

Particle & Cosmology Theory Seminar, Tsinghua U., 2023

High-Quality
Axions
n a Class of Chira U(1) Gauge
Theories

Yu-Cheng QIU

High-Quality Axions in a Class of Chiral U(1) Gauge Theories

Yu-Cheng QIU



October 19, 2023

2301.02345 (PRL) with Jin-Wei Wang, Tsutomu T. Yanagida

Strong CP and Axion

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F -- DN

Quintessence

Summar



Who ordered the Axion?

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Strong CP problem

$$\mathcal{L}\supset ar{ heta}\,G\, ilde{G}$$
 , $ar{ heta}<10^{-10}$

Why $\bar{\theta}$ is so small?



Who ordered the Axion?

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Strong CP problem

$$\mathcal{L}\supset ar{ heta}G ilde{G}$$
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Why $\bar{\theta}$ is so small?

Peccei–Quinn mechanism:

anomalous global
$$U(1)$$
 $\stackrel{SSB}{\longrightarrow}$ shift symmetry $\frac{a}{F_2} \rightarrow \frac{a}{F_2} + \delta_{PQ}$

$$\stackrel{anomaly}{\longrightarrow} \mathcal{L} \supset \left(\bar{\theta} + \frac{a}{F_a}\right) G \tilde{G} \stackrel{instanton}{\longrightarrow} V(a) \sim \cos\left(\bar{\theta} + \frac{a}{F_a}\right)$$



Why axion?

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► Observed Cosmological Constant

$$\Lambda_{
m obs} \simeq 10^{-120} M_{
m Pl}^4$$

- \bullet If it is the potential of a scalar, the mass must be extremely small, $\sim 10^{-33}\,\text{eV}.$
- ► Fuzzy (Wave) Dark Matter

$$m \sim 10^{-22} \text{--} 10^{-19} \, \text{eV}$$

All of them could be Nambu-Goldstone boson! Axion!



How good is the axion served?

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Axion Quality Problem

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 $U(1)_{PQ}$ is a global symmetry, which could easily be explicitly broken at least by gravity (wormhole).

Suppose the axion belongs to $\Phi \sim e^{ia/F_a}$, then

$$g \xrightarrow{\Phi^n} \xrightarrow{\langle \Phi \rangle \sim F_a} \Delta V(a) = M_{\mathsf{Pl}}^4 \left(\frac{F_a}{M_{\mathsf{Pl}}} \right)^n \cos \left(\frac{a}{F_a} + \arg[g] \right)$$

$$V=V(a)+\Delta V(a) \stackrel{ar{ heta}<10^{-10}}{\longrightarrow} n>10 \qquad {
m for}\ F_a\sim 10^{16}\ {
m GeV}$$

One shall suppress all terms at least up to order 10!



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"Gauged" PQ symmetry

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The goal is to construct a (field theory) framework that can easily have high quality axions.

The recipe

Suppose there are 2 complex scalar fields, then one has global $U(1) \times U(1)$. phase rotations



"Gauged" PQ symmetry

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The recipe

- Suppose there are 2 complex scalar fields, then one has global $U(1) \times U(1)$. phase rotations
- ▶ One linear combination could be gauged, $U(1)_g$, and another one is the global $U(1)_{PQ}$.





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The goal is to construct a (field theory) framework that can easily have high quality axions.

The recipe

- Suppose there are 2 complex scalar fields, then one has global $U(1) \times U(1)$. phase rotations
- ▶ One linear combination could be gauged, $U(1)_g$, and another one is the global $U(1)_{PQ}$.
- ▶ To have an anomalous $U(1)_{PQ}$, chiral fermions shall be introduced.

