## Homework 2 of Introduction to Analysis(II)

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1. For all  $\varepsilon > 0$ , we can find a  $N \in \mathbb{N}$  s.t.  $|a_n - a| < \frac{\varepsilon}{2}$  for all n > N. And we can find a N' > N s.t.

$$\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} a_i - a}{N'} < \frac{\varepsilon}{2}. \text{ Thus, for any } n > N',$$

$$\left|\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} a_i}{n} - a\right| \le \left|\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} a_i - a}{n}\right| + \left|\frac{\sum_{i=N+1}^{n} a_i - a}{n - N'}\right|$$
$$< \frac{\varepsilon}{2} + \frac{\varepsilon}{2}$$
$$= \varepsilon$$

Therefore,  $\lim_{n\to\infty} b_n = a$ .

2. Since  $\lim_{n\to\infty} na_n = 0$ , by 1.,  $\lim_{N\to\infty} \sum_{n=0}^N a_n = \lim_{N\to\infty} \sum_{n=0}^N \frac{na_n}{N} = 0$  Also, since  $\lim_{n\to\infty} na_n = 0$ ,  $\lim_{n\to\infty} a_n = 0$ . Thus,

for any  $\varepsilon > 0$ , there exists a  $N \in \mathbb{N}$  s.t.  $|\sum_{n=0}^k a_n| < \frac{\varepsilon}{2}$  for all k > N. Then, for  $x \to 1^-$  s.t.  $|f(x) - A| < \frac{\varepsilon}{2}$ ,

$$\sum_{n=0}^{N} a_n - A = \sum_{n=0}^{N} a_n (1 - x^n) - \sum_{n=N+1}^{\infty} a_n x^n + (f(x) - A)$$

$$\leq \frac{\varepsilon}{2} - 0 + \frac{\varepsilon}{2}$$

$$= \varepsilon$$

Therefore, 
$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n = A$$
.

3. We have 
$$\lim_{x \to 1^{-}} f(x) = A$$
 and  $f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n$ .

$$\sum_{n=0}^{N} a_n = \sum_{n=0}^{N} a_n (1 - x^n) - \sum_{n=N+1}^{\infty} a_n x^n + f(x)$$

$$\to 0 - 0 + A \text{ as } x \to 1^- \text{ and } N \to \infty$$

4.

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$$\Longrightarrow$$
) Since  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \sin(nx)$  converges uniformly, there exists a  $N \in \mathbb{N}$  s.t.  $|\sum_{n=N+1}^{\infty} a_n \sin(nx)| < \varepsilon$  for all  $x$ .  
And since we can find  $x$  s.t.  $\sin(nx) = 1$  for all  $x$  and all  $n$ , we can rewrite it as  $\lim_{N \to \infty} \sum_{n=N+1}^{\infty} a_n |$ 

$$\lim_{N \to \infty} \sum_{n=N+1}^{\infty} \frac{na_n}{n} = 0$$
. By 1.,  $\lim_{n \to \infty} na_n = 0$ .

(
$$\iff$$
) Since  $na_n \to 0$ , we have  $\sum_{n=N+1}^{\infty} a_n \to 0$  as  $N \to \infty$ . And since  $|\sin(nx)| \le 1$  for all  $x$ ,  $|\sum_{n=N+1}^{infty} a_n \sin(nx)| \le 1$  for all  $x$ ,  $|\sum_{n=N+1}^{infty} a_n \sin(nx)| \le 1$ . By Cauchy Criterion,  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \sin(nx)$  converges uniformly.