

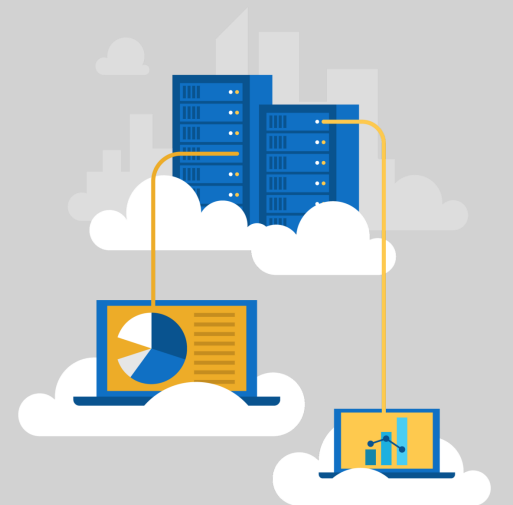
AZ-400.2

Module 02:

Managing Code Quality and Security Policies



Lesson 01: Managing Code Quality



Lesson 1 Overview

- Code Quality Defined
- Sources and Impacts of Technical Debt
- Using Automated Testing to Measure and Monitor Technical Debt
- Configuring SonarCloud in a Build Pipeline
- Reviewing SonarCloud Results and Resolving Issues
- Integrating Other Code Quality Tools
- Code Quality Tooling
- Managing Technical Debt with Azure DevOps and SonarCloud

Video: Code Quality Defined

Short deadlines, a lack of coding standards, and poor technical skills can lead to code that is NOT:

- Clear and readable
- Documented
- Efficient
- Maintainable
- Extensible
- Secure

Sources and Impacts of Technical Debt

- Technical Debt describes the future penalty that you incur today by making easy or quick choices in software development practices.
- Common sources of technical debt are:
 - Lack of coding style and standards
 - Lack of or poor design of unit test cases
 - Ignoring or not understanding object orient design principles
 - Monolithic classes and code libraries
 - Poorly envisioned use of technology, architecture and approach
 - Over-engineering code
 - Insufficient comments and documentation
 - Not writing self-documenting code
 - Taking shortcuts to meet deadlines
 - Leaving dead code in place

Using Automated Testing to Measure Technical Debt

Technical debt:

- Adds problems during development that makes it more difficult to add customer value
 - Saps productivity and frustrates development teams
 - Makes code both hard to understand and fragile
 - Increases the time to make changes, and to validate those changes
 - Starts small and grows over time
-
- ✓ One way to minimize the accumulation of technical debt, is to use automated testing and assessment

Demonstration: Configuring SonarCloud in a Build Pipeline

The screenshot displays the configuration for a build pipeline named "Parts Unlimited-.NET Desktop with SonarCloud". The left sidebar lists the pipeline tasks: "Get sources", "Agent job 1", "Use NuGet 4.4.1", "NuGet restore", "Prepare analysis on SonarCloud" (highlighted), "Build solution ***.sln", "VsTest - testAssemblies", "Run Code Analysis", and "Publish Quality Gate Result".

The main configuration area for the "Prepare analysis configuration" task includes the following fields:

- Version:** 1.*
- Display name:** Prepare analysis on SonarCloud
- SonarCloud Service Endpoint:** (Required, empty field with a "Manage" link)
- Organization:** (Required, empty field)
- Choose the way to run the analysis:** ☒ Integrate with MSBuild, ☐ Integrate with Maven or Gradle, ☐ Use standalone scanner
- Project Key:** (Required, empty field)
- Project Name:** (Empty field)

Red error messages indicate that the "SonarCloud Service Endpoint", "Organization", "Project Key", and "Project Name" fields are required.

Demonstration: Reviewing SonarCloud Results and Resolving Issues

Overview

Issues

Security Reports

Measures

Code

Activity

Administration

Filters

Type

Bug

Vulnerability

Code Smell

Security Hotspot

55

3

5.1k

2

Severity

Blocker

Critical

Major

Minor

Info

1

4.7k

290

105

3

Resolution

Status

Creation Date

☐

Bulk Change

1 / 5,140 issues

58d effort

PartsUnlimitedWebsite / App_Start/BundleConfig.cs

☐

Add a 'protected' constructor or the 'static' keyword to the class declaration.