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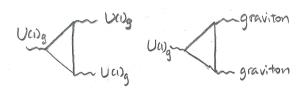
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Introduce N pairs of chiral fermions charged under $U(1)_g$, $\{\psi_i, \overline{\psi}_i\}$, where $\psi_i \in (\mathbf{3}, 1, 0)$ and $\overline{\psi}_i \in (\mathbf{3}^*, 1, 0)$ under $SU(3)_c \times SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$. Anomaly cancellation condition requires that

$$\sum_{i}^{N}Q_{i}^{3}=0, \qquad \sum_{i}^{N}Q_{i}=0$$





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Summary

Assume that 2 Higgs given all chiral fermion mass,

▶ and only through Yukawa interaction.

For N = k + l pairs,

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\phi_1 \sum_{i=1}^k c_i \psi_i \overline{\psi}_i - \phi_2 \sum_{j=1}^l c_j \psi_j \overline{\psi}_j$$

TABLE I. Fermion charge assignment.

i	1	2	3	4			k + 1	k+2					
ψ_i	α_1	β_1	α_2	β_2	 γ_1	γ_2	 δ_1	η_1	δ_2	η_2	 σ_1	σ_2	
$\overline{\psi}_i$	β_1	$lpha_1$	β_2	α_2	 γ_1	γ_2	 η_1	δ_1	η_2	δ_2	 σ_1	σ_2	



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Summary

$$-q_1 = \alpha_1 + \beta_1 = \alpha_2 + \beta_2 = \dots = 2\gamma_1 = 2\gamma_2 = \dots$$

$$-q_2 = \delta_1 + \eta_1 = \delta_2 + \eta_2 = \dots = 2\sigma_1 = 2\sigma_2 = \dots$$

By $\sum Q_i = 0$, one could have

$$\sum_{i} (\alpha_{i} + \beta_{i}) + \sum_{j} \gamma_{j} + \sum_{i} (\delta_{i} + \eta_{i}) + \sum_{j} \sigma_{j} = 0$$

$$\implies -\frac{q_{1}}{q_{2}} = \frac{k}{l} = \frac{m}{n}$$

(n, m) are relatively prime numbers to each other.

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(n, m) are relatively prime numbers to each other.

The **lowest-order** non-renormalizable operator $(\phi_{1,2})$ that obey $U(1)_g$ is (?)

$$\mathcal{O} = \frac{1}{k! l!} \frac{\phi_1^k \phi_2^l}{M_1^{N-4}}$$



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Focus on the axionic mode.

$$\phi_1 \sim \mathrm{e}^{i ilde{a}/f_1} \;, \quad \phi_2 \sim \mathrm{e}^{i ilde{b}/f_2}$$

Spontaneous symmetry breaking, $\langle \phi_1 \rangle \sim f_1$ and $\langle \phi_2 \rangle \sim f_2$.

$$|D_{\mu}\phi_1|^2 + |D_{\mu}\phi_2|^2 \quad
ightarrow \quad rac{1}{2}(\partial_{\mu}a)^2 + extit{m}_A^2\left(A_{\mu} - rac{1}{ extit{m}_A}\partial_{\mu}b
ight)^2$$

where

$$\begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{q_1^2f_1^2 + q_2^2f_2^2}} \begin{pmatrix} q_2f_2 & -q_1f_1 \\ q_1f_1 & q_2f_2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{a} \\ \tilde{b} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$rac{a}{F_a} \in [0, 2\pi) \; , \quad F_a = rac{f_1 f_2}{\sqrt{m^2 f_1^2 + n^2 f_2^2}}$$



Breaking Operator

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$$\mathcal{O} = \frac{1}{k! I!} \frac{\phi_1^k \phi_2^l}{M_{\text{DI}}^{N-4}} \propto \exp\left(i \frac{a N_{\text{DW}}}{F_a}\right), \quad N_{\text{DW}} = \text{GCD}[k, I]$$

Anomaly term is

$$\mathcal{L} \supset N_{\text{DW}} \frac{a}{F_a} G \tilde{G}$$



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Anomaly term is

$$\mathcal{L} \supset N_{\text{DW}} \frac{a}{F_a} G \tilde{G}$$

- ▶ Choosing large k and l, one could have highly suppressed O.
- ▶ Given k and l, one needs to solve for fermion charges Q_i under

$$\sum_i Q_i^3 = 0$$

A general mathematical problem. Tricks Required!

