```
pvalue_scz <- SCZ[SCZ$snpid %in% snp_result,]$pval</pre>
BIP_jiaoji <- BIP[BIP$snpid %in% snp_result,]</pre>
SCZ_jiaoji <- SCZ[SCZ$snpid %in% snp_result,]</pre>
BIP_SCZ <- inner_join(BIP[,c('snpid','pval')],SCZ[,c('snpid','pval')],by="snpid")
# The parameter estimates are obtained using the EM algorithm
theta_est <- EM1(pvalue_bip, pvalue_scz,pi00_ini = 0.8, pi01_ini=0.01,pi10_ini=0.01,pi11_ini=0.1,alpha1
theta_est
## $pi00
## [1] 0.8173783
## $pi01
## [1] 0.006304867
##
## $pi10
## [1] 0.001133071
##
## $pi11
## [1] 0.1751837
## $alpha1
## [1] 0.5985608
##
## $alpha2
## [1] 0.5039367
gamma_post <- theta_est$pi00+theta_est$pi01*theta_est$alpha2*pvalue_scz^(theta_est$alpha2-1)+theta_est$
z11_post <- theta_est$pi11*theta_est$alpha1*theta_est$alpha2*pvalue_bip^(theta_est$alpha1-1)*pvalue_scz
z01_post <- theta_est$pi01*theta_est$alpha2*pvalue_scz^(theta_est$alpha2-1)/gamma_post
z10_post <- theta_est$alpha1*pvalue_bip^(theta_est$alpha1-1)*theta_est$pi10/gamma_post
z00_post <- theta_est$pi00/gamma_post</pre>
z1_post <- z11_post+z10_post</pre>
z2_post <- z11_post+z01_post</pre>
# SNPS associated with both diseases
Z_{est_11} \leftarrow assoc(z11_{post}, 0.1)
sum(Z_est_11)
## [1] 6956
# SNPS associated with BIP
Z_{est_10} \leftarrow assoc(z1_{post}, 0.1)
sum(Z_est_10)
## [1] 7018
# SNPS associated with SCZ
Z_{est_01} \leftarrow assoc(z2_{post, 0.1})
sum(Z est 01)
## [1] 8210
```

The coincidence of the ids of the three classes of SNPS was judged

```
snpid_bip <- BIP[BIP$snpid %in% snp_result,]$snpid</pre>
snp_bip = data.frame(snpid_bip = snpid_bip,bip_11 = Z_est_11,bip_10 = Z_est_10)
snpid_bip_11 <- snp_bip[which(snp_bip$bip_11 == 1), 'snpid_bip']</pre>
snpid_bip_10 <- snp_bip[which(snp_bip$bip_10 == 1),'snpid_bip']</pre>
length(intersect(snpid_bip_11,snpid_bip_10))
## [1] 6956
# The high degree of overlap between those associated with both diseases and those associated with BIP
setdiff(snpid_bip_10,snpid_bip_11)
  [1] "rs4908147" "rs387176"
                                  "rs263908"
                                               "rs10921107" "rs2270543"
##
  [6] "rs17017120" "rs3845684"
                                  "rs906867"
                                               "rs13386455" "rs1526645"
## [11] "rs7583278" "rs4430889"
                                  "rs1435845"
                                               "rs1161474" "rs6729882"
## [16] "rs7641289" "rs17718783" "rs9288851"
                                               "rs16825602" "rs810471"
## [21] "rs6829771" "rs2646269"
                                  "rs370831"
                                               "rs391529"
                                                             "rs13128519"
## [26] "rs7733288" "rs256014"
                                  "rs9393672" "rs9275523" "rs7767277"
## [31] "rs2842625" "rs2138707" "rs1934124"
                                               "rs4357169"
                                                            "rs9387090"
## [36] "rs13227417" "rs11761050" "rs6958911"
                                               "rs2196"
                                                             "rs12342040"
## [41] "rs10760846" "rs7895653"
                                  "rs3858136"
                                               "rs10791838" "rs11174379"
## [46] "rs7300029" "rs11174386" "rs11109376" "rs1262775" "rs17107699"
## [51] "rs10518779" "rs16957422" "rs7190307" "rs12943984" "rs7209032"
## [56] "rs156430"
                     "rs4277599"
                                  "rs2378249" "rs6030341"
                                                            "rs11906231"
## [61] "rs2836779" "rs926761"
# The only SNP associated with BIP but not with SCZ
snpid_scz <- SCZ[SCZ$snpid %in% snp_result,]$snpid</pre>
snp_scz = data.frame(snpid_scz = snpid_scz,scz_11 = Z_est_11,scz_10 = Z_est_01)
snpid_scz_11 <- snp_scz[which(snp_scz$scz_11 == 1), 'snpid_scz']</pre>
snpid_scz_01 <- snp_scz[which(snp_scz$scz_10 == 1), 'snpid_scz']</pre>
length(intersect(snpid_scz_11,snpid_scz_01))
## [1] 6956
```

