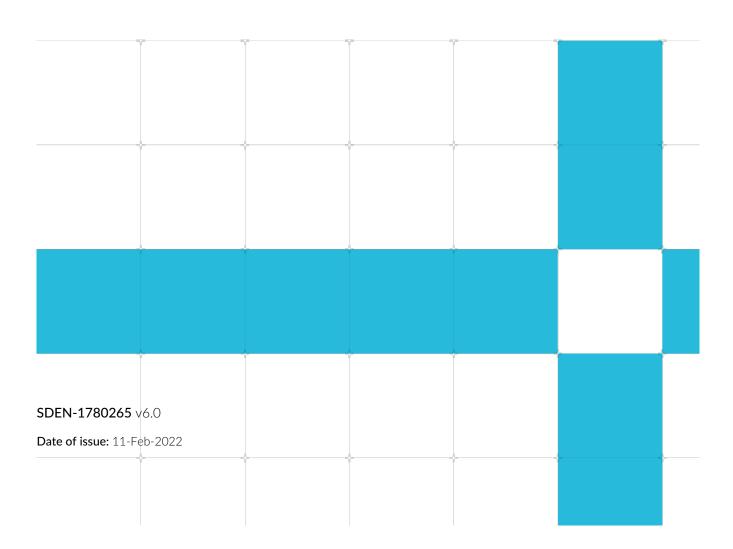


Arm CI-700 Coherent Interconnect Software Developer Errata Notice

This document contains all known errata since the rOpO release of the product.

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Introduction

Scope

This document describes errata categorized by level of severity. Each description includes:

- The current status of the erratum.
- Where the implementation deviates from the specification and the conditions required for erroneous behavior to occur.
- The implications of the erratum with respect to typical applications.
- The application and limitations of a workaround where possible.

Categorization of errata

Errata are split into three levels of severity and further qualified as common or rare:

Category A	A critical error. No workaround is available or workarounds are impactful. The error is likely to be common for many systems and applications.
Category A (Rare)	A critical error. No workaround is available or workarounds are impactful. The error is likely to be rare for most systems and applications. Rare is determined by analysis, verification and usage.

Category B A significant error or a critical error with an acceptable workaround. The error is likely to be common for many systems and applications.

Category B (Rare) A significant error or a critical error with an acceptable workaround. The error is likely to be rare for most systems and applications. Rare is determined by analysis, verification and usage.

Category C A minor error.

Change Control

Errata are listed in this section if they are new to the document, or marked as "updated" if there has been any change to the erratum text. Fixed errata are not shown as updated unless the erratum text has changed. The **errata summary table** identifies errata that have been fixed in each product revision.

11-Feb-2022: Changes in document version v6.0

ID	Status	Area	Category	Summary
2301815	2301815 Updated		Category B	MTE Tag Cache writes may be dropped

07-Jan-2022: Changes in document version v5.0

ID	Status	Area	Category	Summary
2301815	2301815 New Program		Category B	MTE Tag Cache writes may be dropped

27-Sep-2021: Changes in document version v4.0

ID	Status	Area	Category	Summary
2243907	New	Programmer		WriteZero transactions can deadlock when not supported downstream of MTSX
2177971	New	Programmer	Category C	HN-I RAS syndrome registers do not capture correct opcode

25-Sep-2020: Changes in document version v3.0

No new or updated errata in this document version.

21-Aug-2020: Changes in document version v2.0

ID	Status	Area	Category	Summary
1926789	New	Programmer	Category B	SECC error on ABF operation can cause coherency failures for other memory addresses

25-Mar-2020: Changes in document version v1.0

No errata in this document version.

Errata summary table

The errata associated with this product affect the product versions described in the following table.

ID	Area	Category	Summary	Found in versions	Fixed in version
1926789	Programmer	Category B	SECC error on ABF operation can cause coherency failures for other memory addresses	rOpO	r1p0
2243907	Programmer	Category B	WriteZero transactions can deadlock when not supported downstream of MTSX	r0p0, r1p0, r1p1, r2p0	r1p2, r2p1
2301815	Programmer	Category B	MTE Tag Cache writes may be dropped	r0p0, r1p0, r1p1, r1p2, r2p0	r1p3, r2p1
2177971	Programmer	Category C	HN-I RAS syndrome registers do not capture correct opcode	r0p0, r1p0, r1p1, r1p2, r1p3	r2p0

Errata descriptions

Category A

There are no errata in this category.

Category A (rare)

There are no errata in this category.

Category B

1926789

SECC error on ABF operation can cause coherency failures for other memory addresses

Status:

Affects: CI-700

Fault Type: Programmer CAT-B

Fault Status: Present in r0p0. Fixed in r1p0.

Description:

CI-700 supports Address Based Flush (ABF) where upper and lower system addresses can be programmed and then request a hardware-based engine to flush out that address range from all System Level Caches (SLC). This ABF state machine works in the presence of other memory requests.

Single-bit ECC errors on the ABF accesses can corrupt the CMN Snoop Filter state, and result in coherency failures for other unrelated memory addresses.

Configurations Affected:

Any configuration of CI-700 where ABF is used.

Conditions:

This bug appears when following three conditions occur:

- SLC address from flush set/way is outside ABF programmed range AND
- SLC Tag read has single bit ECC error AND
- There is independent request in pipeline N cycles ahead of ABF request (where N is SLC TAG RAM LATENCY)

In this case, ABF request corrupts SF vector for independent request that's ahead of ABF causing coherency failure.

Implications:

The ABF flush sequence can cause coherency fails for unrelated memory addresses during the sequence.

