

# Working with Databases in PHP

---

## GETTING STARTED



**Reza Salehi**

CLOUD CONSULTANT

@zaalion [linkedin.com/in/rezasalehi2008](https://www.linkedin.com/in/rezasalehi2008)



# Overview



**PHP is open source**

**Getting the most out of this course**

**What to expect from this course?**

**We will use diverse databases**

**Demo:**

- Setting up MySQL
- PHP and MySQL in action



# Introduction on PHP

---



# PHP

“Is a general-purpose scripting language that is especially suited to web development.”

*[wikipedia.org/wiki/PHP](https://wikipedia.org/wiki/PHP)*



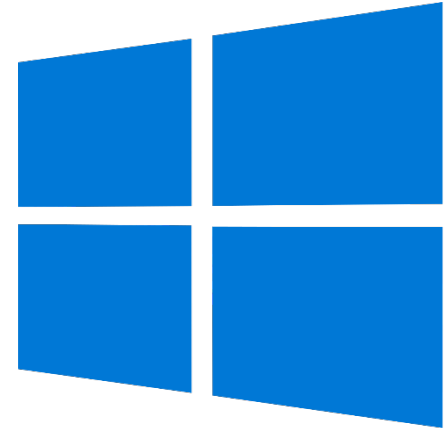
PHP is open source, giving  
you multiple solutions for a  
task!



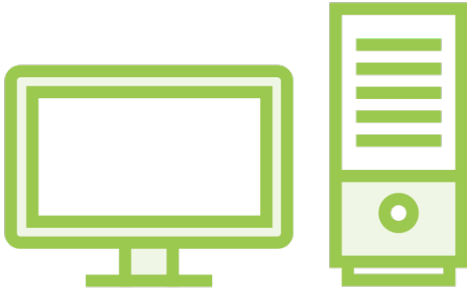
# Installing PHP



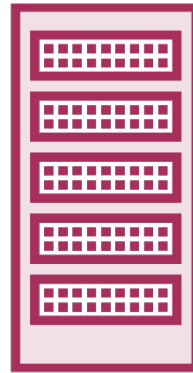
**Linux**



# Hosting PHP Websites



Local Machine



Your Data Center



Cloud



# Host PHP Websites in Cloud!



Google GCP



Amazon AWS



Microsoft Azure





We will use a Windows machine in this course.



# Getting the Most out of This Course

## Setup PHP

You already know how to  
setup PHP on your machine

## PHP fundamentals

Already know the Syntax, IDE  
of choice, language elements



# PHP and Database Support

---



PHP can work with several  
database engines...



# Database to Discuss

## Relational

Data is structured into multiple related tables with fixed columns.

## NoSQL

Data is structured by means other than tabular relations.  
Many offerings out there!