Code Smell

Major

Open

Not assigned

10min effort

Comment

3 years ago

L5

design

☐

Refactor your code not to use hardcoded absolute paths or URIs.

Code Smell

Minor

Open

Not assigned

20min effort

Comment

3 years ago

L10

cert

☐

Refactor your code not to use hardcoded absolute paths or URIs.

Code Smell

Minor

Open

Not assigned

20min effort

Comment

3 years ago

L14

cert

☐

Refactor your code not to use hardcoded absolute paths or URIs.

Code Smell

Minor

Open

Not assigned

20min effort

Comment

3 years ago

L18

cert

☐

Refactor your code not to use hardcoded absolute paths or URIs.

Code Smell

Minor

Open

Not assigned

20min effort

Comment

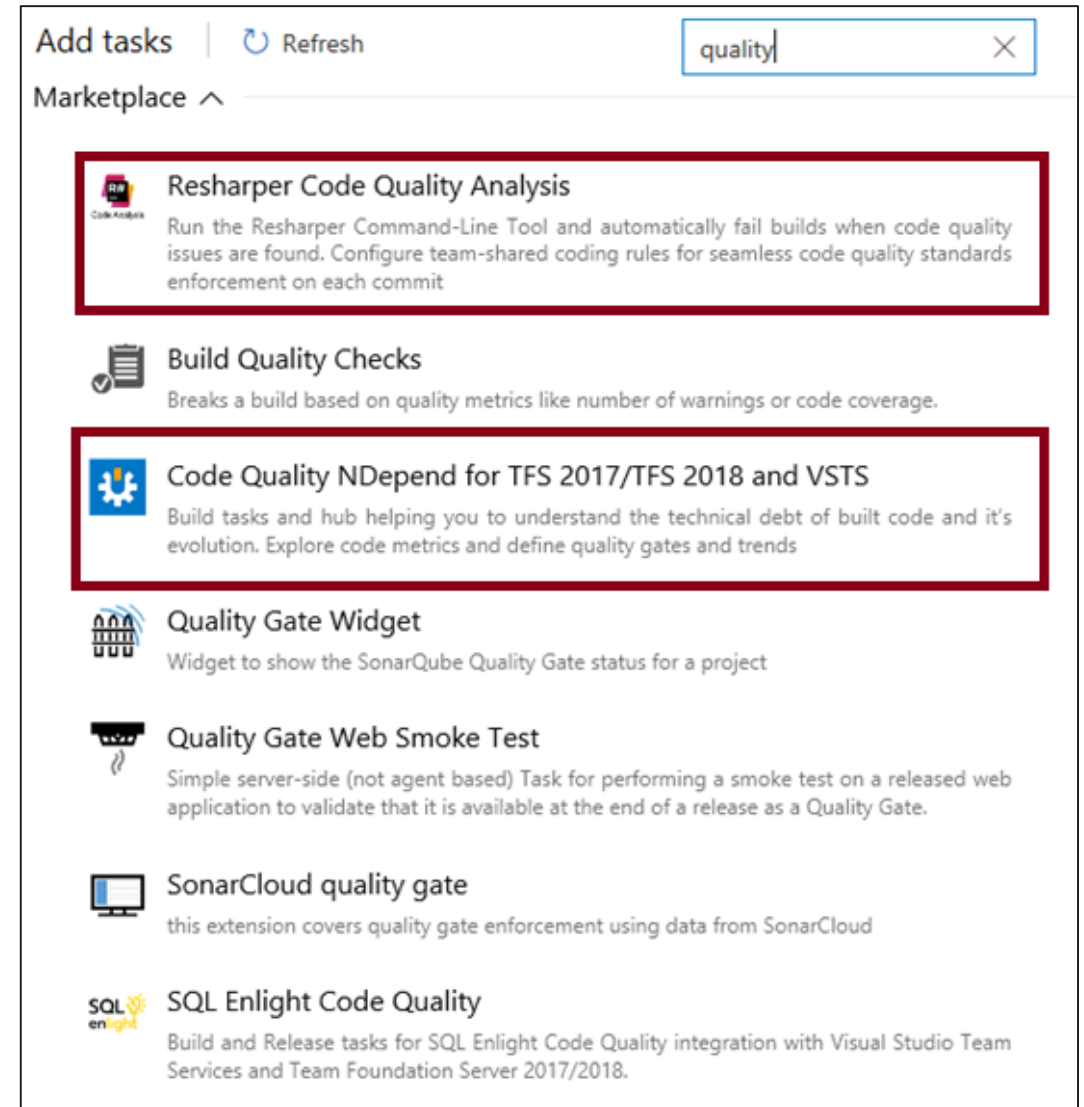
3 years ago

L19

cert

Integrating Other Code Quality Tools

- NDepend is a Visual Studio extension that assesses the amount of technical debt that a developer has added during a recent development period, typically in the last hour
- Resharper Code Quality Analysis is a command line tool and can be set to automatically fail builds when code quality issues are found



