[i];
node[node[v].right].p.lx[i] = node[
v].p.lx[i];
}
node[node[v].right].father = v;
}

```

```

910e     node[node[v].right].p.lx[node[v].
        degree] = node[v].p.x[node[v].
        degree];
33ad     boundset(node[v].right);
95cf }
95cf }
427e
427e // 根据p 中的[s, t) 点建立Kd-TREE ,
427e //p 中的顺序会被破坏
427e //degree 是首先比较的维度
a02f int buildtree(int s, int t, int degree,
        POINT p[], begin = 1){
fb76     if (begin) nodesize = 0;
636f     if (s == t) return -1;
34f1     else if(t - s == 1){
e0a6         node[nodesize].init(p[s], degree);
11a5         return nodesize++;
95cf     }
910c     cmpindex = degree;
4aed     sort(p + s, p + t, cmp);
a7b0     int mid = (s + t - 1) >> 1;
7b7e     int v = nodesize;
8ce7     node[nodesize++].init(p[mid], degree);
ac44     node[v].left = buildtree(s, mid, (
        degree + 1) % p[mid].degree, p, 0);
b4f2     node[v].right = buildtree(mid + 1, t, (
        degree + 1) % p[mid].degree, p, 0);
6a2a     node[v].number = t - s;
e8ae     if (!v){
74a5         node[0].father = -1;
0176         boundset(0);
95cf     }
aa78     return v;
95cf }

```

5.4 后缀数组

```

e0a5 #include<iostream>
59b9 #include<cstdio>
09f7 #include<vector>
ef2f #include<cstring>
2349 #include<string>
421c using namespace std;
f7d6 const int maxn=10000;
1779 #define F(x) ((x)/3+((x)%3==1?0:tb))
2358 #define G(x) ((x)<tb?(x)*3+1:((x)-tb)
        *3+2)值得注意的
        是,
427e
427e //数组rank 与数组互逆 sa , 所以可以根据sa 在
        () 时间内求出 Onrank以下为倍增算法实现
427e // () Onlogn
427e //r 为字符串数组 ,sa 为结果S 的n 个后缀从
        小到大进行排序之后把排好序的后缀的开头位置

```

```

        顺序, 也就是字典序次放入
        //sa 中
427e
427e
int wa[maxn],wb[maxn],wv[maxn],ws_[maxn]; 2278
int cmp(int *r,int a,int b,int l) 3aa5
{ 4506
    return r[a]==r[b]&&r[a+l]==r[b+l]; e543
} 95cf
//是数组的长度, 即 () nrstrlenr,m 为语言集的 427e
        最大编号
void da(int *r,int *sa,int n,int m) cdc
{ 4506
    int i,j,p,*x=wa,*y=wb,*t; 8fa8
    for(i=0;i<m;i++) ws_[i]=0; c934
    for(i=0;i<n;i++) ws_[x[i]=r[i]]++; e6d3
    for(i=1;i<m;i++) ws_[i]+=ws_[i-1]; 2d9a
    for(i=n-1;i>=0;i--) sa[—ws_[x[i]]]=i; 5b0a
    427e
    for(j=1,p=1;p<n;j*=2,m=p) efbc
    { 4506
        for(p=0,i=n-j;i<n;i++) y[p++]=i; 5b7b
        for(i=0;i<n;i++) if(sa[i]>=j) y[p++] = dc1c
            sa[i]-j;
        for(i=0;i<n;i++) wv[i]=x[y[i]]; 792f
        for(i=0;i<m;i++) ws_[i]=0; c934
        for(i=0;i<n;i++) ws_[wv[i]]++; f297
        for(i=1;i<m;i++) ws_[i]+=ws_[i-1]; 2d9a
        for(i=n-1;i>=0;i--) sa[—ws_[wv[i]]]= e91d
            y[i];
        for(t=x,x=y,y=t,p=1,x[sa[0]]=0,i=1;i< 0b94
            n;i++)
            x[sa[i]]=cmp(y,sa[i-1],sa[i],j)?p-1: fef3
                p++;
    } 95cf
} 95cf
/*int wa[maxn],wb[maxn],wv[maxn],ws[ma
    xn]; 8a3e
int cmp(int *r,int a,int b,int l) 3aa5
{return r[a]==r[b]&&r[a+l]==r[b+l];} 9692
void da(int *r,int *sa,int n,int m) cdc
{ 4506
    int i,j,p,*x=wa,*y=wb,*t; 8fa8
    for(i=0;i<m;i++) ws[i]=0; 4f37
    for(i=0;i<n;i++) ws[x[i]=r[i]]++; 960c
    for(i=1;i<m;i++) ws[i]+=ws[i-1]; be11
    for(i=n-1;i>=0;i--) sa[—ws[x[i]]]=i; 5f6d
    for(j=1,p=1;p<n;j*=2,m=p) efbc
    { 4506
        for(p=0,i=n-j;i<n;i++) y[p++]=i; 5b7b
        for(i=0;i<n;i++) if(sa[i]>=j) y[p++] = dc1c
            sa[i]-j;
        for(i=0;i<n;i++) wv[i]=x[y[i]]; 792f
        for(i=0;i<m;i++) ws[i]=0; 4f37
    }
}

```


7f78	for(i=0;i<n;i++) ws[wv[i]]++;		
be11	for(i=1;i<m;i++) ws[i]+=ws[i-1];	for(p=1,rn[F(wb[0])]=0,i=1;i<tbc;i++)	64aa
f3a2	for(i=n-1;i>=0;i--) sa[-ws[wv[i]]]=y	rn[F(wb[i])]=c0(r,wb[i-1],wb[i])?p-1:p	16b5
	[i];	++;	
0b94	for(t=x,x=y,y=t,p=1,x[sa[0]]=0,i=1;i<		427e
	n;i++)	if(p<tbc) dc3(rn,san,tbc,p);	778a
fef3	x[sa[i]]=cmp(y,sa[i-1],sa[i],j)?p-1:p	else for(i=0;i<tbc;i++) san[rn[i]]=i;	6879
	++;		427e
95cf	}	for(i=0;i<tbc;i++) if(san[i]<tb) wb[ta	37b9
fe38	}/以下是	++]=san[i]*3;	
427e	//算法DC3 0(n)		427e
427e	//r 数组和sa 数组的大小都要是3*n下面的三行都	if(n%3==1) wb[ta++]=n-1;	6cbc
	是必须的。。为了避免名冲突		427e
427e	//	sort_sa(r,wb,wa,ta,m);	0fde
427e	//#define F(x) ((x)/3+((x)%3==1?0:tb))		427e
427e	//#define G(x) ((x)<tb?(x)*3+1:((x)-tb	for(i=0;i<tbc;i++) wv[wb[i]]=G(san[i])	e658
	*3+2)]=i;	
427e	//int wa[maxn],wb[maxn],wv[maxn],ws_[maxn	for(i=0,j=0,p=0;i<ta && j<tbc;p++)	79d3
];		427e
9750	int c0(int *r,int a,int b)	sa[p]=c12(wb[j]%3,r,wa[i],wb[j])?wa[i	1a17
4506	{	++]:wb[j++];	
d7f5	return r[a]==r[b]&&r[a+1]==r[b+1]&&r[a		427e
	+2]==r[b+2];	for(;i<ta;p++) sa[p]=wa[i++];	d05f
95cf	}	for(;j<tbc;p++) sa[p]=wb[j++];	b151
6829	int c12(int k,int *r,int a,int b)		427e
1258	{ if(k==2) return r[a]<r[b] r[a]==r[b	}	95cf
]&&c12(1,r,a+1,b+1);	//height 数组: 定义height[i]=suffix(sa[i	427e
8b9e	else return r[a]<r[b] r[a]==r[b]&&wv[-1])和suffix(sa[i])的最长公共前缀算法如	
	a+1]<wv[b+1];	下, 复杂度	427e
95cf	}	// () On一个重要的结论:	427e
8df6	void sort_sa(int *r,int *a,int *b,int n,	//suffix(j) 和suffix(k) 的最长公共前缀	
	int m)	为height[rnk[j]+1],	427e
4506	{	//height[rnk[j]+2], height[rnk[j]+3],	
a0f7	int i;	...,height[rnk[k]中的最小值。]]待排序的字	
0fed	for(i=0;i<n;i++) wv[i]=r[a[i]];	字符串放在	427e
c934	for(i=0;i<m;i++) ws_[i]=0;		427e
f297	for(i=0;i<n;i++) ws_[wv[i]]++;		
2d9a	for(i=1;i<m;i++) ws_[i]+=ws_[i-1];	//r 数组中, 从r到[0]r[n], 长度为-1, 且最大值	427e
1285	for(i=n-1;i>=0;i--) b[-ws_[wv[i]]]=a[小于	
	i];	//。为了函数操作的方便, 约定除mr[n外所有	427e
4f2d	return;	的-1]r[i]都大于]0, r[n。-1]=0函数结束后,	
95cf	}	结果放在	
81ce	void dc3(int *r,int *sa,int n,int m)	//sa 数组中, 从sa到[0]sa[n。-1]	427e
4506	{	int rn[maxn],height[maxn];	8039
455d	int i,j,*rn=r+n,*san=sa+n,ta=0,tb=(n	void calheight(int *r,int *sa,int n)	4772
	+1)/3,tbc=0,p;	{	4506
825e	r[n]=r[n+1]=0;	int i,j,k=0;	ff68
b6f1	for(i=0;i<n;i++) if(i%3!=0) wa[tbc++]=	for(i=1;i<n;i++) rn[sa[i]]=i;	3748
	i;	for(i=0;i<n;height[rnk[i++]]=k)	d007
427e		for(k?k--:j=sa[rnk[i]-1];r[i+k]==r[3e0a
7371	sort_sa(r+2,wa,wb,tbc,m);	j+k];k++);	
06a6	sort_sa(r+1,wb,wa,tbc,m);	return;	4f2d
79ea	sort_sa(r,wa,wb,tbc,m);	}	95cf