# NoSQL Databases

Flat files

Document

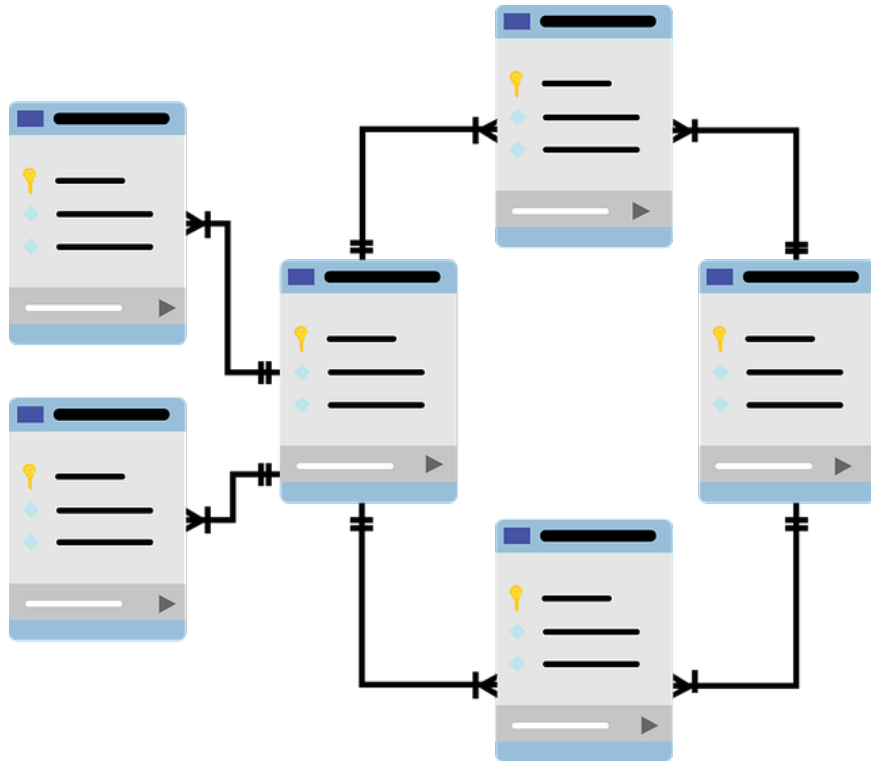
Key-value pair

Graph

Cache

Wide Column





```
{
  "person": {
    "name": "John Smith",
    "address": {
      "streetAddress": "#1, 1 sample street",
      "city": "Boston",
      "country": "USA"
    }
  }
}
```



# NoSQL



Such databases have existed since the late 1960s, not referred to as "NoSQL"



NoSQL databases are increasingly used in big data, IoT and real-time web applications



The data structures used by NoSQL databases include key-value, wide-column, graph, and document such as JSON



Simplicity of design, simpler horizontal scaling and finer control over availability





# Why to Choose NoSQL over Relational?

## Easier modeling

No need to define the schema first, easier to update as data and requirements change

## Data structure

Designed to handle unstructured data, which makes up much of today's data

## Scaling

Much cheaper to scale a NoSQL database, scaling out over cheap servers



# Which Database Would You Choose?

Data to Store	Database Type
Accounting software	Relational (fixed columns, low traffic)
Website cache	NoSQL (key-value structure)
Social media platform	NoSQL (graph)
Web platform with billions of users	NoSQL (performance and scalability)
Highly distributed relational data	Both (can store relational data in NoSQL)
Sensor data from thousands of IoT devices	NoSQL (dynamic fields, high volume, JSON)



# Database to Discuss in This Course

**Relational**

**NoSQL**



# Relational Databases to Use in This Course



# NoSQL Database to Use in This Course



# Setting up Development Environment

---



Start with a working PHP  
environment.



# Setup Your Database Locally

**Install Database  
Engine**

**Install Database  
management tool**





MySQL :: MySQL Installation Guide

dev.mysql.com/doc/mysql-installation-excerpt/5.7/en/

MySQL

The world's most popular open source database

MySQL.COM

DOWNLOADS

DOCUMENTATION

DEVELOPER ZONE

Contact MySQL

Login

Register

MySQL Server

MySQL Enterprise

Workbench

InnoDB Cluster

MySQL NDB Cluster

Connectors

More

Search this Manual

Documentation Home

MySQL Installation Guide

- Preface and Legal Notices
- Installing and Upgrading MySQL
- General Installation Guidance
- Installing MySQL on Unix/Linux Using Generic Binaries
- Installing MySQL from Source
- Installing MySQL on Microsoft Windows
- Installing MySQL on macOS
- Installing MySQL on Linux
- Installing MySQL on Solaris
- Postinstallation Setup and Testing
- Upgrading MySQL
- Downgrading MySQL
- Environment Variables
- Perl Installation Notes

MySQL Installation Guide

version 5.7

Abstract

This is the MySQL Installation Guide from the MySQL 5.7 Reference Manual.

For legal information, see the [Legal Notices](#).

For help with using MySQL, please visit the [MySQL Forums](#), where you can discuss your issues with other MySQL users.

