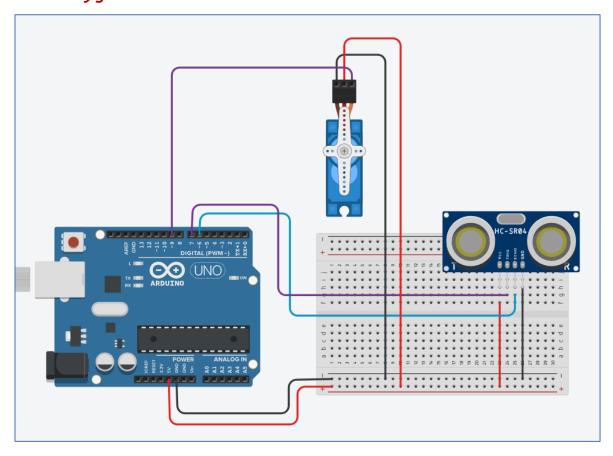
## Radar uygulaması



## Not: Bradboard' un motorun üzerine yerleştirilmesi gerekmektedir.

```
# include <Servo.h>
# define echo 6
# define trig 7

long zaman;
int cm;

Servo motor;

void setup()
{
    pinMode(trig,OUTPUT);
    pinMode(echo, INPUT);
    motor.attach(9);
    Serial.begin(9600);
}

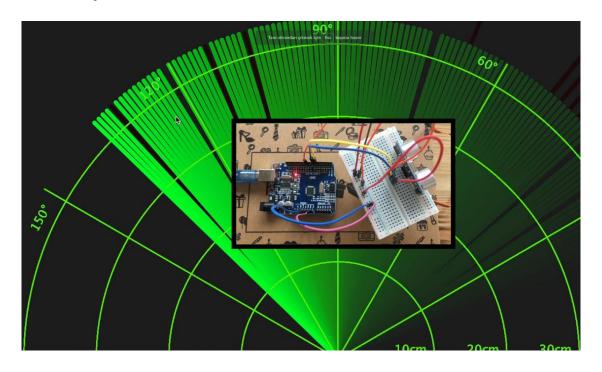
void loop()
{
    for(int i = 1; i <= 150; i++){
    motor.write(i);
    delay(20);</pre>
```

```
cm = mesafebulma ();
  Serial.print(i);
  Serial.print(",");
  Serial.print(cm);
  Serial.print("//");
 for(int i = 150; i <= 15; i--){
 motor.write(i);
 delay(20);
  cm = mesafebulma ();
  Serial.print(i);
  Serial.print(",");
  Serial.print(cm);
  Serial.print("//");
int mesafebulma()
   digitalWrite(trig, LOW);
   delayMicroseconds(2);
   digitalWrite(trig, HIGH);
   delayMicroseconds(10);
   digitalWrite(trig, LOW);
 zaman = pulseIn(echo, HIGH);
 float cm = zaman / 58.2;
 return cm;
```

Görüntü alabilmek için processing programı kullanılır. Bu amaçla processing.org sitesine girerek Download bölümüne gelerek işletim sisteminin uygun versiyonuna göre uygun program indirilerek kurulmalıdır.

Bu uygulama yüklendiğinde görünüm aşağıdaki gibi olacaktır. Processing programın kodu aşağıda, şeklin altında verilmiştir.

Not: Programda dikkat edilecek önemli bir husus, programın 10. Satırında yazan COM4' ün sizin arduinonuzun bağlı olduğu portun isminin yazılmasıdır.



```
import processing.serial.*; // imports library for serial communication
Serial myPort; // defines Object for Serial
String ang="";
String distance="";
String data="";
int angle, dist;
void setup() {
 myPort = new Serial(this,"COM4", 9600); // starts the serial communication
myPort.bufferUntil('.'); // reads the data from the serial port up to the character
.' before calling serialEvent
rect(0,height*0.93,width,height); // so that the text having angle and distance
doesnt blur out
      drawText();
```

```
angle = int(ang);
         dist = int(distance);
void drawRadar()
      line (-width/2, 0, width/2, 0);
      arc(0,0,(width*0.25),(width*0.25),PI,TWO_PI);
arc(0,0,(width*0.75),(width*0.75),PI,TWO_PI);
arc(0,0,(width*0.95),(width*0.95),PI,TWO_PI);
      line(0,0,(-width/2)*cos(radians(90)),(-width/2)*sin(radians(90)));
line(0,0,(-width/2)*cos(radians(120)),(-width/2)*sin(radians(120)));
      line(0,0,(-width/2)*cos(radians(105)),(-width/2)*sin(radians(105)));
line(0,0,(-width/2)*cos(radians(135)),(-width/2)*sin(radians(135)));
      popMatrix();
      pushMatrix();
      stroke(0,255,0);
      popMatrix();
void drawObject()
      pushMatrix();
      float pd=(width/2)-pixleDist;
float x=-pixleDist*cos(radians(angle));
      float y=-pixleDist*sin(radians(angle));
void drawText()
```

```
fill(100,200,255);
  textSize(25);

text("10cm", (width/2)+(width*0.115), height*0.93);
  text("20cm", (width/2)+(width*0.24), height*0.93);
  text("30cm", (width/2)+(width*0.365), height*0.93);
  text("40cm", (width/2)+(width*0.45), height*0.93);

textSize(40);
  text("YAinnoware", width*0.08, height*0.99);
  text("Angle :"+angle, width*0.45, height*0.99);

if (dist<=40) {
    text("Distance :"+dist, width*0.7, height*0.99);
}

translate(width/2, height-height*0.06);
  textSize(25);

text(" 30°", (width/2)*cos(radians(30)), (-width/2)*sin(radians(30)));
  text(" 60°", (width/2)*cos(radians(91)), (-width/2)*sin(radians(90)));
  text("120°", (width/2)*cos(radians(91)), (-width/2)*sin(radians(188)));
  text("150°", (width/2)*cos(radians(123)), (-width/2)*sin(radians(118)));
  text("150°", (width/2)*cos(radians(160)), (-width/2)*sin(radians(150)));

  popMatrix();
}</pre>
```