## Homework 7 of Introduction to Analysis (I), Honor Class

## AM15 黃琦翔 111652028

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1. First, we show that  $\bigcap_{i=1}^{\infty} F_i$  is closed. For  $F_k$ , we let  $V_k = M \setminus F_k$  which is a open set. Then,  $M \setminus (\bigcap_{i=1}^{\infty} F_i) = \bigcup_{i=1}^{\infty} V_i = \lim_{i \to \infty} V_i$  is open. Thus,  $\bigcap_{i=1}^{\infty} F_i$  is closed.

Then, assume  $\bigcap_{i=1}^{\infty} F_i$  is disconnected. Thus, we can find two non-empty open sets U,V in  $\bigcap_{i=1}^{\infty} F_i$  s.t.  $U \cap V = \emptyset$  and  $\bigcap_{i=1}^{\infty} F_i = U \cup V$ . Since  $F_k \subseteq F_{k-1}$ ,  $U,V \subseteq F_k$  for all k.

And since  $F_k$  is connected,  $U \cup V \subsetneq F_k$  for all k. Then, there exists some  $x_{k,i} \in F_k \setminus U \cup V$ .

2. Assume there exists  $a \in S$  and  $r \ge 0$  s.t.  $\{x \mid d(x,a) = r\} = \emptyset$ . Then,  $D(a,r) = \{a\}$  is open and  $S \setminus \{a\}$  is open since for all  $x \in S \setminus \{a\}$ ,  $D(x,d(x,a)) \subseteq S \setminus \{a\}$ . We can find two open sets D(a,r),  $S \setminus \{a\}$  s.t. S is not connected.(contradiction)

Thus, for every a in S and every r > 0, the set  $\{x : d(x, a) = r\}$  is nonempty.

3.

- 4.  $(\Longrightarrow)$  Assume A is not in the set, that is, A can be write as  $\bigcup_{i \in E} I_i$  where  $I_i$  is the interval in the set and  $I_m, I_n$  is disconnected. Thus, A is disconnected. therefore, A is connected  $\Longrightarrow A$  is in the set.
- ( $\iff$ ) For any x,y in one of the four interval, exists  $f:[0,1] \to [x,y]$  with f(t)=tx+(1-t)y is a continuous path. Thus, A is path-connected  $\implies A$  is connected.