Document generated on: 2020-08-15 (revision: 67020)

Table of Contents

Preface and Legal Notices

1 Installing and Upgrading MySQL

2 General Installation Guidance

3 Installing MySQL on Unix/Linux Using Generic Binaries

4 Installing MySQL from Source

5 Installing MySQL on Microsoft Windows

6 Installing MySQL on macOS

7 Installing MySQL on Linux



# Get Started for Free

## Test Drive MariaDB Server Today.

MariaDB Server, with its continual open source innovation, is a modern relational database that business can count on – with features you can’t find in MySQL or Postgres. In fact, MariaDB Server 10.5 is the leading open source database. Its list of features include:

- Columnar analytics at scale
- Temporal tables (system-versioned and application-time)
- Instant schema changes: ADD COLUMN, DROP COLUMN and MODIFY COLUMN
- PL/SQL and JSON support
- Versatility through purpose-built storage engines
- Data obfuscation and full/partial data masking

Test out the community version of MariaDB Server today – and when you're ready for production, transition to the new MariaDB Enterprise Server, a hardened version engineered specifically for production deployments.

## Download MariaDB Server 10.5

First Name: \*

Last Name: \*

Job Title: \*

Business Email: \*

Company Name: \*

Country: \*

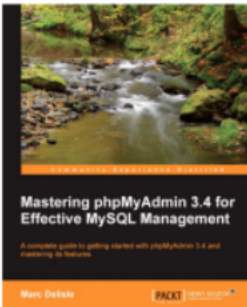
Business Phone:



# Bringing MySQL to the web

## About

phpMyAdmin is a free software tool written in [PHP](#), intended to handle the administration of [MySQL](#) over the Web. phpMyAdmin supports a wide range of operations on MySQL and MariaDB. Frequently used operations (managing databases, tables, columns, relations, indexes, users, permissions, etc) can be performed via the user interface, while you still have the ability to directly execute any SQL statement.



phpMyAdmin comes with a wide range of [documentation](#) and users are welcome to update [our wiki pages](#) to share ideas and howtos for various operations. The [phpMyAdmin team](#) will try to help you if you face any problem; you can use a [variety of support channels](#) to get help.

phpMyAdmin is also very deeply documented in a book written by one of the developers – [Mastering phpMyAdmin for Effective MySQL Management](#), which is available in English and Spanish.

To ease usage to a wide range of people, phpMyAdmin is being translated into [72 languages](#) and supports both LTR and RTL languages.

phpMyAdmin is a mature project with a stable and flexible code base; you can find out more about the [project and its history](#) and the [awards](#) it earned. When the project turned 15, we published a [celebration page](#).

The phpMyAdmin project is a member of [Software Freedom Conservancy](#). SFC is a not-for-profit organization that helps promote, improve, develop, and defend Free, Libre, and Open Source Software (FLOSS) projects.



## Features

[Download 5.0.2](#)[Try demo](#)[Donate](#)

