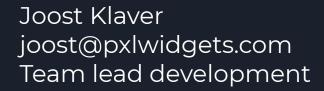
REST api with Express & MySQL



Guido Garucci guido.garucci@pxlwidgets.com

https://endeavourgroup.co https://pixelindustries.com



Endeavour-group

10 companies - 130 employees - 2 offices

- DBOM online marketing, SEO/SEA
- 3sixtyfive influencer marketing with Youtube vloggers
- Brewwwers wordpress en shopify websites
- Superlab online brand strategy & communication
- HelloDialog e-mail marketing & marketing automation
- PXLWidgets apps, websites, e-commerce systems
- Online Koplopers online marketing detachering
- Coster Copy online copy-writing
- Hollandsch Welvaren online campaigns, communication & applications for Dutch municipalities
- Suepar Video's video creation, strategy and production

1 of the fastest growing companies in the region, stagebedrijf van het jaar, regular meetups about all internet related subjects

Endeavour-group









Example Github repository and workshopper

A few things to install or clone before we start:

• expressworks workshopper:

```
> npm install -g expressworks
```

(see the rest of the very interesting workshoppers at: https://nodeschool.io/#workshoppers)
After install you run it with:

```
> expressworks
```

Example express mysql app:

```
> git clone https://github.com/quadrofolio/techgrounds-api.git
```

Agenda

- Introduction to REST, CRUD and request response cycle
- HTTP methods/verbs
- Setting up Express
- Testing API routes
- Path & query parameters
- Retrieving data with your API
- Getting Hands-On with expressworks workshopper and example git repository

REST in express: Setting up

Representational State Transfer (REST)

HTTP verbs: GET, HEAD, POST, PUT, PATCH, DELETE, CONNECT, OPTIONS and TRACE

CRUD = CREATE READ UPDATE DELETE

GET = READ retrieve a resource

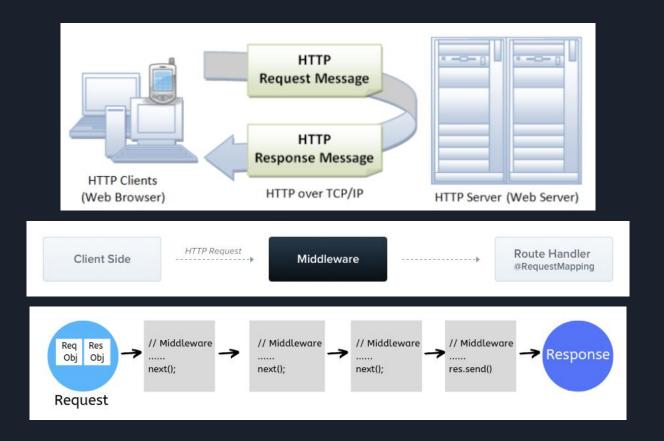
POST = CREATE insert new resource

PUT = UPDATE update by replacing complete resource

DELETE = DELETE remove a resource

(PATCH = update by patching certain properties of the resource)

Request → Middleware → Response cycle



REST in express: Setting up 1/2

You can use 2 methods:

- 1. create your own files, we'll do this one together
- 2. generate express app:

```
npx express-generator
express --view=pug express-api
```

REST in express: Setting up 2/2

```
> mkdir express-api && cd express-api
> npm init && npm i express -S && npm i nodemon -D
    import express from 'express';
     return res.send('Received a GET HTTP method');
     return res.send('Received a POST HTTP method');
     return res.send('Received a PUT HTTP method');
     return res.send('Received a DELETE HTTP method');
   app.listen(process.env.PORT, () =>
     console.log(`Example app listening on port ${process.env.PORT}!'),
```

REST in express: testing with CURL

```
app.get('/', (reg, res) => {
  return res.send('Received a GET HTTP method');
});
app.post('/', (req, res) => {
  return res.send('Received a POST HTTP method');
});
  return res.send('Received a PUT HTTP method');
});
app.delete('/', (req, res) => {
  return res.send('Received a DELETE HTTP method');
});
app.listen(3000, () =>
  console.log(`Example app listening on port 3000!`),
In terminal:
> curl http://localhost:3000 -> Received a GET HTTP method
> curl -X POST http://localhost:3000 -> Received a POST HTTP method
> curl -X PUT http://localhost:3000 -> Received a PUT HTTP method
> curl -X DELETE http://localhost:3000 -> Received a DELETE HTTP method
```

