Homework 15 of Introduction to Analysis (I), Honor Class

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1. (a) For any $y \in [c,d]$, we can find a partition $P_y =$

(b)
$$F'(y) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{F(y+h) - F(y)}{h} = \int_a^b \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x,y+h) - f(x,y)}{h} dx = \int_a^b \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(x,y) dx.$$

2. (a)
$$g'(x) = \int_0^1 -2(t^2+1)x \frac{e^{-x^2(t^2+1)}}{t^2+1} dt = \int_0^1 -2xe^{-x^2(t^2+1)} dt.$$

 $f'(x) = e^{-x^2} \left(\int_0^x e^{-t^2} dt \right)$

Since
$$f'(x) + g'(x) = 0$$
 for all x , $f(x) + g(x) = f(0) + g(0) = g(0) = \int_0^1 \frac{1}{t^2 + 1} dt = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} du = \frac{\pi}{4}$.

(b) Since
$$g(x) \to 0$$
 as $x \to \infty$, $f(x) \to \frac{\pi}{4}$. Then, $\lim_{x \to \infty} \int_0^x e^{-t^2} dt = \lim_{x \to \infty} \sqrt{f(x)} = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{4}} = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}$.