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Take k = 3 and l = 2x, and assume that GCD[3, 2x] = 1.

$$\delta ar{ heta} \sim rac{2}{3!(2x)!} \left(rac{F_{a}}{M_{ ext{Pl}}}
ight)^{N} \left(rac{9+4x^{2}}{2}
ight)^{N/2} rac{M_{ ext{Pl}}^{4}}{m_{\pi}^{2}F_{\pi}^{2}}$$

 \bullet $F_a=10^{12}\,\mathrm{GeV}$, x=7, $\deltaar{ heta}\sim10^{-26}$

$$\{-19,-9,-14|-17,23,-4,10,-2,8,-2,8,-2,8,-2,8,1,5\}$$

• $F_a = 10^9 \, \text{GeV}$, x = 4, $\delta \bar{\theta} \sim 10^{-23}$

$$\{-5, -3, -4 | -3, 6, 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2\}$$

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Assume that $\psi_i \in (1, \mathbf{2}, 0)$ and $\overline{\psi}_i \in (1, \mathbf{2}^*, 0)$ under SM gauge group.

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \mathit{N}_{\mathsf{DW}} rac{\mathit{a}}{\mathit{F}_{\mathit{a}}} \mathit{W} \tilde{\mathit{W}}$$

- Electroweak instanton contribution negligible without SUSY. Nomura, Watari, and Yanagida (2000)
- ullet Potential mainly from \mathcal{O} .

$$V = \frac{\Lambda_a}{2} \left(1 - \cos \frac{a N_{\rm DW}}{F_a} \right) \; , \quad \Lambda_a = \frac{2^{2-N/2}}{k! l!} \frac{f_1^k f_2^l}{M_{\rm DI}^{N-4}}$$

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The mass of axion is determined by $\partial_a^2 V|_{\min}$,

$$m_a = N_{\rm DW} M_{\rm Pl} \sqrt{\frac{2}{k! I!}} \left(\frac{m^2 + n^2}{2}\right)^{N/4} \left(\frac{F_a}{M_{\rm Pl}}\right)^{-1 + N/2}$$

• k=7, l=42 and $F_a=10^{16}\,\mathrm{GeV}$ \longrightarrow $m_a=2.5\times 10^{-20}\,\mathrm{eV}.$

$$\{-21|4,3,16,-9,20,-13\}\times 7\;,\quad \textit{N}_{DW}=7$$



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Same as the Fuzzy DM scenario, the potential is

$$V = \frac{\Lambda_a}{2} \left(1 - \cos \frac{aN_{\text{DW}}}{F_a} \right) , \quad \Lambda_a = \frac{2^{2-N/2}}{k! I!} \frac{f_1^k f_2^I}{M_{\text{Pl}}^{N-4}}$$

• k=8 and I=72, $\Lambda_a=1.88\Lambda_{\rm obs}$ and $F_a/N_{\rm DW}=3.3\times 10^{16}~{\rm GeV}.$

$$\{-27|5,1,15,,-9,19,-13,29,-23,3\} \times 8$$
, $N_{DW}=8$



Lowest operator?

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Higher order (non Yukawa) fermion mass term may generate

$$\mathcal{O} \stackrel{?}{\sim} rac{1}{M_{\psi}^{\mathsf{N}-\mathsf{4}}} \phi_1^k \phi_2^l \;, \quad M_{\psi} < M_{\mathsf{Pl}}$$

Is there a general way to avoid this possible loop?