## Sponsors

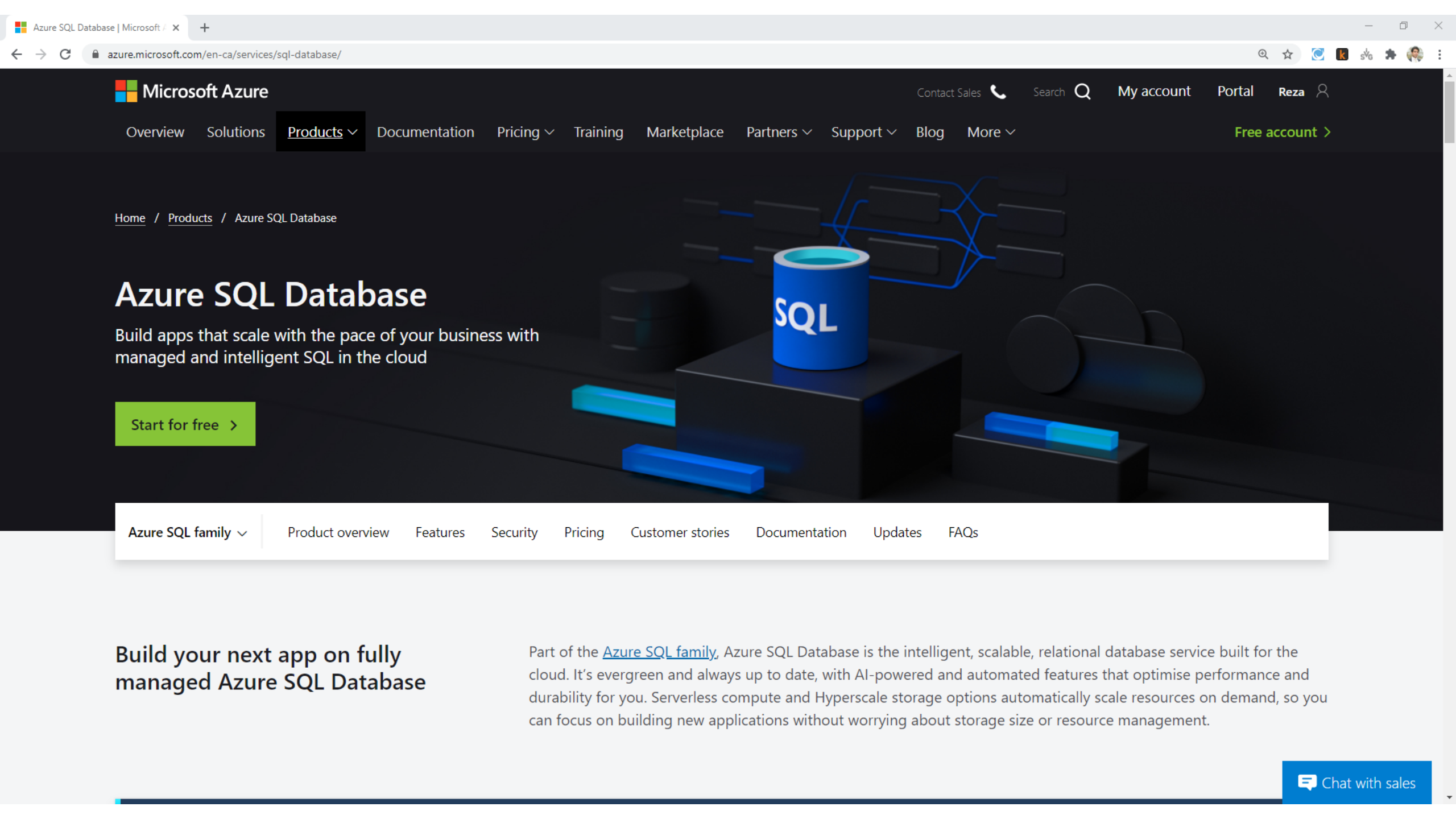
### Diamond sponsor

This space is available — contact us to get listed here.

### Gold sponsors



SQL Server 2019 Express is a free edition of SQL Server, ideal for development and production for desktop, web, and small server applications.



Home / Products / Azure SQL Database

# Azure SQL Database

Build apps that scale with the pace of your business with managed and intelligent SQL in the cloud

