

Report of Execution Architecture with CPE and Deployment Architecture with UIMA-AS

1. Environment Preparation

The assignment is finished on Mac OS X 10.8.5. Before the experiment officially start, I have already have Eclipse installed on my Mac. I used the *Install New Software* in the help menu of eclipse to install the newest version of UIMA AS (2.4.0). Do check the environment variable JAVA_HOME, UIMA_HOME and PATH to make sure they work well. If not, just use export in bash to set them.

2. Execution Architecture with CPE

CPE is short for *Collection Processing Engine*, which implements *Collection Processing Architecture*. The *Collection Processing Architecture* helps apply analysis engines to collections of unstructured data, in other words, helps analysis multiple files at the same time.

After learning CPE from the UIMA official documentation and the examples, I started to set up the CPE. As CPE includes an Analysis Engine, which have already been implemented in previous homework, and adds a *Collection Reader*, a *CAS Initializer*, and *CAS Consumer*. The collection reader contains code in the class of `org.apache.uima.tools.components.FileSystemCollectionReader` and a *xml descriptor*, which is implemented as `FileSystemCollectionReader.xml`. The CAS Consumer also contains code in class and descriptor. The class is named `org.apache.uima.examples.xmi.XmiWriterCasConsumer`. and the descriptor is implemented as `XmiWriterCasConsumer`.

Upon finishing building these components, the CPE will be able to run. Figure 1 shown how it runs.

