

# **Arm® Streamline**

Version 8.9

# **Target Setup Guide for Android**

Non-Confidential

Issue 00

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## Arm<sup>®</sup> Streamline

## **Target Setup Guide for Android**

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## 1. Introduction

Learn how to use Streamline to set up your Android device for debugging and profiling.

## 1.1 Conventions

The following subsections describe conventions used in Arm documents.

### Glossary

The Arm Glossary is a list of terms used in Arm documentation, together with definitions for those terms. The Arm Glossary does not contain terms that are industry standard unless the Arm meaning differs from the generally accepted meaning.

See the Arm Glossary for more information: developer.arm.com/glossary.

## Typographic conventions

Arm documentation uses typographical conventions to convey specific meaning.

Convention	Use
italic	Citations.
bold	Interface elements, such as menu names.
	Terms in descriptive lists, where appropriate.
monospace	Text that you can enter at the keyboard, such as commands, file and program names, and source code.
monospace <u>underline</u>	A permitted abbreviation for a command or option. You can enter the underlined text instead of the full command or option name.
<and> Encloses replaceable terms for assembler syntax where they appear in code or code fragile.  For example:</and>	
	MRC p15, 0, <rd>, <crn>, <crm>, <opcode_2></opcode_2></crm></crn></rd>
SMALL CAPITALS	Terms that have specific technical meanings as defined in the Arm® Glossary. For example, IMPLEMENTATION DEFINED, IMPLEMENTATION SPECIFIC, UNKNOWN, and UNPREDICTABLE.



Recommendations. Not following these recommendations might lead to system failure or damage.



Requirements for the system. Not following these requirements might result in system failure or damage.



Requirements for the system. Not following these requirements will result in system failure or damage.



An important piece of information that needs your attention.



A useful tip that might make it easier, better or faster to perform a task.



A reminder of something important that relates to the information you are reading.

## 1.2 Useful resources

This document contains information that is specific to this product. See the following resources for other useful information.

Access to Arm documents depends on their confidentiality:

- Non-Confidential documents are available at developer.arm.com/documentation. Each document link in the following tables goes to the online version of the document.
- Confidential documents are available to licensees only through the product package.

Arm product resources	Document ID	Confidentiality
Arm Development Studio Getting Started Guide	101469	Non-Confidential
Arm Streamline User Guide	101816	Non-Confidential

Non-Arm resources	Document ID	Organization
Debug your app	-	Android Studio
Specification for intent arguments	-	Android Developers

## 1.3 Other information

See the Arm website for other relevant information.

- Arm® Developer.
- Arm® Documentation.
- Technical Support.
- Arm® Glossary.

# 2. Target Setup

This chapter explains how to get your application, device and host machine ready to use Streamline for application or system profiling.

## 2.1 Application and system profiling

Streamline supports two types of profiling. Application profiling is the most common use case, but system profiling is also supported.

## Application profiling

Streamline supports data capture on Android devices. Streamline collects CPU performance data and Arm® Mali™ GPU, or Arm Immortalis™ GPU, performance data from a single application, so that you can profile your debuggable game or application without device modification. Streamline also supports non-debuggable application profiling on a rooted device. To configure Streamline to collect the right data, use the templates to select the most appropriate set of counters for your device.

### System profiling

In addition to the single application profiling for non-root devices, Streamline supports system-wide Android profiling when running on development devices with root access. System profiling enables manufacturers to simultaneously monitor all applications and services running on their device, allowing identification of problematic processes or scheduling behaviors.

#### Related information

Application profiling on page 15 System profiling on page 22

## 2.2 Compile your application

Before you can profile your executable with Streamline, you must compile your executable. This topic describes the compiler options to use when you compile your application.

## Profiling native code

When compiling with GCC or Clang, use the following options:

-g

Turns on the debug symbols necessary for quality analysis reports.

#### -fno-inline

Disables inlining and substantially improves the call path quality.

#### -fno-omit-frame-pointer

Compiles your EABI images and libraries with frame pointers. This option enables Streamline to record the call stack with each sample taken.

