src/abi2fq

May 1, 2025

Contents

This module provides a command-line tool for converting ABIF files to FASTQ or FASTA format with optional quality trimming.

The abi2fq tool extracts sequence and quality data from ABIF files, applies quality trimming to remove low-quality regions, and outputs in the standard FASTQ format or FASTA format (if –fasta is specified).

Command-line usage:

```
abi2fq [options] <input.ab1> [output.fq]
```

Options:

```
    -h, --help Show help message
    -w, --window=INT Window size for quality trimming (default: 10)
    -q, --quality=INT Quality threshold 0-60 (default: 20)
    -n, --no-trim Disable quality trimming
    -v, --verbose Print additional information
    --version Show version information
    --fasta Output in FASTA format instead of FASTQ
    -s, --split Split ambiguous bases into two sequences
```

Examples:

```
# Convert with default quality trimming
abi2fq input.ab1 output.fastq

# Convert without quality trimming
abi2fq -n input.ab1 output.fastq

# Convert with custom quality parameters
abi2fq -w 20 -q 30 input.ab1 output.fastq

# Convert to FASTA format
abi2fq --fasta input.ab1 output.fasta

# Split ambiguous bases into two sequences
abi2fq -s input.ab1 output.fastq
```

1 Imports

abif

2 Types

```
Config = object
 inFile*: string
                             ## Path to the input ABIF file
  outFile*: string
                            ## Path to the output FASTQ file (or empty for stdout)
  windowSize*: int
                            ## Window size for quality trimming (default: 10)
  qualityThreshold*: int
                            ## Quality threshold 0-60 (default: 20)
 noTrim*: bool
                            ## Whether to disable quality trimming
  verbose*: bool
                             ## Whether to show verbose output
  showVersion*: bool
                             ## Whether to show version information
                             ## Whether to output in FASTA format instead of FASTQ
  fasta*: bool
  split*: bool
                             ## Whether to split ambiguous bases into two sequences
```

Configuration for the abi2fq tool. Contains command-line options and settings.

3 Procs

Main entry point for the abi2fq program.

Handles command-line parsing, reads the input ABIF file, performs quality trimming if enabled, and outputs the result in FASTQ or FASTA format (depending on the –fasta option).

Parses command-line arguments and returns a Config object.

This procedure:

- Initializes Config with default values
- Processes command-line arguments
- Validates parameter values
- Handles special flags like -version and -help

Returns: A Config object with settings based on command-line arguments

```
proc printHelp() {.raises: [], tags: [], forbids: [].}
```

Displays the help message for the abi2fq tool. Exits the program after displaying the message.

```
proc splitAmbiguousBases(sequence: string): tuple[seq1: string, seq2: string] {.
   raises: [KeyError], tags: [], forbids: [].}
```

Splits ambiguous bases into two sequences.

Splits sequence at every ambiguous base that represents exactly 2 alternatives. IUPAC ambiguity codes:

- R = A or G
- Y = C or T
- S = G or C
- W = A or T
- K = G or T
- M = A or C

Parameters: sequence: The DNA sequence to split

Returns: A tuple containing the two split sequences

Trims low-quality regions from the beginning and end of a sequence.

Uses a sliding window approach to identify regions where the average quality score is below the threshold.

Parameters: sequence: The DNA sequence to trim qualities: Quality scores for each base in the sequence windowSize: Size of the sliding window for quality assessment threshold: Quality threshold (bases with qualities below this are trimmed)

Returns: A tuple containing the trimmed sequence and its quality values

Writes sequence and quality data to a FASTQ or FASTA file.

If outFile is empty, the data is written to stdout. If fasta is true, the output will be in FASTA format instead of FASTQ. If splitSeq1 and splitSeq2 are not empty, writes them as two separate records.

Parameters: sequence: The DNA sequence to write (used when not splitting) qualities: Quality scores for each base in the sequence name: The sample name for the header outFile: Path to the output file (empty string for stdout) fasta: Whether to output in FASTA format instead of FASTQ splitSeq1: First sequence when splitting ambiguous bases splitSeq2: Second sequence when splitting ambiguous bases