```

427e char str[100];
4fe3 int r[100];
5731 int sa[100];
01f2 int main()
299c {
4506     while(cin>>str){
582c         int L=strlen(str);
8d4d         for(int i=0;i<L;i++)r[i]=str[i]-'0';
e2ff         for(int i=0;i<L;i++)sa[i]=i;
f411         r[L]=0;
8426         da(r,sa,L+1,200);
f76f         cout<<"haha\n";
7bae         for(int i=0;i<L;i++)
790a             cout<<sa[i]<<' ';cout<<endl;
0c37         calheight(r,sa,L);
5271         for(int i=0;i<L;i++)
790a             cout<<height[i]<<' ';cout<<endl;
8560     }
95cf }
95cf }

```

5.5 线段树区间修改

```

59b9 #include <cstdio>
427e
5963 struct IT
4506 {
ff6f     #define MN 1048577*2
d788     long long F[MN],D[MN];
d7af     int N;
651e     long long C,Ans;
ecbf     int ll,rr;
f365     void upd( int k, int l, int r)
4506     {
2d0d         if (D[k])
4506         {
1111             F[k]+=D[k]*((long long)r-l+1);
1f3f             if (k<N) D[k<<1]+=D[k],D[(k<<1)
+1]+=D[k];
eef5             D[k]=0;
95cf         }
95cf     }
69ea     void find( int k, int l, int r)
4506     {
eed2         upd(k,l,r);
30f7         if (r<ll||l>rr) return ;
456c         if (ll<=l&&rr>=r)
4506         {
a619             Ans+=F[k];
4f2d             return ;
95cf         }
8f58         find(k<<1,l,(l+r)>>1);
b2c9         find((k<<1)+1,((l+r)>>1)+1,r);
95cf     }

```

```

void Add( int k, int l, int r)                25be
{                                                4506
    upd(k,l,r);                                eed2
    if (r<ll||l>rr) return ;                  30f7
    if (ll<=l&&rr>=r)                          456c
    {                                          4506
        D[k]+=C;                              f1c1
        upd(k,l,r);                          eed2
        return ;                             4f2d
    }                                          95cf
    Add(k<<1,l,(l+r)>>1);                      817a
    Add((k<<1)+1,((l+r)>>1)+1,r);              3afb
    F[k]=F[k<<1]+F[(k<<1)+1];                7514
}                                              95cf
void init( int NN)                            4d16
{                                              4506
    for (N=1;N<NN;N<=1);                    2944
    for (int i=1;i<=NN;i++) scanf("%I64d
",&F[i+N-1]);                                b3f6
    for (int i=N-1;i;i--) F[i]=F[i<<1]+F
[(i<<1)+1];                                  7991
}                                              95cf
long long search( int _l, int _r)             a363
{                                              4506
    ll=_l;rr=_r;                              a0c0
    Ans=0;                                    ea34
    find(1,1,N);                             cc62
    return Ans;                              ba71
}                                              95cf
void add( int _l, int _r, long long c)        893e
{                                              4506
    ll=_l;rr=_r;C=c;                         62cd
    Add(1,1,N);                             31fd
}                                              95cf
} T;                                          eb81
427e
int N,M,a,b,c;                               12d2
427e
int main()                                    299c
{                                              4506
    scanf("%d%d",&N,&M);                    a82c
    T.init(N);                                d49b
    for (int i=1;i<=M;i++)                  a874
    {                                          4506
        scanf("%d%d%d",&a,&b,&c);            677b
        T.Add(a,b,c);                       3069
        printf("%lld\n",T.search(i,N));      c396
    }                                          95cf
}                                              95cf

```

5.6 AhoCorasick

```

#include<iostream>                            e0a5
#include<cstring>                             ef2f

```

```

59b9 #include<stdio>
c928 #include<cmath>
09f7 #include<vector>
acb9 #include<queue>
54ff #include<algorithm>
421c using namespace std;
427e //const int inf=INT_MAX;
427e //int maxInt = 0x7FFFFFFF;// 32
      bit
427e //long maxLong = 0x7FFFFFFFFFFFFFFF;
      // 64 bit
c115 #define ll long long
5841 const int inf= 0x7FFFFFFF;
b43a const char atcg[]="ATCG";
94ec const int kind=4;
35b8 int n,m;
586b char in[105];
cbdf struct ahocorasick{
5520     static const int undef=0;//初始化tag
df17     static const int maxn=1<<10;
8c42     static const int charset子节点个数=4;//
4022     int end;
2e34     int tag[maxn],fail[maxn],trie[maxn][
      charset];
5d53     void init(){
59e7         tag[0]=undef;
196d         fill(trie[0],trie[0]+charset,-1);
feb8         end=1;
95cf     }
f53c     void add(int m,const char *s,int t)插入
      状态为{//t
ff1e         int p=0,index;
356f         for(int i=0;i<m;i++){
c273             index=strchr(atcg,s[i])-atcg;
9c09             if(trie[p][index]==-1){
5e5e                 tag[end]=undef;
f543                 fill(trie[end],trie[end]+charset
                      ,-1);
bc80                 trie[p][index]=end++;
95cf             }
79dc             p=trie[p][index];
95cf         }
7b5e         tag[p]=t;
95cf     }
2114     void build(){
dfc8         queue<int>bfs;
a7a6         fail[0]=0;
6830         for(int i=0;i<charset;i++){
131c             if(trie[0][i]!=-1){
9b4d                 fail[trie[0][i]]=0;
79f5                 bfs.push(trie[0][i]);
95cf             }
649a         else

```

```

      trie[0][i]=0;
      }
      while(!bfs.empty()){
          int p=bfs.front();
          tag[p]=tag[fail[p]];
          bfs.pop();
          for(int i=0;i<charset;i++){
              if(trie[p][i]!=-1){
                  fail[trie[p][i]]=trie[fail[p]][
                      i];
                  bfs.push(trie[p][i]);
              }
              else
                  trie[p][i]=trie[fail[p]][i];
          }
      }
  }ac;
bool dp[2][1<<11][1<<11];
int sum[1<<11];
int w[101];
int main(){
    int i,j,k,t,cur,pre;
    while(scanf("%d%d",&n,&m)+1){
        ac.init();
        for(i=0;i<n;i++){
            scanf("%s %d",in,&w[i]);
            ac.add(strlen(in),in,1<<i);
        }
        ac.build();
        memset(sum,0,sizeof(sum));
        for(i=0;i<(1<<10);i++)
            for(j=0;j<n;j++){
                if(i&(1<<j))
                    sum[i]+=w[j];
            }
        memset(dp,false,sizeof(dp));
        cur=0,pre=1;
        dp[cur][0][0]=true;
        for(i=0;i<m;i++){
            swap(cur,pre);
            memset(dp[cur],false,sizeof(dp[cur]
                ));
            for(int j=0;j<ac.end;j++){
                for(k=0;k<4;k++){
                    int nxt=ac.trie[j][k];
                    for(t=0;t<(1<<n);t++)
                        dp[cur][nxt][t|ac.tag[nxt]] |=
                            dp[pre][j][t];
                }
            }
        }
        int ans=-1;
        for(i=0;i<(1<<n);i++)

```

```

5ad9     for(j=0;j<ac.end;j++){
1daa         if(dp[cur][j][i]){
7968             ans=max(ans,sum[i]);
95cf         }
95cf     }
3214     if(ans<0)puts("No Rabbit after
           2012!");
e0fa     else cout<<ans<<endl;
95cf     }
95cf }

```

5.7 kmp