#### -mno-omit-leaf-frame-pointer

Keeps the frame pointer in leaf functions.

#### -marm

When building for AArch32, if GCC was compiled with the --with-mode=thumb option enabled, this -marm is required. Using --with-mode=thumb without -marm breaks call stack unwinding in Streamline.

## Optional compiler options for call stack unwinding

To enable call stack unwinding in Streamline, you need to compile your executable with some additional compiler options:

- For AArch64 applications:
  - Compiling with GCC, use: -fno-omit-frame-pointer and -mno-omit-leaf-frame-pointer



Arm recommends using -mno-omit-leaf-frame-pointer to prevent samples in leaf functions incorrectly listing their grand-parent function as their parent.

Compiling with Clang, use: -fno-omit-frame-pointer



-mno-omit-leaf-frame-pointer is not supported on Clang.

• For AArch32 applications, compiling with either GCC or Clang, use: -fno-omit-frame-pointer, -marm, and -mapcs-frame.



Streamline supports call stack unwinding for code that has been generated by Arm® Compiler 6.

Streamline does not support call stack unwinding for T32 (Thumb®) code.

#### Profiling Java or Kotlin code

In addition to profiling native code, Streamline can profile OAT files that Android runtime (ART) generates. The Streamline report for the application shows function names and disassembly in the **Code** view, but not source code.

To enable OAT files to be built with debug symbols, you must run dex20at with the --no-strip-symbols option. To run dex20at with the --no-strip-symbols option:

1. Run the following command on the device:

```
setprop dalvik.vm.dex2oat-flags --no-strip-symbols
```

- 2. Re-install the APK file
- 3. To verify the options for dex20at are set correctly, run the command:

```
getprop dalvik.vm.dex2oat-flags
```

4. To check whether DEX files contain .debug\_\* sections, you can use the GNU tools readelf command, for example:

```
readelf -S .../images/*.dex
```

#### Source code annotations

To enable Streamline to provide extra context when profiling your executable, you can add annotations to your source code. Streamline supports two types of annotations:

- User space annotations, for annotating your application
- Kernel annotations, to profile system calls

You can read more information about annotating your code in the Annotate your code chapter of the Arm Streamline User Guide.

#### Related information

readelf

## 2.3 Set up your host machine

Arm® Streamline Performance Analyzer is available for the Arm Mobile Studio or the Arm Development Studio product suites. To use Streamline, install the necessary software and set up environment variables on your host machine.

### Before you begin

- Ensure you have a device that is correctly configured to generate performance data. You can use many consumer Android devices without modification. A list of the consumer devices that Arm have tested to support Streamline is available from Supported Devices.
- If you are building your own device software, ensure that your kernel configuration includes the options that are described in Kernel configuration menu options.
- Ensure you have installed Python 3.8, or later. Python is used to run the streamline\_me.py script, which configures and collects data for headless captures on Android devices.
- Ensure you have installed Android Debug Bridge (ADB). ADB is available with the Android SDK platform tools, which are installed as part of Android Studio. Alternatively, you can download the latest version of ADB from the Android SDK platform tools site.

#### **Procedure**

- 1. Download the studio package appropriate to your host platform (Windows, Linux, or macOS):
  - Download Arm Mobile Studio from Downloads
  - Download Arm Development Studio from Downloads
- 2. Install your studio package:
  - To install Arm Mobile Studio, use the instructions in the Arm Streamline User Guide
  - To install Arm Development Studio, use the instructions in the Arm Development Studio Getting Started Guide
- 3. Add the path to the Android SDK and Python executables to your PATH environment variable.

### **Next steps**

- Set up your device
- Profile your application

## 2.4 Set up your device

To use Streamline, set up an Android device with the application you want to profile.

## Before you begin

Set up your host machine

#### **Procedure**

- Ensure that Developer Mode is enabled, then enable USB Debugging by selecting Settings > Developer options.
- 2. Connect the device to the host through USB and approve the debug connection when prompted. If the connection is successful, running the adb devices command on the host returns the ID of your device, and you can run adb shell.
- 3. To profile a debuggable application, build and install the application with the appropriate settings:
  - For Unity applications, select the **Development Build** option in the **Build Settings**.
  - For applications that are not built with Unity, ensure it is marked as debuggable in the Android application manifest. See how to debug your application in the Android Studio documentation.



