# 계산력 연습

### [영역] 5.기하



중 3 과정

#### 5-1-1.피타고라스 정리와 이를 이용한 직각삼각형의 한 변의 길이 구하기





◇「콘텐츠산업 진흥법 시행령」제33조에 의한 표시

1) 제작연월일 : 2016-10-25

2) 제작자 : 교육지대㈜

3) 이 콘텐츠는 「콘텐츠산업 진흥법」에 따라 최초 제작일부터 5년간 보호됩니다. ◇「콘텐츠산업 진흥법」외에도「저작권법」에 의하여 보호되는 콘텐츠의 경우, 그 콘텐츠의 전부 또는 일부를 무단으로 복제하거나 전송하는 것은 콘텐츠산업 진흥법 외에도 저작권법에 의한 법적 책임을 질 수 있습니다.

## 계산시 참고사항

#### 1. 피타고라스의 정리

직각삼각형에서 직각을 끼고 있는 두 변의 길이를 각각 a, b라 하고, 빗변의 길이를 c라 하면  $\underline{a^2+b^2=c^2}$ 



#### 2. 직각삼각형의 변의 길이

직각삼각형에서 직각을 끼고 있는 두 변의 길이를 각각  $a,\ b$ 라 하고, 빗변의 길이를 c라 하면

(1) a, b의 길이가 주어졌을 때,  $c = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$ 

(2) a, c의 길이가 주어졌을 때,  $b = \sqrt{c^2 - a^2}$ 

(3) b, c의 길이가 주어졌을 때,  $a = \sqrt{c^2 - b^2}$ 

#### 참고

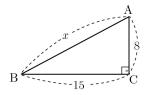
직각삼각형에서는 두 변의 길이를알면 한 변의 길이를 구할 수 있다



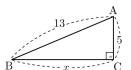
직각삼각형의 변의 길이

☑ 다음 그림의 직각삼각형 ABC에서 x의 값을 구하여라.

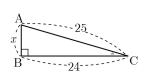
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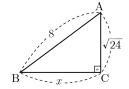
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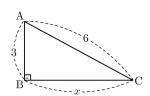
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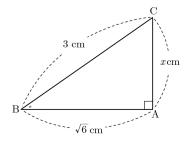


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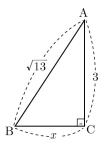


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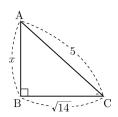




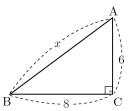




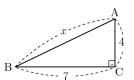
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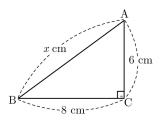
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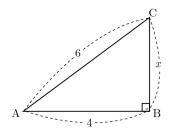
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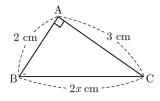
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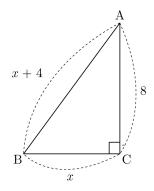
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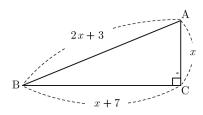
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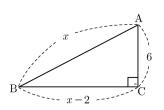


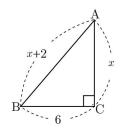
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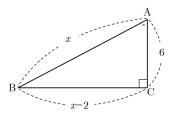
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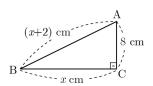




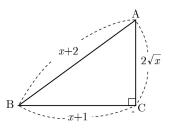
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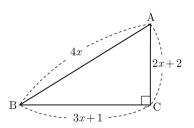
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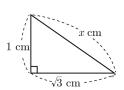


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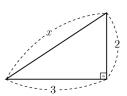


☑ 다음 직각삼각형에서 x의 값을 구하여라.

