

# Homework 2 of Computational Mathematics

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1.  $x^3 = x + 1 \implies x^2 = 1 + \frac{1}{x} \implies x = \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x}} = g(x)$ .  $p_1 = g(p_0) = \sqrt{1+1} = \sqrt{2} \approx 1.414$ .  $p_2 = g(p_1) = \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} \approx 1.3065$ .  $p_3 = g(p_2) \approx 1.3172$ .  $p_4 = g(p_3) \approx 1.326$ .  $p_5 = g(p_4) \approx 1.324$ . Then,  $p_4$  is the answer that we want to find.

2. Let  $f(x) = x^3 + x - 4$ ,  $f'(x) = 3x^2 + 1 < 49$  for all  $x \in [1, 4]$ . Thus, for  $|x - y| < \frac{10^{-3}}{49} \approx 2.0409e - 5$ ,  $|f(x) - f(y)| < 10^3$ . Find  $n$  s.t.  $3 \cdot 2^{-n} < 2.0409e - 5$ ,  $n > -\log_2(\frac{2.0409e - 5}{3}) \approx 17.1653$ . Thus, the bound of the number of iteration is 18. Then, by python code below, the root is about 1.3787.

```
HW2 > HW2.py > ...
1  a = [1]
2  b = [4]
3
4  def f(x):
5      return x**3 + x - 4
6
7  while 1:
8      mid = (a[-1] + b[-1])/2
9      val = f(mid)
10     print(mid, val)
11
12     if abs(val) < 0.0001:
13         break
14     elif val > 0:
15         b.append(mid)
16     else:
17         a.append(mid)
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

```
PS C:\Users\ryan\OneDrive - 國立陽明交通大學\HW\計數> &
2.5 14.125
1.75 3.109375
1.375 -0.025390625
1.5625 1.377197265625
1.46875 0.637176513671875
1.421875 0.2965202331542969
1.3984375 0.13326025009155273
1.38671875 0.05336350202560425
1.380859375 0.013844214379787445
1.3779296875 -0.005808685906231403
1.37939453125 0.004008884658105671
1.378662109375 -0.0009021193400258198
1.3790283203125 0.0015528278327110456
1.37884521484375 0.00032521555817760057
1.378753662109375 -0.00028848656066315925
1.3787994384765625 1.8355831034710945e-05
```

3. In this question, we let  $p_{n+1} = g(p_n)$ .

(a) Suppose  $p_n \rightarrow p$  linearly.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{|p_{n+1} - p|}{|p_n - p|} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} g'(p_n) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\frac{20p_n^3 + 21}{21p_n^2})' = \frac{20}{21} - \frac{2}{p^3} = \frac{20}{21} - \frac{2}{21} = \frac{18}{21} = \frac{6}{7}$  is constant. Thus, it truly converges linearly.

(b)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} g'(p_n) = 1 - \frac{1}{3} - \frac{14}{p^3} = \frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{3} = 0$ . Thus, it converges sublinearly.

(c)