This step is not required when building non-debuggable applications, for profiling on a development device with root access.

### Next steps

Profile your application

### Related information

Device connection issues

## 2.5 Launch Streamline

Learn how to open Streamline using different operating systems.

## Before you begin

Before you can open and use Streamline, ensure you have followed the steps in Set up your host machine and Set up your device.

#### Procedure

Launch Streamline:

- On Windows:
  - Arm® Mobile Studio users: From the Start menu, search for Streamline and select the Streamline shortcut.
  - Arm Development Studio users: Launch Arm Development Studio, navigate to the Streamline data view, and click Launch Streamline.



If required, to open the **Streamline data** view, either:

- Search for 'Streamline data' in the Arm Development Studio search function, and then select the **Streamline data** view.
- Select Window > Show view > Other..., expand Streamline, select Streamline Data, and click Open.
- On macOS, go to the <install\_directory>/streamline folder, and double-click the Streamline.app file.
- On Linux:
  - Arm Mobile Studio users: Navigate to the <install\_directory>/streamline folder and run
    the streamline file:

```
cd <install_directory>/streamline
./Streamline
```

 Arm Development Studio users: Launch Arm Development Studio, navigate to the Streamline data view, and click Launch Streamline.



If required, to open the **Streamline data** view, either:

• Search for 'Streamline data' in the Arm Development Studio search function, and then select the **Streamline data** view.

 Select Window > Show view > Other..., expand Streamline, select Streamline Data, and click Open.

## Next steps

• Connect Streamline to your device

# 3. Application profiling

Profile your debuggable application while it is running on an Android device. You can also profile non-debuggable applications when running on development devices with root access.

## 3.1 Profile your application

Use the Streamline GUI to capture a profile of your application.

## 3.1.1 Connect Streamline to your device

Use the **Start** view to connect Streamline to an Android device and application that you want to collect data from.

## Before you begin

Before you can connect Streamline to a device, ensure you have followed the steps in Set up your device.

#### Procedure

- 1. Launch Streamline.
- 2. In the **Start** view, select **Android (adb)** as your device type, then select your device from the list of detected devices. If you do not see your device in the list, check that it is connected properly through USB. See Set up your device for more information.
- 3. Wait a few moments for the list of available packages to populate, then select the package you want to profile from the list of packages available on the selected device.



- To enable the Start capture button when you select a non-debuggable package for profiling, you must be running a development device with root access.
- Applications must have at least one MAIN or launchable activity.
- 4. Optionally, enter arguments for activities that require additional configuration, or for activities that cannot be listed in the table:
  - a) Select the **Override activity** check box, and enter a suitable name for the activity.
  - b) In the **Arguments** text box, enter the arguments that you want to run on the selected package.
    - You can enter multiple arguments passed on a single line. See valid argument options in https://developer.android.com/tools/adb#IntentSpec.

If the arguments are valid, when you click **Start capture**, the arguments are stored in history so that you can select them again from a drop-down menu. A maximum of 10 arguments are stored before they are overwritten.

Select application Show only debuggable ♂ Refresh Debuggable Application Activity **②** com.Arm.ArmSampleAPK com.unity3d.player.UnityPlayerActivity test\_scenario Override activity: -e "section" "2" --ei "cpu\_workers" "8" --ei "workload\_gap" "0" Arguments: Configure capture Use advanced mode Select counters Capture settings Start capture

Figure 3-1: Example of arguments to run on the selected package.

- 5. Select the counter template that you want to use to review performance of your CPU and GPU:
  - If you are using Streamline in Arm® Mobile Studio and your device contains an Arm GPU, the **Capture Arm GPU profile** checkbox is selected. This checkbox automatically uses the most appropriate counter template for the Arm GPU in your device.
  - If your device does not contain an Arm GPU, the **Capture Arm GPU profile** checkbox is disabled and the default counter template is used, which captures basic information such as CPU and memory usage.
  - If you want to use a different counter template, see Choose a counter template.

