



# Arm® Neoverse CMN-700 Coherent Mesh Network

## Software Developer Errata Notice

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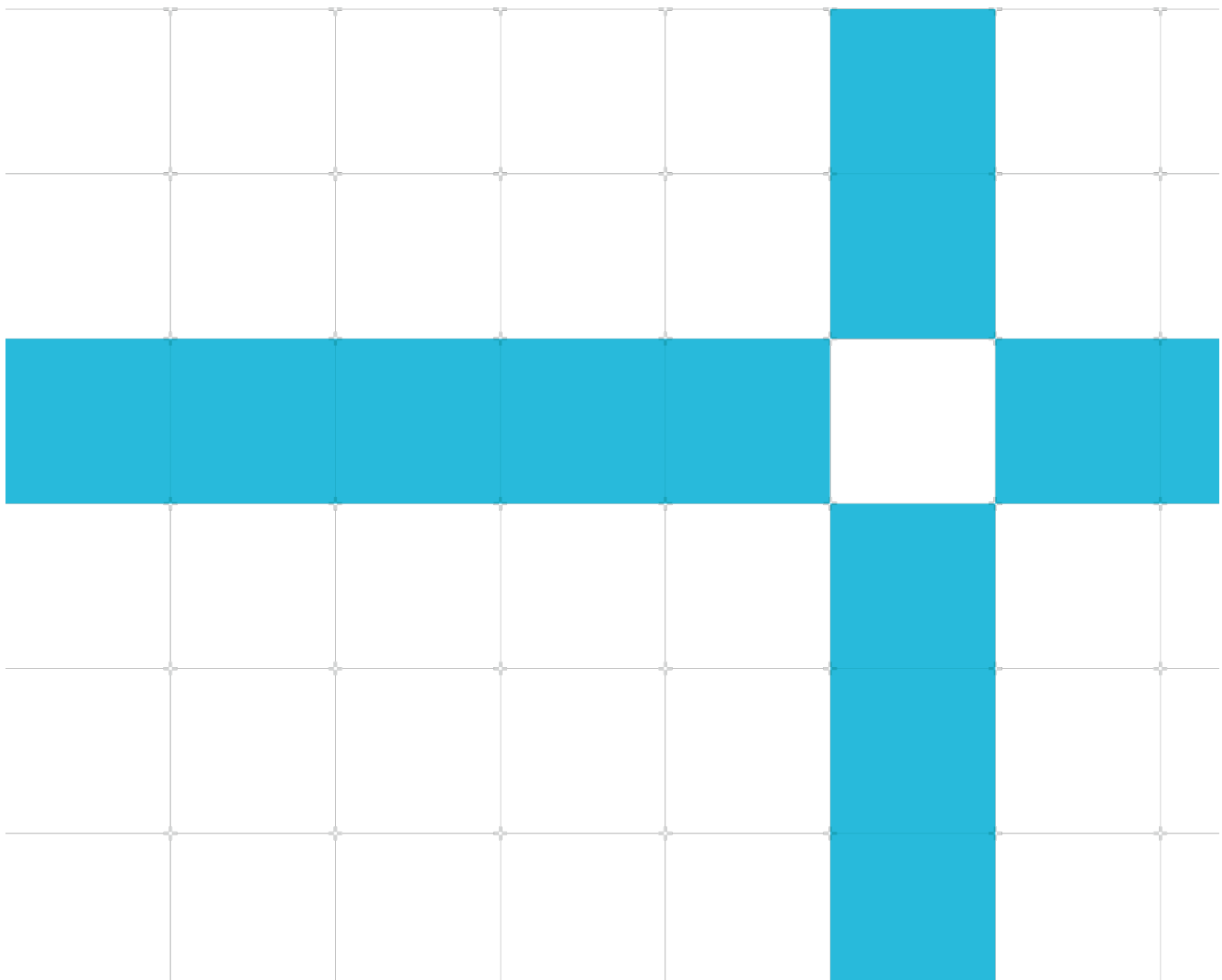
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This document contains all known errata since the rOp0 release of the product.



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# Introduction

## Scope

This document describes errata categorized by level of severity. Each description includes:

- The current status of the erratum.
- Where the implementation deviates from the specification and the conditions required for erroneous behavior to occur.
- The implications of the erratum with respect to typical applications.
- The application and limitations of a workaround where possible.