REST in express: URI's & Resources

```
app.get('/users', (req, res) => {
  return res.send('GET HTTP method on user resource');
});
app.post('/users', (req, res) => {
  return res.send('POST HTTP method on user resource');
});
app.put('/users', (req, res) => {
  return res.send('PUT HTTP method on user resource');
});
app.delete('/users', (req, res) => {
  return res.send('DELETE HTTP method on user resource');
});
```

REST in express: path/route & query parameters

```
Path/Route parameters:
app.put('/users/:userId', (req, res) => {
  return res.send(
    `PUT HTTP method on user/${req.params.userId} resource`,
});
Query parameters:
app.delete('/users?userId=1', (req, res) => {
  return res.send(
    `DELETE HTTP method on user/${reg.query.userId} resource`,
  );
```

REST in express: retrieving data

There are several ways to store data:

- 1. in memory JS objects (array, object), we'll do this one together
- json or JS files with data (jsondata = require('jsonfile.json' don't do this when your data needs to change)
- 3. databases:
 - a. SQLite
 - b. MySQL
 - c. Mongo
 - d. Postgress
 - e. etc.

```
let users = {
   username: 'Joost Klaver',
   username: 'Guido Carucci',
   text: 'Hello World',
   userId: '1',
   text: 'Ciao World',
   userId: '2',
};
```

```
let users = { ... };
let messages = { ... };
app.get('/users', (reg, res) => {
  return res.send(Object.values(users));
});
app.get('/users/:userId', (req, res) => {
  return res.send(users[req.params.userId]);
});
```

To get a specific object you need to be able to find it.

So the Objects need a unique identifier = ID to be found on

In our data:

```
let messages = {
   1: {
     id: '1',
     text: 'Hello World',
     userId: '1',
   },
```

```
const message = messages[messageId];
```

```
> npm install uuid
import uuidv4 from 'uuid/v4';
app.post('/messages', (req, res) => {
  const id = uuidv4();
  const message = {
    id,
    text: req.body.text,
    userId: req.body.userId
 };
 messages[id] = message;
 return res.send(message);
});
```

But how do we create new ID's (POST http verb)?

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type:application/json" http://localhost:3000/messages -d
'{"text":"Hi again, World", "userId": 1}'
```

```
let messages = {
 1: {
    id: '1',
   text: 'Hello World',
   userId: '1',
 },
 2: {
   text: 'By World',
   userId: '2',
  'df3f785c-57d2-11ea-82b4-0242ac130003': {
    id: 'df3f785c-57d2-11ea-82b4-0242ac130003',
   text: 'Hello again, World',
   userId: '1',
 },
```

Remove a message from the messages object:

```
app.delete('/messages/:messageId', (req, res) => {
  const {
    [req.params.messageId]: message,
    ...otherMessages
} = messages;
messages = otherMessages;
return res.send(message);
});
```

```
curl -X DELETE http://localhost:3000/messages/1
```

```
let messages = {
 2: {
    id: '2',
    text: 'By World',
   userId: '2',
  'df3f785c-57d2-11ea-82b4-0242ac130003': {
    id: 'df3f785c-57d2-11ea-82b4-0242ac130003',
    text: 'Hi again, World'
 },
};
```

REST in express: better solution is data from MySQL

```
var mysql = require('mysql')
var connection = mysql.createConnection({
  host: 'localhost',
  user: 'root',
  password: 'root',
  database: 'techgrounds'
})

// message model:
const Message = function(message) {
```

this.userId = message.userId;

> npm i mysql

};

Create a database: techgrounds

```
Create 2 tables:
- users:
id,
username
- messages:
id,
text,
userId
```

(See: techgrounds.sql included in repository)

REST in express: better solution is data from MySQL

```
connection.connect()
connection.guery(`SELECT * FROM messages WHERE id = ${messageId}`, function (err,res) {
 if (err) throw err;
 console.log('The found message: ', res[0]);
connection.end()
var newMessage = new Message({
 text: req.body.text,
 userId: req.body.userId
connection.connect()
connection.query('INSERT INTO messages SET ?', newMessage, function (err,res) {
 console.log('The new message: ', { id: res.insertId, ...newMessage });
connection.end()
```

REST in express: further reading

- Express: https://expressis.com/
- Node: https://nodejs.org/
- Nodeschool: https://nodeschool.io/#workshoppers
- Express MySQL tutorial: https://bezkoder.com/node-js-rest-api-express-mysql/
- Express MySQL tutorial async: https://time2hack.com/creating-rest-api-in-node-js-with-express-and-mysql/
- Nodeschool workshoppers: https://nodeschool.io/#workshoppers
- Understanding express middleware by example:

 | The content of the content o

https://developer.okta.com/blog/2018/09/13/build-and-understand-express-middleware-through-examples