```

e0a5 #include<iostream>
59b9 #include<cstdio>
8c52 #include<map>
6326 #include<set>
ef2f #include<cstring>
2349 #include<string>
421c using namespace std;
427e
427e //extended kmp
427e //nxt[] & ext[] should be clarify out of
           the function
99b8 void ExtendKmp(char s[],int ls,char t[],
           int lt)
4506 {
c8ed     int i,j,k;
3f1e     int Len,L;
427e
27ef     j=0;
8a9f     while(t[j+1]==t[j]&&j+1<lt) j++;
6a3e     nxt[1]=j,k=1;
427e
7588     for(i=2;i<lt;i++){
c163         Len=k+nxt[k],L=nxt[i-k];
0c66         if(Len>L+i) nxt[i]=L;
037f         else{
00d5             j=Len-i>0?Len-i:0;
e0db             while(t[i+j]==t[j]&&i+j<lt) j++;
a782             nxt[i]=j,k=i;
95cf         }
95cf     }
27ef     j=0;
70fe     while(s[j]==t[j]&&j<lt&&j<ls) j++;
bd73     ext[0]=j,k=0;
427e
bf8b     for(i=1;i<ls;i++){
8241         Len=k+ext[k],L=nxt[i-k];
93ba         if(Len>L+i) ext[i]=L;
037f         else{
00d5             j=Len-i>0?Len-i:0;
d6e6             while(s[i+j]==t[j]&&i+j<ls&&j<lt)
                j++;

```

```

           ext[i]=j,k=i;
           }
       }
   }
//kmp
427e
427e void get_ne(char* p,int *nex)
4506 {
6b27     int i=0;int j=-1;
9d06     nex[0]=-1;
26de     int L=strlen(p);
f044     while(i<L)
4506     {
84ee         if(j==-1||p[i]==p[j])
4506         {
b209             i++;j++;
f023             nex[i]=j;
95cf         }
649a         else
8051             j=nex[j];
427e     }
95cf }
95cf

```

5.8 Palindromic

```

void manacher( int* r, int len, int* p ) cce1
{
4506     int i, id, right = 0;
cc69     for( i = 0; i < len; ++i )
ab12     {
4506         if( i < right )
27c2             p[i] = min(p[2*id-i], right-i);
3fb4         else
649a             p[i] = 1;
0d63         while( i+p[i] < len && i-p[i] >= 0
357d             && r[i+p[i]] == r[i-p[i]] )
3a1f             p[i]++;
0eac         if( p[i] + i > right )
5bba         {
4506             right = p[i]+i;
d237             id = i;
d14a         }
95cf     }
95cf }
95cf

```

6 图论

6.1 Hamilton

```

//Hamilton 回路存在条件: 427e
// 每个点的度数超过一半点数 427e

```

```

427e // 复杂度 N^3 左右
427e //@
59b9 #include <stdio>
ef2f #include <string>
427e
4c18 #define MN 201
427e
b7b3 int map[MN][MN];
aa15 int N,M;
53a5 int ans[MN];
427e
90a3 void reverse( int ans[MN], int s, int t)
4506 {
e87d     int temp;
d7ae     while (s<t)
4506     {
cb13         temp=ans[s];
9ace         ans[s]=ans[t];
8ba6         ans[t]=temp;
3c90         s++;t--;
95cf     }
95cf }
427e
4871 void Hamilton()
4506 {
f392     int s=1,t;
6d29     int ansi=2,i,j,w,temp;
3fe0     bool vis[MN]={false};
87fb     memset(vis,0,sizeof vis);
7790     for (i=1;i<=N;i++)
0ba4         if (map[s][i]) break;
5093     t=i;
6299     vis[s]=vis[t]=1;
ea3a     ans[0]=s;ans[1]=t;
1f75     while (1)
4506     {
1f75         while (1)
4506         {
7790             for (i=1;i<=N;i++)
44dc                 if (map[t][i]&&!vis[i])
4506                 {
4d1d                     ans[ansi++]=i;
1080                     vis[i]=1;
5093                     t=i;
6173                     break;
95cf                 }
882c             if (i>N) break;
95cf         }
4fa4         w=ansi-1;
14dc         i=0;
8ed9         reverse(ans,i,w);
02b3         temp=s;
f770         s=t;t=temp;

```

```

while (1) 1f75
{ 4506
    for (i=1;i<=N;i++) 7790
        if (map[t][i]&&!vis[i]) 44dc
        { 4506
            ans[ansi++]=i;vis[i]=1; 5260
            t=i; 5093
            break; 6173
        } 95cf
        if (i>N) break; 882c
    } 95cf
    if (!map[s][t]) fd5b
    { 4506
        for (i=1;i<ansi-2;i++) 110b
            if (map[ans[i]][t]&&map[s][ans[i 2fc4
                +1]]) break;
        w=ansi-1; 4fa4
        i++; a42b
        t=ans[i]; 642b
        reverse(ans,i,w); 8ed9
    } 95cf
    if (ansi==N) return; 34fc
    for (j=1;j<=N;j++) 5cfc
    { 4506
        if (vis[j]) continue; ccf8
        for (i=1;i<ansi-2;i++) 110b
            if (map[ans[i]][j]) break; 2d6a
            if (map[ans[i]][j]) break; 2d6a
    } 95cf
    s=ans[i-1]; 7dd0
    t=j; 9f0e
    reverse(ans,0,i-1); 905e
    reverse(ans,i,ansi-1); b398
    ans[ansi++]=j; be20
    vis[j]=1; 59bb
    } 95cf
} 95cf
int main() 427e
{ 299c
    while (scanf("%d%d",&N,&M)!=EOF) 4506
    { 4506
        memset(map,0,sizeof map); acaf
        int a,b; e635
        while (M--) 3e4a
        { 4506
            scanf("%d%d",&a,&b); a6b8
            map[a][b]=map[b][a]=1; 69bc
        } 95cf
    } 427e
    Hamilton(); 16db
    for (int i=0;i<N-1;i++) printf("%d ", ea0f
        ans[i]);

```

```

8c45     printf("%d\n",ans[N-1]);
07ea     for (int i=0;i<N-1;i++)
6a10         if (!map[ans[i]][ans[(i+1)%N]])
            while (1);
95cf     }
7021     return 0;
95cf }

```

6.2 HopcraftKarp

```

427e // HK 解二分图匹配
427e // 复杂度 O(sqrt(N)*M)
427e // *@
59b9 #include <stdio>
ef2f #include <string>
427e
4cbf #define MN 50001
0889 #define MM 150001
427e
427e struct E_Node
4506 {
28a5     int v,ne;
f9e1 } E[MM];
427e
7c0e int R[MN],e_sz;
aa15 int N,M;
427e
d699 void Add( int a, int b)
4506 {
ddad     E[++e_sz].v=b;E[e_sz].ne=R[a];R[a]=e_sz
        ;
95cf }
427e
88f1 void init()
4506 {
1282     e_sz=0;
ab17     memset(R,0,sizeof R);
95cf }
427e
427e int ans,qsz;
427e
8ec5 int Qu[MN*2],Lx[MN],Ly[MN],Cx[MN],Cy[MN];
427e
e459 bool BFS()
4506 {
c93c     int p,u,v;
f25a     bool flag=0;
1034     qsz=0;
c802     for (int i=1;i<=N;i++)
a0d0         if (Cx[i]==-1) Qu[++qsz]=i,Lx[i]=1;
3fd6     memset(Ly,0xff,sizeof(Ly[0])*(M+1));
aa16     for (int i=1;i<=qsz;i++)

```

```

{
4506     u=Qu[i];
1a30     for (p=R[u];p;p=E[p].ne)
f05c         {
4506             v=E[p].v;
43a3             if (Ly[v]==-1)
dc20                 {
4506                     Ly[v]=Lx[u]+1;
a04e                     if (Cy[v]==-1) flag=1;
0d23                     else
649a                         {
4506                             Qu[++qsz]=Cy[v];
19cf                             Lx[Cy[v]]=Ly[v]+1;
a158                         }
95cf                     }
95cf                 }
95cf             }
95cf         }
01d8     return flag;
95cf }
427e
ec04 bool Dfs( int k)
4506 {
0470     for (int p=R[k];p;p=E[p].ne)
68e3         if (Ly[E[p].v]==Lx[k]+1)
4506             {
1ef9                 Ly[E[p].v]=-1;
7c7e                 if (Cy[E[p].v]==-1||Dfs(Cy[E[p].v]))
4506                     {
f491                         Cy[E[p].v]=k;
e929                         Cx[k]=E[p].v;
7459                         return 1;
95cf                     }
95cf                 }
7021             }
95cf         }
427e     }
427e     return 0;
7b71 }
427e
7360 Add(a,b);
f3ef
4390 ans=0;
memset(Cx,0xff,(N+1)*sizeof(Cx[0]));
memset(Cy,0xff,(M+1)*(sizeof(Cy[0])))
;
while (BFS())
6ab9 {
4506     for (int i=N;i;i--)
3c73         if (Cx[i]==-1&&Dfs(i)) ans++;
3ed3     }
95cf     printf("%d\n",ans);
53b1 }
95cf

```

6.3 HopcraftKarp