#### Next steps

For more information about how to capture a profile, see Capture a profile.

## 3.1.2 Choose a counter template

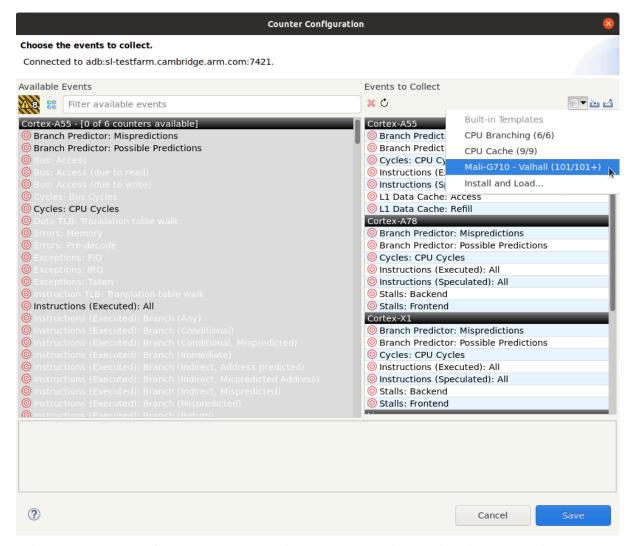
Counter templates are pre-defined sets of counters that enable you to review the performance of both CPU and GPU behavior. The counter template you choose overrides the default counter template for the GPU in your device.

#### **Procedure**

- 1. In the **Start** view, select the **Use advanced mode** checkbox.
- 2. Click Select Counters.

3. Click **Add counters from a template** to see a list of available templates.

Figure 3-2: Templates available from the Select Counters dialog box.



4. Select a counter template appropriate for the GPU in your device, then **Save** your changes. The number of counters in the template that your device supports is shown next to each template. For example, here, 101 of the 101 available counters in the Arm<sup>®</sup> Mali<sup>™</sup> template are supported in the connected device. Streamline notifies you if the target device does not support all the counters that are defined in the selected template.

Alternatively, to import an existing counter template, click **Install and Load**.

5. Optionally, in the **Start** view, click **Capture Settings** to change settings related to your capture session, such as the sample rate and the capture duration (by default unlimited). See Set capture options in the *Arm Streamline User Guide*.

## Next steps

Capture a profile using Streamline. For more information about how to capture the behavior of your CPU and GPU performance using Streamline, see Capture a profile.

## 3.1.3 Capture a profile

Start a capture session to profile data from your application in real time. When the capture session ends, Streamline automatically opens a report for you to analyze later.

### Before you begin

Before you capture a profile, ensure you have followed the steps in:

- Set up your device
- Connect Streamline to your device

#### **Procedure**

- 1. In the **Start** view, click **Start capture** to start capturing data from your device. Specify the name and location on the host of the capture file that Streamline will create when the capture is complete. Streamline then switches to the **Live** view and waits for you to start the application on the device.
- 2. Start the application that you want to profile.

  The **Live** view shows charts for each counter that you selected. Below the charts is a list of running processes in your application with their CPU usage. The charts now start updating in real time to show the data that Streamline captures from your running application.

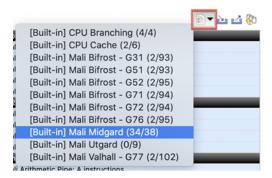




- 3. Unless you specified a capture duration, in the **Capture Control** view, click **Stop capture and analyze** to end the capture.

  Streamline stores the capture file in the location that you specified previously, and then prepares the capture for analysis. When complete, the capture appears in the **Timeline** view.
- 4. Click **Switch and manage templates** and select the same counter configuration template that you chose to create the capture.

Figure 3-4: Choose a counter template appropriate to the target GPU in your device.



### Next steps

Analyze the data. For more information about how to analyze performance with Streamline, see Analyze your capture in the Arm Streamline User Guide.

