

Red Scare! Report

by Alice Cooper.

Results

The following table gives my results for all graphs of at least 500 vertices.

Instance name	n	A	F	M	N	S
rusty-5762	5,762	true	16	–	?	5
wall-p-10000	10,000					
⋮						

The columns are for the problems Alternate, Few, Many, None, and Some. The table entries either give the answer, or contain ‘?’ for those cases where I was unable to find a solution within reasonable time. For those questions where there is a reason for my inability to find a good algorithm (because the problem is hard), I wrote ‘?!’.

For the complete table of all results, see the tab-separated text file `results.txt`.

Methods

For problem A, I solved each instance G by removing all edges that go between vertices of same color, unless it is $s - -t$. This new graph is then run on a Breadth-First Search (BFS) algorithm. For problem A, I solved each instance G by \dots ¹ The running time of this algorithm is \cdot , and my implementation spends \dots seconds on the instance \dots with $n = \dots$.

I solved problem \dots for all \dots ² graphs using \dots .

I was unable to solve problem \dots except for the \dots instances. This is because, in generality, this problem is \dots . To see this, consider the following reduction from \dots . Let \dots

I was also unable to solve \dots for \dots , but I don’t know why.³

References

1. *APLgraphlib—A library for Basic Graph Algorithms in APL*, version 2.11, 2016, Iverson Project, github.com/iverson/APLgraphlib.⁴
2. A. Lovelace, *Algorithms and Data Structures in Pascal*, Addison-Wesley 1981.

¹ Describe what you did. Use words like “building a inverse anti-tree without self-loops where each vertex in G is presented by a Strogatz–Wasserman shtump. I then performed a standard longest hash sorting using the algorithm of Bronf (Algorithm 5 in [1]).” Be neat, brief, and precise.

² For instance, “planar, bipartite”

³ Remove or expand as necessary.

⁴ If you use references to code, books, or papers, be professional about it. Use whatever style you want, but be consistent.