## Categorization of errata

Errata are split into three levels of severity and further qualified as common or rare:

<b>Category A</b>	A critical error. No workaround is available or workarounds are impactful. The error is likely to be common for many systems and applications.
<b>Category A (Rare)</b>	A critical error. No workaround is available or workarounds are impactful. The error is likely to be rare for most systems and applications. Rare is determined by analysis, verification and usage.
<b>Category B</b>	A significant error or a critical error with an acceptable workaround. The error is likely to be common for many systems and applications.
<b>Category B (Rare)</b>	A significant error or a critical error with an acceptable workaround. The error is likely to be rare for most systems and applications. Rare is determined by analysis, verification and usage.
<b>Category C</b>	A minor error.

# Change Control

Errata are listed in this section if they are new to the document, or marked as "updated" if there has been any change to the erratum text. Fixed errata are not shown as updated unless the erratum text has changed. The [errata summary table](#) identifies errata that have been fixed in each product revision.

## 30-Jun-2023: Changes in document version v10.0

ID	Status	Area	Category	Summary
<a href="#">2900369</a>	Updated	Programmer	Category B	CHI or AXI CMN configuration accesses can deadlock when the APB-only configuration access feature is enabled
<a href="#">2909130</a>	Updated	Programmer	Category B	Data Cache Clean operations by VA to the point of Persistence to remote chip memory can cause a deadlock
<a href="#">2951654</a>	New	Programmer	Category B	HN-I Physical Memory ordering can be violated with larger tracker depths

## 29-Apr-2023: Changes in document version v9.0

ID	Status	Area	Category	Summary
<a href="#">2900369</a>	New	Programmer	Category B	CHI or AXI CMN configuration accesses can deadlock when the APB-only configuration access feature is enabled
<a href="#">2909130</a>	New	Programmer	Category B	Data Cache Clean operations by VA to the point of Persistence to remote chip memory can cause a deadlock

## 20-Jan-2023: Changes in document version v8.0

ID	Status	Area	Category	Summary
<a href="#">2822447</a>	New	Programmer	Category B	Remote chip DVM Sync operations may be incorrectly suppressed

## 07-Sep-2022: Changes in document version v7.0

ID	Status	Area	Category	Summary
<a href="#">2473100</a>	Updated	Programmer	Category B	Multi-chip SMP DVM operations can cause hang
<a href="#">2418894</a>	Updated	Programmer	Category C	CCG CCLA PMU events cannot be counted correctly
<a href="#">2732981</a>	New	Programmer	Category C	RAS HN-S, HN-I and SBSX ERRGSR registers do not capture correct device instance information

## 13-Jul-2022: Changes in document version v6.0

ID	Status	Area	Category	Summary
<a href="#">2473100</a>	New	Programmer	Category B	Multi-chip SMP DVM operations can cause hang

## 18-Feb-2022: Changes in document version v5.0

ID	Status	Area	Category	Summary
<a href="#">2418894</a>	New	Programmer	Category C	CCG CCLA PMU events cannot be counted correctly

## 07-Jan-2022: Changes in document version v4.0

No new or updated errata in this document version.

**01-Oct-2021: Changes in document version v3.0**

No new or updated errata in this document version.

**03-May-2021: Changes in document version v2.0**

ID	Status	Area	Category	Summary
<a href="#">2128441</a>	New	Programmer	Category B	Multi-chip SMP data corruption or hang in the presence of CPU and PCIe traffic
<a href="#">2125871</a>	New	Programmer	Category C	HN-I RAS syndrome registers do not capture correct opcode

**15-Dec-2020: Changes in document version v1.0**

No errata in this document version.

# Errata summary table

The errata associated with this product affect the product versions described in the following table.

ID	Area	Category	Summary	Found in versions	Fixed in version
<a href="#">2473100</a>	Programmer	Category B	Multi-chip SMP DVM operations can cause hang	r0p0, r1p0, r2p0	r3p0
<a href="#">2900369</a>	Programmer	Category B	CHI or AXI CMN configuration accesses can deadlock when the APB-only configuration access feature is enabled	r1p0, r2p0, r3p0, r3p1	r3p2
<a href="#">2128441</a>	Programmer	Category B	Multi-chip SMP data corruption or hang in the presence of CPU and PCIe traffic	r0p0	r1p0
<a href="#">2951654</a>	Programmer	Category B	HN-I Physical Memory ordering can be violated with larger tracker depths	r3p0, r3p1	r3p2
<a href="#">2822447</a>	Programmer	Category B	Remote chip DVM Sync operations may be incorrectly suppressed	r3p0, r3p1, r3p2	Open
<a href="#">2909130</a>	Programmer	Category B	Data Cache Clean operations by VA to the point of Persistence to remote chip memory can cause a deadlock	r0p0, r1p0, r2p0, r3p0, r3p1	r3p2
<a href="#">2418894</a>	Programmer	Category C	CCG CCLA PMU events cannot be counted correctly	r2p0	r3p0
<a href="#">2125871</a>	Programmer	Category C	HN-I RAS syndrome registers do not capture correct opcode	r0p0	r1p0
<a href="#">2732981</a>	Programmer	Category C	RAS HN-S, HN-I and SBSX ERRGSR registers do not capture correct device instance information	r0p0, r1p0, r2p0, r3p0, r3p1, r3p2	Open