## 3.2 Generate a headless capture

When integrating performance analysis into continuous integration, capturing data without having the host tool connected or a user manually controlling the GUI is often required. To capture data without the Streamline host tool connected, use the streamline\_me.py script in headless mode.

## Before you begin

- Install Python 3.8, or later, to run the provided streamline\_me.py script.
- Add the path to the Python3 directory to your PATH environment variable.
- To export a configuration containing the counters that you want to capture, follow the
  instructions in Configure counters and export a counter configuration file. Repeat the
  configuration export for each class of device you need to profile.

#### **Procedure**

1. On the host, run the streamline\_me.py Python script to set up the device for a headless data capture.

```
python3 streamline_me.py --package <your_app_package> --daemon <path_to_gatord>
    --config <path_to_your_configuration.xml> --headless <output.apc.zip>
```

The script is in the following directory:

<install directory>/streamline/gator/

Use the following command-line arguments:

#### --package

The Android package name of the application that you want to profile.



To profile a non-debuggable package, you must be running a development device with root access.

#### --daemon

The path on the host to the gatord binary to install on the device. By default, this path is the current working directory. Your installation provides two versions of gatord, in the following directories:

- <install directory>/streamline/bin/android/arm/ for 32-bit architectures.
- <install directory>/streamline/bin/android/arm64/ for 64-bit architectures.

#### --config

The path to the configuration file that you saved in the **Before you begin** steps.

#### --headless

The path to store the saved output file to.

If you specify --package-activity, then the script automatically starts the activity when gator is ready to capture data. If you do not specify an activity, then you must start the activity manually in the next step. If you specify an activity, you can also specify command line arguments using --package-activity to pass an argument string. You must quote this string carefully to ensure it is correctly handled, for example:

```
# Argument value with no spaces
--package-arguments "--es fileName /sdcard/example/file.txt"

# Argument value with spaces and Bash quoting
--package-arguments "--es fileName \"/sdcard/example/file with spaces.txt\""

# Argument value with spaces and PowerShell quoting
--package-arguments "--es fileName '/sdcard/example/file with spaces.txt'"
```

2. If you did not use the --package-activity option you must start the application manually. Wait for the script to prepare the device, and then start the application on the target device. For example:

```
adb shell am start -n <app.package.name>
```

- 3. Wait for the script to download the data from the device, and write out the output.apc.zip file.
  - The script stops automatically when it detects that the application is no longer running.
- 4. To view the data in the Streamline GUI, start the host application and import the APC file into the **Streamline Data** view.

#### Next steps

Analyze the data. For more information about how to analyze performance with Streamline, see Analyze your capture in the Arm Streamline User Guide.

## **Related information**

Capture a Streamline profile

# 4. System profiling

Profile all applications and services that are running on a rooted Android device.

## 4.1 Profile your system

Set up and run Streamline with Android device root user access.

## Before you begin

- Set up your host machine
- Set up your device

#### Procedure

1. In a command terminal, run gatord as root:

```
adb push gatord /data/local/tmp
adb shell
cd /data/local/tmp
su
./gatord --system-wide=yes
```

- 2. Launch Streamline.
- 3. Open the **Start** view, and select **TCP** as your device type.
- 4. Select your device by entering the address or by using adb <serial-number>. Alternatively, select your device from the list of detected devices.

#### Next steps

Choose a counter template. For more information about how to find and select a counter template, see Choose a counter template.

## 4.2 Enable atrace annotations

Streamline can capture Android trace points that atrace generates.

### Before you begin

- To collect atrace, your Android device must be rooted and use a Linux kernel version of 3.10 or later.
- You must have set up and run Streamline with Android device root user access. See Profile your system for instructions on how to do this.
- To notify running applications that atrace annotation tags are enabled, you must install the notify.dex file on your device in the same directory as gatord. The Java source code for notify.dex is available from either:
  - o <install\_directory>/streamline/gator/notify/

• The notify directory in https://github.com/ARM-software/gator

#### Procedure

1. In the **Start** view, select your device type as **TCP**.



**TCP** device type is required to collect and configure atrace counters.

- Click Select Counters.
- 3. Drag the events from the **Atrace** counter section from the **Available Events** column to the **Events to Collect** column.



