sentence reversal

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
void flip(char *b, int k, int l)
 int tmp;
 for (; k<I; k++, I--) {
  tmp = b[k];
  b[k] = b[l];
  b[l] = tmp;
 }
}
void sentence_reversal(char *a)
 int i, j;
 j = 0;
 for (i=0; a[i]!='\0'; i++) {
  if (a[i] == ' ') {
    flip(a, j, i-1);
   j = i+1;
 flip(a, 0, strlen(a)-2);
void dump(char *a) {
   bool first_word = true;
   bool wording = false;
   int sentence_length = strlen(a);
   for (int j=0; j<sentence_length; j++) {
    if (a[j] == ' ') {
     wording = false;
    else {
     // i.e. a[i] != ' '
     if (!wording) {
       if (first_word) {
        first_word = false;
       else {
        printf(" ");
     printf("%c", a[j]);
     wording = true;
   printf("\n");
```

```
int main(void)
 char a[111];
 for(int i=0; i<10; i++){
  if(fgets(a, 99, stdin) != NULL) {
    if(strlen(a) > 1){
     // update aa
     //
     // e.g.,
     //
     // if a = 'xxyzz'
     // then aa = 'xx y zz'
     //
     // if a = 'xx y zz'
     // then aa = 'xx y zz'
     // if a = 'xx y zz'
// then aa = 'xx y zz'
     a[strlen(a)-1] = 32;
     a[strlen(a)] = 0;
     sentence_reversal(a);
     dump(a);
    else {
     // i.e. a == '\n'
     printf("\n");
 return 0;
}
```

```
typo
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
void dump(char *arr) {
   printf("DEBUG start dumping\n");
  for (int i=0; i<strlen(arr); i++) printf("%d ", arr[i]);
   printf("\n");
}*/
// (1) Niflheimr accidentally types one more character.
// ex. abc abvc
int rule_one_more(char *b, char *c) {
 bool result = true;
 if (strlen(b) == strlen(c)-1) {
  // case 1: xyz xyza --> true
  // case 2: xyz axyz --> true
  // case 3: xyz xayz --> true
  // case 4: xyz abca --> false
  // case 5: xyz xyab --> false
   bool flag = true;
  for(int i=0; i<strlen(c); i++){
    if (flag) {
     if (c[i] == b[i]) continue;
     else flag = false;
    }
    else {
     if (c[i] == b[i-1]) continue;
     else {result = false; break;}
  }
```

```
else result = false;
 return result;
// (2) Niflheimr accidentally forgets to type one character.
int rule_one_less(char *b, char *c) {
 bool result = true;
 if(strlen(b) == strlen(c)+1) {
  // case 1: xyz xy --> true
  // case 2: xyz yz --> true
  // case 3: xyz xz --> true
  // case 4: xyz xa --> false
  // case 5: xyz ab --> false
  bool flag = true;
  for(int i=0; i<strlen(b); i++){
    if(flag) {
     if (b[i] == c[i]) continue;
     else flag = false;
    }
    else {
```

```
if(b[i] == c[i-1]) continue;
     else {result = false; break;}
    }
 else result = false;
 return result;
// (3) Niflheimr accidentally types one wrong character.
int rule one wrong(char *b, char *c) {
   bool result = false;
   if(strlen(b) == strlen(c)){
     int count = 0;
     for(int i=0; i<strlen(b); i++){
        if(b[i] != c[i]) {
           if (count == 0) {count = 1; result = true;}
           else {result = false; break;}
   }
  }
  return result;
// (4) Niflheimr accidentally switches two different adjacent characters.
int rule_switch_two(char *b, char *c) {
   bool result = false;
   if (strlen(b) == strlen(c)) {
     bool found = false;
     for(int i=0; i<strlen(b); i++){
       if (b[i] == c[i]) continue;
      else {
         if (!found && i != strlen(b)-1) {
            if (b[i] == c[i+1] \&\& b[i+1] == c[i]) {
              result = true; found = true; i++;
            else break;
         }
         else {
           result = false; break;
  }
  return result;
void compare(char *b, char *c) {
  // case: 1232 232 --> typo (failed)
  int rule1 = rule_one_more(b, c);
   int rule2 = rule_one_less(b, c);
   int rule3 = rule_one_wrong(b, c);
   int rule4 = rule_switch_two(b, c);
  if (rule1 || rule2 || rule3 || rule4) printf("Yes\n");
  else printf("No\n");
```

```
void analysis(char *a) {
  //dump(a);
  char b[200001];
  int index_a = 0;
  for(int j=0; a[j] != 32; j++){
     b[j] = a[j];
     index_a = j;
  b[index_a+1] = 0;
  //dump(b);
  char c[200001];
  index_a += 2;
  int k = 0;
  for(int j=index_a; j<strlen(a)-1; j++){</pre>
     c[k++] = a[j];
  c[k] = 0;
  //dump(c);
  compare(b, c);
}
int main(){
 int tcnum;
 scanf("%d\n", &tcnum);
 for(int i=0; i<tcnum; i++) {
  char a[400002];
  if(fgets(a, 99, stdin) != NULL){
    analysis(a);
 return 0;
```

Reverse and Compare

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
char a[200000];
void swap(char *x, char *y)
  char temp;
  temp = x;
  x = y;
  *y = temp;
}
int main(){
 scanf("%s", &a);
 // case: aatt
 int count = 1;
 for(int i=0; i<strlen(a); i++){</pre>
  for(int j=i+1; j<strlen(a); j++){</pre>
    if (a[i] == a[j]) continue;
    else count++;
 printf("%d\n", count);
 return 0;
```