

Working with Sessions



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Overview



Purpose of sessions

Starting, using and destroying a session

Working with session variables

Using sessions to preserve data

Storing session data in MySQL database
using `SessionHandlerInterface`



Sessions

Tool for managing the state of an application

Global variable stored on the web server

Stored in PHP super global `$_SESSION` array variable

Each session is associated with unique id, called **Session ID** or **SID**



Sessions

Must be started before any output to the browser

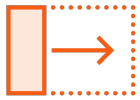
Data on the server and the cookie in the browser work together

Server remembers you while working on an application using session

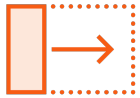
Automatically deleted when the browser is closed



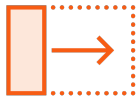
Why Sessions?



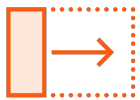
To store data persistently for an application



For frequently referred to data



To store important information securely



For more storage and smaller request size



How Session Works?

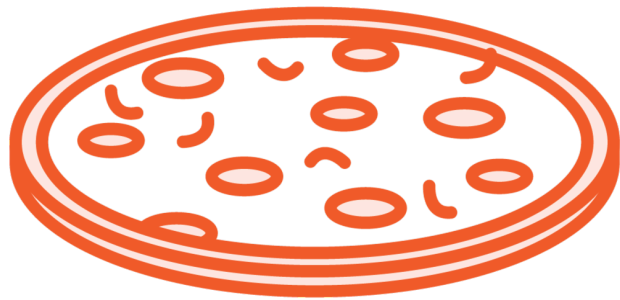
HTTP is stateless

To preserve the application state

- Cookies shares user data between server and client
- Sessions uses server storage to store current user information



How Session Works?



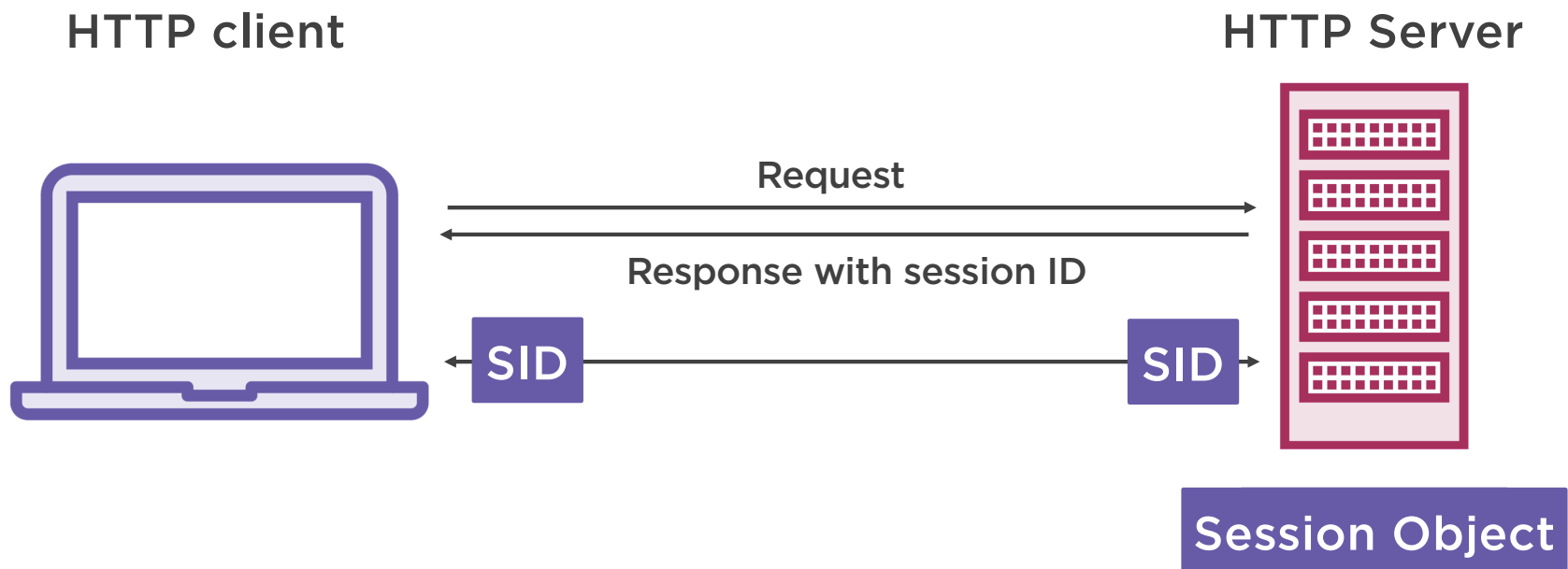
Unique Token



123



How Session Works?