If you expect to see atrace events in this dialog box but none are displayed, click the **Warnings** tag to see why atrace support is disabled. Ensure your device is compatible and configured as described in the **Before you begin** section of this topic.

4. Click Save.

### Next steps

Start the capture. In the Streamline GUI, click **Start capture**.

In your capture, string annotations or counter charts are created from your atrace macros. You can learn more about annotations and where they appear in the **Timeline** and **Log** views in the Annotate your code section of the the Streamline User Guide.

### Related information

Annotate your code

# 5. Advanced device setup information

This appendix provides extra configuration information beyond the standard setup.

## 5.1 Kernel configuration menu options

You must enable certain kernel configuration options to run Streamline.

The following menuconfig menus have options that are required for Streamline:



- If these options are not set correctly, you must change them and rebuild your kernel. If they are set correctly, you are ready to build and install the gator driver.
- The location of these options might change between releases. If so, use the search option in menuconfig to find them.
- Extra options are required to enable Arm<sup>®</sup> Mali<sup>™</sup> GPU support.

#### **General Setup**

Enable the **Profiling Support** option <code>config\_profiling</code>, and the **Kernel performance events** and counters option <code>config\_perf\_events</code>. <code>config\_perf\_events</code> is required for kernel versions 3.0 and later. Enable the **Timers subsystem** > **High Resolution Timer Support** option <code>config\_high\_res\_timers</code>.

#### **Kernel Features**

The Enable hardware performance counter support for perf events option config\_hw\_perf\_events. config\_hw\_perf\_events is required for kernel versions 3.0 and later. If you are using Symmetric MultiProcessing (SMP), enable the Use local timer interrupts option config\_local\_timers. If you are running on Linux version 3.12 or later, the config\_local\_timers option is not necessary.

#### **CPU Power Management**

Optionally enable the **CPU Frequency scaling** option <code>config\_cpu\_freq</code> to enable the CPU Freq chart in the **Timeline** view. <code>gatord</code> requires kernel version 2.6.38 or greater to enable this chart.

#### Kernel hacking

If other trace configuration options are enabled, the **Trace process context switches** and events option <code>config\_enable\_default\_tracers</code> might not be visible in <code>menuconfig</code> as an option. Enabling one of these other trace configurations, for example <code>config\_generic\_tracer</code>, <code>config\_tracing</code>, or <code>config\_context\_switch\_tracer</code>, is sufficient to enable tracing. Optionally enable the **Compile the kernel with debug info** option <code>config\_debug\_info</code>. This option is only required for profiling the Linux kernel.



Kernel versions before 4.6, with <code>config\_cpv\_pm</code> enabled, produce invalid results. For example, counters not showing any data, large spikes, and non-sensible values for counters. This issue is due to the kernel PMU driver not saving state when the processor powers down, or not restoring state when it powers up. To avoid this issue, upgrade to the latest version of the kernel, or apply the patch found at <a href="https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/torvalds/linux.git/commit/?id=da4e4f18afe0f3729d68f3785c5802f786d36e34">https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/torvalds/linux.git/commit/?id=da4e4f18afe0f3729d68f3785c5802f786d36e34</a>. This patch applies cleanly to version 4.4, and it might also be possible to back port it to other versions. If you apply the patch, you might also require the patch at <a href="https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/torvalds/linux.git/commit/?id=cbcc72e037b8a3eb1fad3c1ae22021df21c97a51">https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/torvalds/linux.git/commit/?id=cbcc72e037b8a3eb1fad3c1ae22021df21c97a51</a>.

## 5.2 Build gatord yourself

Build gatord yourself to apply patches for bug fixes or add support for new features.

#### About this task

It is not possible to build gatord on a Windows host.