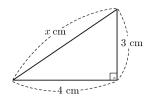
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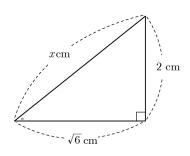
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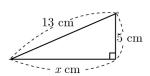
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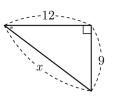


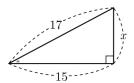
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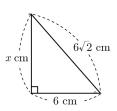
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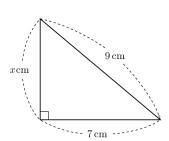




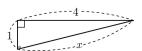
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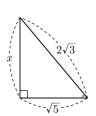
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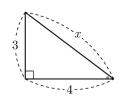
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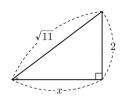
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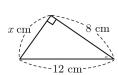
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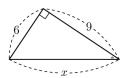
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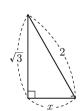
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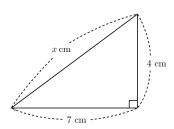
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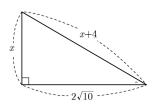


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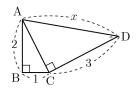




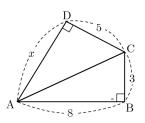
## 2개 이상의 직각삼각형의 변의 길이

## □ 다음 그림에서 x의 값을 구하여라.

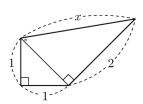
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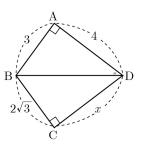
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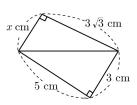
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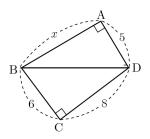
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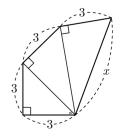
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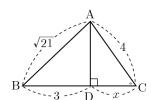
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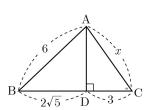
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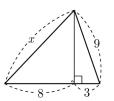


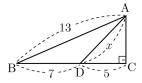
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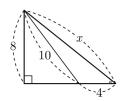
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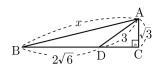




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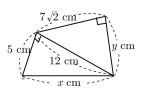


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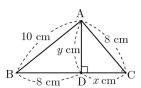


## ightharpoonup 다음 그림에서 x, y의 값을 각각 구하여라.

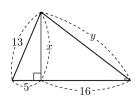
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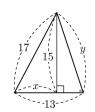
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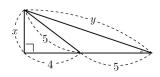
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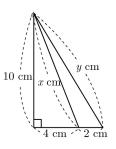
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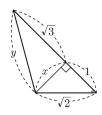
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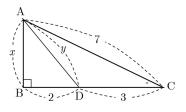


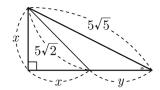
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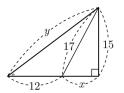
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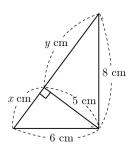




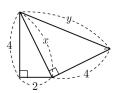
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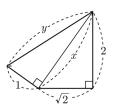
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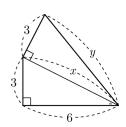
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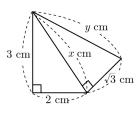
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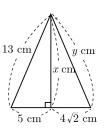


66.



67.







- 1) 17
- $\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{8^2 + 15^2} = \sqrt{289} = 17$
- 2) 12
- $\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{13^2 5^2} = \sqrt{144} = 12$
- 3) 7
- $\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{25^2 24^2} = \sqrt{49} = 7$
- 4)  $2\sqrt{10}$
- $\Rightarrow$  직각삼각형 ABC에서  $x = \sqrt{8^2 (\sqrt{24})^2} = 2\sqrt{10}$
- 5)  $3\sqrt{3}$
- $\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{6^2 3^2} = 3\sqrt{3}$
- 6)  $\sqrt{3}$
- $\Rightarrow$  직각삼각형 ABC에서  $x = \sqrt{3^2 (\sqrt{6})^2} = \sqrt{3}$
- 7) 2
- $\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{(\sqrt{13})^2 3^2} = \sqrt{4} = 2$
- 8)  $\sqrt{11}$
- $\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{5^2 (\sqrt{14})^2} = \sqrt{11}$
- 9) 10
- $\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{8^2 + 6^2} = \sqrt{100} = 10$
- 10)  $\sqrt{65}$
- $\Rightarrow$  직각삼각형 ABC에서  $x = \sqrt{7^2 + 4^2} = \sqrt{65}$
- 11) 10
- $\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{6^2 + 8^2} = 10$
- 12)  $2\sqrt{5}$
- $\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{6^2 4^2} = 2\sqrt{5}$
- 13)  $\frac{\sqrt{13}}{2}$
- $\Rightarrow$   $(2x)^2 = 2^2 + 3^2$
- $4x^2 = 13$   $\therefore x = \frac{\sqrt{13}}{2}$
- 14) 6
- $\Rightarrow (x+4)^2 = x^2 + 8^2$ 8x = 48  $\therefore x = 6$
- 15) 5

