Congratulations! You passed!

Grade received 100% To pass 80% or higher

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1. In this quiz, you will calculate the Hessian for some functions of 2 variables and functions of 3 variables.

1/1 point

For the function $f(x,y)=x^3y+x+2y$, calculate the Hessian matrix $H=\begin{bmatrix}\partial_{x,x}f&\partial_{x,y}f\\\partial_{y,x}f&\partial_{y,y}f\end{bmatrix}$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 6xy & 3x^2 \\ 3x^2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$O \quad H = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -3x^2 \\ -3x^2 & 6xy \end{bmatrix}$$

$$O \quad H = \begin{bmatrix} 6xy & -3x^2 \\ -3x^2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$O_{H} = \begin{bmatrix} 6xy & -3x^2 \\ -3x^2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

⊘ Correct

2. For the function $f(x,y)=e^x cos(y)$, calculate the Hessian matrix.

1/1 point

$$\bigcirc \quad H = \begin{bmatrix} -e^x cos(y) & e^x sin(y) \\ -e^x sin(y) & -e^x cos(y) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$O_{H} = \begin{bmatrix} -e^{x}cos(y) & -e^{x}sin(y) \\ -e^{x}sin(y) & e^{x}cos(y) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bullet \quad H = \begin{bmatrix} e^x cos(y) & -e^x sin(y) \\ -e^x sin(y) & -e^x cos(y) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$O \quad H = \begin{bmatrix} -e^x cos(y) & -e^x sin(y) \\ e^x sin(y) & -e^x cos(y) \end{bmatrix}$$

Well done!

3. For the function
$$f(x,y)=rac{x^2}{2}+xy+rac{y^2}{2}$$
 , calculate the Hessian matrix.

1/1 point

1/1 point

Notice something interesting when you calculate $\frac{1}{2}[x,y]H\begin{bmatrix}x\\y\end{bmatrix}!$

$$\bigcirc_{H} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$O_{H} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bullet \ H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$O_{H} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Well done! Not unlike a previous question with the Jacobian of linear functions, the Hessian can be used to succinctly write a quadratic equation in multiple variables.

For the function $f(x,y,z) = x^2 e^{-y} cos(z)$, calculate the Hessian matrix $H = \begin{bmatrix} \partial_{x,x} f & \partial_{x,y} f & \partial_{x,z} f \\ \partial_{y,x} f & \partial_{y,y} f & \partial_{y,z} f \\ \partial_{z,x} f & \partial_{z,y} f & \partial_{z,z} f \end{bmatrix}$

$$\bigcirc H = \begin{bmatrix} 2xe^{-y}cos(z) & x^2e^{-y}cos(z) & 2xe^{-y}sin(z) \\ 2xe^{-y}cos(z) & x^2e^{-y}cos(z) & x^2xe^{-y}sin(z) \\ 2xe^{-y}sin(z) & 2xe^{-y}sin(z) & 2xe^{-y}cos(z) \end{bmatrix}$$

 $\begin{array}{c} \bigcirc \\ H = \begin{bmatrix} 2xe^{-y}cos(z) & -2e^{-y}cos(z) & -2e^{-y}sin(z) \\ -2e^{-y}cos(z) & x^2e^{-y}sin(z) \\ -2x^2e^{-y}sin(z) & x^2e^{-y}sin(z) & -2xe^{-y}sin(z) \\ -2xe^{-y}cos(z) & x^2e^{-y}cos(z) & 2xe^{-y}sin(z) \\ \end{bmatrix} \\ \bigcirc \\ G = \begin{bmatrix} 2e^{-y}cos(z) & x^2e^{-y}cos(z) & x^2e^{-y}sin(z) \\ 2xe^{-y}sin(z) & x^2e^{-y}sin(z) & x^2e^{-y}sin(z) \\ 2xe^{-y}sin(z) & x^2e^{-y}sin(z) & x^2e^{-y}cos(z) \end{bmatrix} \\ \bigcirc \\ G = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & e^y & 0 \\ 0 & -2ycos(z) & -2ycos(z) \\ 0 & -2ycos(z) & -y^2sin(z) \end{bmatrix} \\ \bigcirc \\ G = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & e^y & 0 \\ e^y & xe^y + 2cos(z) - 2ysin(z) \\ 0 & 0 - 2ycos(z) & -y^2sin(z) \\ 0 & 0 - 2ycos(z) & -y^2cos(z) \end{bmatrix} \\ \bigcirc \\ G = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & e^y & 0 \\ e^y & xe^y + 2cos(z) - 2ysin(z) \\ 0 & 0 - 2ysin(z) & -y^2cos(z) \\ 0 & 0 & 2ysin(z) & -y^2cos(z) \\ 0 & 0 & 2ysin(z) & -y^2cos(z) \\ 0 & 0 & 2ysin(z) & y^2cos(z) \\ 0 & 0 & 2ysin(z) & y^2cos(z) \\ 0 & 0 & 2ysin(z) & y^2cos(z) \\ 0 & 2ycos(z) & y^2sin(z) \\ \end{bmatrix} \\ \bigcirc \\ G = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & e^y & 0 \\ e^y & xe^y + 2cos(z) & 2ycos(z) \\ 0 & 2ycos(z) & y^2sin(z) \\ \end{bmatrix}$

✓ Correct Well done!