```

427e // HK 解二分图匹配复杂度
427e // O(sqrt(N)*M)
427e /**@
59b9 #include <stdio>
ef2f #include <cstring>
427e
4cbf #define MN 50001
0889 #define MM 150001
427e
427e struct E_Node
4506 {
28a5     int v,ne;
f9e1 } E[MM];
427e
7c0e int R[MN],e_sz;
aa15 int N,M;
427e
d699 void Add( int a, int b)
4506 {
ddad     E[++e_sz].v=b;E[e_sz].ne=R[a];R[a]=e_sz
95cf }
427e
88f1 void init()
4506 {
1282     e_sz=0;
ab17     memset(R,0,sizeof R);
95cf }
427e
427e int ans,qs;
427e
8ec5 int Qu[MN*2],Lx[MN],Ly[MN],Cx[MN],Cy[MN];
427e
e459 bool BFS()
4506 {
c93c     int p,u,v;
f25a     bool flag=0;
1034     qs=0;
c802     for (int i=1;i<=N;i++)
a0d0         if (Cx[i]==-1) Qu[++qs]=i,Lx[i]=1;
3fd6     memset(Ly,0xff,sizeof(Ly[0])*(M+1));
aa16     for (int i=1;i<=qs;i++)
4506     {
1a30         u=Qu[i];
f05c         for (p=R[u];p;E[p].ne)
4506         {
43a3             v=E[p].v;
dc20             if (Ly[v]==-1)
4506             {
a04e                 Ly[v]=Lx[u]+1;
0d23                 if (Cy[v]==-1) flag=1;

```

```

else
{
    Qu[++qs]=Cy[v];
    Lx[Cy[v]]=Ly[v]+1;
}
}
}
return flag;
}
bool Dfs( int k)
{
    for (int p=R[k];p;E[p].ne)
        if (Ly[E[p].v]==Lx[k]+1)
        {
            Ly[E[p].v]=-1;
            if (Cy[E[p].v]==-1||Dfs(Cy[E[p].v]))
            {
                Cy[E[p].v]=k;
                Cx[k]=E[p].v;
                return 1;
            }
        }
    return 0;
}
Add(a,b);
ans=0;
memset(Cx,0xff,(N+1)*sizeof(Cx[0]));
memset(Cy,0xff,(M+1)*(sizeof(Cy[0])))
;
while (BFS())
{
    for (int i=N;i-->0)
        if (Cx[i]==-1&&Dfs(i)) ans++;
}
printf("%d\n",ans);
}

```

6.4 Hungary

```

// 匈牙利算法解二分图匹配
// 一般小于 NM
/**@
bool Vis[MN];
int Link[MN];
int Cache[MN];
int Csz;
bool find( int k)

```

```

4506 {
0470     for (int p=R[k];p;p=E[p].ne)
4d33         if (!Vis[E[p].v])
4506             {
39cb                 Vis[E[p].v]=1;
6bbc                 Cache[++Csz]=E[p].v;
f267                 if (!Link[E[p].v])
4506                     {
17ae                     Link[E[p].v]=k;
3361                     return true;
95cf                 }
fc61                 if (find(Link[E[p].v]))
4506                     {
17ae                     Link[E[p].v]=k;
3361                     return true;
95cf                 }
95cf             }
438e         return false;
95cf     }
427e
f531     memset(Link,0,sizeof Link);
c802     for (int i=1;i<=N;i++)
4506     {
73c9         for (int k=1;k<=Csz;k++)
c926             Vis[Cache[k]]=0;
19e8             Csz=0;
8f54             if (find(cc(i,j))) ans++;
95cf     }

```

6.5 KM

```

427e //KM
427e // 二分图最佳匹配
427e // 点数不等时添加虚拟点, 与所有点的边权为 0
427e // 点数不等时不能将边权变负, 要用 INF 去减
427e //N^3
427e
59b9 #include <cstdio>
ef2f #include <cstring>
427e
1d4b #define MN 301
1cc6 #define INF 0x7fffffff
427e
d7e9 int w[MN][MN];
5897 int lx[MN],ly[MN];
d96c int linky[MN];
9859 int visx[MN],visy[MN];
9012 int slack[MN];
d7af int N;
6097 bool find(int x)
4506 {
28d0     visx[x] = true;
5647     for(int y = 1; y <=N; y++)
4506     {

```

```

if(visy[y]) aab6
    continue; b333
int t = lx[x] + ly[y] - w[x][y]; 44b7
if(t==0) d790
{ 4506
    visy[y] = true; d2aa
    if(linky[y]==-1 || find(linky[y])) 6def
    { 4506
        linky[y] = x; b930
        return true; 3361
    } 95cf
} 95cf
else if(slack[y] > t) cf8b
    slack[y] = t; 52e5
} 95cf
return false; 438e
} 95cf

int KM() 427e
{ 45ef
    int i,j; 4506
    memset(linky,-1,sizeof(linky)); 576f
    memset(ly,0,sizeof(ly)); 427e
    for(i = 1; i <=N; i++) 76e3
    { b7b2
        lx[i] = -INF; 7790
        for(j = 1; j <=N; j++) 4506
        { 7b3c
            if(w[i][j] > lx[i]) 5cf5
                lx[i] = w[i][j]; 7f0c
        } c66c
    } 95cf

    for(int x = 1; x <=N; x++) 427e
    { 67de
        for(i = 1; i <=N; i++) 4506
        { 7790
            slack[i] = INF; a6e7
            while(true) 66e0
            { 4506
                memset(visx,0,sizeof(visx)); e77f
                memset(visy,0,sizeof(visy)); 688c
                if(find(x)) 3333
                    break; 6173
                int d = INF; 065a
                for(i = 1; i <=N; i++) 7790
                { 4506
                    if(!visy[i] && d > slack[i]) df80
                        d = slack[i]; bae8
                } 95cf
                for(i = 1; i <=N; i++) 7790
                { 4506
                    if(visx[i]) f248
                        lx[i] -= d; 529c
                } 95cf
            }

```



```

7790     for(i = 1; i <=N; i++)
4506     {
4427         if(visy[i])
ab77             ly[i] += d;
649a         else
a397             slack[i] -= d;
95cf     }
95cf }
bf72 int result = 0;
7790 for(i = 1; i <=N; i++)
f7d9 if(linky[i]>-1)
a453     result += w[linky[i]][i];
56b0 return result;
95cf }
427e
299c int main()
4506 {
3dda     while (scanf("%d",&N)!=EOF)
4506     {
39be         memset(w,0,sizeof w);
c802         for (int i=1;i<=N;i++)
f595             for (int j=1;j<=N;j++) scanf("%d",&
05c2                 w[i][j]);
95cf         printf("%d\n",KM());
95cf     }
95cf }

```

6.6 lca

```

427e // 建树和倍增求 lca
427e
427e //buildtree
427e
727b int dep[MN],root[MN];
0ae7 int ancestor[MN][logMN];
79ea void buildtree( int k)
4506 {
0b49     vis[k]=1;
0470     for (int p=R[k];p;p=E[p].ne)
4506     {
f90d         if (vis[E[p].v]) continue;
b082         ancestor[E[p].v][0]=k,dep[E[p].v]=
dep[k]+1,root[E[p].v]=root[k],
buildtree(E[p].v);
95cf     }
95cf }
427e //lca_init
427e // 可以处理森林
1b95 void lca_init( int N)
4506 {
5750     memset(ancestor,0,sizeof ancestor);
91c5     for (int i=1;i<=N;i++) vis[i]=0;
c802     for (int i=1;i<=N;i++)

```

```

if (ancestor[i][0]==0) dep[i]=1, 014c
    root[i]=i,buildtree(i);
427e
for (int k=1;k<=log2(N);k++) 4a2e
    for (int i=1;i<=N;i++) c802
        ancestor[i][k]=ancestor[ancestor[
i][k-1]][k-1]; 98fc
} 95cf
//return lca(a,b) 427e
//return -1 if a,b in diffirent tree 427e
int lca_query( int a, int b, int N) 82b0
{ 4506
    int ans=dep[a]+dep[b]; bb4f
    if (root[a]!=root[b]) return -1; 5801
    if (a==b) return a; 686e
    if (dep[a]>dep[b]) swap(a,b); 6371
    for (int k=0;k<=log2(N);k++) if ((1<< 798a
        k)&delta) b=ancestor[b][k];
    if (a==b) return a; 686e
    for (int k=log2(N);k>=0;k--) if ( 7b0a
        ancestor[a][k]!=ancestor[b][k]) a=
        ancestor[a][k],b=ancestor[b][k];
    return ancestor[a][0]; b01a
} 95cf

```

6.7 MaxcostMaxflow

```

// 最小费用路增广 bySPFA 427e
//*@ 427e
#include <cstdio> 59b9
#include <cstring> ef2f
#include <queue> acb9
427e
using namespace std; 421c
427e
#define MN 30 e8b6
#define MM 100000 8c3b
#define INF 0x7fffffff 1cc6
427e
int T,N,M,K; aa81
int Lim[MN],Like[MN][MN],l,cases; cb35
427e
struct MaxcostMaxflow 0c77
{ 4506
    struct E_Node 673f
    { 4506
        int v,f,c,op,ne; 8253
    } E[MM]; f9e1
    int R[MN],sz; 5586
    int S,T; 9bfc
    void Add( int a, int b, int c, int d) cb15
    { 4506
        E[++sz].v=b;E[sz].ne=R[a];R[a]=sz;E[ 233c

```