Only the bipolar GWAS data was used for analysis

```
## Define the function that calculates the log-likelihood
# input: p, pi1, alpha
log_P_single <- function(P, pi1, alpha){
  return(sum(log(pi1*dbeta(P, alpha, 1) + (1 - pi1))))#</pre>
```

```
}
## Define functions that implement the EM algorithm for the analysis of a single dataset
# input: P, pi1_ini, alpha_ini, max_iter, tol
# ouput: pi1_est, alpha_est
EM_single <- function(P, pi1_ini, alpha_ini, max_iter = 1e4, tol = 1e-6){</pre>
L_ini <- log_P_single(P, pi1_ini, alpha_ini)</pre>
for (iter in 1:max_iter){
   if (iter == 1){
     pi1_old <- pi1_ini
     alpha_old <- alpha_ini
     L_old <- L_ini
   }
   # E step
   comp_gamma <- pi1_old*dbeta(P, alpha_old, 1)</pre>
   gamma <- comp_gamma/(comp_gamma + 1 - pi1_old)</pre>
   # M step
   pi1_new <- mean(gamma)</pre>
   alpha_new <- -sum(gamma)/sum(gamma*log(P))</pre>
   L_new <- log_P_single(P, pi1_new, alpha_new)</pre>
   # whether the algorithm converges
   if (L_new < L_old){</pre>
     print("Error: log likelihoood is not increasing!")
   if ((L_new - L_old)/abs(L_new) < tol){</pre>
     break
   } else {
     pi1_old <- pi1_new</pre>
     alpha_old <- alpha_new
     L_old <- L_new
   }
}
return(list(pi1 = pi1_new, alpha = alpha_new))
}
theta_est_BIP <- EM_single(pvalue_bip, pi1_ini = 0.1, alpha_ini = 0.2)
theta_est_BIP
## $pi1
## [1] 0.2194204
##
## $alpha
## [1] 0.6628928
posterior_bip <- (theta_est_BIP$pi1*theta_est_BIP$alpha*pvalue_bip^(theta_est_BIP$alpha - 1))/(theta_es
Z_est_bip <- assoc(posterior_bip, 0.1)</pre>
sum(Z_est_bip)
```

```
snp_bip_single = data.frame(snpid_bip = snpid_bip,bip_1 = Z_est_bip)
snpid_bip_1 <- snp_bip_single[which(snp_bip_single$bip_1 == 1),'snpid_bip']
length(intersect(snpid_bip_1,snpid_bip_10))
## [1] 387</pre>
```

Only the schizophrenia GWAS data was used for analysis

```
theta_est_SCZ <- EM_single(pvalue_scz, pi1_ini = 0.1, alpha_ini = 0.2)
theta_est_SCZ
## $pi1
## [1] 0.2419776
##
## $alpha
## [1] 0.5668053
posterior_scz <- (theta_est_SCZ$pi1*theta_est_SCZ$alpha*pvalue_scz^(theta_est_SCZ$alpha - 1))/(theta_es
Z_est_scz <- assoc(posterior_scz, 0.1)</pre>
sum(Z_est_scz)
## [1] 4012
snp_scz_single = data.frame(snpid_scz = snpid_scz,scz_1 = Z_est_scz)
snpid_scz_1 <- snp_scz_single[which(snp_scz_single$scz_1 == 1), 'snpid_scz']</pre>
length(intersect(snpid_scz_1,snpid_scz_01))
## [1] 3692
Plot the Manhattan
FDR <- function(posterior, alpha){</pre>
  М
            <- length(posterior)</pre>
  fdr
            <- 1 - posterior
  rank.fdr <- rank(fdr)</pre>
  sort.fdr <- sort(fdr)</pre>
  cumsum.fdr <- cumsum(sort.fdr)</pre>
  sort.FDR <- cumsum.fdr/seq(1, M, 1)</pre>
  FDR
             <- sort.FDR[rank.fdr]</pre>
  return(FDR)
}
```

BIP