Introduction to Coding Theory Assignment 2

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1 Q1

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(a) 000 \rightarrow 010p = 0.028227 100 \rightarrow 010p = 0.000873 111 \rightarrow 010p = 0.000873 Thus the decoded word is 000. (b) 000 \rightarrow 011p = 0.000873 100 \rightarrow 011p = 0.000027 111 \rightarrow 011p = 0.028227 Thus the decoded word is 111. (c) 000 \rightarrow 001p = 0.028227 100 \rightarrow 001p = 0.000873 111 \rightarrow 001p = 0.000873 Thus the decoded word is 000.
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2 Q2

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(a) 000 \rightarrow 010p = 0.147 100 \rightarrow 010p = 0.063 111 \rightarrow 010p = 0.063 Thus the decoded word is 000. (b) 000 \rightarrow 011p = 0.063 100 \rightarrow 011p = 0.027 111 \rightarrow 011p = 0.147
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Thus the decoded word is 111.

(c)
$$000 \to 001p = 0.147$$

$$100 \to 001p = 0.063$$

$$111 \to 001p = 0.063$$
 Thus the decoded word is 000.

3 Q3

According to the maximum likeliehood rule: $001 \rightarrow 000p = 0.005$ $011 \rightarrow 000p = 0.025$ The decoded word is 011 However, the nearest neighbour to 000 is 001.