```

        sz].f=c;E[sz].c=d;
95cf    }
d3c6    void Ins( int a, int b, int c, int d)
4506    {
4238        if (!c) return ;
18b4        Add(a,b,c,d);E[sz].op=sz+1;
11e8        Add(b,a,0,-d);E[sz].op=sz-1;
95cf    }
7d24    bool B[MN];
0e46    int D[MN],F[MN];
3d1d    int maxcost,maxflow;
88f1    void init()
4506    {
1bb9        sz=0;
ab17        memset(R,0,sizeof R);
1fd4        maxcost=maxflow=0;
95cf    }
aafa    queue<int> Q;
64de    bool SPFA()
4506    {
3ccf        int u,m,p;
a058        while (!Q.empty()) Q.pop();
e753        Q.push(S);
5480        for (int i=1;i<=T;i++) D[i]=-INF,B[i]
            ]=0;
eb5f        D[S]=0;B[S]=1;
1b18        while (!Q.empty())
4506        {
50ae            u=Q.front();
f2f8            Q.pop();
f05c            for (p=R[u];p;p=E[p].ne)
94ec                if (E[p].f&&D[u]+E[p].c>D[E[p].v]
                    ])
4506                {
32ff                    D[E[p].v]=D[u]+E[p].c;
6c54                    F[E[p].v]=p;
d185                    if (!B[E[p].v])
4506                    {
fa94                        B[E[p].v]=1;
bae3                        if (!Q.empty()&&D[Q.front()]<
                            D[E[p].v])
4506                        {
8b65                            Q.push(Q.front());
99c8                            Q.front()=E[p].v;
887e                        } else Q.push(E[p].v);
95cf                    }
95cf                }
fa2d                B[u]=0;
95cf            }
d2b6            if (D[T]==-INF) return 0;
649a            else
4506            {
c088                u=T;m=INF;

```

```

        while (u!=S)
        {
            m=min(m,E[F[u]].f);
            u=E[E[F[u]].op].v;
        }
        maxflow+=m;
        maxcost+=m*D[T];
        u=T;
        while (u!=S)
        {
            E[F[u]].f-=m;
            E[E[F[u]].op].f+=m;
            u=E[E[F[u]].op].v;
        }
        return 1;
    }
} G;
/*
    G.S=N+M+1;G.T=G.S+1;
    for (int j=1;j<=M;j++) G.Ins(N+j,G.T
        ,1,0);
    while (G.SPFA());
    if (G.maxcost+M-G.maxflow>=1) puts("
        YES");
    else puts("NO");
*/

```

6.8 NetworkFlow

```

//Dinic
// 当前弧、多路增广、断层优化
/*@
#include <cstring>
#define MN 1000
#define MM 100000
struct E_Node
{
    int a,b,opp,ne;
    int f;
} E[MM];
int R[MN],e_sz;

struct s_node{
    int v,p;
} s[MN];

int top,N,M,S,T,ans;
int Q[MN],L[MN];

```

```

4b4a bool hash[MN];
427e
88f1 void init()
4506 {
ab17     memset(R, 0, sizeof R);
1282     e_sz=0;
7360     ans=0;
95cf }
427e
0a45 void add( int a, int b, int c){
5242     E[++e_sz].a=a;E[e_sz].b=b;E[e_sz].f=c;
ae1c     E[e_sz].ne=R[a];R[a]=e_sz;
95cf }
427e
e9ba void ins( int a, int b, int c){
00d3     add(a,b,c);
c75f     E[e_sz].opp=e_sz+1;
131a     add(b,a,0);
f992     E[e_sz].opp=e_sz-1;
95cf }
427e
6193 int BFS(){
ad27     int h,t,p;
33f5     memset(L, 0, sizeof(L));
879c     Q[h=t=1]=S;
a7f5     L[S]=1;
e2aa     for (;h<=t;h++){
837d         for (p=R[Q[h]];p;p=E[p].ne)
ca1d             if (E[p].f&&(!L[E[p].b])){
713f                 L[E[p].b]=L[Q[h]]+1;
3c1d                 Q[++t]=E[p].b;
95cf             }
9296         if (L[T]) return L[T];
95cf     }
e010     return L[T];
95cf }
427e
8cef int augmented(){
5dd6     int min=0x7fffffff;
eb8e     int mins;
fb9d     for (int i=1;i<top;i++)
9a8b         if (E[s[i].p].f<min){
6a1b             min=E[s[i].p].f;
7441             mins=i;
95cf         }
c66b     for (int i=1;i<top;i++){
9eb5         E[s[i].p].f-=min;
b362         E[E[s[i].p].opp].f+=min;
95cf     }
2294     ans+=min;
9407     return mins;
95cf }
427e

```

```

void Dinic(){
9690     bool f;
2f55     int *p,*v;
a591     s[top=1].v=S;s[1].p=0;
10a0     memset(hash,true,sizeof(hash));
d9aa     while (top){
55e4         v=&s[top].v;
0cc3         p=&s[top].p;
ac2c         if (*v==T){
3605             top=augmented();
454a             continue;
b333         }
95cf         if (*p)
607d             *p=E[*p].ne;
c70d         else
649a             *p=R[*v];
27e8         f=false;
3b7e         for (;*p;*p=E[*p].ne)
9933             if (hash[E[*p].b]&&E[*p].f&&L[*v]
4eeb                 ]+1==L[E[*p].b]){
b97a                 s[++top].v=E[*p].b;
5fad                 s[top].p=0;
6aed                 top++;
69dc                 f=true;
6173                 break;
95cf             }
d954             if (!f)
cdee                 hash[s[top].v]=false;
e9a7             top--;
95cf         }
95cf     }
427e
//init();
427e
//ins(a,b,c);
427e
//while (BFS()) Dinic();
427e

```

6.9 SCC

```

//SCC by Tarjan
427e
// nowc 连通分量个数
427e
/*@
427e
#include<cstdio>
59b9
#include<cstring>
ef2f
#include<stack>
8207
#include<algorithm>
54ff
427e
using namespace std;
421c
427e
#define MN 20001
ab66
#define MM 50001
b120
427e
int N,M,T;
fbb8
427e
struct Graph
0c98

```

```

4506 {
a981     struct E_Node{
28a5         int v,ne;
f9e1     } E[MM];
5586     int R[MN],sz;
0d5d     void Add( int a, int b){
1352         E[++sz].v=b;E[sz].ne=R[a];R[a]=sz;
95cf     }
870e     stack<int> S;
7d24     bool B[MN];
b156     int D[MN],L[MN],C[MN],SZ[MN];
85a3     int nowc,nowd;
9372     void Dfs( int k){
0c3d         D[k]=L[k]=++nowd;
d651         B[k]=1;S.push(k);
0470         for (int p=R[k];p;p=E[p].ne)
2f4c             if (B[E[p].v]) L[k]=min(L[k],D[E[p].v]);
8ee9             else if (!D[E[p].v]) Dfs(E[p].v),L[k]=min(L[k],L[E[p].v]);
35b1         if (D[k]==L[k]){
3b67             int v;
9c48             nowc++;
a69f             do{
a4a8                 v=S.top();
1894                 B[v]=0;
c9fd                 SZ[nowc]++;
1039                 S.pop();
9f0e                 C[v]=nowc;
14a1             }while(v!=k);
95cf         }
95cf     }
6e8b     void Rebuild( Graph &GG)
4506     {
2776         GG.init();
c802         for (int i=1;i<=N;i++)
8220             for (int p=R[i];p;p=E[p].ne)
83af                 if (C[E[p].v]!=C[i]) GG.Add(C[i],C[E[p].v]);
95cf     }
7a60     void SCC(){
c802         for (int i=1;i<=N;i++)
25b5             if (!D[i]) Dfs(i);
95cf     }
88f1     void init()
4506     {
80a6         nowc=nowd=0;
1bb9         sz=0;
a31c         memset(B,0,sizeof B);
ab17         memset(R,0,sizeof R);
d799         memset(D,0,sizeof D);
e11b         memset(SZ,0,sizeof SZ);
95cf     }

```

```

} G; ff9a
//G.init(); 427e
//G.SCC(); 427e
//G.Rebuild(GG); 427e

6.10 Vconnect

#include <cstdio> 59b9
#include <cstring> ef2f
#include <algorithm> 54ff
#include <set> 6326
#include <vector> 09f7
#include <stack> 8207
#include <cmath> c928

using namespace std; 427e

#define MN 410000 421c
#define MM 2000000 427e
#define logMN 19 6c7d
#define pb(x) push_back(x) 3c56

int N,M; 5eec
 682b
 427e
aa15
 427e

struct Graph 0c98
{
4506     struct E_Node
673f     {
4506         int a,v,ne;
a15a         } E[MM];
f9e1
427e
7c0e
427e
427e
c5de
4506
e53f
98b5
95cf
427e
4c87
80ca
427e
88f1
4506
1282
ab17
427e
427e
95cf
427e
427e

```