# Errata descriptions

## Category A

There are no errata in this category.

## Category A (rare)

There are no errata in this category.

## Category B

2473100

### Multi-chip SMP DVM operations can cause hang

#### Status

Affects: CMN-700

Fault Type: Programmer CatB

Fault Status: Present in r0p0, r1p0, r2p0. Fixed in r3p0.

#### Description

DVM operations may hang in the presence of other traffic targeting remote chips in CMN SMP configurations.

#### Configurations Affected

Any multi-chip SMP CMN configuration.

#### Conditions

DVM operations and non-DVM op transactions targeting a remote chip in SMP configurations.

#### Implications

If the conditions are met, DVM operations might not complete, which might cause deadlocks.

#### Workaround

Disable CML Early DVM completions by writing 1'b0 to `por_ccg_ra_aux_ctl.dvm_earlycomp_en`

Also, do not change the following register values from the default settings:

- `por_ccg_ra_ccprtcl_link0_ctl.lnk0_send_compack`: Default is 1'b0
- `por_ccg_ha_ccprtcl_link0_ctl.lnk0_send_compack`: Default is 1'b0

#### Note

This might impact cross-chip DVM performance.

## 2900369

### CHI or AXI CMN configuration accesses can deadlock when the APB-only configuration access feature is enabled

#### Status

Affects: CMN-700

Fault Type: Programmer CAT-B

Fault Status: Present in r1p0, r2p0, r3p0, r3p1. Fixed in r3p2.

#### Description

CMN can be configured to only allow APB configuration access. Transactions that target the CMN configuration space via CHI or AXI, return zero data for reads and writes are dropped.

#### Configurations affected

Any CMN-700 configuration that enables the APB-only configuration mode via the `por_abp_only_access` configuration register.

#### Conditions

- APB-only mode enabled via the `por_abp_only_access` configuration register AND
- CHI transactions targeting the CMN configuration register space within the CMN PERIPHBASE offset range OR
- AXI transactions targeting the CMN configuration register space within the CMN PERIPHBASE offset range

#### Implications

Deadlocks may occur if the conditions are met, read or write transactions may not complete.

#### Workaround

Configure the CMN System Address Map to not target HN-D for the CMN configuration address space within the CMN PERIPHBASE offset range.

## 2128441

### Multi-chip SMP data corruption or hang in the presence of CPU and PCIe traffic

#### Status

Affects: CMN-700

Fault Type: Programmer CAT-B

Fault Status: Present in r0p0. Fixed in r1p0

#### Description

High-bandwidth CPU and PCIe traffic targeting a remote chip can result in data corruption or hangs.

#### Configurations Affected

All configurations that have PCIe RNI instantiated in CCG.

#### Conditions

High bandwidth CPU and PCIe traffic targeting the remote chip.

#### Implications

Data corruption and/or an eventual hang in the presence of CPU and PCIe traffic.

#### Workaround

Program `por_ccg_ha_cxprtcl_link0_ctl.lnk0_num_reqcrds` to a value of `4'h3` which allocates only 75% of the available credits to link 0.

## 2951654

### HN-I Physical Memory ordering can be violated with larger tracker depths

#### Status

Affects: CMN-700

Fault Type: Programmer CAT-B

Fault Status: Present in r3p0, r3p1. Fixed in r3p2.

#### Description

HN-I devices support a Physical Memory mode, which implements Arm Normal Memory ordering requirements. Address hazard ordering may not be maintained when HN-I Physical Memory mode is enabled with larger tracker depth settings, which can result in same address transaction re-ordering on the HN-I AXI interface.

