## Computational Finance and its Object Oriented Implementation.

**Exercise Handout 4** 

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#### Exercise 1

Let P(t,T) be the continuously compounded time-t price of a bond maturing at time T, and assume that it is a *deterministic* function of t and T: in other words

$$P(t,T) = e^{-\int_t^T r(u)du}$$

for some deterministic positive short rate function r(t).

(a) Prove, via discussion of arbitrage possibilities, that for  $t \leq T \leq S$  it has to hold

$$P(t,S) = P(t,T)P(T,S).$$

(b) Define the continuously compounded forward rate prevailing at t of reset date T and maturing S as the unique solution to the equation

$$e^{f(t,T,S)(S-T)} := \frac{P(t,T)}{P(t,S)},$$

and the instantaneous forward rate as

$$f(t,T) = \lim_{S \to T} f(t,T,S).$$

Prove that it holds

$$P(t,T) = \exp\left(-\int_t^T f(t,u)du\right)$$

and

$$r(t) = \lim_{T \to t} f(t, T).$$

(c) Conclude from (a) and (b) that

$$f(t,S) = r(S)$$

for all  $t \leq S$ .

(d) Establish in which of the points (a), (b), (c), the assumption of deterministic rates is necessary or can be relaxed to some class of stochastic short rates r(t).

### Exercise 2

A swap is an exchange payment of fixed rate for a floating rate. In particular, let

$$0 = T_0 < T_1 < T_2 < \dots < T_n$$

denote a given tenor structure. A swap pays

$$N(L(T_i, T_{i+1}; T_i) - S_i) P(T_{i+1}; t)$$

in  $T_{i+1}$  for  $i=1,\ldots,n-1$ , where  $S_i \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  $i=1,\ldots,n-1$ , denote the so called fixed swap rates,  $L(T_i,T_{i+1};T_i)$  denotes the forward rate from Definition 111 of the script, and N denotes the notional. The value of the swap is given by Theorem 139 in the script.

The par swap rate S at time t is the unique rate for which a swap with  $S_i := S$  for every i = 1, ..., n-1 has value 0 at time t. Analytically compute the value of S at time t as a function of the times of the tenor structure and of the curve  $P(T_i; t)$ , i = 1, ..., n.

# Exercise 3

This exercise (or some points of this exercise) may be done during the Tutorium

Write a SwapWithoutFinmath, implementing the interface

you find in the exercises repository.

In particular, you have to write methods that calculate the value of an interest rate Swap (for given fixed swap rates  $S_i$ , i = 0, ..., n - 1) as well as the par swap rate S, in correspondence to a tenure structure  $0 = T_0 < T_1 < ... < T_n = T$ , at evaluation time t = 0.

Take into account the fact that the user can provide the forward rates  $L(T_i, T_{i+1}; 0)$ , i = 0, ..., n-1 or the initial zero-bond curve  $P(T_i; 0)$ , i = 0, ..., n-1, both as array of doubles.

Also try to give a different implementation to your methods in the case when the settlement dates  $0 = T_0 < T_1 < \ldots < T_n = T$  are evenly distributed, i.e.,  $\Delta_i := T_{i+1} - T_i = \delta > 0 \ \forall i = 1, \ldots, n$ : in this case, you can save time avoiding to compute  $\Delta_i$  more than once.

Write then a JUnit test class which checks if the value for the Swap you get by choosing  $S_i = S \,\forall i$  is actually 0 (again, up to a suitable tolerance). For this purpose, take T = 3,  $\Delta_i = \delta = 0.5$  (half year), and the following zero coupon bond curve:

Maturity	Price
6m	0.9986509108
1yr	0.9949129829
1.5yr	0.9897033769
2 yr	0.9835370208
$2.5 \mathrm{\ yr}$	0.9765298116
3 yr	0.9689909565