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$$\mathcal{L}\supset -\phi_1\sum_i c_i\psi_i\overline{\psi}_i -\phi_2\sum_i c_j\psi_j\overline{\psi}_j$$

Interestingly, there is an anomaly-free \mathbf{Z}_{2N} symmetry, where

$$\psi_i(+1) , \quad \overline{\psi}_i(+1) , \quad \phi_{1,2}(-2) .$$

We gauge it.

Now we have gauged $U(1)_g$ and \mathbf{Z}_{2N} .

The \mathbf{Z}_{2N} and fermion loop.

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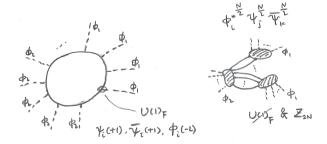
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$$\mathcal{L}_0 = -\phi_1 \sum_i c_i \psi_i \overline{\psi}_i - \phi_2 \sum_j c_j \psi_j \overline{\psi}_j$$

Accidentally, it contains a global $U(1)_F$.



- \triangleright Converging diagram does not contribute to \mathcal{O} .
- Diverging diagrams are more suppressed due to the loop factors.



Instability Problem

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Cosmic evolution

$$\ddot{a} + 3H(t)\dot{a} + \partial_a V = 0$$

Suppose $a_{\rm ini}$ locates around the bottom, $\partial_a V \sim m_a^2 a$,

$$m_a \sim \sqrt{rac{\Lambda_a N_{
m DW}}{F_a^2}} > \sqrt{N_{
m DW}} imes 10^{-33} \, {
m eV} \quad {
m for} \quad F_a \lesssim M_{
m Pl}$$

One has to put a_{ini} around the hilltop.

One needs large enough $\frac{F_a}{N_{\text{DW}}}$ to stabilize it.

Previously,

•
$$k = 8$$
 and $l = 72$, $\Lambda_a = 1.88 \Lambda_{obs}$ and $\frac{F_a}{M_{obs}} = 3.3 \times 10^{16} \text{ GeV}$.



Too complicated!

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Gauged \mathbf{Z}_{2N} and N=80 pairs of fermions are needed! Instability!

ugly!

How about something simple and beautiful?

Extra Dimension!



New Scenario on Quintessence Axion

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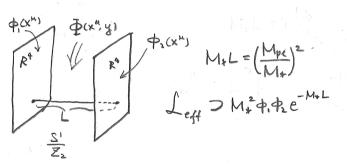
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Flat extra dimension. Fundamental scale is M_* .



2303.02852 (PRD)

with Sudhakantha Girmohanta, Jin-Wei Wang, Tsutomu T. Yanagida



New Scenario on Quintessence Axion

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$$V=rac{\Lambda_a}{2}\left(1-\cosrac{a}{F_a}
ight)$$
 $\Lambda_approx \Lambda_{
m obs}\left(rac{M_*}{1.47 imes 10^{17}\,{
m GeV}}
ight)^{515}\;,\quad F_a=rac{M_*}{\sqrt{2}}pprox 1.04 imes 10^{17}\,{
m GeV}$

- Gauged Z_{2N} is not needed.
- Only 2 pairs of fermions are needed.
- ▶ No instability problem. $F_a > 10^{17}$ GeV.
- ▶ Simple $U(1)_g$ charge assignment.



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Summary

- ► High quality axion(s) could be easily constructed in this framework.
- ▶ The quality is protected by gauged $U(1)_g$ and \mathbf{Z}_{2N} .
- ▶ The QCD axion constructed under this framework has $N_{DW} = 1$.
- ▶ $N_{\rm DW} \frac{a}{F_a} W \tilde{W} \longrightarrow c_{\gamma} \frac{a}{F_a} F \tilde{F}$, quintessence axion could explain the isotropic cosmic birefringence. Lin & Yanagida (2022)
- ▶ If extra dimension is introduced, model become simpler and quintessence axion becomes more attractive.
- ▶ Lots of massive fermions may leave traces in the Cosmological Collider.
- **...**



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Thank you!