Analysis of CSV File Reading in R

Quang Nguyen* and Robert Tedesco*

* Loyola University Chicago

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Outline

- Background
- Experiment
- ANOVA
- Additional Analysis
- Discussion

Background

- Statisticians struggle with reading in large dataset (Matthews, 2021)
- read.csv(), part of base R (R Core Team, 2021), is old and slow.
- There are better and more efficient data I/O algorithms in R (Gillespie & Lovelace, 2021)
 - rio::import() (Chan et al., 2021)
 - readr::read_csv() (Wickham & Hester, 2021) part of tidyverse (Wickham et al., 2019)
 - data.table::fread() (Dowle & Srinivasan, 2021)

Experiment

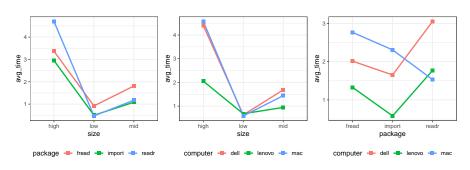
- 3³ factorial design (Montgomery, 2012)
 - File size: low (\sim 0.5GB), medium (\sim 1.2GB), high (\sim 2GB)
 - Computer: Lenovo, Dell, MacBook
 - Function: rio::import(), readr::read_csv(), data.table::fread()
- n=20 replicates
- $y_{ijkl} = \mu + \alpha_i + \beta_j + \gamma_k + (\alpha\beta)_{ij} + (\alpha\gamma)_{ik} + (\beta\gamma)_{jk} + (\alpha\beta\gamma)_{ijk} + \epsilon_{ijkl}$
 - i, j, k = 1, 2, 3
 - l = 1, 2, ..., 20

Data

- ullet Generate 3 files of different sizes consisting of columns of randomly-draw samples from N(0,1), then export to CSV.
- 3³ possible combinations of R package, file size, and computer.
- Use the 3 reading functions to load the CSV files, then Sys.time() to measure time elapsed.
- \bullet Obtain 20 replicates for each combination according to the order of a random sample of 1 through 3^3 .

Data Understanding

Interaction plots

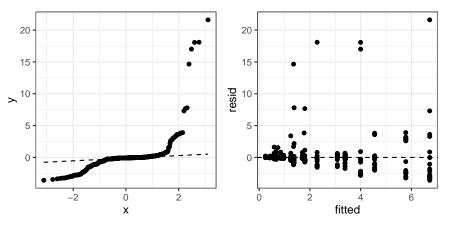


• All model terms are significant...

| Term | df | SS | MS | F | p-value |
|-----------------------|-----|-----------|----------|---------|---------|
| size | 2 | 908.9852 | 454.4926 | 98.1034 | 0.0000 |
| computer | 2 | 118.6155 | 59.3078 | 12.8017 | 0.0000 |
| package | 2 | 38.4974 | 19.2487 | 4.1549 | 0.0162 |
| size:computer | 4 | 136.3553 | 34.0888 | 7.3582 | 0.0000 |
| size:package | 4 | 87.9878 | 21.9970 | 4.7481 | 0.0009 |
| computer:package | 4 | 114.5762 | 28.6441 | 6.1829 | 0.0001 |
| size:computer:package | 8 | 144.3655 | 18.0457 | 3.8952 | 0.0002 |
| Residuals | 513 | 2376.6214 | 4.6328 | NA | NA |

• However . . .

• There are issues with both normality and homoscedasticity



ullet Confirmed by Shapiro-Wilk and Levene tests (both with p-value pprox 0)

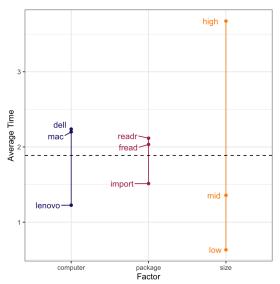
- Transforming the data (log, Box-Cox) did not fix issues with model assumptions
- This leads us to consider a nonparametric approach,
 - No distribution assumption about the data
 - Permutation test for a three way factorial designs
 - asbio::perm.fact.test() (Aho, 2021)