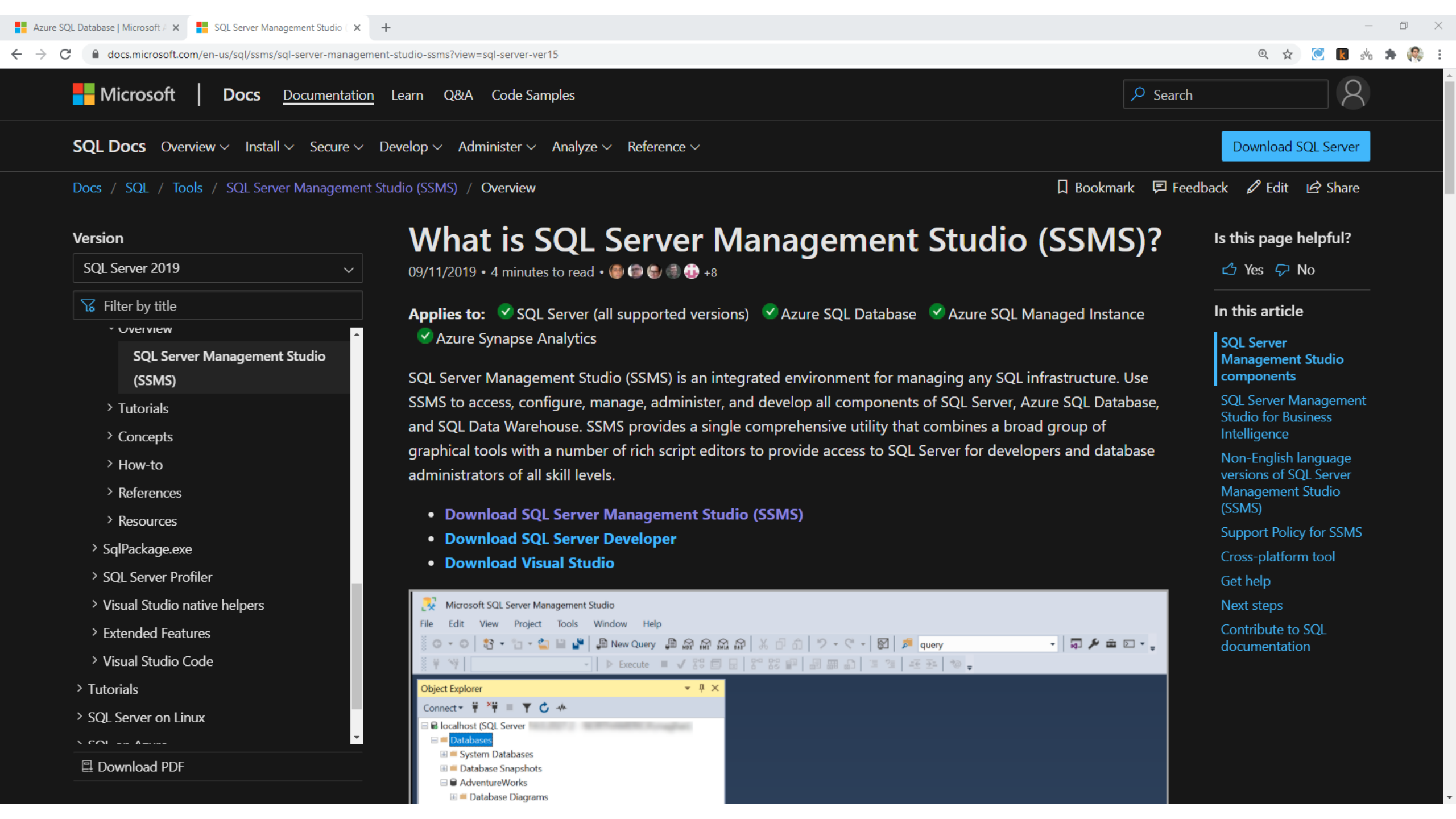
Start for free >

Azure SQL family ▾ Product overview Features Security Pricing Customer stories Documentation Updates FAQs

## Build your next app on fully managed Azure SQL Database

Part of the [Azure SQL family](#), Azure SQL Database is the intelligent, scalable, relational database service built for the cloud. It's evergreen and always up to date, with AI-powered and automated features that optimise performance and durability for you. Serverless compute and Hyperscale storage options automatically scale resources on demand, so you can focus on building new applications without worrying about storage size or resource management.

Chat with sales



# Demo



## Setting up MySQL locally

- Installing the MySQL server



# Demo



## Setting up MySQL locally

- Installing PHPMyAdmin





# Demo



## Working with MySQL in PHP



# Summary



**PHP is open source**

**Getting the most out of this course**

**What to expect from this course?**

**We will use diverse databases**

- Relational and non-relational

**Demo:**

- Setting up MySQL
- Working with MySQL in PHP