```

427e //Rebuild重构图
427e //
427e //E[],R[],N,col[],color
427e //G
060e int _col[MN];
427e
6e8b void Rebuild( Graph &GG)
4506 {
2776     GG.init();
f4f9     for (int i=1;i<=color;i++) GG.cut[i]
        ]=0;
c802     for (int i=1;i<=N;i++)
4506     {
9f92         if (cut[i])
4506         {
79b7             GG.cut[col[i]=++color]=1;
8220             for (int p=R[i];p;p=E[p].ne)
2975                 GG.Add(col[i],O[p]),GG.Add(O[p]
                    ],col[i]);
95cf         }
95cf     }
c5da     for (int i=1;i<=color;i++) GG.SZ[i]
        ]=0;
5f3a     for (int i=1;i<=N;i++) GG.SZ[col[i]
        ]++;
95cf }
427e
427e //Edge_Connect边双连通分量
427e //
427e //E[],R[],N先去重边
427e //
427e
024e bool vis[MN];
6e90 int dfs[MN],low[MN];
79ea int col[MN];
9ba1 bool vise[MM];
57b2 int color,cc;
50d0 bool cut[MN];
ae27 stack<int> stk;
541b vector<int> cedge;
427e
9276 int op( int p)
4506 {
29da     if (p&1) return p+1;
ddf2     else return p-1;
95cf }
427e
b988 int ci,cp;
f0e2 void Cedge()
4506 {
a725     for (ci=0;ci<cedge.size();ci++)
4133         for (cp=R[cedge[ci]];cp;cp=E[cp].ne
            )
                if (col[cedge[ci]]==col[E[cp].v])
                    O[cp]=O[op(cp)]=col[cedge[ci]];
                }
                int CO[MN];
                int pp[MN];
                void Dfs( int k)
                {
                    vis[k]=1;
                    stk.push(k);
                    low[k]=dfs[k]=++cc;
                    CO[k]=0;
                #define p pp[k]
                    for (p=R[k];p;p=E[p].ne)
                    {
                        if (vise[p])
                        {
                            // low[k]=min(low[k],dfs[E[p].v]);
                            continue;
                        }
                        vise[p]=vise[op(p)]=1;
                        if (!vis[E[p].v]) Dfs(E[p].v),CO[k]
                            ]++,low[k]=min(low[k],low[E[p].v
                                ]);
                        else
                        {
                            low[k]=min(low[k],dfs[E[p].v]);
                            continue;//
                        }
                        if (dfs[k]==1&&CO[k]>1) cut[k]=1;
                        else if (dfs[k]!=1&&dfs[k]<=low[E[p]
                            ].v)) cut[k]=1;
                        if (dfs[k]<=low[E[p].v])
                        {
                            cedge.clear();
                            col[k]=++color;
                            col[E[p].v]=color;
                            cedge.pb(k);
                            cedge.pb(E[p].v);
                            while (stk.top()!=E[p].v)
                            {
                                col[stk.top()]=color;
                                cedge.pb(stk.top());
                                stk.pop();
                            }
                            stk.pop();
                            Cedge();
                        }
                    }
                }
                //stk.pop();
            }
        }
    }

```

```

52c1 #undef p
427e
885f void Edge_Connect()
4506 {
d235     memset(cut,0,sizeof cut);
77f1     while (stk.size()) stk.pop();
2707     for (int i=0;i<=e_sz;i++) vise[i]=0;
427e
1120     color=cc=0;
c802     for (int i=1;i<=N;i++)
e88f         vis[i]=0,col[i]=0;
c802     for (int i=1;i<=N;i++)
4506     {
395c         cc=0;
07c3         if (!vis[i]) Dfs(i);
56eb         /* if (stk.size())
4506         {
b704             ++color;
7099             while (stk.size())
4506             {
3d2d                 col[stk.top()]=color;
75b6                 stk.pop();
95cf             }
fe38         }*/
95cf     }
95cf }
427e
427e //buildtree建树
427e //
727b int dep[MN],root[MN];
0ae7 int ancestor[MN][logMN];
2a08 int F[MN][logMN];
320d int W[MN][logMN];
f7d7 int P[MN];
bf51 #define p pp[k]
79ea void buildtree( int k)
4506 {
0b49     vis[k]=1;
3cb5     for (p=R[k];p;p=E[p].ne)
4506     {
f90d         if (vis[E[p].v]) continue;
4522         /* if (cut[k]&&cut[E[p].v])
4506         {
885d             puts("");
fe38         }*/
427e
3c65         if (cut[k]==1) P[E[p].v]++;
18f1         if (cut[E[p].v]==1) P[k]++;
0854         ancestor[E[p].v][0]=k,F[E[p].v][0]=
            SZ[E[p].v],dep[E[p].v]=dep[k]+1,
            root[E[p].v]=root[k],buildtree(E[
                p].v);
95cf     }

```

```

    }
95cf
    #undef p
52c1
    //lca_init
427e
    //预处理lca可以处理森林
427e
    //
427e
    void lca_init( int N)
1b95
    {
4506
        memset(ancestor,0,sizeof ancestor);
5750
        for (int i=1;i<=N;i++) vis[i]=0,P[i]
935d
            =0;
        for (int i=1;i<=N;i++)
c802
            if (ancestor[i][0]==0) F[i][0]=SZ[i]
be65
                ,dep[i]=1,root[i]=i,buildtree(i)
                ;
427e
        for (int i=1;i<=N;i++)
c802
        {
4506
            if (cut[i]) P[i]=0,F[i][0]=1;F[i]
d611
                [0]+=P[i];
95cf
        }
        for (int k=1;k<=log2(N);k++)
4a2e
            for (int i=1;i<=N;i++)
c802
            {
4506
                ancestor[i][k]=ancestor[ancestor[
98fc
                    i][k-1]][k-1];
                F[i][k]=F[i][k-1]+F[ancestor[i][k
0630
                    -1]][k-1];
95cf
            }
95cf
        }
427e
        //return lca(a,b)
427e
        //return -1 if a,b in diffirent tree
427e
        int lca_query(int a, int b, int N)
82b0
        {
4506
            int ans=0,tans=0,tt=0;
e66e
            if (root[a]!=root[b]) return 0;
53e6
            if (a==b) return F[a][0];
a9ad
            if (dep[a]>dep[b]) swap(a,b);
6371
            int delta=dep[b]-dep[a];
d0b6
            ans=-delta;
8c70
            for (int k=0;k<=log2(N);k++) if ((1<<
0abf
                k)&delta) ans+=F[b][k],b=ancestor[b]
                [k];
            if (a==b) return ans+F[a][0];
fdd8
            for (int k=log2(N);k>=0;k--) if (
8028
                ancestor[a][k]!=ancestor[b][k]) ans
                +=F[a][k]+F[b][k],ans-=1<<(k+1),a=
                ancestor[a][k],b=ancestor[b][k];
            return ans+F[a][0]+F[b][0]+F[ancestor
0c1e
                [a][0]][0]-2;
95cf
        }
427e
    } G,GG;
bef6

```

```

427e
427e
ea31 int cases;
427e
299c int main()
4506 {
e635     int a,b;
60b7     while (scanf("%d%d",&N,&M)!=EOF)
4506     {
1945         G.init();
427e         //Edge.clear();
a874         for (int i=1;i<=M;i++)
4506         {
a6b8             scanf("%d%d",&a,&b);
4bbc             a++;b++;
427e             // if (Edge.find(make_pair(a,b))!=
                Edge.end()) continue;
03ff             G.Add(a,b);G.Add(b,a);
427e             // Edge.insert(make_pair(a,b));
427e             // Edge.insert(make_pair(b,a));
95cf         }
c01f         G.Edge_Connect();
b6c8         G.Rebuild(GG);
e9b6         GG.lca_init(G.color);
427e
9523         int T;
1fd9         scanf("%d",&T);
524a         printf("Case #d:\n",++cases);
7d0e         while (T—)
4506         {
a6b8             scanf("%d%d",&a,&b);
4bbc             a++;b++;
442b             if (a==b) printf("%d\n",N-1);
eba2             else printf("%d\n",N-GG.lca_query(G
                .col[a],G.col[b],G.color));
95cf         }
885d         puts("");
95cf     }
95cf }

```

6.11 Stoer-Wagne

```

427e // 全局最小割
427e //N^3
427e //@
e0a5 #include <iostream>
59b9 #include <cstdio>
ef2f #include <cstring>
421c using namespace std;
47b3 const int maxn=510;
0541 int map[maxn][maxn];
5c83 int n;
c827 void contract(int x,int y)
4506 {

```