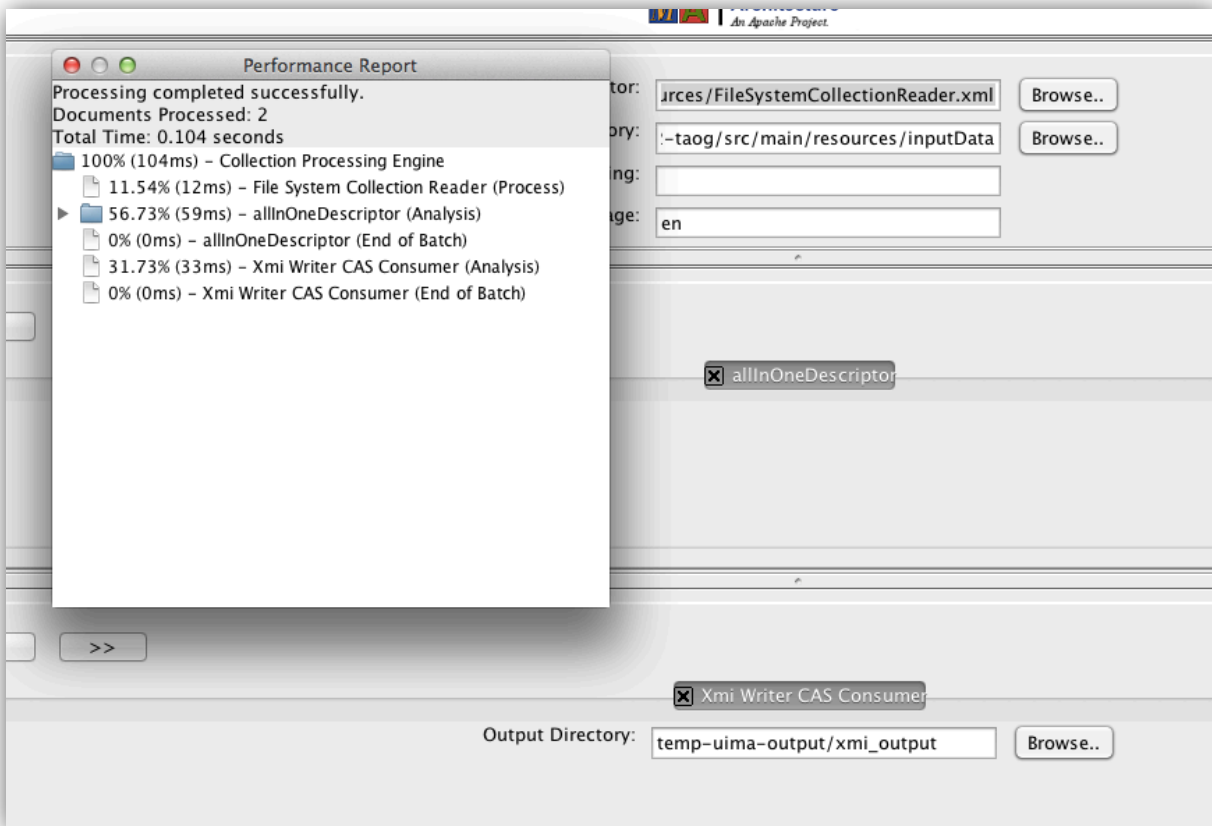


Figure1: The CPE runs

3. Deployment Architecture with UIMA-AS

3.1 Learning UIMA-AS

UIMA-AS is short for UIMA Asynchronous Scaleout. It not only supports collections of unstructured data, but also supports a lot of new features such as multi-threading characteristics. I learned the concepts of UIMA AS from the documentation and samples.

2.2 Creating an UIMA-AS client

In this task, we create a client for the Stanford CoreNLP remote UIMA-AS service and integrate it with the CPE pipeline. I just build an .xml file as scnlp-taog-client.xml setting the broker URL and endpoint. Then set the dependency in the maven project. Figure 2 shows how the client work.

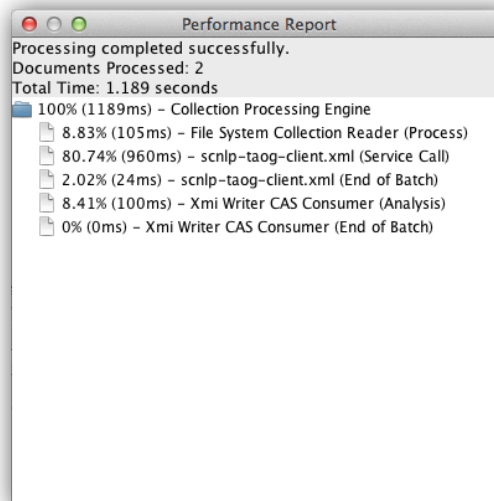


Figure 2: The Stanford CoreNLP client runs

3.3 Deploying your own UIMA-AS service

In this task, I deployed my aggregate analysis engine in the previous homework on my machine and called the service locally.

I started a UIMA-AS broker locally in the shell. Get the network address and built a deployment descriptor (*hw2-taog-aae-deploy.xml*), then deploy my service to the broker. Figure 3 shows the setting up of the broker.

```

bin -- java -- 99x27
INFO: Using default configuration
(you can configure options in one of these file: /etc/default/activemq /Users/Cambi/.activemqrc)

INFO: Invoke the following command to create a configuration file
/Users/Cambi/Plugins/apache-uima-as-2.4.0/apache-activemq-5.4.1/bin/activemq setup [ /etc/default/a
ctivemq | /Users/Cambi/.activemqrc ]

INFO: Using java '/System/Library/Frameworks/JavaVM.framework/Home/bin/java'
Java Runtime: Apple Inc. 1.6.0_51 /System/Library/Java/JavaVirtualMachines/1.6.0.jdk/Contents/Home
Heap sizes: current=83008k free=81619k max=126912k
JVM args: -Dactivemq.classpath=amq/conf;/Users/Cambi/Plugins/apache-uima-as-2.4.0/apache-active
mq-5.4.1/conf; -Dactivemq.home=/Users/Cambi/Plugins/apache-uima-as-2.4.0/apache-activemq-5.4.1 -Dac
tivemq.base=amq
ACTIVEMQ_HOME: /Users/Cambi/Plugins/apache-uima-as-2.4.0/apache-activemq-5.4.1
ACTIVEMQ_BASE: amq
Loading message broker from: xbean:file:amq/conf/activemq-nojournal.xml
INFO BrokerService - Using Persistence Adapter: MemoryPersistenceAdapter
INFO BrokerService - ActiveMQ 5.4.1 JMS Message Broker (localhost) is starting
INFO BrokerService - For help or more information please see: http://activemq.apa
che.org/
INFO ManagementContext - JMX consoles can connect to service:jmx:rmi:///jndi/rmi://lo
calhost:1099/jmxrmi
INFO TransportServerThreadSupport - Listening for connections at: tcp://CAir.local:61616
INFO TransportConnector - Connector openwire Started
INFO BrokerService - ActiveMQ JMS Message Broker (localhost, ID:CAir.local-53706-
1381434231843-0:0) started
INFO Transport - Transport failed: java.net.SocketException: Operation timed

```

Figure 3. The service is deployed to the broker

Then I build a client (*hw2-taog-aae-client.xml*) in the same way as the client of Stanford CoreNLP service and called the service. The call was a success (Figure 4) and we can get the predict result from the terminal as Figure 5.

