

$$\begin{cases} m \frac{dv_z}{dt} = -F_{TP} \cos \varphi \\ m \frac{dv_y}{dt} = mg \sin \alpha - F_{TP} \sin \varphi \end{cases}$$

$$F_{TP} = \mu mg \cos \alpha = \tan \alpha \cdot mg \cos \alpha = mg \sin \alpha$$

$\uparrow N$

$$\cos \varphi = v_z / v$$

$$\sin \varphi = v_y / v$$

normal components zero

$$\text{no change in } v_z \rightarrow 0$$

$$, \text{ a } v_y \Rightarrow v_{ycr.}$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dv_z}{dt} = -\frac{v_x}{v} g \sin \alpha \\ \frac{dv_y}{dt} = \left(1 - \frac{v_y}{v}\right) g \sin \alpha \end{cases}$$

$$v = \sqrt{v_x^2 + v_y^2}$$

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = \frac{a_z v_x + v_y a_y}{v}$$

(no change in speed)

$$\frac{-v_x^2/v g \sin \alpha + v_y (1 - v_y/v) g \sin \alpha}{v}$$

$$\frac{v g \sin \alpha + v_y \sin \alpha g}{v} = \frac{dv}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = -\frac{dv_y}{dt}$$

to eqs

$$v = C - v_y \text{ or}$$

$$v_0 = C - v_0 \sin \varphi_0$$

$$C = v_0 (1 + \sin \varphi_0)$$

$$v_{scr} = C/2 = v_0 (1 + \sin \varphi_0) / 2$$