#### **Procedure**

- 1. Either download the gatord source from the daemon directory in https://github.com/ ARM-software/gator, or copy the source that is supplied in cps\_install\_directory>/sw/streamline/gator/daemon/.
- 2. Follow the instructions in the README.md file in the gator directory.

## 5.3 gatord command-line options

gatord must be running before you can capture trace data. The command-line options configure how gatord captures events and how it communicates with Streamline running on your host.

gatord has two modes of operation:

### Daemon mode (the default mode)

Sends captured events to a host running Streamline.

#### Local capture mode

Writes the capture to a file then exits.

To enable this mode, specify an output directory with the --output flag.

Arguments available to all modes:

Table 5-1: gatord arguments available to all modes

Option		Description
-h,h	nelp	Lists all the available gatord command-line options.
-c,c	config-xml <config_xml></config_xml>	Specify the path and filename of the configuration.xml file that defines the capture options. In daemon mode, the list of counters is written to this file. In local capture mode, the list of counters is read from this file.
-e,e	events-xml <events_xml></events_xml>	Specify the path and filename of the events.xml file. events.xml defines all the counters that Streamline collects during the capture session.
-Е,а	append-events-xml <events_xml></events_xml>	Specify the path and filename of the events.xml file to append.
-P,p	omus-xml <pmu_xml></pmu_xml>	Specify the path and filename of the pmu.xml file to append.
-v,v	version	Print version information.
-d,d	debug	Enable debug messages.
-A,a	app <cmd> <args></args></cmd>	Specify the command to execute when the capture starts. This argument must be the last argument that is passed to gatord. All subsequent arguments are passed to the launched application.
-k,e	exclude-kernel <yes no></yes no>	Specify whether to filter out kernel events from the perf results.
-S,s	system-wide <yes no></yes no>	Specify whether to capture the whole system.
		In daemon mode, no is only applicable whenallow-command is specified. In this mode, you must enter a command in the <b>Start</b> view. Requires kernel events to be enabled in <b>Capture Settings of Streamline</b> , or by settingexclude-kernel no.  Defaults to yes, unlessapp,pid, orwait-process is specified.
-u,c	call-stack-unwinding <yes no></yes no>	Enable or disable call stack unwinding. Defaults to yes.
-r,s	sample-rate <none low normal high></none low normal high>	Specify the sample rate for the capture. The frequencies for each sample rate are:  • high = 10kHz  • normal = 1kHz  • low = 100Hz  • none = the lowest possible rate  Defaults to normal.
-t,m	max-duration <s></s>	Specify the maximum duration that the capture can run for in seconds. Defaults to 0, which means unlimited.
-f,u	se-efficient-ftrace <yes no></yes no>	Enable efficient ftrace data collection mode. Defaults to yes.
-w,a	app-cwd <path></path>	Specify the working directory for the application that gatord launches. Defaults to the current directory.
-x,s	stop-on-exit <yes no></yes no>	Stop the capture when the launched application exits. Defaults to no, unlessapp,pid, orwait-process is specified.
-Q,w	wait-process <command/>	Wait for a process that matches the specified command to launch before starting the capture. Attach to the specified process and profile it.
-Z,m	map-pages <n></n>	The maximum number of pages to map per mmaped perf buffer is equal to <n+1>. n must be a power of two.</n+1>

Option	Description
-O,disable-cpu-onlining <yes no></yes no>	To not switch on CPU cores that are offline to read their information. This option is useful for kernels that fail to handle this action correctly, for example they reboot the system. Defaults to no.
-F,spe-sample-rate <n></n>	Specify the SPE periodic sampling rate. The rate, <n>, is the number of operations between each sample, and must be a nonzero positive integer. The hardware specifies the minimum rate. Values below this threshold are ignored and the hardware minimum is used instead.</n>
-L,capture-log	Enable to generate a log file for the capture in the capture's directory, as well as sending the logs to stderr. If you are using the streamline_me.py script, gator is launched withcapture-log enabled by default.
smmuv3-model <model_id> <iidr></iidr></model_id>	Specify the SMMUv3 model. You can specify the model ID string directly, such as mmu-600, or the hex value representation for the model's IIDR number either fully, such as 4832243b, or partially, such as 483_43b.