WorkAround:

Use the CI-700 power management features to flush the SLC, flushes the full SLC contents vs. the upper/lower range.

2243907

WriteZero transactions can deadlock when not supported downstream of MTSX

Status

Affects: CI-700

Fault Type: Programmer Category B

Fault Status: Present in r0p0, r1p0, r1p1, r2p0. Fixed in r1p2, r2p1.

Description

If AXI WriteZero transactions are not supported downstream of MTSX, CI-700 can be configured to synthesize WriteZero data. Interactions between sequences of WriteZero transactions that synthesize data can cause write transactions to deadlock.

Configurations affected

CI-700 configurations where MTSX AXI WriteZero propagation is not enabled and RN-Fs issue WriteZero CHI transactions.

Conditions

- MTE is enabled AND
- MTSX is configured to synthesize WriteZero data AND
- Sequences of WriteZero transactions where the writes are issued to AXI and internal MTE logic out of order

Implications

If the preceding conditions are met, WriteZero transactions can deadlock.

Workaround

Disable WriteZero in the RN-F. Arm CPUs support WriteZero disable. For example:

- Cortex-A710 core, CPUACTLR5_EL1.l2spr_writezero_dis[29] = 1
- Cortex-X2 core, CPUACTLR5 EL1.l2spr writezero dis[29] = 1
- Cortex-A510, IMP CPUECTLR EL1.wzdis[18] = 1

Note that disabling WriteZero in Arm CPUs may reduce WriteZero performance.

2301815 MTE Tag Cache transaction queue may hang

Status

Affects: CI-700

Fault Type: Programmer Category B

Fault Status: Present in r0p0, r1p0, r1p1, r1p2, r2p0. Fixed in r1p3, r2p1.

Description

Transactions with MTE enabled that share the same tag DRAM address can lead to a hang in the transaction tracking queue.

Configurations affected

CI-700 configurations with MTSX configured with a Tag Cache.

Conditions

- MTE is enabled AND
- 2 MTE Tag requests to the same 32*64B memory region AND
- MTE Tag Cache enabled AND
- Sufficient traffic leading to a Tag Cache eviction with matching tag DRAM address

Implications

Either of the following:

- Hang: the MTU transaction tracking queue is hung and no forward progress can occur. A reset is required.
- Tag data corruption: the youngest MTE Tag data can be overwritten by the next youngest write, one of the write data is dropped.

Workaround

Disable the MTSX MTE Tag Cache.

Category B (rare)

There are no errata in this category.

Category C

2177971

HN-I RAS syndrome registers do not capture correct opcode

Status

Affects: CI-700

Fault Type: Programmer Category C

Fault Status: Present in r0p0, r1p0, r1p1, r1p2,r1p3. Fixed in r2p0.

Description

The OPCODE field in the HN-I por_hni_errmisc RAS Syndrome register does not correctly capture the new REQ opcodes introduced in CHI-E.

Configurations Affected

All CI-700 configurations that use RAS error logging.

Conditions

A RAS error triggered by a new CHI-E transaction that causes the syndrome to be captured in the por_hni_errmisc register on a transaction processed by HN-I/P/D/V/T.

Implications

A read of the por_hni_errmisc.OPCODE field may return an incorrect opcode. The opcode does not properly reflect an error on a CHI-E opcode that has bit [6] set.

Workaround

RAS handler and software can use the following table indicating which por_hni_errmisc.OPCODE values are affected by aliasing due to this issue. If a RAS error involves opcodes listed as **Yes**, software can indicate that either opcode could have been the actual opcode involved in the error. Note that some cases with opcode[6]=0 are Reserved in the *CHI-E Specification*.

CHI-E REQ Opcodes			
Opcode[5:0]	Opcode[6]=0	Opcode[6]=1	Can Opcode[6]=1 RAS error happen at HN-X?
0x01	ReadShared	MakeReadUnique	Yes
0x02	ReadClean	WriteEvictOrEvict	No
0x03	ReadOnce	WriteUniqueZero	Yes
0x04	ReadNoSnp	WriteNoSnpZero	No
0x07	ReadUnique	StashOnceSepShared	No
0x08	CleanShared	StashOnceSepUnique	No
0x0C	MakeUnique	ReadPreferUnique	Yes
0x10	Reserved	WriteNoSnpFullCleanSh	No
0x11	ReadNoSnpSep	WriteNoSnpFullCleanInv	No
0x12	Reserved	WriteNoSnpFullCleanSh-PerSep	No
0x14	DVMOp	WriteUniqueFullCleanSh	Yes
0x16	Reserved (WriteCleanPtl)	WriteUniqueFullCleanSh-PerSep	Yes
0x18	WriteUniquePtl	WriteBackFullCleanSh	Yes
0x19	WriteUniqueFull	WriteBackFullCleanInv	Yes
0x1A	WriteBackPtl	WriteBackFullCleanSh-PerSep	Yes
0x1C	WriteNoSnpPtl	WriteCleanFullCleanSh	Yes
0x1E	Reserved	WriteCleanFullCleanSh-PerSep	Yes
0x20	WriteUniqueFullStash	WriteNoSnpPtlCleanSh	No
0x21	WriteUniquePtlStash	WriteNoSnpPtlCleanInv	No
0x22	StashOnceShared	WriteNoSnpPtlCleanSh-PerSep	No
0x24	ReadOnceCleanInvalid	WriteUniquePtlCleanSh	Yes
0x26	ReadNotSharedDirty	WriteUniquePtlCleanSh-PerSep	Yes