```

int i,j;
for (i=0;i<n;i++)
    if (i!=x) map[x][i]+=map[y][i],map[i]
        ][x]+=map[i][y];
for (i=y+1;i<n;i++) for (j=0;j<n;j++)
    {
        map[i-1][j]=map[i][j];
        map[j][i-1]=map[j][i];
    }
    n—;
}
int w[maxn],c[maxn];
int sx,tx;
int mincut()
{
    int i,j,k,t;
    memset(c,0,sizeof(c));
    c[0]=1;
    for (i=0;i<n;i++) w[i]=map[0][i];
    for (i=1;i+1<n;i++)
    {
        t=k=-1;
        for (j=0;j<n;j++) if (c[j]==0&&w[j]>k
            )
            k=w[t=j];
        c[sx=t]=1;
        for (j=0;j<n;j++) w[j]+=map[t][j];
    }
    for (i=0;i<n;i++) if (c[i]==0) return w
        [tx=i];
}
int main()
{
    int i,j,k,m;
    while (scanf("%d%d",&n,&m)!=EOF)
    {
        memset(map,0,sizeof(map));
        while (m—)
        {
            scanf("%d%d%d",&i,&j,&k);
            map[i][j]+=k;
            map[j][i]+=k;
        }
        int mint=999999999;
        while (n>1)
        {
            k=mincut();
            if (k<mint) mint=k;
            contract(sx,tx);
        }
        printf("%d\n",mint);
    }
    return 0;
}

```

6.12 度限制生成树

```

95cf }

e0a5 #include <iostream>
ef0e #include <fstream>
9581 #include <climits>
acb9 #include <queue>
8c52 #include <map>
ef2f #include <cstring>
2349 #include <string>
421c using namespace std;
d8fa const int maxn = 25;
65a1 struct node
4506 {
7a26     int v, w;
329b };
a433 struct cmp
4506 {
3d46     bool operator() (const node &a, const
        node &b)
4506     {
1d47         return a.w > b.w; // 是从小到大.
95cf     }
329b };
53ee int n, m, s; // n 个点, m 条边, s 为原
        点. 点为有度数限制的点v0
701e int num;
4111 int minV0[maxn];
84b0 int total; // 限制的度数.
e8c8 int dist[maxn];
4363 int g[maxn][maxn]; // 用二维数组来记录图.
aede bool p[maxn];
627b int pre[maxn];
7680 int max_value[maxn], max_value_v[maxn];
172a priority_queue <node, vector<node>, cmp>
        Q;
bf86 map <string, int> Map;
9507 int ans;
1e17 void Prim(void);
4a0b void Solve(void);
d02f void Cal_max_value(int t);
8a96 int main(void)
4506 {
576f     int i, j;
f661     string name1, name2;
d900     int a, b, w;
769e     map <string, int>::iterator iter;
427e     // 初始化.
d8f6     Map.clear();
f041     Map["Park"] = 0;
deb8     for (i = 0; i <= maxn - 1; i++)
4506     {
f099         dist[i] = INT_MAX;

```

```

pre[i] = -1;
for (j = 0; j <= maxn - 1; j++)
{
    g[i][j] = INT_MAX;
}
}
n = 0;
cin >> m;
for (i = 1; i <= m; i++)
{
    cin >> name1 >> name2 >> w;
    iter = Map.find(name1);
    if (iter == Map.end())
    { // 说明该结点还不存在.
        n++;
        Map[name1] = n;
    }
    a = Map[name1];
    iter = Map.find(name2);
    if (iter == Map.end())
    { // 说明该结点还不存在.
        n++;
        Map[name2] = n;
    }
    b = Map[name2];
    if (g[a][b] > w)
    {
        g[a][b] = g[b][a] = w;
    }
}
cin >> total; // 输入限制的度数.
memset(p, 0, sizeof(p)); num = 0;
for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
{
    if (!p[i])
    {
        s = i;
        num++; minV0[num] = s;
        // 求除去限制结点的最小生成树.
        Prim();
    }
}
ans = 0;
for (i = 1; i <= n; i++) ans += dist[i];
// 求最小度限制生成树.
Solve();
printf("Total miles driven: %d\n", ans);
;
return 0;
}
void Prim(void)
{

```



```

c8ed    int i, j, k;
3495    node mini, temp;
a058    while (!Q.empty()) Q.pop();
c7c1    dist[s] = 0;
a8ed    temp.v = s; temp.w = 0;
6b09    Q.push(temp);
e0e5    for (k = 1; k <= n; k++)
4506    {
1b18        while (!Q.empty())
4506        {
c3cc            mini = Q.top();
f2f8            Q.pop();
6e31            j = mini.v;
6dbf            if (!p[j])
4506            {
cde5                p[j] = 1;
37a1                if (g[0][j] < g[0][minV0[num]])
4506                {
0423                    minV0[num] = j;
95cf                }
1f5c                for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
4506                {
ae84                    if (i != j && !p[i] && dist[i]
                        > g[j][i])
4506                    {
cf01                        dist[i] = g[j][i];
671b                        pre[i] = j;
d413                        temp.w = dist[i]; temp.v = i;
6b09                        Q.push(temp);
95cf                    }
95cf                }
6173                break;
95cf            }
95cf        }
95cf    }
95cf }
427e
4abc void Cal_max_value(int t)
4506 {
c8ed    int i, j, k;
bb7c    int Stack[maxn];
22df    int top(-1);
d46a    i = t;
437a    while (pre[i] != 0 && pre[i] != -1)
4506    {
0d63        p[i] = 1;
6a17        Stack[++top] = i;
59b2        i = pre[i];
95cf    }
9047    if (top < 0) return ;
f6a3    j = Stack[top];
abf1    max_value[j] = g[j][pre[j]];
8b10    max_value_v[j] = j;

```

```

427e    for (i = top - 1; i >= 0; i--)
990e    {
4506        j = Stack[i]; k = Stack[i + 1];
5cac        if (max_value[k] > g[j][pre[j]])
74d2        {
4506            max_value[j] = max_value[k];
30b8            max_value_v[j] = max_value_v[k];
4b3f        }
95cf    }
649a    else
4506    {
abf1        max_value[j] = g[j][pre[j]];
8b10        max_value_v[j] = j;
95cf    }
95cf }
95cf
void Solve(void)
a038 {
4506    int i, j, k, l;
80a8    int mini, opti_i, opti_maxV;
9059    .
dc9d    for (k = 1; k <= num; k++)
0e77    {
4506        ans += g[0][minV0[k]];
9bcb    }
427e    j = minV0[k]; i = pre[j];
8d9b    while (i != -1)
c32d    {
4506        l = i;
ae09        i = pre[l];
00ff        pre[l] = j;
034d        j = l;
0ffc    }
95cf    pre[minV0[k]] = 0;
ad40 }
95cf
427e    memset(p, 0, sizeof(p));
ce2a    for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
1f5c    {
4506        if (!p[i])
0dfd        {
4506            Cal_max_value(i);
5213        }
95cf    }
95cf    for (k = 1; k <= total - num; k++)
3f24    {
4506        mini = 0;
a722        for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
1f5c        {
4506            if (pre[i] == 0) continue;
33ca
427e            if (g[0][i] - max_value[i] < mini)
9639            {
4506

```

```

2a0e     mini = g[0][i] - max_value[i];
8b85     opti_i = i; opti_maxV = max_value_v
          [i];
95cf     }
95cf     }
6bbd     if (mini == 0) break;
dc8c     ans += mini;
427e
adda     pre[opti_maxV] = -1;
f116     j = opti_i; i = pre[j];
c32d     while (i != -1)
4506     {
ae09         l = i;
00ff         i = pre[l];
034d         pre[l] = j;
0ffc         j = l;
95cf     }
3647     pre[opti_i] = 0;
55fa     Cal_max_value(opti_maxV);
95cf     }
95cf }

```

6.13 最小树形图

```

e0a5 #include <iostream>
59b9 #include <cstdio>
ef2f #include <cstring>
c928 #include <cmath>
bfb3 #define MAXN 128
b080 #define MAXM 32768
2f38 #define INF 1e15
421c using namespace std;
4674 double g[MAXN][MAXN];
6849 double res;
35b8 int n, m;
935a double sqr(double x)
4506 {
ef78     return x * x;
95cf }
2d75 double dist(double xa, double ya, double
          xb, double yb)
4506 {
5550     return sqrt(sqr(xa - xb) + sqr(ya - yb)
          );
95cf }
18ce void print_map()
4506 {
2ad4     for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
4506     {
8c5b         for (int j = 1; j <= n; ++j)
03d4             printf("%.2f ", g[i][j]);
00e2         printf("\n");
95cf     }
95cf }

```