Discussion: Code Quality Tooling

Azure DevOps can be integrated with a wide range of existing tooling that is used for checking code quality during builds.

- Which code quality tools do you currently use (if any)?
- What do you like or don't like about the tools?

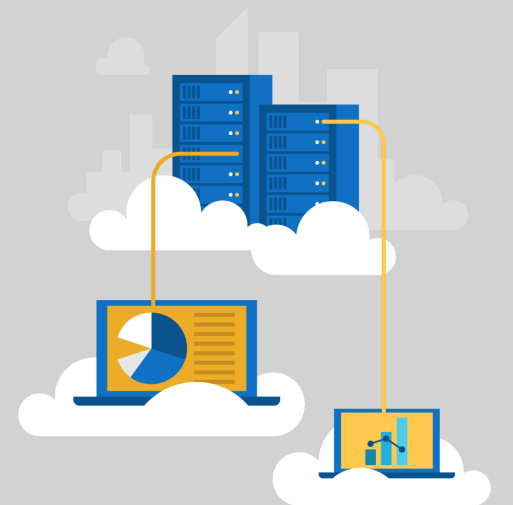
Lab: Managing Technical Debt with Azure DevOps and SonarCloud

In this hands-on lab, you will learn how to manage and report on technical debt using SonarCloud integration with Azure DevOps. You will perform the following tasks:

- Integrate SonarCloud with Azure DevOps and run an analysis
- Analyze the results
- Configure a quality profile to control the rule set used for analyzing your project

✓ Note that you must have already completed the prerequisite labs in the Welcome section.

Lesson 02: Managing Security Policies



Lesson 2 Overview

- Open Source Licensing Challenges
- Avoiding the OWASP Top Ten
- Detecting Open Source Issues with WhiteSource Bolt
- Integrating Other Security Policy Tooling
- Security Policy Tooling
- Checking Vulnerabilities using WhiteSource Bolt and Azure DevOps

