



Gisma
University
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Gisma University of Applied Sciences
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Student Portfolio Project Report

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Submitted in fulfillment of the final assessment for the module

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SS0325

*I confirm that this project report is my own
work and that I have documented all sources
and materials used.*

Berlin, 4 July 2025

Abstract

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Chapter 1

Introduction

Once divided by two disparate ideologies, the German capital city of Berlin has earned a reputation for internationalism and globalization. Anecdotal reports and personal experiences suggest the harsh reality of significant obstacles when applying for positions outside the narrow subset of expat-based tech startups. This study will interrogate the gap between Berlin's international label and the reality on the ground. This language paradox is not merely anecdotal; it reflects broader tensions at the intersection of globalization and language policy. While Berlin's municipal, cultural institutions, and social media presence actively promote an image of openness, labor market data and employer practices may reveal a persistent preference for German speakers. Regulatory norms, customer expectations, and the immutable German culture mostly drive and power the paradox. It is crucial for international students, expats, and policymakers to bridge the gap between the common, online understanding of internationalism and the harsh workplace culture they are soon to meet.

Aside from barista jobs filled with non-German speakers, night-shift jobs in a warehouse, and other grunt work, the bridge between the city's reputation and occupational realities is no different than Berlin's separation by two disparate ideologies. This paper argues that most German-based, non-startup employers maintain strict German-language requirements that significantly constrain an expatriate's employability and, hence, their integration abilities. Nevertheless, an objective approach is still required to fully justify the aim of this study and will be used thereafter.

Thus, this research aims to explore the question **“To what extent does Berlin’s reputation as an international, English-friendly city align with the linguistic requirements of its actual job market for non-German speakers?”** Furthermore, this paper will compare the relationship between Berlin's online reputation and online job boards, career advisors, and first-hand job-search testimonials. The use of primary research will provide contemporary insight into the topic at hand as well as represent the diversity of Berlin's human talent. Additionally, secondary research into this question will furthermore support this paper's analysis of Berlin's job market.

1.1 LaTeX Tutorial

You can learn LaTeX in 30 minutes [here](#).

1.2 Citation

You can simply cite a paper (Karunaratna et al., 2024).

1.3 This is Just a Template

Feel free to modify this template based on your specific research needs and feedback from your supervisor.

Chapter 2

Related Work

This is a chapter...

Chapter 3

Foundations

This is a chapter...

Chapter 4

Evaluation and Results

This is a chapter...

Chapter 5

Conclusion

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References

Karunarithna, I., Gunasena, P., Hapuarachchi, T. and Gunathilake, S. (2024), 'The crucial role of data collection in research: Techniques, challenges, and best practices', *Uva Clinical Research* pp. 1–24.