

## Generating Robustness: 6 Ways to Adapt Question Answering to New Domains

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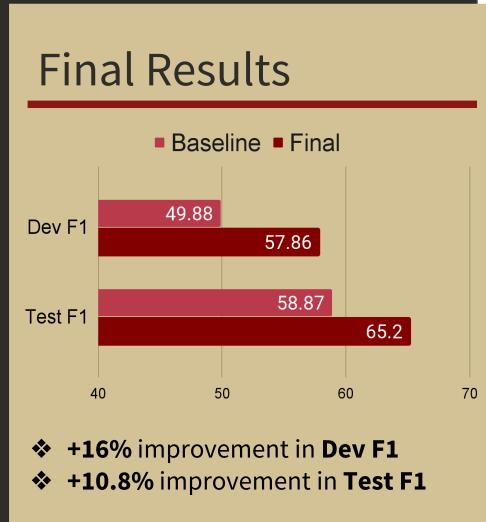
### Abstract

#### **Problem**

State-of-the-art QA models tend to overfit to training data and do not generalize well to new domains, requiring additional training on domain-specific datasets to adapt. In this project, we aim to design a QA system that is robust to domain shifts and can perform well on out-of-domain data.

### **Approach**

We implement domain adversarial **training** to allow the model to learn domain-agnostic features that are robust to domain shifts. We supplement this with finetuning on augmented data, improved domain alignment, and adding synthetic QA examples to training. We also experiment with the discriminator architecture and ensembling methods.



## **Key Insights**

- **❖ Finetuning** on **augmented out-of**domain data enhances adversarial model performance
- Well-aligned domains improve results
- **❖ Training** with T5 **generated synthetic QA** examples yields better generalized OOD performance
- **Ensembling** varied architectures boosts performance

Lee et al 2019 - Domain-agnostic Question-Answering with Adversarial Training

## **Compete with Discriminator to learn Domain Invariant Features** Domain Baseline QA **Domain Invariant** Model QA Model Discriminator Try guessing What domain is the domain this QA hidden now! layer from?

F1: 47.51 F1: 53.5 Domain Finetuning **Adversarial Training** 

Wikipedia vs Non-Wikipedia Domains Out-of-Domain **In-Domain Too many** different birds! SQuAD **Relation Extraction** Red bird ...not red bird! **Natural Questions** 

> Domain Alignment

F1: 55.12

Augment **Training Data** 

|F1: 55.44

Arjovsky et al 2017 - Wasserstein Generative Adversarial Networks

# Lambda Annealing (prep-school for discriminator) Progressively train the discriminator on harder and harder **examples** by gradually annealing the adversarial penalty **Wasserstein Regularization**

Discriminator Weights

Clip discriminator weights to enforce the Lipschitz constraint. This regularizes adversarial training and improves its stability.

F1: 57.86+

Discriminator

Architecture

F1: 54.66

Ensembling

## **Data Augmentation - Synonym Swapping with NLPAug** → Andrew Ng is <u>amazing</u> Andrew Ng is <u>awesome</u> WordNet amazing awe-inspiring astonishing Added support for synonym swapping in context and answer spans

## Finetuning on Expanded Out-of-Domain Examples

- **2x** the number of finetuning examples with data augmentation
- Too many augmented examples decreases performance

**Synthetic QA Generation with Roundtrip** Leon Sprague What corrupt businessman is T5 nuggling heroin into the Soviet usinessman is known to be muggling heroin into the Soviet Leon Sprague Adapt SQuAD Trained T5 to our specific task (chunking, nearest index search) 2. Generate answer spans per sentence Generate questions Validate question answer pairs 5. Include in Training ~1600 synthetic QA pairs

**Best of Each Domain - Wisdom of the Crowd** Average model logits for start and end USEALL THE BEST MODELS

### Models:

Best in Relation Extraction

indices prior to final prediction.

- Best in DuoRC
- 3. Best in RACE



### **Kitchen Sink Approach - Diversify Architectures**

- 1. Wiki Aligned, In-Domain Trained, Aug Finetuned
- 2. Wiki Aligned, In-Domain Trained, Synth + **Aug Finetuned**
- 3. Wiki Aligned, Synth Aug Trained, Aug Finetuned
- 4. Multi Aligned, Aug Trained, Aug Finetuned
- 5. Updated Discriminator, Multi Aligned, Synth Aug Trained, Aug Finetuned



NLPAug - https://github.com/makcedward/nlpaug

Alberti et al 2019 - Synthetic QA Corpora Generation with Roundtrip Consistency