• A permutation test gives significant results

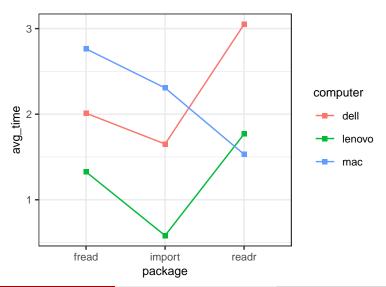
| Term | Initial F | df | p-value |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----|---------|
| size | 98.1034 | 2 | 0.0001 |
| computer | 12.8017 | 2 | 0.0001 |
| package | 4.1549 | 2 | 0.0123 |
| size:computer | 7.3582 | 4 | 0.0001 |
| size:package | 4.7481 | 4 | 0.0007 |
| computer:package | 6.1829 | 4 | 0.0002 |
| size:computer:package | 3.8952 | 8 | 0.0003 |
| Residual | NA | 513 | NA |

- Post-hoc analysis: pairwise permutation tests
- ullet Use False Discovery Rate (Benjamini & Hochberg, 1995) as $p ext{-value}$ adjustment method
- Which pairs differ in mean reading time?
 - Speed: all pairs
 - Computer: Lenovo-Dell, Lenovo-Mac
 - Package/Function: data.table::fread() rio::import(), rio::import() - readr::read_csv()

• Univariate effects plot of the factors

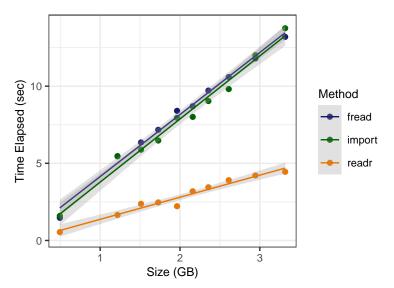


• Investigate reading method (package/function) for MacBook only



- A simulation study
- Simulate more data, in addition to the existing 3 data files
- Consider 10 file sizes (in GB)
 - **0.49**, **1.22**, 1.51, 1.73, **1.96**, 2.16, 2.36, 2.61, 2.94, 3.32
- Use MacBook to read in each file using the 3 functions, and record the time elapsed

• Clearly there's a difference in algorithm reading time when using Mac



ANCOVA

• Response: time elapsed (in seconds)

• Treatment: function (3 levels)

• Covariate: file size (in GB)

| Term | SS | df | F | p-value |
|-------------|----------|----|----------|---------|
| (Intercept) | 10.5154 | 1 | 8.4657 | 0.0073 |
| meth | 187.3580 | 2 | 75.4188 | 0.0000 |
| size | 192.4662 | 1 | 154.9502 | 0.0000 |
| Residuals | 32.2950 | 26 | NA | NA |

• Model assumptions are met.

| statistic | p.value | method |
|-----------|---------|-----------------------------|
| 0.9732 | 0.6286 | Shapiro-Wilk normality test |

| statistic | p.value | df | df.residual | method |
|-----------|---------|----|-------------|-------------|
| 2.3633 | 0.1133 | 2 | 27 | Levene test |

• Multiple comparisons - Tukey contrasts

| contrast | estimate | se | statistic | adj p-value |
|----------------|----------|--------|-----------|-------------|
| import - fread | -0.2873 | 0.4984 | -0.5764 | 0.8338 |
| readr - fread | -5.4391 | 0.4984 | -10.9127 | 0.0000 |
| readr - import | -5.1518 | 0.4984 | -10.3362 | 0.0000 |

• readr significantly differs from the other 2 methods when using Mac.

Discussion

- Take advantage of more efficient algorithms!!!
- Extend to other file formats (.tsv, .json...) and other forms of data (images, audio, ...)
- Other variables to consider
 - On battery vs charging
 - Amount of RAM stored in the R environment
 - Different environments: RStudio Desktop, RStudio Cloud, Colab Notebook, Terminal/Command Line. . .
 - Reading files in locally vs from a DropBox/Google Drive link
 - R (readr::read_csv()) vs python (pandas.read_csv())

Cheers.

- Acknowledgments
 - Lance Davis
 - Mike Perry
 - Greg Matthews
- Greg's YouTube video: youtu.be/E5KJkooW4RY
- GitHub: github.com/qntkhvn/read_speed
- Question?

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