- $\Rightarrow$   $(2x+3)^2 = x^2 + (x+7)^2$ ,  $4x^2 + 12x + 9 = x^2 + x^2 + 14x + 49$  $2x^2-2x-40=0$ ,  $x^2-x-20=0$ , (x-5)(x+4)=0x > 0이므로 x = 5가 된다.
- 16) 10
- $\Rightarrow x^2 = (x-2)^2 + 6^2$
- 4x = 40  $\therefore x = 10$
- 17) 8
- $\Rightarrow$   $(x+2)^2 = x^2 + 6^2$  , 4x = 32 $\therefore x = 8$
- 18) 10
- 19) 15
- ⇒ 직각삼각형 ABC에서  $x^2 + 8^2 = (x+2)^2$ , 4x = 60  $\therefore x = 15$
- 20)  $\frac{3}{2}$
- ⇒ 직각삼각형 ABC에서

$$(x+2)^2 = (x+1)^2 + (2\sqrt{x})^2$$

$$x^2 + 4x + 4 = x^2 + 2x + 1 + 4x$$

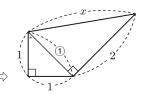
$$2x = 3 \qquad \therefore x = \frac{3}{2}$$

- 21) 5
- 22) 2
- $\Rightarrow x^2 = 1^2 + (\sqrt{3})^2 = 4 \qquad \therefore x = 2$
- 23)  $\sqrt{13}$
- $\Rightarrow$  피타고라스 정리에 의해  $x = \sqrt{3^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{13}$
- 24) 5
- $\Rightarrow$  피타고라스 정리에 의해  $x = \sqrt{4^2 + 3^2} = 5$
- 25)  $\sqrt{10}$
- $\Rightarrow$  직각삼각형에서  $x^2 = (\sqrt{6})^2 + 2^2$

$$x^2 = 10$$
  $\therefore x = \sqrt{10}$ 

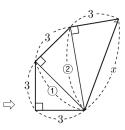
- 26) 12
- $\Rightarrow 13^2 = x^2 + 5^2, \ x^2 = 144 \qquad \therefore x = 12$
- 27) 15
- $\Rightarrow 12^2 + 9^2 = x^2$  : x = 15(x > 0)
- 28) 8
- $\Rightarrow 15^2 + x^2 = 17^2$   $\therefore x = 8(x > 0)$
- 29) 6
- $\Rightarrow (6\sqrt{2})^2 = x^2 + 6^2, \ x^2 = 36 \qquad \therefore x = 6$
- 30)  $4\sqrt{2}$

