

Latihan Soal

Qornain Aji
21/481767/TK/53176

$$1) \text{CO}_2 = 2 \times 10^6 \text{ l}$$

$$C = 12 \quad O = 16$$

Jumlah partikel

$$\text{Berat CO}_2 = (12 + 32) 1,66 \cdot 10^{-27} \\ = 7,304 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Jumlah partikel} = \frac{1 \cdot 10^{26}}{7,304}$$

$$= 1,36911 \times 10^{25}$$

$$\text{Kerapatan molekul} = \frac{N}{V}$$

$$= \frac{1,36911 \times 10^{25}}{1 \times 10^6}$$

$$= 6,84555 \times 10^{18}$$

$$2) \text{ Bejana aluminium } V_{\text{alun}} = 150 \text{ cm}^3 \\ = 15 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$T = 27^\circ \text{C}$$

$$\text{Dipanskan} \rightarrow T = 100^\circ \text{C}$$

$$\beta_{\text{aluminium}} = 2,3 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\beta_{\text{air}} = 4,4 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\text{air tumpah} = ?$$

$$\Delta V_{\text{Bejana I}} = \beta \cdot V_0 \cdot \Delta T$$

$$= 2,3 \times 10^{-5} \cdot 15 \cdot 10^{-5} \cdot 27 \\ = 931,5 \times 10^{-10}$$

$$\Delta V_{\text{Bejana II}} = \beta \cdot V_0 \cdot \Delta T$$

$$= 2,3 \times 10^{-5} \cdot 15 \cdot 10^{-5} \cdot 73 \\ = 2518,5 \times 10^{-10}$$

$$V = \Delta V_{\text{Bejana I}} + \Delta V_{\text{Bejana II}} + V_0 \\ \approx 15,0345 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$1) \Delta V_{\text{air}} = \beta \cdot V_0 \cdot \Delta T =$$

$$= 4818 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$V_{\text{air}} = \Delta V + V_{0 \text{ air}}$$

$$= 15 \times 10^{-5} + 4818 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$= 154,818 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$= 15,4818 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$V_{\text{air yg tumpah}} = (15,4818 - 15,0345) \times 10^{-5} \\ = 4473 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^3$$

$$3) \text{ Kita tahu bahwa } \frac{PV}{T} = \text{konstan}$$

$$\text{Sehingga } \frac{P_1 V_1}{T_1} = \frac{P_2 V_2}{T_2}$$

$$\frac{PV}{T} = \frac{3/2 P \cdot V_2}{\frac{5}{3} T}$$

$$V = \frac{9}{10} V_2 \rightarrow V_2 = \frac{10}{9} V$$

4) gas - $P = 2 \text{ atm}$
 $T = 200^\circ\text{C}$

1) ekspansi isothermal $\rightarrow V_2 = 2V_1$

2) kompresi isobarik \rightarrow kembali volume awal

$$1) P = \frac{nRT}{V} = \frac{\text{konstan}}{V}$$

$$P_1 V_1 = P_2 V_2$$

$$P_1 V_1 = P_2 2V_1$$

$$2 \text{ atm} = 2P_2$$

$$P_2 = 1 \text{ atm}$$

2) kompresi isobarik

$$P_2 = P_3$$

$$\frac{nRT_2}{V_2} = \frac{nRT_3}{V_1}$$

$$\frac{T_2}{\frac{1}{2}V_1} = \frac{T_3}{V_1}$$

$$T_2 = 2T_3$$

$$273 + 200^\circ\text{C} = 2T_3$$

$$473 = 2T_3$$

$$236.5 = T_3$$

$$P_{\text{akhir}} = 1 \text{ atm}$$

$$T_{\text{terakhir}} = 236.5 - 273 = -36.5^\circ\text{C} //$$