#### Configurations affected

CMN-700 configurations with HN-I, HN-D, HN-P, HN-T, or HN-V with configurations where  $\text{NUM\_RRT\_REQS} + \text{NUM\_AXI\_REQS} > 128$

#### Conditions

The following conditions must all be met:

- HN-I devices (includes HN-D, HN-P, HN-T, or HN-V) configured with  $\text{NUM\_RRT\_REQS} + \text{NUM\_AXI\_REQS} > 128$
- Physical Memory mode is enabled (`por_hni_sam_addrregion<n>_cfg.physical_mem_en=1`) for address region n
- 2 transactions in flight to AXI with overlapping addresses

#### Implications

Data corruption: a younger read might return stale data if following behind an older write to the same address

#### Workaround

Do not enable Physical Memory mode when using deeper tracker, which results in Device Memory ordering behavior and might have performance implications.

**2822447**

## Remote chip DVM Sync operations may be incorrectly suppressed

### Status

Affects: CMN-700

Fault Type: Programmer CAT-B

Fault Status: Present in r3p0, r3p1, r3p2. Open.

### Description

The CMN-700 DVM Op and Sync optimizations enable filtering Outer-Shareable DVM Ops and suppressing DVM Syncs targeting remote chips in SMP configurations. DVM Syncs can be suppressed if no older DVM Ops were sent to remote chips since the last DVM Sync. DVM Syncs might be incorrectly suppressed even when DVM Ops were sent to the remote chip.

### Configurations affected

CMN-700 SMP configurations with the DVM Op and Sync optimization features enabled.

### Conditions

The incorrect suppression of DVM Syncs targeting remote chips can occur if all of the following conditions are met:

- Configuration bits `por_dn_cfg_ctl.broadcast_dvmop_{outer,inner} != 2'b11` (enables DVM Op Outer-Shareable filtering feature) AND
- Local DVM Syncs issued from a CPU on chip0 AND,
- Incoming remote DVM Syncs issued from remote chip1 AND
- DVM Op(s) issued to remote chip1

### Implications

The DVM Sync to remote chip1 may not be issued resulting in DVM coherence issues.

### Workaround

Do not enable the DVM Op and Sync optimization features, disabled by default. Do not modify `por_dn_cfg_ctl.broadcast_dvmop_{outer,inner}`.

## 2909130

### Data Cache Clean operations by VA to the point of Persistence to remote chip memory can cause a deadlock

#### Status

Affects: CMN-700

Fault Type: Programmer CAT-B

Fault Status: Present in r0p0, r1p0, r2p0, r3p0, r3p1. Fixed in r3p2.

#### Description

Under specific timing conditions, the execution of a Data Cache Clean sequence by VA to the point of Persistence or Point of Deep Persistence instructions that are targeting memory on a remote chip can cause a deadlock.

#### Configurations affected

Any multi-chip SMP CMN configuration where the CPUs and SOC support the CHI BROADCASTPERSIST attribute.

#### Conditions

CPU sends a sequence of DC CVAP instructions targeting memory on the remote chip with the same GROUPID:

- DC CGDVADP
- DC CGDVAP
- DC CGVADP
- DC CGVAP
- DC CVADP
- DC CVAP

#### Implications

A deadlock can occur if the conditions are met, under specific micro-architectural and timing conditions.

#### Workarounds

1. Set the CPU BROADCASTPERSIST input pin to 1'b0 OR
2. The CMN Persist Response Tracker can be disabled by setting `por_ccg_ra_aux_ctl[13]` to 1'b0. Note that this may have performance implications.

## Category B (rare)

There are no errata in this category.



## Category C

2418894

### CCG CCLA PMU events cannot be counted correctly

#### Status

Affects: CMN-700

Fault Type: Programmer CAT-C

Fault status: Present in r2p0. Fixed in r3p0.

#### Description

The CCG PMU events cannot be counted correctly for CCG configurations with PCIE\_ENABLE parameter set

#### Configurations affected

CMN configurations that include CCG with PCIE\_ENABLE parameter set

#### Conditions

Programming CMN CCG CCLA PMU events to be counted.

#### Implications

CCG CCLA PMU events cannot be counted correctly. This may reduce the ability to analyze CXS link efficiency for multi-chip traffic.