- ⇒ 직각삼각형에서 피타고라스 정리에 의해  $x = \sqrt{9^2 - 7^2} = 4\sqrt{2}$
- 31)  $\sqrt{17}$
- $\Rightarrow 1^2 + 4^2 = x^2 : x = \sqrt{17} (x > 0)$
- 32)  $\sqrt{7}$
- $\Rightarrow x^2 + (\sqrt{5})^2 = (2\sqrt{3})^2 : x = \sqrt{7}(x > 0)$
- 33) 5
- ⇒ 피타고라스의 정리에 의하여  $3^2 + 4^2 = x^2$   $\therefore x = 5 \ (x > 0)$
- 34)  $\sqrt{7}$
- $\Rightarrow x^2 + 2^2 = (\sqrt{11})^2 \qquad \therefore x = \sqrt{7}(x > 0)$
- 35)  $4\sqrt{5}$
- $\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{12^2 8^2} = 4\sqrt{5}$
- 36)  $3\sqrt{13}$
- $\Rightarrow 6^2 + 9^2 = x^2$   $\therefore x = 3\sqrt{13}(x > 0)$
- $\Rightarrow (\sqrt{3})^2 + x^2 = 2^2$  : x = 1(x > 0)
- 38)  $\sqrt{65}$
- $\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{7^2 + 4^2} = \sqrt{49 + 16} = \sqrt{65}$
- 39) 3
- $\Rightarrow x^2 + (2\sqrt{10})^2 = (x+4)^2$ 8x + 16 = 40, 8x = 24  $\therefore x = 3$
- 40)  $\sqrt{14}$
- $\Rightarrow$   $\triangle$ ABC에서  $\overline{AC} = \sqrt{1^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{5}$  $\triangle$ ACD에서  $x = \sqrt{3^2 + (\sqrt{5})^2} = \sqrt{14}$
- 41)  $4\sqrt{3}$
- $\Rightarrow \overline{AC} = \sqrt{x^2 + 5^2} = \sqrt{8^2 + 3^2}$  $x^2 + 25 = 73$ ,  $x^2 = 48$   $\therefore x = 4\sqrt{3}$
- 42)  $\sqrt{6}$

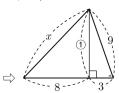


- 43)  $\sqrt{13}$
- $\Rightarrow$   $\triangle$ ABD에서  $\overline{BD} = \sqrt{3^2 + 4^2} = \sqrt{25} = 5$

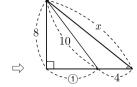
- $\triangle BCDOMM \ x = \sqrt{5^2 (2\sqrt{3})^2} = \sqrt{13}$
- 44)  $x = \sqrt{7}$
- $\Rightarrow x^2 + (3\sqrt{3})^2 = 5^2 + 3^2, \ x^2 = 7 \qquad \therefore x = \sqrt{7}$
- 45)  $5\sqrt{3}$
- $\Rightarrow \triangle BCDOMM | \overline{BD} = \sqrt{6^2 + 8^2} = \sqrt{100} = 10$  $\triangle ABDOMM \ x = \sqrt{10^2 - 5^2} = \sqrt{75} = 5\sqrt{3}$
- 46) 6



- $\therefore x = \sqrt{(3\sqrt{3})^2 + 3^2} = 6$
- 47) 2
- $\Rightarrow$   $\triangle ABDMM \overline{AD} = \sqrt{(\sqrt{21})^2 3^2} = \sqrt{12} = 2\sqrt{3}$  $\triangle ACDOMM \ x = \sqrt{4^2 - (2\sqrt{3})^2} = \sqrt{4} = 2$
- $\Rightarrow \triangle ABDOMM \overline{AD} = \sqrt{6^2 (2\sqrt{5})^2} = \sqrt{16} = 4$  $\triangle$ ACD에서  $x = \sqrt{3^2 + 4^2} = \sqrt{25} = 5$
- 49)  $2\sqrt{34}$



- $(1) = \sqrt{9^2 3^2} = 6\sqrt{2}$  $\therefore x = \sqrt{(6\sqrt{2})^2 + 8^2} = 2\sqrt{34}$
- 50)  $5\sqrt{2}$
- $\Rightarrow \overline{BC} = 7 + 5 = 12$ 이므로  $\triangle$ ABC에서  $\overline{AC} = \sqrt{13^2 - 12^2} = \sqrt{25} = 5$  $\triangle$ ACD에서  $x = \sqrt{5^2 + 5^2} = \sqrt{50} = 5\sqrt{2}$
- 51)  $2\sqrt{41}$



52) 
$$\sqrt{57}$$

$$Arr$$
  $Arr$   $Arr$ 

53) 
$$x = 13$$
,  $y = \sqrt{46}$ 

$$\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{5^2 + 12^2} = 13, \ y = \sqrt{12^2 - (7\sqrt{2})^2} = \sqrt{46}$$