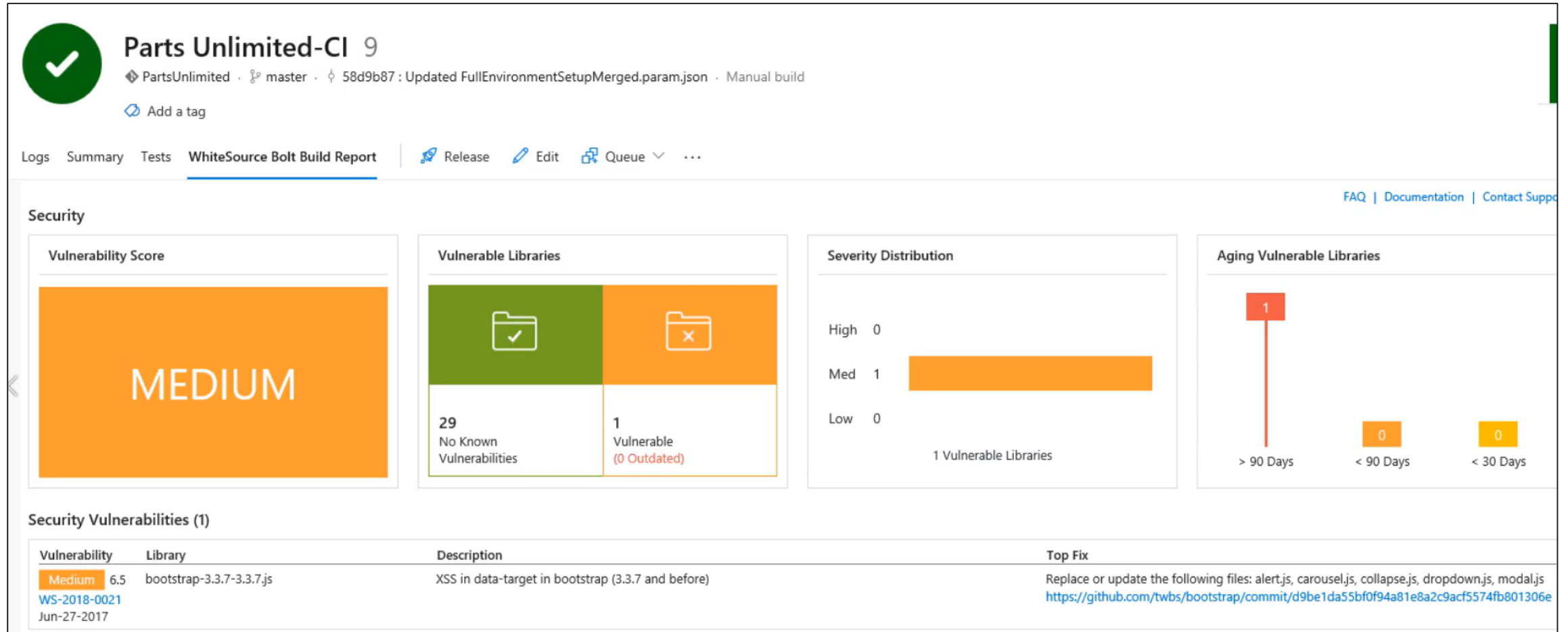
Video: Open Source Licensing Challenges

- Open source software is code that everyone can read, modify, enhance, and share
- Incorporating open source code is convenient but can cause issues:
 - Security
 - Quality
 - Old versions
 - Licensing
- Minimize risk by implementing automated systems to manage the code

Video: Avoiding OWASP Top Ten

1. Injection Attacks
2. Broken Authentication
3. Sensitive Data Exposure
4. XML External Entities
5. Broken Access Control

Demonstration: Detecting Open Source Issues with WhiteSource Bolt



Integrating Other Security Policy Tooling

- Micro Focus Fortify searches for violations of security-specific coding rules and guidelines
- Checkmarx CxSAST is designed for identifying, tracking and fixing technical and logical security flaws
- BinSkim is a static analysis tool that scans binary files
- OWASP Zed Attack Proxy Scan is an open-source web application for professional penetration testers
- Kasun Kodagoda can run an active scan against a target with security risk thresholds and can generate scan reports

Discussion: Security Policy Tooling

Azure DevOps can be integrated with a wide range of existing tooling that is used for checking security policy during builds.

- Which security policy tools do you currently use?
- What do you like or don't like about the tools?

Lab: Checking Vulnerabilities using WhiteSource Bolt with Visual Studio Team Services

In this hands-on lab, you will learn how to check for open source vulnerabilities using WhiteSource Bolt in conjunction with Azure DevOps. You will learn how to:

- Integrate WhiteSource Bolt with your Azure DevOps build process
 - Detect and remedy vulnerable open source components
 - Generate comprehensive open source inventory reports per project or build
 - Enforce open source license compliance, including licenses for dependencies
 - Identify outdated open source libraries with recommendations to update
- ✓ Note that you must have already completed the prerequisite labs in the Welcome section.

Module 2: Review Questions

1. You want to run a penetration test against your application. Which tool could you use?
2. What is code smells? Give an example of a code smell.
3. You are using Azure Repos for your application source code repository. You want to create an audit of open source libraries that you have used. Which tool could you use?
4. Name three attributes of high-quality code.
5. You are using Azure Repos for your application source code repository. You want to perform code quality checks. Which tool could you use?