The following events will not be counted correctly:

- 8'h21: LA\_RX\_CXS : number of RX CXS beats
- 8'h22: LA\_TX\_CXS : number of TX CXS beats
- 8'h23: LA\_RX\_CXS\_AVG\_SIZE : average size of RX CXS beats
- 8'h24: LA\_TX\_CXS\_AVG\_SIZE : average size of TX CXS beats
- 8'h25: LA\_TX\_CXS\_LCRD\_BACKPRESSURE : CXS backpressure due to lack of CXS credits
- 8'h26: LA\_LINK\_CRDBUF\_OCC : CCLA RX RAM buffer occupancy
- 8'h27: LA\_LINK\_CRDBUF\_ALLOC: CCLA RX RAM buffer allocation

#### Workaround

No workaround necessary.

## 2125871

### HN-I RAS syndrome registers do not capture correct opcode

#### Status

Affects: CMN-700

Fault Type: Programmer Category C

Fault Status: Present in r0p0. Fixed in r1p0.

#### Description

The OPCODE field in the HN-I por\_hni\_errmisc RAS Syndrome register does not correctly capture the new REQ opcodes introduced in CHI-E.

#### Configurations Affected

All CMN-700 configurations that use RAS error logging.

#### Conditions

A RAS error triggered by a new CHI-E transaction that causes the syndrome to be captured in the por\_hni\_errmisc register on a transaction processed by HN-I/P/D/V/T.

#### Implications

A read of the por\_hni\_errmisc.OPCODE field may return an incorrect opcode. The opcode does not properly reflect an error on a CHI-E opcode that has bit [6] set.

#### Workaround

RAS handler and software can use the following table indicating which por\_hni\_errmisc.OPCODE values are affected by aliasing due to this issue. If a RAS error involves opcodes listed as **Yes**, software can indicate that either opcode could have been the actual opcode involved in the error. Note that some cases with opcode[6]=0 are Reserved in the *CHI-E Specification*.

CHI-E REQ Opcodes			
Opcode[5:0]	Opcode[6]=0	Opcode[6]=1	Can Opcode[6]=1 RAS error happen at HN-X?
0x01	ReadShared	MakeReadUnique	Yes
0x02	ReadClean	WriteEvictOrEvict	No
0x03	ReadOnce	WriteUniqueZero	Yes
0x04	ReadNoSnp	WriteNoSnpZero	No
0x07	ReadUnique	StashOnceSepShared	No
0x08	CleanShared	StashOnceSepUnique	No
0x0C	MakeUnique	ReadPreferUnique	Yes
0x10	Reserved	WriteNoSnpFullCleanSh	No
0x11	ReadNoSnpSep	WriteNoSnpFullCleanInv	No
0x12	Reserved	WriteNoSnpFullCleanSh-PerSep	No
0x14	DVMOp	WriteUniqueFullCleanSh	Yes
0x16	Reserved (WriteCleanPtl)	WriteUniqueFullCleanSh-PerSep	Yes
0x18	WriteUniquePtl	WriteBackFullCleanSh	Yes
0x19	WriteUniqueFull	WriteBackFullCleanInv	Yes
0x1A	WriteBackPtl	WriteBackFullCleanSh-PerSep	Yes
0x1C	WriteNoSnpPtl	WriteCleanFullCleanSh	Yes
0x1E	Reserved	WriteCleanFullCleanSh-PerSep	Yes
0x20	WriteUniqueFullStash	WriteNoSnpPtlCleanSh	No
0x21	WriteUniquePtlStash	WriteNoSnpPtlCleanInv	No
0x22	StashOnceShared	WriteNoSnpPtlCleanSh-PerSep	No
0x24	ReadOnceCleanInvalid	WriteUniquePtlCleanSh	Yes
0x26	ReadNotSharedDirty	WriteUniquePtlCleanSh-PerSep	Yes

## 2732981

### RAS HN-S, HN-I and SBSX ERRGSR registers do not capture correct device instance information

#### Status

Affects: CMN-700

Fault Type: Programmer Category C

Fault Status: r0p0, r1p0, r2p0, r3p0, r3p1, r3p2. Open.

#### Description

The CMN Error Group Status Registers (ERRGSR) capture device instance error information for RAS events. The registers indicate the device instance within a device group. The registers are not updated correctly for the HN-S, HN-I and SBSX device groups, so cannot be used to determine the device instances for RAS events.

#### Configurations Affected

All CMN-700 configurations that use RAS error logging.

#### Conditions

A RAS event triggered by an HN-S, HN-I or SBSX device.

#### Implications

Software cannot use the HN-S, HN-I or SBSX ERRGSR registers.

#### Workaround

The RAS handler must read the individual HN-S, HN-I and SBSX instance RAS logging registers when RAS interrupts occur.