Arguments available on Android devices only:

Table 5-2: gatord arguments available on Android devices only

Option		Description
•	l,android-pkg <pkg></pkg>	Profiles the specified android package. Waits for the package app to launch before starting a capture unlessandroid-activity is specified.
•	m,android-activity <activity></activity>	Launch the specified activity of a package and profile its process. You must also specifyandroid-pkg.
•	n,activity-args <arguments></arguments>	Launch the specified activity of a package and profile its process with the supplied activity manager (am) arguments. You must also specifyandroid-pkg andandroid-activity.

Arguments available in daemon mode only:

Table 5-3: gatord arguments available in daemon mode only

Option	Description
-p,port <port_number> uds</port_number>	Set the port number that gatord uses to communicate with the host. The default is 8080.
	If you use the argument uds, the TCP socket is disabled and an abstract Unix domain socket is created. This socket is named streamline-data. If you use Android, creating a Unix domain socket is useful because gatord is usually prevented from creating a TCP server socket.
	Alternatively, you can connect to localhost: <local_port> in Streamline using:</local_port>
	<pre>adb forward tcp:<local_port> localabstract:streamline-data</local_port></pre>

Option	Description
-a,allow-command	Allows you to run a command on the device during profiling. The command is specified in the <b>Start</b> view.
	Caution: If you use this option, an unauthenticated user could run arbitrary commands on the device using Streamline.

Arguments available to local capture mode only:

Table 5-4: gatord arguments available to local capture mode only

Option	Description
-s,session-xml <session_xml></session_xml>	Specify the session.xml file that the configuration is taken from. Any additional arguments override values that are specified in this file.
-o,output <apc_dir></apc_dir>	Specify the path and filename of the output directory for a local capture. The directory path will be appended with the extension .apc if it is not already the case.
-i,pid <pids></pids>	A comma-separated list of process IDs to profile.
-C,counters <counters></counters>	A comma-separated list of counters to enable. You can specify this option multiple times. An event code and a slot identify most hardware counters. To specify the counter for a particular slot, pass:
	counters <device>_cnt<s>:<e></e></s></device>
	Where:
	<device> is the prefix that identifies the device type.</device>
	<e> is the event code.</e>
-X,spe <id>[:events=<indexes>][:ops=<types>] [:min_latency=<lat>]</lat></types></indexes></id>	Enable the Statistical Profiling Extension (SPE).
	Where:
	• <id>id&gt; is the name of the SPE properties that are specified in the events.xml or pmus.xml file. It uniquely identifies the available events and counters for the SPE hardware.</id>
	• <indexes> is a comma-separated list of event indexes to filter the sampling by. A sample is only recorded if all events are present.</indexes>
	• <types> is a comma-separated list of operation types to filter the sampling by. If a sample is any of the types in <types>, it is recorded. Valid types are LD for load, ST for store and B for branch.</types></types>
	• <lat> is the minimum latency. A sample is only recorded if its latency is greater than or equal to this value. The valid range is [0,4096].</lat>

## Argument usage examples

• Use --pmus-xml and --append-events-xml to add support for a new PMU without having to rebuild gatord.

--pmus-xml specifies an XML file that defines a new PMU to add to the list of PMUs that gatord has built-in support for. The list of built-in PMUs is defined in pmus.xml, which is in the gatord source directory.

--append-events-xml specifies an XML file that defines one or more event counters to append to the events.xml file. This option allows you to add new events to gatord without having to rebuild gatord or to entirely replace events.xml.

The events.xml file must include the XML header and elements that are shown in the following example:

The Instructions Executed counter is configured in slot 0 as:

```
--counters ARMv8_Cortex_A53_cnt0:0x08
```

To configure the cycle counter, specify --counters <device>\_ccnt. For example:

```
--counters ARMv8_Cortex_A53_ccnt
```

Other counters do not have event codes and are identified only by name. For example:

```
--counters PERF_COUNT_SW_PAGE_FAULTS
```