

# Literature Search Workshop

PSY-300: Research Methods in Psychology

Quinton Quagliano, M.S., C.S.P.

Department of Psychology

#### **Table of Contents**

| 1 | Learning Objectives  1.1 Professor's Objectives       |
|---|---|
| 2 | Getting Started                                       |
|   | 2.1 Launching Point                                   |
|   | 2.2 Reputable Databases                               |
|   | 2.3 Google Scholar and Other Alternative Search Sites |
| 3 | Navigating the Literature Search                      |
|   | 3.1 Database Search Practice                          |
|   | 3.2 Citing the Articles                               |

# 1 Learning Objectives

### 1.1 Professor's Objectives

- Be able to locate scientific journal articles on a specific topic, within a certain time frame of publication
- Accurately identify an article as an original, empirical article, literature review, or meta-analysis
- Successfully discriminate between peer-reviewed and non-peer-reviewed sources
- Acquire full-text PDFs of selected journal articles for further reading

# **2** Getting Started

### 2.1 Launching Point

- Beginning any sort of literature review can be overwhelming (even for me). You need to know your available resources to best start your search.
- Whenever you are attached to an institution (e.g., university, hospital), you are likely to have access to many great guides, journals, and search engines
- For example, the GVSU library publishes a Psychology Research Guide, which is an excellent place to get started for all things research
- Wren Pierce is the library liaison for psychology stuff, you should definitely email her if you want more help looking for things!

#### 2.2 Reputable Databases

The following information is readily found in the previously mentioned GVSU psychology research guide

- The first problem you have when looking for literature where can I search?
  - Traditional search engines (e.g., Google, Bing, etc.) are likely to return unpublished and unhelpful results I really wouldn't recommend these.
  - When looking for scholarly articles, you should rely on provided databases that will search many scientific journals to find peer-reviewed publications.
- You should first use a list of library-recommended databases for psychology.
- If you need to look even more broad, such as for topics that may fall under a different discipline, see the full list of library databases.
- If you need full books on psychology topics, take a look at this book list for psychology that tells you where to start looking

### 2.3 Google Scholar and Other Alternative Search Sites

- Google Scholar is an alternative google search engine that only looks at scientific writing
  - However, I find that it has a tendency to return non-published pre-prints, presentations, and dubious articles that may be from predatory journals
  - It also doesn't do an excellent job with finding very specific topics
  - I would strongly recommend you prefer those prior databases
- ResearchGate is another site for finding research, but suffers from similar problems as Google Scholar

## 3 Navigating the Literature Search

#### 3.1 Database Search Practice

- I'll be showing everyone how to do searching, but I encourage you to follow along on your own devices for practice!
- This will be an essential skill for your later, major take-home assignments and your success in this will be vital for your references and introduction sections.

# 3.2 Citing the Articles

- Look for a "Cite" button on whatever website you are on, make sure you are using APA 7th Edition, and choose "plain text" for a citation you can paste into your references.
- Google Scholar shortcut for citations (but double-check!!)
- Citation management software the best! But a bit more complicated