#### Analytic continuation with

# $\Omega$ MaxEnt

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$$G(i\omega_n)$$
 or  $G(\tau) \Rightarrow A(\omega)$ ?

 $\Rightarrow$  invert

$$G(i\omega_n) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{d\omega}{2\pi} \frac{A(\omega)}{i\omega_n - \omega} .$$

Or

$$G(\tau) = -\int \frac{d\omega}{2\pi} \frac{e^{-\omega \tau} A(\omega)}{1 \pm e^{-\beta \omega}}$$

Problem: discrete approximation is ill-conditioned.

$$G = KA$$

## Maximum entropy

Minimize

$$Q = \chi^2 - \alpha S$$

$$\chi^{2} = \sum_{mn} (G_{m} - K_{m}A)^{T} C_{mn}^{-1} (G_{n} - K_{n}A)$$

$$S = -\int d\omega A(\omega) \ln \frac{A(\omega)}{D(\omega)}$$

$$C_{mn} = \frac{1}{N-1} \sum_{i=1}^{N} (G_m^i - \bar{G}_m)(G_n^i - \bar{G}_n)$$

 $\alpha$ ?

Input data

$$G(i\omega_n)$$
 or  $G(\tau)$ 

- ullet Fermionic ( $A(oldsymbol{\omega})>0$ ) or bosonic ( $A(oldsymbol{\omega})/\omega>0$ )
- Diagonal or general covariance matrix

## QMaxEnt ...

features

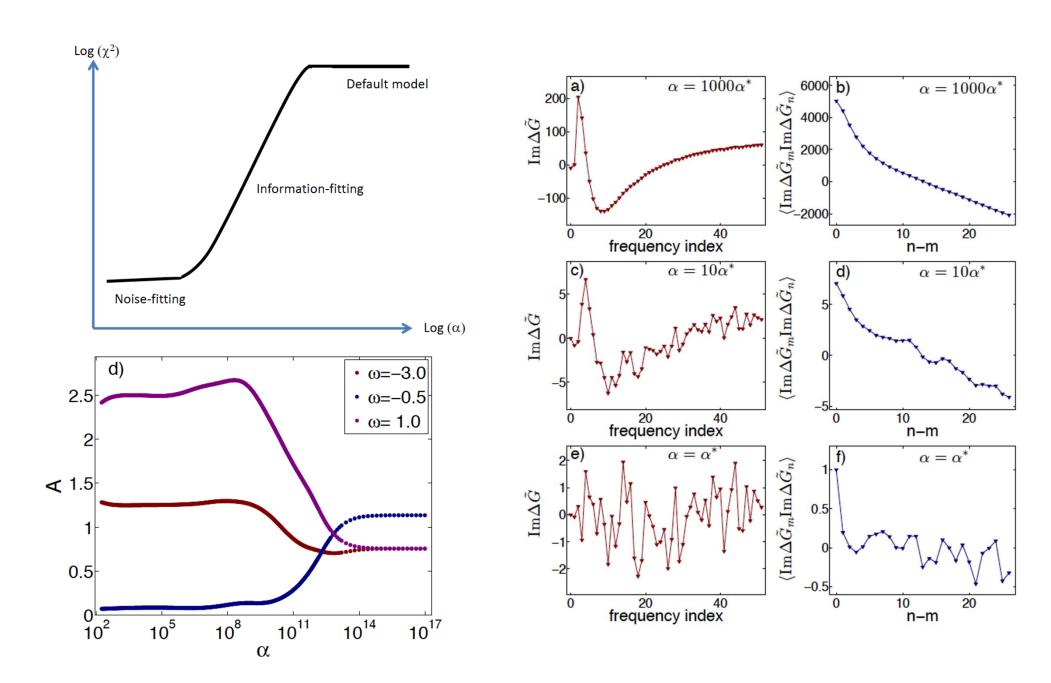
• Uses 
$$G(i\omega_n) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{d\omega}{2\pi} \, \frac{A(\omega)}{i\omega_n - \omega} \; .$$

• numerically more convenient.

- Adapted  $\omega$  and  $\omega_n$  grids
- Interactive mode: graphical diagnostic tools
- Batch mode

# $\Omega$ MaxEnt

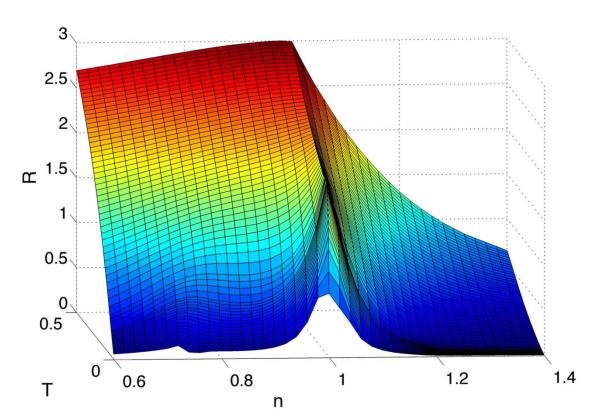
### diagnostic tools



- http://www.physique.usherbrooke.ca/MaxEnt
- Algorithms for optimized maximum entropy and
- diagnostic tools for analytic continuation. D.Bergeron, A.-M.S. Tremblay.
- http://arxiv.org/abs/1507.01012
- Maximum entropy analytic continuation for spectral functions
- with nonpositive spectral weight.
- A. Reymbaut, D. Bergeron, and A.-M.S. Tremblay.
- Phys. Rev. B 92, 060509, 2015

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# Conditioning Problem

- If we discretize  $\omega$   $G = KA \Rightarrow A = K^{-1}G$
- error on A:

$$\frac{1}{\|K\| \|K^{-1}\|} \frac{\|\delta G\|}{\|G\|} \le \frac{\|\delta A\|}{\|A\|} \le \|K\| \|K^{-1}\| \frac{\|\delta G\|}{\|G\|}$$

- $||K|| ||K^{-1}||$  is large =>  $\frac{||\delta A||}{||A||}$  not bounded
- Analytic continuation unique in principle
- need constraints on

$$\Rightarrow A(\omega)$$