54) 
$$x = 2\sqrt{7}$$
,  $y = 6$ 

$$\Rightarrow$$
  $\triangle$ ADB에서  $y = \sqrt{10^2 - 8^2} = 6$   
 $\triangle$ ADC에서  $x = \sqrt{8^2 - 6^2} = 2\sqrt{7}$ 

55) 
$$x = 12, y = 20$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{13^2 - 5^2} = \sqrt{144} = 12$$
$$y = \sqrt{12^2 + 16^2} = \sqrt{400} = 20$$

56) 
$$x = 8$$
,  $y = 5\sqrt{10}$ 

$$\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{17^2 - 15^2} = \sqrt{64} = 8$$
$$y = \sqrt{(13 - 8)^2 + 15^2} = \sqrt{250} = 5\sqrt{10}$$

57) 
$$x = 3$$
,  $y = 3\sqrt{10}$ 

$$\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{5^2 - 4^2} = \sqrt{9} = 3$$
$$y = \sqrt{(4+5)^2 + 3^2} = 3\sqrt{10}$$

58) 
$$x = 2\sqrt{29}$$
,  $y = 2\sqrt{34}$ 

$$\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{10^2 + 4^2} = 2\sqrt{29}, y = \sqrt{10^2 + (4+2)^2} = 2\sqrt{34}$$

59) 
$$x = 1, y = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{(\sqrt{2})^2 - 1^2} = 1$$

$$y = \sqrt{(\sqrt{3})^2 + 1^2} = \sqrt{4} = 2$$

60) 
$$x = 2\sqrt{6}$$
,  $y = 2\sqrt{7}$ 

$$\ \ \, \Rightarrow$$
 직각삼각형 ABC에서  $x=\sqrt{7^2-5^2}=2\sqrt{6}$  직각삼각형 ABD에서  $y=\sqrt{2^2+(2\sqrt{6})^2}=2\sqrt{7}$ 

61) 
$$x = 5$$
,  $y = 5$ 

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + x^2 = (5\sqrt{2})^2, \ x^2 = 25 \qquad \therefore \ x = 5(x > 0)$$
$$(5+y)^2 + 5^2 = (5\sqrt{5})^2, (5+y)^2 = 100,$$
$$5+y = 10 \qquad \therefore \ y = 5 \ (y > 0)$$

62) 
$$x = 8$$
,  $y = 25$ 

$$\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{17^2 - 15^2} = \sqrt{64} = 8$$
$$y = \sqrt{(12 + 8)^2 + 15^2} = \sqrt{625} = 25$$

63) 
$$x = \sqrt{11}$$
,  $y = \sqrt{39}$ 

$$\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{6^2 - 5^2} = \sqrt{11}, \ y = \sqrt{8^2 - 5^2} = \sqrt{39}$$

64) 
$$x = 2\sqrt{5}$$
,  $y = 6$ 

$$\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{2^2 + 4^2} = \sqrt{20} = 2\sqrt{5}$$
$$y = \sqrt{4^2 + (2\sqrt{5})^2} = \sqrt{36} = 6$$

65) 
$$x = \sqrt{6}, y = \sqrt{7}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{(\sqrt{2})^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{6}$$

$$y = \sqrt{1^2 + (\sqrt{6})^2} = \sqrt{7}$$

66) 
$$x = 3\sqrt{5}$$
,  $y = 3\sqrt{6}$ 

$$\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{6^2 + 3^2} = \sqrt{45} = 3\sqrt{5}$$
$$y = \sqrt{(3\sqrt{5})^2 + 3^2} = \sqrt{54} = 3\sqrt{6}$$

67) 
$$x = \sqrt{13}$$
,  $y = 4$ 

$$\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{3^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{13}, y = \sqrt{(\sqrt{13})^2 + (\sqrt{3})^2} = 4$$

68) 
$$x = 12$$
,  $y = 4\sqrt{11}$ 

$$\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{13^2 - 5^2} = 12, y = \sqrt{12^2 + (4\sqrt{2})^2} = 4\sqrt{11}$$