```

bool init()
28f2 {
4506     if (scanf("%d%d", &n, &m) == EOF)
f547         return false;
eec6     double x[MAXN], y[MAXN];
e635     int a, b;
2ad4     for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
3c14         scanf("%lf%lf", &x[i], &y[i]);
2ad4     for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
8c5b         for (int j = 1; j <= n; ++j)
f5a0             g[i][j] = INF;
2af5     for (int i = 1; i <= m; ++i)
4506     {
a6b8         scanf("%d%d", &a, &b);
3126         g[a][b] = min(g[a][b], dist(x[a], y[a]
          ], x[b], y[b]));
95cf     }
427e     //print_map();
3361     return true;
95cf }
c753 bool vst[MAXN];
8aca void dfs(int v)
4506 {
84ad     vst[v] = true;
2ad4     for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
7532         if (!vst[i] && g[v][i] != INF) dfs(i);
95cf }
1a66 bool possible(int v)
4506 {
ddf0     memset(vst, false, sizeof(vst));
5f3c     dfs(v);
2ad4     for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
48aa         if (i != v && !vst[i]) return false;
3361     return true;
95cf }
fe84 int pre[MAXN];
992d bool del[MAXN];
2656 void solve(int v) // 根为v
4506 {
f29e     res = 0;
b1b7     int num = n;
cec3     memset(del, false, sizeof(del));
1f75     while(1)
4506     {
a0f7         int i;
427e         // 更新数组pre
0428         for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
4506         {
50c1             if (del[i] || i == v) continue;
86f4             pre[i] = i;
f900             g[i][i] = INF;
8c5b             for (int j = 1; j <= n; ++j)

```

```

4506     {
fff9         if (del[j]) continue;
1f4f         if (g[j][i] < g[pre[i]][i])
671b             pre[i] = j;
95cf     }
95cf }
0428 for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
4506 {
427e     // 找环
50c1     if (del[i] || i == v) continue;
8541     int j = i;
fa64     memset(vst, 0, sizeof(vst));
ee9d     while (!vst[j] && j != v)
4506     {
99c6         vst[j] = true;
b66d         j = pre[j];
95cf     }
24ac     if (j == v) continue;
934c     i = j;
427e     // 更新, 有向环缩点res
b0c8     res += g[pre[i]][i];
348f     for(j = pre[i]; j != i; j = pre[j])
4506     {
6ac1         res += g[pre[j]][j];
2280         del[j] = true;
95cf     }
4b26     for(j = 1; j <= n; ++j)
4506     {
fff9         if(del[j]) continue;
a1f5         if(g[j][i] != INF)
48d3             g[j][i] -= g[pre[i]][i];
95cf     }更新缩点以后的有向环和其他点的边权
427e     //
348f     for(j = pre[i]; j != i; j = pre[j])
4506     {
ed11         for(int k = 1; k <= n; ++k)
4506         {
c844             if(del[k])continue;
170a             g[i][k] = min(g[i][k], g[j][k])
;
fc80             if(g[k][j] != INF)
664f                 g[k][i] = min(g[k][i], g[k][j]
- g[pre[j]][j]);
95cf         }
95cf     }
427e     // 完成缩点
348f     for(j = pre[i]; j != i; j = pre[j])
4506     {
2280         del[j] = true;
95cf     }
6173     break;
95cf }
427e // 不存在有向环时, 停止循环, 得出最终

```

```

        值res
if(i > n){
        6bff
    for(int i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
        2ad4
    {
        4506
        if(del[i] || i == v) continue;
        50c1
        res += g[pre[i]][i];
        b0c8
    }
    95cf
    break;
    6173
}
    95cf
}
    95cf
int main()
    299c
{
    4506
    while (init())
        1f56
    {
        4506
        if (!possible(1)) printf("poor snoopy
        a248
            \n");
        649a
        else
            4506
        {
            solve(1);
            1d60
            printf("%.2f\n", res);
            d6bf
        }
        95cf
    }
    95cf
    return 0;
    7021
}
    95cf

```

6.14 多重匹配

```

#include <stdio.h>
1915
const int maxn=100;
0cbb
int a[maxn],b[maxn],nov_a[maxn],nov_b[
a23c
    maxn];
    bac0
int w[maxn][maxn];
    4d9b
int m,n;
    6271
bool find(int i)
    4506
{
    nov_a[i]=0;
    a274
    for(int p=0;p<n;p++)
    b851
    if(w[i][p]==0&&nov_b[p])
    854a
    {
        4506
        nov_b[p]=0;
        5a4d
        if(b[p]>0)
        226a
        {
            4506
            b[p]--;
            aefb
            w[i][p]=1;
            060a
            return true;
            3361
        }
        95cf
    }
    for(int q=0;q<m;q++)
    2bc2
    if(w[q][p]==1&&nov_a[q])
    1ad5
    {
        4506
        if(find(q))
        b5be
        {
            4506
            w[i][p]=1;
            060a
            w[q][p]=0;
            0bb0
        }
    }
}

```

```

3361         return true;
95cf     }
95cf     }
95cf     }
438e     return false;
95cf }
653c bool gao(int i)
4506 {
e4c8     for(int j=0;j<m;j++)nov_a[j]=1;
66c3     for(int j=0;j<n;j++)nov_b[j]=1;
9044     return find(i);
95cf }
299c int main()
4506 {
e287     int cas=0;
a41b     while(scanf("%d%d",&m,&n)!=EOF&&(m|n))
4506     {
25fe         for(int i=0;i<m;i++)scanf("%d",&a[i])
;
e951         for(int i=0;i<n;i++)scanf("%d",&b[i])
;
548e         for(int i=0;i<m;i++)
6bf3         for(int j=0;j<n;j++)
dc5e         w[i][j]=0;
6e7e         bool ans=true;
548e         for(int i=0;i<m;i++)
4506         {
9212             while(a[i]>0&&gao(i))a[i]--;
4fe1             if(a[i]!=0)
4506             {
539e                 ans=false;
6173                 break;
95cf             }
95cf         }
f5a9         for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
e0ad         if(b[i]>0)ans=false;
548e         for(int i=0;i<m;i++)
6bf3         for(int j=0;j<n;j++)
4b54         if(w[i][j]==1)
4506         {
76a8             b[j]++;
bef5             w[i][j]=-1;
73cd             if(!gao(i))
4506             {
292e                 w[i][j]=1;
cd7b                 b[j]=0;
95cf             }
427e         }
95cf     }
6c4d     else w[i][j]=-1;
a27f     cas++;
a3dd     if(cas!=1)printf("\n");
a8ea     if(ans)

```

```

{
    for(int i=0;i<m;i++)
    {
        for(int j=0;j<n;j++)
            if(w[i][j]==1)printf("Y");
            else printf("N");
            printf("\n");
    }
}
else printf("Impossible\n");
}
}

```

7 java 样例

7.1 java 样例

```

import java.io.*;
import java.math.BigInteger;
import java.util.*;
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Scanner cin = new Scanner(new
            BufferedInputStream(System.in));
        while (cin.hasNext()){
            int m = cin.nextInt();
            int n = cin.nextInt();
            int best = 0;
            BigInteger b[] = new BigInteger[m];
            for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i)
                b[i] = BigInteger.valueOf(1);
            for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i){
                //BigInteger c = BigInteger.
                valueOf(1);
                for (int j = 0; j < m; ++j){
                    int x = cin.nextInt();
                    BigInteger d = BigInteger.
                        valueOf(x);
                    b[j] = b[j].multiply(d);
                }
            }
            for (int i = 1; i < m; ++i){
                if (b[best].compareTo(b[i]) <= 0)
                    best = i;
            }
            System.out.println(best + 1);
        }
    }
}

```

8 其他

8.1 校赛 Meeting 标程

```

1915 #include <stdio.h>
1fa4 #include <math.h>
427e
842a int u1, v1, u2, v2, u3, v3;
8f9d double x, y, d;
427e
4d45 double f(double u, double v)
4506 {
ec32     double r=0;
e2fe     r+=sqrt((u-u1)*(u-u1)+(v-v1)*(v-v1));
3df7     r+=sqrt((u-u2)*(u-u2)+(v-v2)*(v-v2));
b00a     r+=sqrt((u-u3)*(u-u3)+(v-v3)*(v-v3));
05ee     if(r<d)
4506     {
5c82         d=r;
c0ce         x=u;
583c         y=v;
95cf     }
547e     return r;
95cf }
427e
afdd double f(double u)
4506 {
918b     double L, R, M1, M2;
b4a4     for(L=-1001, R=1001; R-L>1e-6; )

```

```

{
    M1=(L*2+R)/3;
    M2=(L+R*2)/3;
    f(u, M1)<f(u, M2)?(R=M2):(L=M1);
}
return f(u, (L+R)/2);
}

int main()
{
    int T;
    double L, R, M1, M2;

    for(scanf("%d", &T); T--; )
    {
        scanf("%d %d %d %d %d %d", &u1, &v1
            , &u2, &v2, &u3, &v3);
        for(d=1e100, L=-1001, R=1001; R-L>1
            e-6; )
        {
            M1=(L*2+R)/3;
            M2=(L+R*2)/3;
            f(M1)<f(M2)?(R=M2):(L=M1);
        }
        printf("%.3lf,%.3lf)\n", x, y);
    }

    return 0;
}

```