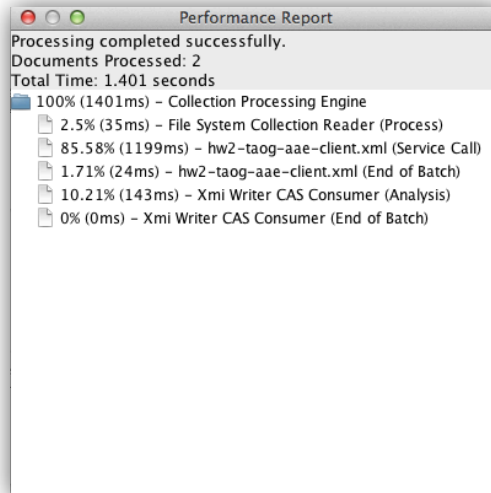


Figure 4: The AAE client client runs

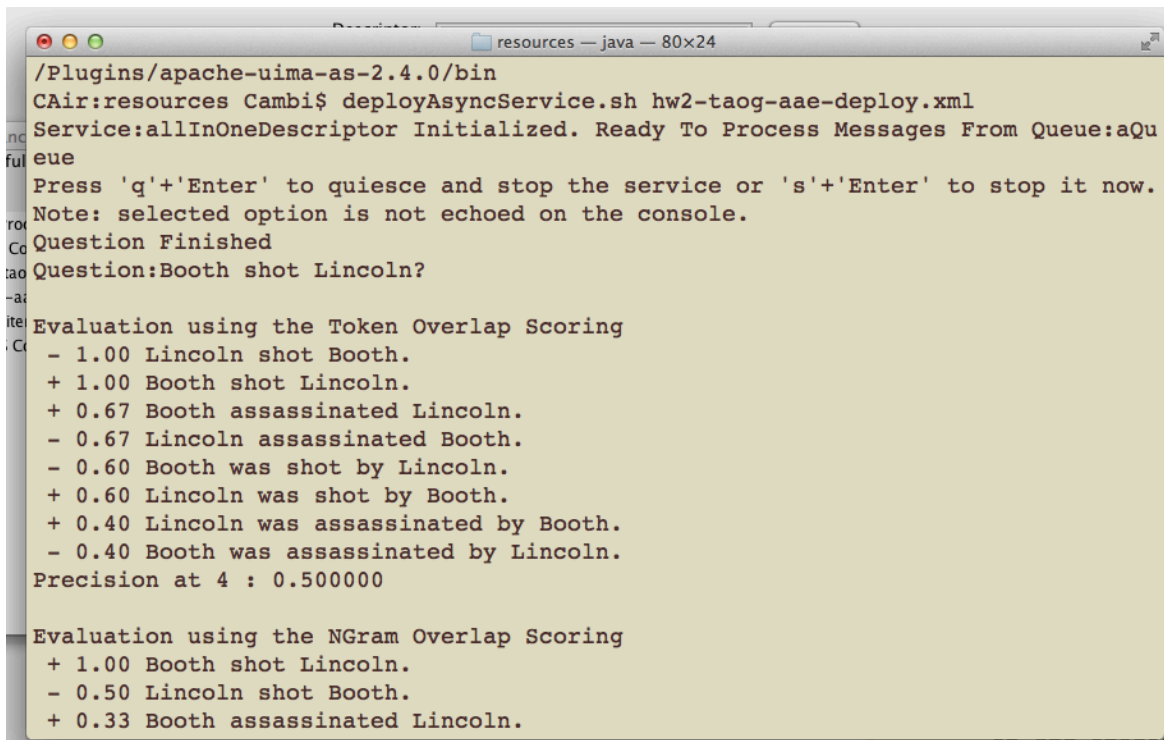


Figure 5. The predict result shown in terminal