Session Data & Session ID

Session data can be stored in file or database

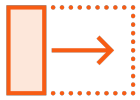
Session ID can be propagated using

- Cookies
- URL parameters

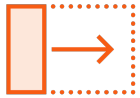
Using **cookies** to transfer the SID is recommended



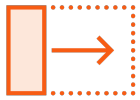
Session Configurations



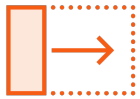
php.ini file



Apache configuration file, httpd.conf



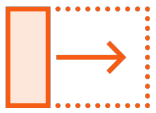
.htaccess file



ini_set()

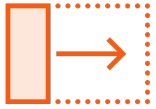


Session Configuration Options



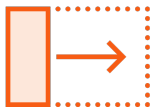
session.auto_start: automatically start session

Default is off



session.name: change name of current session & session cookie

Default session name is **PHPSESSID**

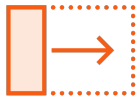


session.save_path: path where sessions data is stored on file system

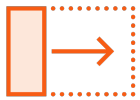
Defaults is the server's **tmp** directory



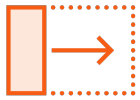
Session Configuration Options



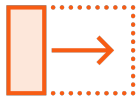
session.gc_maxlifetime: specifies time in seconds for which session data is valid, default is 1440 seconds or 24 minutes



session.cookie_lifetime: specifies the lifetime of the cookie sent to browser, default is 0



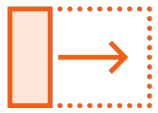
session.cookie_path: sets the cookie path, default is '/'



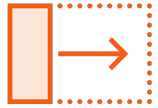
session.cookie_secure: specifies if cookie should be sent only over a secure http connection, off by default



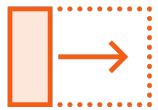
Session Configuration Options



session.use_strict_mode: If enabled, rejects session ID that isn't initialized by server, disabled by default



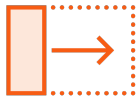
session.cookie_httponly: access cookie through HTTP protocol, disabled by default



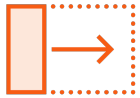
session.use_cookies: specifies if SID will be stored in cookies on client side, enabled by default



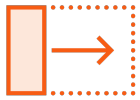
Session Configuration Options



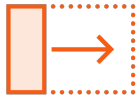
session.use_only_cookies: forces session to use only cookie for SID, works in conjunction with session.use_cookies



session.use_trans_sid: controls the use of transparent SID, disabled by default



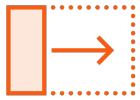
session.cache_limiter: specifies cache control method used for session pages, default is nocache



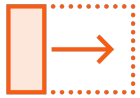
session.cookie_samesite: controls the accessibility of the cookie in cross-domain requests, should be Lax or Strict



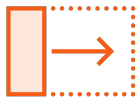
Session Functions



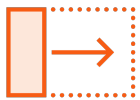
session_start(): starts the session and makes `$_SESSION` available



session_name(): changes the name of session, same as `session.name`



session_id(): get and/or set the current session id
set new session ID: `session_id('<new SID>')`



session_destroy(): Destroys all data registered to a session



```
session_start();  
$_SESSION['username'] = 'Anna';  
echo isset($_SESSION['username']) ? $_SESSION['username'] : 'Not available';
```

Initializing Session

`session_start()`

Include in all scripts that needs access to session data

Checks if there is an existing session. If not, creates a new session

Stores data in PHP super global array variable `$_SESSION`



Destroying Session

Session expires when

- browser closes
- session timeout
- explicitly expired

Destroying a session implies

- clearing all session variables
- clearing server side data
- deleting client side session cookie



Destroying Session

`session_destroy()`

`unset()`



Destroying Sessions

`session_destroy()`

Destroy all data registered to a session

Does not unset any `$_SESSION` variable, or session cookie

Returns a boolean value



Destroying Sessions

`session_unset()`

To free all session variables

For deprecated code when `$_SESSION` is not used



Destroying Sessions

unset()

To unset a session variable
For code where \$_SESSION is used
unset (\$_SESSION['username']);



```
$_SESSION = [];  
$params = session_get_cookie_params();  
  
$options = array('lifetime' => time() - 60)  
setcookie(session_name(), '', $options);  
  
session_destroy();
```

Destroying a Session

Clear the **\$_SESSION** variable

Delete the session cookie using **setcookie()**

Destroy session using **session_destroy()**



Demo



Login form with sessions



Session Storage

Low load sites

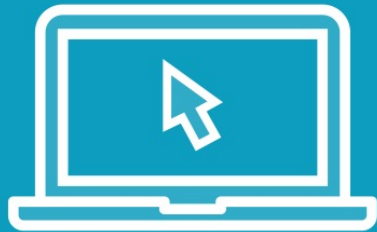
- store session data in file system

High traffic sites or sites with multiple server

- store session data in central location
- use database



Demo



Login form with sessions

Store session data in MYSQL

Custom session handlers



Overview



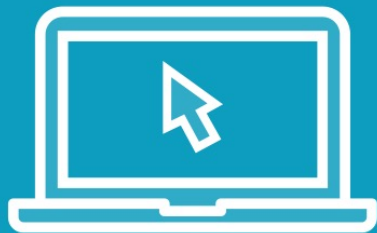
Login form with sessions

Store session data in MYSQL

Custom session handlers



Demo



Store session data in MYSQL using
custom session handlers



Custom Session Handler

```
session_set_save_handler (  
    $sessionhandler,  
    $register_shutdown) : bool
```



SessionHandlerInterface {

```
    public bool close();  
    public bool destroy($sid);  
    public bool gc($maxlifetime) ;  
    public bool open($save_path, $sid);  
    public string read($sid);  
    public bool write($sid, $sess_data);  
}
```

◀ close the session

◀ destroy a session

◀ clean up old session data

◀ open a new session

◀ read information of current session

◀ write the session data



Summary



Purpose of session

Work flow of session

Starting and using session

Completely destroy session

- clear all session variables
- clear server side data
- delete client side session cookie



Summary



Session configuration

Session functions

Storing session data in MySQL database

- using custom session handlers in PHP, which implements the `SessionHandlerInterface`



Up Next:
Session Security

